

# CprE 381: Computer Organization and Assembly Level Programming

Lab Week 3 VHDL

Henry Duwe  
Electrical and Computer Engineering  
Iowa State University

# Model Truth Table Part I

Use with select... when statement (FreeRange VHDL Listing 4.13 for full file)

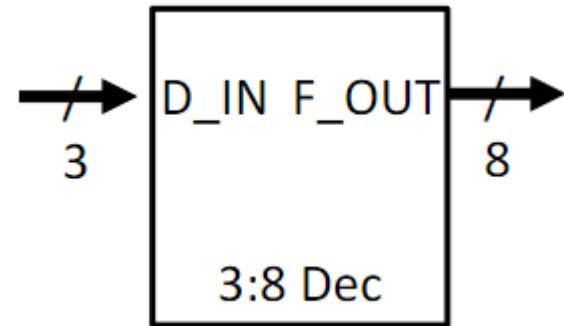
```
entity my_4t1_mux is
    port (D3,D2,D1,D0 : in std_logic;
          SEL : in std_logic_vector(1 downto 0);
          MX_OUT : out std_logic);
end my_4t1_mux;
architecture mux4t1 of my_4t1_mux is
begin
    with SEL select
        MX_OUT <= D3 when "11",
                    D2 when "10",
                    D1 when "01",
                    D0 when "00",
                    '0' when others;
end mux4t1;
```

# Model Truth Table Part II

Use with select ... when statement

(FreeRange VHDL Listing 13.10 for more information)

```
with D_IN select
  F_OUT <=  "00000001" when "000",
              "00000010" when "001",
              "00000100" when "010",
              "00001000" when "011",
              "00010000" when "100",
              "00100000" when "101",
              "01000000" when "110",
              "10000000" when "111",
              "00000000" when others;
```



# Others

Use with others assignment (FreeRange VHDL 10.2 for more information)

with SEL select

```
s_mux_result <= D0 when '0',  
                  D1 when '1',  
            (others => '0') when others
```

- The model for the 2:1 MUX uses the terminology **(others => '0')**. This is a short-hand terminology for assigning all of the outputs to '0'.
- The neat part about this instruction is that you do not need to know how many 0's you need to write. **If the width of the associated bundle were to change, this particular line of code would not need to be modified.**

# User-Defined Types

Use Custom types for simplification and organization (FreeRange VHDL 11.6 for more information)

```
type bus_t is array(3 downto 0) of std_logic_vector(31 downto 0);  
  
signal mux_bus : bus_t;  
  
mux_bux(0) <= x"DEADBEEF";  
Mux_bus(1) <= x"00000001";
```



- This syntax is handy for large groups of signals and can reduce clutter within your code. **Can be especially powerful when paired with generate loops to individually connect multiple components.**

# Packages Part I

my\_package.vhd

```
package my_package is
    constant four_bit_zero : std_logic_vector := "0000";
    type t_bus_2x32 is array (0 to 1) of std_logic_vector(31 downto 0);
end package my_package;
```

- Similar to header file in C, you can define custom data types, set constants, or even define functions
- This file will need to be referenced in your subsequent component files to be useful **and it always needs to be compiled before the dependent files.**

# User-Defined Types

Mux32b2t1.vhd

```
use work.my_package.all;
use IEEE.numeric.std. all;
```

\*Notice we had to import our package  
use the syntax "use work.my\_package.all;".

```
entity big_mux is
port( data : in t_bus_2x32;
      sel  : in std_logic_vector(0 downto 0);
      out  : out std_logic_vector(31 downto 0));
end big_mux;
```

```
architecture dataflow of big_mux is
begin
  out <=data(to_integer(unsigned(sel)));
end dataflow
```