水声通信冲激响应

Underwater acoustic communication impulse response

1. 通过 MATLAB 进行仿真

水声信道可以用瑞利信道进行模拟:

水下声速: 1500m/s

多径长度: [100 115 130 160 220 250] (m) Impulse Response File Tools View Playback **⊕** - | 🕽 | 🐼 💢 🔼 Frame: 1 Path Gain Sample: 997 Channel Filter Coefficient Magnitude Delay (s) Processing

图 1 冲激响应仿真

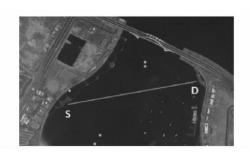
程序: (matlab) fs = 8e4;%采样频率 % Hz pathDelays = [0 15 30 60 120 150]/1.5e3; %设收发距离为 100m,声速 1500m/s avgPathGains = [0 -10 -13 -15 -18 -22];%信道增益 fD = 30: %最大多普勒频移 rchan = comm.RayleighChannel('SampleRate',fs, ... 'PathDelays',pathDelays, ... 'AveragePathGains', avgPathGains, ... 'MaximumDopplerShift',fD, ...

'Visualization','Impulse and frequency responses');

x = randi([0 1],1000,1);

y = rchan(x);

2. 文献调研的实际冲激响应



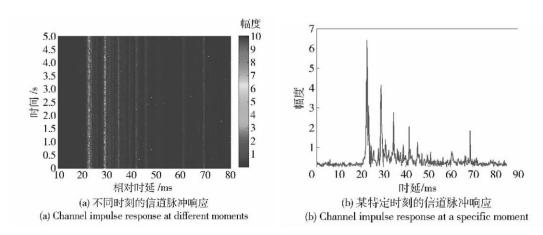


图 2 五缘湾水声通信采集的冲激响应

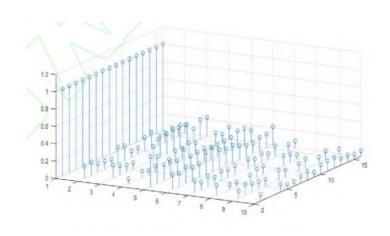


图 3 实际海洋信道冲激响应

参考文献:

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[2]裴月华,苏为,陶金成,江霞林. 一种时变海洋信道建模方法[J]. 系统仿真学报,;:1-9.