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Experiment No: 01

Name of the Experiment: Design, Implementation, and Performance Testing of an ASK Digital Modulation circuit using a Trainer Board.

Objectives:

The objectives of this experiment is to design, implement, and analyze an Amplitude Shift Keying (ASK) digital modulation circuit using a trainer board.

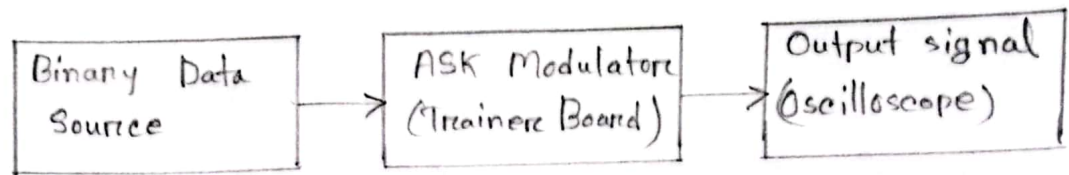
The experiment aims to:

- Understand the working principles of ASK Modulation.
- Construct an ASK modulator circuit using a trainer board.
- Observe and analyze the output waveform using an oscilloscope.

Theory: Amplitude Shift Keying (ASK) is a digital modulation technique in which the amplitude of a carrier signal remains constant in frequency and phase, while the amplitude is switched between two levels:

- A high amplitude represents a logic '1',
- A low amplitude (or zero) represents a logic '0'.

Block Diagram:



Apparatus Required:

- (1) Digital Trainer Board
- (2) Oscilloscope
- (3) Power Supply
- (4) Function Generator
- (5) Connecting wires

Circuit Diagram:

Procedure:

- (1) Connect the function generator to generate a sinusoidal carrier wave.
- (2) Connect the digital input source to provide binary data.
- (3) Apply the required voltage to power the trainer board.
- (4) Observe the ~~ask~~ ASK modulated signal on the Oscilloscope.
- (5) Measure the amplitude variations for different binary inputs.
- (6) Compare the transmitted signal with the original carrier wave.
- (7) Check for signal losses in the modulated output.

Precautions:

- Ensure ~~correct~~ polarity of power supply connections to prevent damage.
- Avoid loose connections that may cause signal disturbances.
- Do not exceed the voltage rating of components to prevent ~~other~~ overheating.

Result: The oscilloscope display the ASK waveform, showing amplitude variations based on the input data.

Discussion: We implement the circuit of ASK and by testing the performance we understand the operation of ASK digital modulation circuit.