LDA_IGA-NTX

Sven Morlock

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§ 1

Load required packages:

```
#if (Sys.info()["sysname"] != "Darwin"){
# default_theme <- theme_minimal() +
# theme(text = element_text(family = "Decima WE", size = 15)) +
# theme(panel.grid.major = element_line(color = "grey", size = 0.3)) +
# theme(axis.line = element_line(color = "black", size = 0.4))
#
#} else {
# default_theme <- theme_minimal()
#}
default_theme <- theme_minimal()
two_scale_fill <- scale_fill_manual(values=c("#69b3a2", "#404080"))</pre>
```

Read data using read_data. R scrip:

```
source("read_data.R")
```

§ 2 EDA

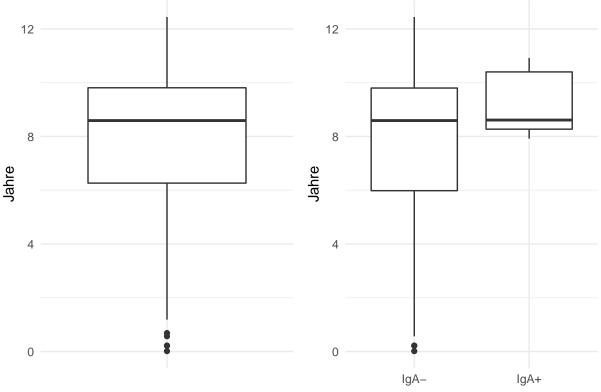
```
follow_up <- years(10)
data_iga$follow_up_truncated <-pmin(data_iga$`T-dls`, data_iga$`T-date` + follow_up)

data_iga$mismatch_sum <- as.numeric(as.character(data_iga$`mm-A`)) + as.numeric(as.character(data_iga$`)

data_iga_pos <- data_iga[`biopsy proven recurrence (0=no, 1=yes)` == 1]
data_iga_neg <- data_iga[`biopsy proven recurrence (0=no, 1=yes)` == 0]</pre>
```

§ 2.1 IGA

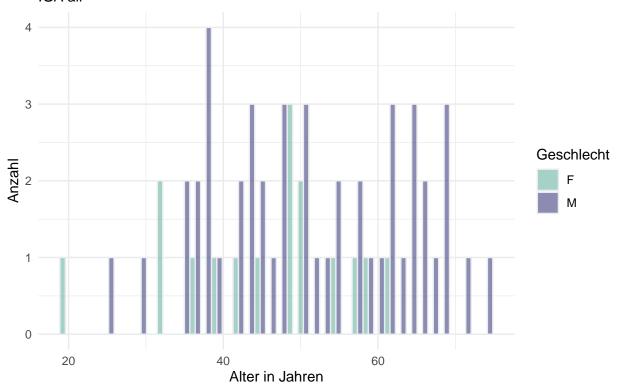
```
# follow-up mean / median
tbl_iga_follow_up_mean <- data.frame(</pre>
  iga_all = mean((interval(data_iga$`T-date`, data_iga$`T-dls`) / years(1))),
  iga_pos = mean((interval(data_iga_pos$`T-date`, data_iga_pos$`T-dls`) / years(1))),
 iga_neg = mean((interval(data_iga_neg$`T-date`, data_iga_neg$`T-dls`) / years(1)))
tbl_iga_follow_up_median <- data.frame(</pre>
  iga_all = median((interval(data_iga$`T-date`, data_iga$`T-dls`) / years(1))),
 iga_pos = median((interval(data_iga_pos$`T-date`, data_iga_pos$`T-dls`) / years(1))),
  iga_neg = median((interval(data_iga_neg$`T-date`, data_iga_neg$`T-dls`) / years(1)))
p1 <- ggplot() +
  geom_boxplot(aes(x = "", y = interval(data_iga$`T-date`, data_iga$`T-dls`) / years(1)), data = data_i
                 default_theme +
  ylab("Jahre") +
  xlab("")
p2 <- ggplot() +
  geom_boxplot(aes(x = `biopsy proven recurrence (0=no, 1=yes)`, y = interval(data_iga$`T-date`, data_i
  default_theme +
  ylab("Jahre") +
  xlab("") +
  scale_x_discrete(labels = c("IgA-", "IgA+"))
patch <- p1 | p2
patch
```



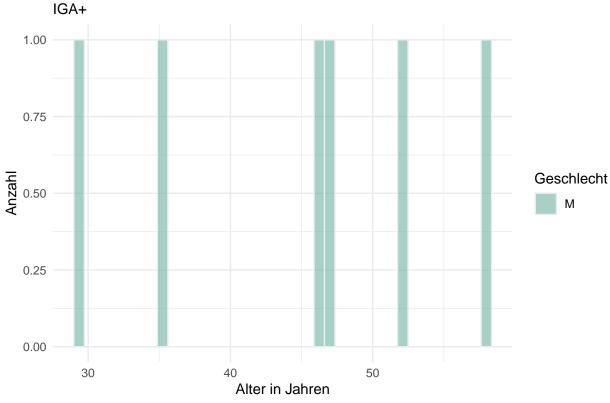
```
# follow up mean/median (truncated)
tbl_iga_follow_up_mean_truncated <- data.frame(</pre>
  iga_all = mean((interval(data_iga$`T-date`, data_iga$follow_up_truncated) / years(1))),
  iga_pos = mean((interval(data_iga_pos$`T-date`, data_iga_pos$follow_up_truncated) / years(1))),
  iga_neg = mean((interval(data_iga_neg$`T-date`, data_iga_neg$follow_up_truncated) / years(1)))
)
tbl_iga_follow_up_median_truncated <- data.frame(</pre>
  iga_all = median((interval(data_iga$`T-date`, data_iga$follow_up_truncated) / years(1))),
  iga_pos = median((interval(data_iga_pos$^T-date^, data_iga_pos$follow_up_truncated) / years(1))),
  iga_neg = median((interval(data_iga_neg$`T-date`, data_iga_neg$follow_up_truncated) / years(1)))
)
# patient death within follow up
tbl_iga_pat_death <- data.frame(</pre>
  iga_all = nrow(data_iga[(`T-dls` <= (`T-date` + follow_up)) & `Pat death (0=alive, 1= dead)` == 1]),</pre>
  iga_pos = nrow(data_iga_pos[(`T-dls` <= (`T-date` + follow_up)) & `Pat death (0=alive, 1= dead)` == 1</pre>
  iga_neg = nrow(data_iga_neg[(`T-dls` <= (`T-date` + follow_up)) & `Pat death (0=alive, 1= dead)` == 1</pre>
)
# patient drop out within follow up
tbl_iga_pat_drop <- data.frame(</pre>
  iga_all = nrow(data_iga[(`T-dls` <= (`T-date` + follow_up)) & `Pat death (0=alive, 1= dead)` == 0]),</pre>
  iga_pos = nrow(data_iga_pos[(`T-dls` <= (`T-date` + follow_up)) & `Pat death (0=alive, 1= dead)` == 0</pre>
  iga_neg = nrow(data_iga_neg[(`T-dls` <= (`T-date` + follow_up)) & `Pat death (0=alive, 1= dead)` == 0</pre>
# patients with graft loss
tbl_iga_graft_loss <- data.frame(</pre>
 iga_all = nrow(data_iga[`graft loss (0=functial, 1=loss)` == 1]),
iga_pos = nrow(data_iga_pos[`graft loss (0=functial, 1=loss)` == 1]),
```

```
iga_neg = nrow(data_iga_neg[`graft loss (0=functial, 1=loss)` == 1])
# patients with graft loss within follow up period
tbl_iga_graft_loss_follow_up <- data.frame(</pre>
  iga_all = nrow(data_iga[`graft loss date` < `T-date` + follow_up]),</pre>
  iga_pos = nrow(data_iga_pos[`graft loss date` < `T-date` + follow_up]),</pre>
  iga_neg = nrow(data_iga_neg[`graft loss date` < `T-date` + follow_up])</pre>
)
# ToDo: median IQR
# age patients (yrs.)
ggplot(data = data_iga) +
  geom_histogram(mapping = aes(x = interval(`Date of birth`, `T-date`) / years(1),
                                fill = R-sex),
                 color="#e9ecef",
                 alpha=0.6,
                 bins = 40,
                 position = "dodge") +
  two_scale_fill +
  ylab("Anzahl") +
  xlab("Alter in Jahren") +
  ggtitle("Histogram Alter in Jahren am Transplantationsdatum",
          subtitle = "IGA all") +
  labs(fill = "Geschlecht") +
  default_theme
```

Histogram Alter in Jahren am Transplantationsdatum IGA all

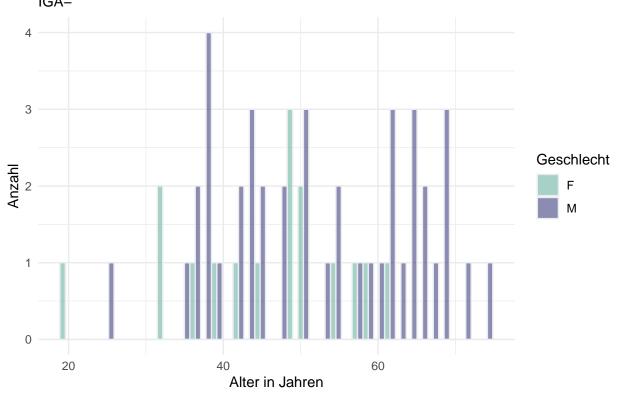


Histogram Alter in Jahren am Transplantationsdatum



```
labs(fill = "Geschlecht") +
default_theme
```

Histogram Alter in Jahren am Transplantationsdatum IGA-



```
## IQR
tbl_iga_iqr_age <- data.frame(
   iga_all = IQR(data_iga$R_age_Tdate),
   iga_po = IQR(data_iga_pos$R_age_Tdate),
   iga_neg = IQR(data_iga_neg$R_age_Tdate)
)</pre>
```

```
p1 <- ggplot(data = data_iga) +
  geom_boxplot(aes(x = R_age_Tdate)) +
  coord_flip() +</pre>
```

boxpot

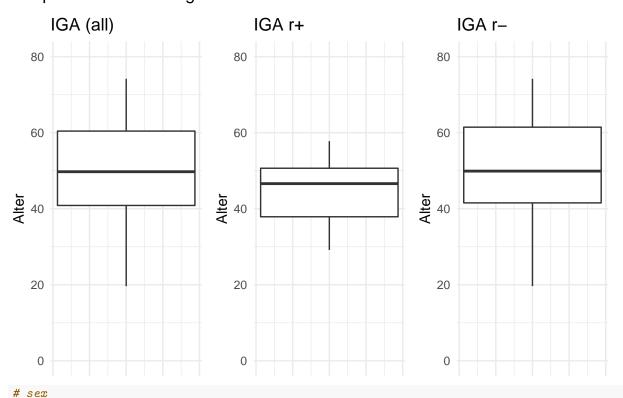
```
ggtitle("IGA (all)") +
default_theme

p2 <- ggplot(data = data_iga_pos) +
  geom_boxplot(aes(x = R_age_Tdate)) +
  coord_flip() +
  ggtitle("IGA r+") +
  default_theme

p3 <- ggplot(data = data_iga_neg) +
  geom_boxplot(aes(x = R_age_Tdate)) +
  coord_flip()+</pre>
```

Boxplot Altersverteilung

ggtitle("iga all")



```
p2 <- data.frame(group = rownames(tbl_iga_sex_abs),</pre>
           value = tbl_iga_sex_abs$iga_pos) %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = "", y = value, fill = group)) +
  geom bar(width = 1, stat = "identity") +
  coord_polar("y", start = 0) +
  guides(fill=guide_legend(title = "Geschlecht")) +
  theme_void() +
  two scale fill +
  ggtitle("iga +")
p3 <- data.frame(group = rownames(tbl_iga_sex_abs),
           value = tbl_iga_sex_abs$iga_neg) %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = "", y = value, fill = group)) +
  geom_bar(width = 1, stat = "identity") +
  coord_polar("y", start = 0) +
  guides(fill=guide_legend(title = "Geschlecht")) +
  theme_void() +
  two_scale_fill +
  ggtitle("iga -")
patch <- p1 | p2 | p3
patch + plot_annotation(title = "Kreisdiagramme Geschlecht (absolut)")
```

Kreisdiagramme Geschlecht (absolut)

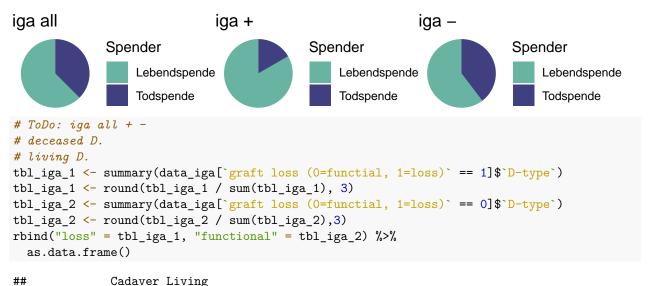


```
ggplot(aes(x = "", y = value, fill = group)) +
  geom_bar(width = 1, stat = "identity") +
  coord_polar("y", start = 0) +
  guides(fill=guide_legend(title = "Spender")) +
  theme_void() +
  two_scale_fill +
  ggtitle("iga all")
p2 <- data.frame(group = c("Lebendspende", "Todspende"),</pre>
           value = c(nrow(data_iga_pos[`Pat death (0=alive, 1= dead)` == 0]),
                      nrow(data_iga_pos[`Pat death (0=alive, 1= dead)` == 1]))) %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = "", y = value, fill = group)) +
  geom_bar(width = 1, stat = "identity") +
  coord_polar("y", start = 0) +
  guides(fill=guide_legend(title = "Spender")) +
  theme_void() +
  two_scale_fill +
  ggtitle("iga +")
p3 <- data.frame(group = c("Lebendspende", "Todspende"),
           value = c(nrow(data_iga_neg[`Pat death (0=alive, 1= dead)` == 0]),
                      nrow(data_iga_neg[`Pat death (0=alive, 1= dead)` == 1]))) %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = "", y = value, fill = group)) +
  geom_bar(width = 1, stat = "identity") +
  coord_polar("y", start = 0) +
  guides(fill=guide_legend(title = "Spender")) +
  theme void() +
  two_scale_fill +
  ggtitle("iga -")
patch <- p1 | p2 | p3
patch + plot_annotation(title = "Kreisdiagramme Spender")
```

Kreisdiagramme Spender

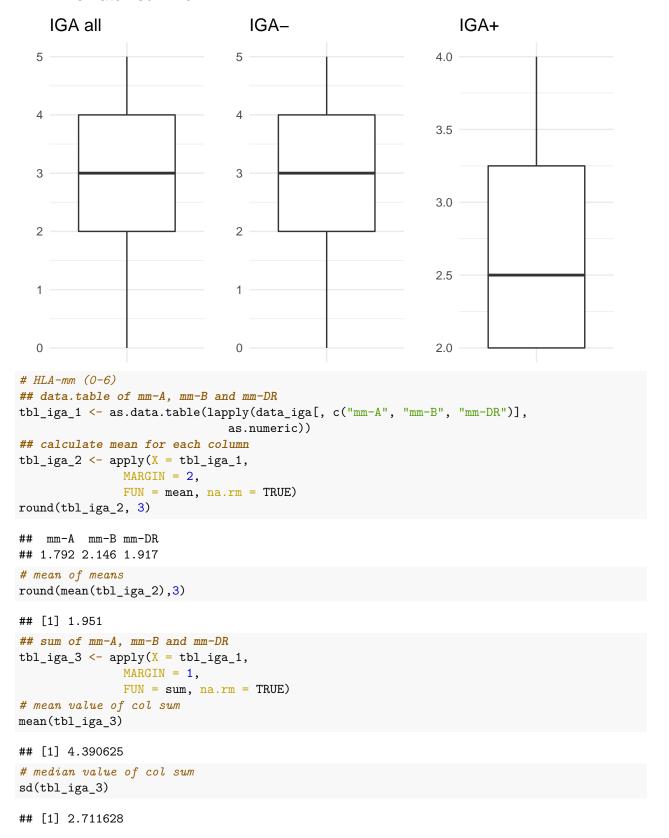
0.867 0.133

loss



```
## functional 0.735 0.265
# dead/alive
tbl_iga_1 <- summary(data_iga[`Pat death (0=alive, 1= dead)` == 1]$`D-type`)
tbl_iga_1 <- round(tbl_iga_1 / sum(tbl_iga_1), 3)
tbl_iga_2<- summary(data_iga[`Pat death (0=alive, 1= dead)` == 0]$`D-type`)
tbl_iga_2 <- round(tbl_iga_2 / sum(tbl_iga_2),3) # in %
rbind("dead" = tbl_iga_1, "alive" = tbl_iga_2) %>%
as.data.frame()
        Cadaver Living
          0.917 0.083
## dead
## alive 0.675 0.325
# BMI (mean.)
tbl_iga_bmi <- data.table(
 iga_all = mean(data_iga$`D-weight` * (data_iga$`D-height`)^2),
 iga_pos = mean(data_iga_pos$`D-weight` * (data_iga_pos$`D-height`)^2),
 iga_neg = mean(data_iga_neg$`D-weight` * (data_iga_neg$`D-height`)^2)
p1 <- data_iga %>%
  ggplot() +
  geom_boxplot(aes(x = "", y = mismatch_sum)) +
  default_theme +
  ggtitle("IGA all") +
  ylab("") +
  xlab("")
p2 <- data_iga_neg %>%
  ggplot() +
  geom_boxplot(aes(x = "", y = mismatch_sum)) +
  default_theme +
  ggtitle("IGA-") +
  ylab("") +
  xlab("")
p3 <- data_iga_pos %>%
  ggplot() +
  geom_boxplot(aes(x = "", y = mismatch_sum)) +
  default theme +
  ggtitle("IGA+") +
  ylab("") +
  xlab("")
patch <- p1 | p2 | p3
patch + plot_annotation(title = "HLA mismatch summe")
## Warning: Removed 16 rows containing non-finite values (stat_boxplot).
## Warning: Removed 14 rows containing non-finite values (stat_boxplot).
## Warning: Removed 2 rows containing non-finite values (stat_boxplot).
```

HLA mismatch summe



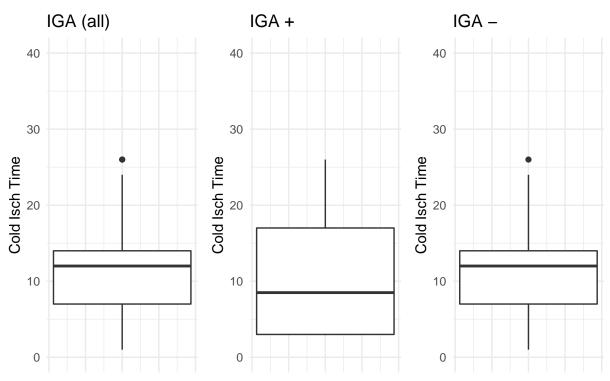
```
# PRA current (mean)
tbl_iga_pra_curr_mean <- data.frame(</pre>
  iga_all = mean(data_iga$`Current PRA%`, na.rm = TRUE),
  iga_pos = mean(data_iga_pos$`Current PRA%`, na.rm = TRUE),
  iga_neg = mean(data_iga_neg$`Current PRA%`, na.rm = TRUE)
# PRA highest (mean)
tbl_iga_pra_high <- data.frame(</pre>
  iga_all = mean(data_iga$`Highest PRA%`, na.rm = TRUE),
 iga_pos = mean(data_iga_pos$`Highest PRA%`, na.rm = TRUE),
  iga_neg = mean(data_iga_neg$`Highest PRA%`, na.rm = TRUE)
# age donor (mean.)
tbl_iga_age_donor <- data.frame(</pre>
  iga_all = mean(data_iga$`D-age`),
 iga_pos = mean(data_iga_pos$`D-age`),
 iga_neg = mean(data_iga_neg$`D-age`)
# cold-ischemia time (hours)
# mean
tbl iga cis mean <- data.frame(
  iga_all = mean(data_iga$`Cold ischaemic period hours`, na.rm = TRUE),
 iga_pos = mean(data_iga_pos$`Cold ischaemic period hours`, na.rm = TRUE),
  iga_neg = mean(data_iga_neg$`Cold ischaemic period hours`, na.rm = TRUE)
# median
tbl_iga_cis_median <- data.frame(</pre>
 iga_all = median(data_iga$`Cold ischaemic period hours`, na.rm = TRUE),
 iga_pos = median(data_iga_pos$`Cold ischaemic period hours`, na.rm = TRUE),
  iga_neg = median(data_iga_neg$`Cold ischaemic period hours`, na.rm = TRUE)
# standard error
tbl_iga_cis_sd <- data.frame(</pre>
 iga_all = sd(data_iga$`Cold ischaemic period hours`, na.rm = TRUE),
 iga_pos = sd(data_iga_pos$`Cold ischaemic period hours`, na.rm = TRUE),
  iga_neg = sd(data_iga_neg$`Cold ischaemic period hours`, na.rm = TRUE)
)
p1 <- data_iga %>%
ggplot() +
geom_boxplot(aes(x = `Cold ischaemic period hours`)) +
  coord_flip() +
  ggtitle("IGA (all)") +
  default_theme
p2 <- data_iga_pos %>%
  ggplot() +
  geom_boxplot(aes(x = `Cold ischaemic period hours`)) +
  coord_flip() +
  ggtitle("IGA +") +
  default_theme
```

Warning: Removed 15 rows containing non-finite values (stat_boxplot).

Warning: Removed 2 rows containing non-finite values (stat_boxplot).

Warning: Removed 13 rows containing non-finite values (stat_boxplot).

Boxplot Cold Isch. Time h



```
# living vs dead donator

tbl_iga_don_living_abs <- data.frame(
    iga_all = nrow(data_iga[`D-type` == "Living"]),
    iga_pos = nrow(data_iga_pos[`D-type` == "Living"]),
    iga_neg = nrow(data_iga_neg[`D-type` == "Living"])
)</pre>
```

```
tbl_iga_don_dead_abs <- data.frame(</pre>
  iga_all = nrow(data_iga[`D-type` == "Cadaver"]),
 iga_pos = nrow(data_iga_pos[`D-type` == "Cadaver"]),
 iga_neg = nrow(data_iga_neg[`D-type` == "Cadaver"])
tbl iga don living rel <- data.frame(
 iga_all = nrow(data_iga[`D-type` == "Living"]) / nrow(data_iga),
 iga_pos = nrow(data_iga_pos[`D-type` == "Living"]) / nrow(data_iga_pos),
 iga_neg = nrow(data_iga_neg[`D-type` == "Living"]) / nrow(data_iga_neg)
tbl_iga_don_dead_rel <- data.frame(</pre>
 iga_all = nrow(data_iga[`D-type` == "Cadaver"]) / nrow(data_iga),
 iga_pos = nrow(data_iga_pos[`D-type` == "Cadaver"]) / nrow(data_iga_pos),
  iga_neg = nrow(data_iga_neg[`D-type` == "Cadaver"]) / nrow(data_iga_neg)
# ToDo: Auch fuer graft loss
# Überleben MEdian IQR
tbl_iga_surv_median <- data.frame(</pre>
  iga_all = median(data_iga[`Pat death (0=alive, 1= dead)` == 1, R_age_Tdls], na.rm = TRUE),
  iga_pos = median(data_iga_pos[`Pat death (0=alive, 1= dead)` == 1, R_age_Tdls], na.rm = TRUE),
  iga_neg = median(data_iga_neg[`Pat death (0=alive, 1= dead)` == 1, R_age_Tdls], na.rm = TRUE))
tbl_iga_surv_iqr <- data.frame(</pre>
  iga_all = IQR(data_iga[`Pat death (0=alive, 1= dead)` == 1, R_age_Tdls], na.rm = TRUE),
  iga_pos = IQR(data_iga_pos[`Pat death (0=alive, 1= dead)` == 1, R_age_Tdls], na.rm = TRUE),
  iga_neg = IQR(data_iga_neg[`Pat death (0=alive, 1= dead)` == 1, R_age_Tdls], na.rm = TRUE)
iga_table <- rbindlist(</pre>
  list(
    iga dropout = data.frame(
      cbind(name = "dropout",tbl_iga_pat_drop)),
    iga graftloss = data.frame(
      cbind(name = "graftloss", tbl_iga_graft_loss)),
    iga_graftloss_follow_up = data.frame(
      cbind(name = "graftloss_followup", tbl_iga_graft_loss_follow_up)),
    iga pat death = data.frame(
      cbind(name = "pat_death", tbl_iga_pat_death)),
    iga_don_dead_abs = data.frame(
      cbind(name = "don_dead_abs", tbl_iga_don_dead_abs)),
    iga_don_dead_rel = data.frame(
      cbind(name = "don_dead_rel", tbl_iga_don_dead_rel)),
    iga_don_living_abs = data.frame(
      cbind(name = "don_living_abs", tbl_iga_don_living_abs)),
    iga_don_living_rel = data.frame(
      cbind(name = "don_living_rel", tbl_iga_don_living_rel)),
    iga_cis_h_mean = data.frame(
      cbind(name = "cold h mean", tbl iga cis mean)),
    iga_cis_h_sd = data.frame(
      cbind(name = "cold_h_sd", tbl_iga_cis_sd)),
```

```
iga_median_survtime = data.frame(
    cbind(name = "median survival time", tbl_iga_surv_median)),
iga_iqr_survtime = data.frame(
    cbind(name = "IQR survival time", tbl_iga_surv_iqr))
))

kable(iga_table, col.names = c("Merkmal", "IgA (all)", "IgA r+", "IgA r-")) %>%
kable_styling(latex_options = "hold_position")
```

3.5.1.1	T A (11)	- ·	T 4
Merkmal	IgA (all)	IgA r+	IgA r-
dropout	27.000000	3.0000000	24.0000000
graftloss	15.000000	2.0000000	13.0000000
graftloss_followup	14.000000	2.0000000	12.0000000
pat_death	23.000000	1.0000000	22.0000000
don_dead_abs	49.000000	4.0000000	45.0000000
don_dead_rel	0.765625	0.6666667	0.7758621
don_living_abs	15.000000	2.0000000	13.0000000
don_living_rel	0.234375	0.3333333	0.2241379
cold_h_mean	11.612245	11.5000000	11.6222222
cold_h_sd	6.330535	10.9696551	5.9592895
median survival time	65.887765	65.6986301	65.9316940
IQR survival time	14.407411	0.0000000	15.9245752

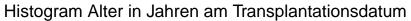
§ 2.2 NTX

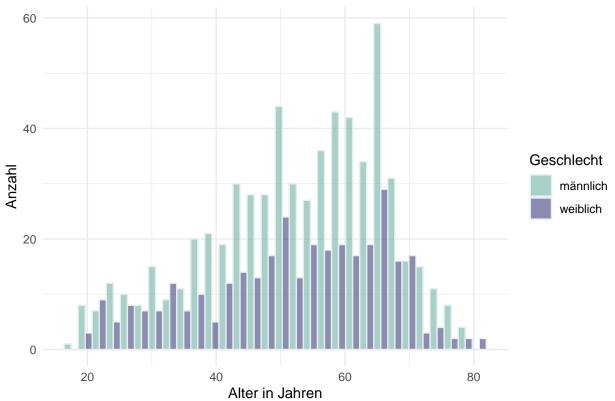
```
# follow_up mean
pmin(
  # follow up
  interval(data_ntx$Datum, (data_ntx$Datum + follow_up)) / years(1),
  # last seen
  interval(data_ntx$Datum, data_ntx$tdls) / years(1)
) %>%
 mean()
## [1] 7.41754
ggplot() +
  geom_boxplot(aes(x = "",
                   y = interval(data_ntx$Datum, data_ntx$tdls) / years(1)), data = data_ntx) +
  default theme +
  ggtitle("Boxplot: Follow Up Period") +
  ylab("Jahre") +
  xlab("")
```

Boxplot: Follow Up Period

```
10
   5
   0
# patient death within follow up
nrow(data_ntx[`Todesdatum[NTX PatientenInformation]` < (Datum + follow_up)])</pre>
## [1] 317
# patient drop out
nrow(data_ntx[`Date last seen[NTX PatientenInformation]` <= (Datum + follow_up) & `Patienten Status[NTX</pre>
## [1] 370
# patients with graft loss
nrow(data_ntx[data_ntx$`TX Status[NTX PatientenInformation]` == "2 - ohne Transplantatfunktion"])
## [1] 181
# age patients (yrs.)
ggplot(data = data_ntx) +
  geom_histogram(mapping = aes(x = R_age_Datum, fill = Geschlecht),
                 color = "#e9ecef", alpha = 0.6, position = "dodge") +
  two_scale_fill +
  ylab("Anzahl") +
  xlab("Alter in Jahren") +
  ggtitle("Histogram Alter in Jahren am Transplantationsdatum") +
  labs(fill = "Geschlecht") +
  default_theme
```

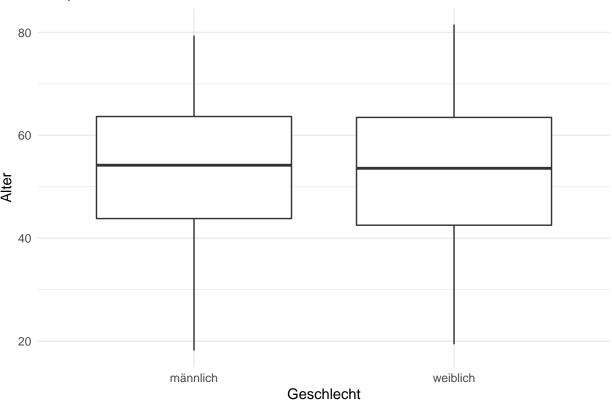
`stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.





```
ggplot(data = data_ntx) +
  geom_boxplot(aes(x = data_ntx$Geschlecht, y = data_ntx$R_age_Datum)) +
  default_theme +
  ggtitle("Boxplot Alter NTX") +
  xlab("Geschlecht") +
  ylab("Alter")
```

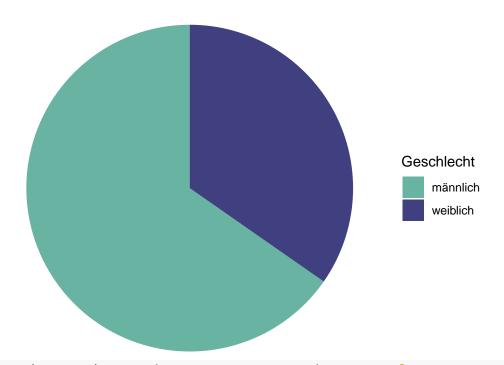
Boxplot Alter NTX



```
# male sex
summary(data_ntx$Geschlecht)
```

```
## männlich weiblich
## 627 333
```

NTX



§ 3 Kaplan-Meier

§ 3.1 IGA

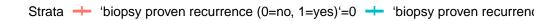
```
# functions in survival and survminer package need numeric-type input
data_iga[, time_date_biopsy := interval(`T-date`, `date of biopsy`) / years(1)]
data_iga[, time_t_dls := interval(`T-date`, `T-dls`) / years(1)]
data_iga[, time_date_birth := interval(`T-date`, `Date of birth`) / years(1)]
data_iga[, time_graft_loss := interval(`T-date`, `graft loss date`) / years(1)]
data_iga[, time_date_follow_up := interval(`T-date`, `T-date` + follow_up) / years(1)]
```

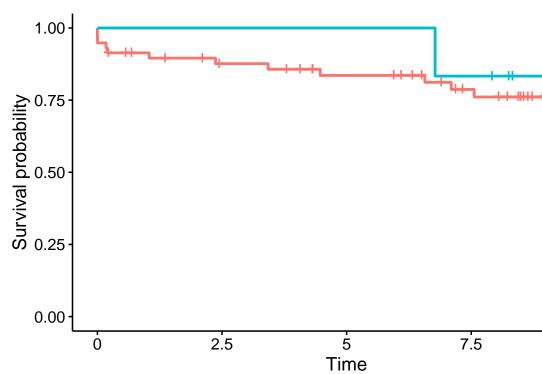
§ 3.1.1

- Event:
 - graft-loss within the follow up period.
- Censoring scheme:
 - if graft loss date after follow up period, censored by end of follow up.
 - if T-dls (date last seen) within follow up period, censored by T-dls.
- Time period:
 - 10 years after T-date (kidney transplantaion).

```
data_iga <- data_iga %>%
  mutate(status_date = case_when())
    ## graft-loss within follow up period
    !is.na(`graft loss date`) & `graft loss date` < `T-date` + follow_up ~ time_graft_loss,
    ## graft-loss after follow up period
    !is.na(`graft loss date`) & `graft loss date` > `T-date` + follow_up ~ time_date_follow_up,
    ## no graft-loss and last seen within follow up
    is.na(`graft loss date`) & !is.na(`T-dls`) & `T-dls` < `T-date` + follow_up ~ time_t_dls,
    ## no graft-loss and last seen after follow up
   is.na(`graft loss date`) & !is.na(`T-dls`) & `T-dls` > `T-date` + follow_up ~ time_date_follow_up,
    ## no graft loss and no last seen
    is.na(`graft loss date`) & is.na(`T-dls`) ~ time_date_follow_up
  )
data_iga <- data_iga %>%
  mutate(status = case_when(
    ## graft-loss within follow up period
    !is.na(`graft loss date`) & `graft loss date` < `T-date` + follow_up ~ 1,
    ## else censored
   TRUE ~ 0,
                                )
  )
data_iga_pos <- data_iga[`biopsy proven recurrence (0=no, 1=yes)` == 1]</pre>
data_iga_neg <- data_iga[`biopsy proven recurrence (0=no, 1=yes)` == 0]</pre>
```

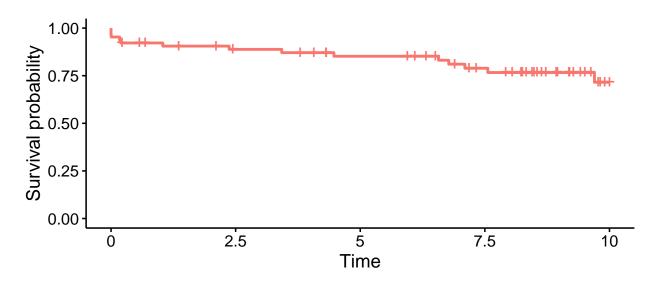
```
model_iga_1 <- survfit(formula = Surv(time = status_date, event = status, type = "right") ~ data_iga$`b
ggsurvplot(model_iga_1)</pre>
```



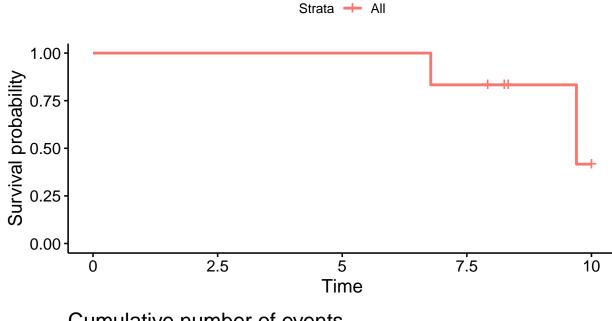


${\bf Overall\ kaplan-Meier\ curve}$

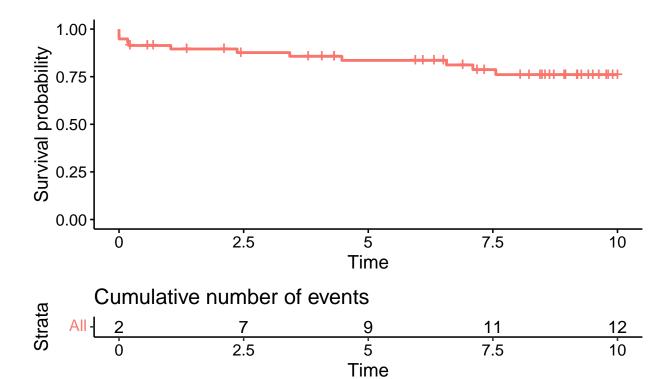




Cumulative number of events All 2 7 9 12 14 0 2.5 5 7.5 10 Time



Cumulative number of events All Time

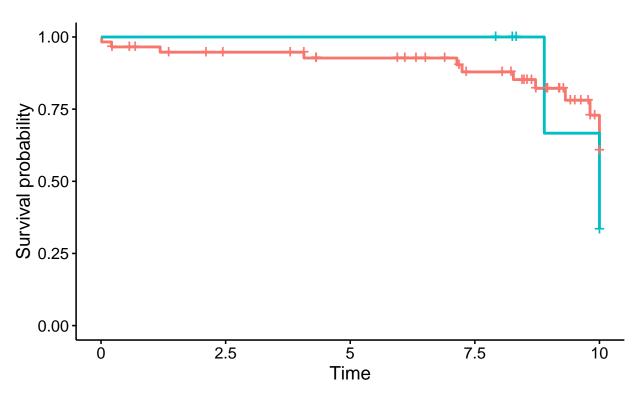


§ 3.1.2

- Event:
 - T-dls & 'Pat death (0=alive, 1= dead) (patient death).
- Censoring scheme:
 - T-dls (date last seen) within follow up period.
- Time period:
 - 10 years after T-date (kidney transplantation).

```
data_iga <- data_iga %>%
  mutate(status_date = case_when(
    ## patient death and death date within follow up
    ('Pat death (0=alive, 1= dead)' == 1) & 'T-dls' < 'T-date' + follow_up ~ time_t_dls,
    ## patient dead but after follow up
    ('Pat death (0=alive, 1= dead)' == 1) & 'T-dls' > 'T-date' + follow_up ~ time_date_follow_up,
    ## patient not death but dropped within follow up
    ('Pat death (0=alive, 1= dead)' == 0) & 'T-dls' < 'T-date' + follow_up ~ time_t_dls,
    ## patient not death but dropped after follow up
    ('Pat death (0=alive, 1= dead)' == 0) & 'T-dls' > 'T-date' + follow_up ~ time_date_follow_up,
    ## NOTE: T-dls never NA
  )
)
model_iga_2 <- survfit(formula = Surv(time = status_date,</pre>
                                   event = status, type = "right") ~ data_iga$`biopsy proven recurrence
                    data = data_iga)
ggsurvplot(model_iga_2,
           conf.int = FALSE)
```

Strata + 'biopsy proven recurrence (0=no, 1=yes)'=0 + 'biopsy proven recurrence (0=no, 1=yes)'=0



ASDFGHJKLKJHGFDSASDFGHJKLKJHGFDS

§ 3.1.3

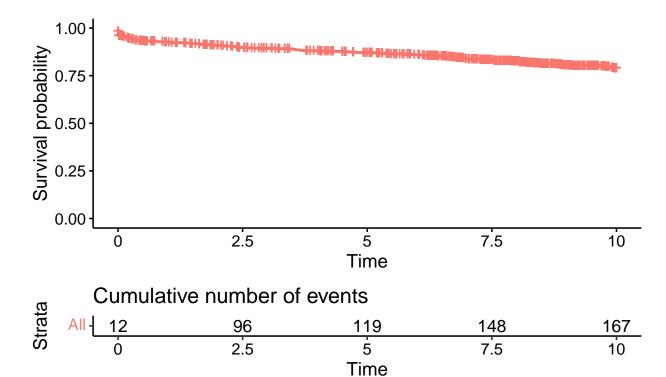
- $\bullet\,$ Event: graft loss and death
- Censoring scheme:
- Time period:

§ 3.2 IGA

§ 3.2.1

- Event: TX Status[NTX PatientenInformation]
- Censoring scheme: -if TX Status[NTX PatientenInformation] within follow up period then then event
 - if died within follow up and before no graft loss then censored
 - if last seen within follow up and before no graft loss then censored
 - if graft loss after follow up then censored
- Time period: 10 years after Datum

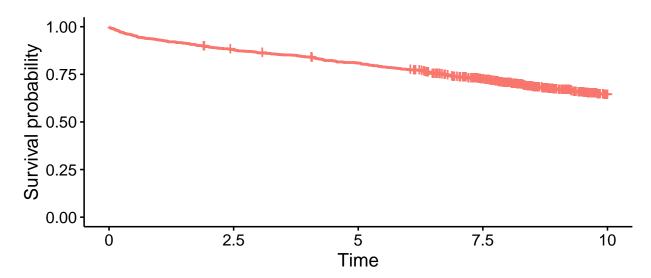
```
data_ntx <- data_ntx %>%
  mutate(status_date = case_when(
    ## patient experienced graft loss
    !is.na(Transplantatfunktionsende) & Transplantatfunktionsende <= (Datum + follow_up) ~ interval(Dat
    ## patient died within follow up
    `Todesdatum[NTX PatientenInformation]` < (Datum + follow_up) ~ interval(Datum, `Todesdatum[NTX Pati
    ## patiend last seen within follow up
    `Date last seen[NTX PatientenInformation]` < (Datum + follow_up) ~ interval(Datum, `Date last seen[
    ## else follow up
   TRUE ~ interval(Datum, (Datum + follow_up)) / years(1)
  )
data_ntx <- data_ntx %>%
  mutate(status = case_when(
    ## patient experienced graft loss
    !is.na(Transplantatfunktionsende) & Transplantatfunktionsende <= (Datum + follow_up) ~ 1,
    ## patient died within follow up
    `Todesdatum[NTX PatientenInformation]` < (Datum + follow_up) ~ 0,
   ## patiend last seen within follow up
    `Date last seen[NTX PatientenInformation] ` < (Datum + follow_up) ~ 0,
    ## else follow up
   TRUE ~ 0
  )
model_ntx_1 <- survfit(formula = Surv(time = status_date,</pre>
                                       event = status, type = "right") ~ 1,
                       data = data_ntx)
ggsurvplot(model_ntx_1,
           conf.int = FALSE,
           cumevents = TRUE)
```

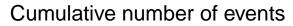


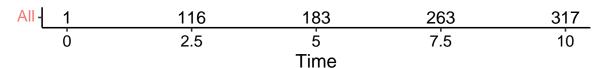
§ 3.2.2

- Event: patient died within follow up period
- Censoring scheme:
 - patient died within follow up then event
 - patient dropped from study within follow up then censored

```
data_ntx <- data_ntx %>%
  mutate(status_date = case_when(
    ## patient died within follow up
    `Todesdatum[NTX PatientenInformation]` <= (Datum + follow_up) ~ interval(Datum, `Todesdatum[NTX Pat
    ## patient died after follow up
    `Todesdatum[NTX PatientenInformation]` > (Datum + follow_up) ~ interval(Datum, (Datum + follow_up))
    ## patient dropped within follow up
    `Date last seen[NTX PatientenInformation]` <= (Datum + follow_up) ~ interval(Datum, `Date last seen
    ## patient dropped after follow up
    `Date last seen[NTX PatientenInformation]` > (Datum + follow_up) ~ interval(Datum, (Datum + follow_
  )
)
data_ntx <- data_ntx %>%
  mutate(status = case_when(
    ## patient died within follow up
    `Todesdatum[NTX PatientenInformation]` <= (Datum + follow_up) ~ 1,
    ## patient died after follow up
    `Todesdatum[NTX PatientenInformation]` > (Datum + follow_up) ~ 0,
    ## patient dropped within follow up
```







§ 4 Cox regression

§ 4.1 IGA

- Event:
 - graft loss within follow up
- Censoring scheme:
 - if patient dropped within follow up, then censored by time dropped
 - if patient patient experienced graft loss after follow up, then censored by follow up end
 - if patient experienced death within follow up, then censored by death date else by follow up end

```
data_iga <- data_iga %>%
  ## censor/event date
  mutate(status_date = case_when(
    ## patient dropped during follow up
    (`T-dls` <= `T-date` + follow_up) ~ `T-dls`,
    ## patient experienced graft loss but after follow up
    ((!is.na(`graft loss date`)) & (`graft loss date` > `T-date` + follow_up)) ~ `T-date` + follow_up,
    ## patient experienced graft loss within follow up
    ((!is.na(`graft loss date`)) & (`graft loss date` <= `T-date` + follow_up)) ~ `graft loss date`,
    ## patient experienced no graft loss within follow up, neither dropped
    (is.na(`graft loss date`) & (`T-dls` > `T-date` + follow_up)) ~ `T-date` + follow_up
  )) %>%
  ## status indicator
  mutate(status = case_when(
    ## patient dropped during follow up
    (`T-dls` <= `T-date` + follow_up) ~ 0,
    ## patient experienced graft loss but after follow up
    ((!is.na(`graft loss date`)) & (`graft loss date` > `T-date` + follow_up)) ~ 0,
    ## patient experienced graft loss within follow up
    ((!is.na(`graft loss date`)) & (`graft loss date` <= `T-date` + follow_up)) ~ 1,</pre>
    ## patient experienced no graft loss within follow up, neither dropped
    (is.na(`graft loss date`) & (`T-dls` > `T-date` + follow_up)) ~ 0
 ))
data_iga <- data_iga %>%
  ## censor/event date
  mutate(status_date = case_when(
    ## if graft loss within follow up
    `graft loss date` <= `T-date` + follow_up ~ `graft loss date`,
    ## else
   TRUE ~ `T-dls`
  )) %>%
  ## censor/event indicator
  mutate(status = case_when(
    ## if graft loss within follow up
   data_iga$`graft loss date` <= data_iga$`T-date` + follow_up ~ 1,</pre>
    ## else
   TRUE ~ 0
 ))
data iga$mismatch sum
```

```
## [1] 3 3 4 3 3
                             2 NA 4 NA 3 NA 4 4 2 0 NA 1 4
                   4
                     3
                        2 4
                                      2 NA 5 2 2 NA 2 3 NA 2 4 NA
## [26] NA 2 NA 3 1
                   2 2 3 NA
                             2 NA
                                 3 2
## [51] NA 3 2 3 NA 3 4 2 NA 4 4 5 NA
```

```
data_iga_pos <- data_iga[`biopsy proven recurrence (0=no, 1=yes)` == 1]</pre>
data_iga_neg <- data_iga[`biopsy proven recurrence (0=no, 1=yes)` == 0]</pre>
model_iga_cox <- coxph(data = data_iga, formula = Surv(time = as.numeric(status_date),</pre>
                                      event = status) ~ R_age_Tdate +
                         data iga$`R-sex` +
                         data_iga$`D-type` +
                         data_iga$mismatch_sum +
                         data_iga$`mm-A` +
                         data_iga$`Cold ischaemic period hours` +
                         data iga$`D-age`)
## Warning in fitter(X, Y, istrat, offset, init, control, weights = weights, :
## Loglik converged before variable 6; coefficient may be infinite.
summary(model iga cox)
## Call:
## coxph(formula = Surv(time = as.numeric(status_date), event = status) ~
      R_age_Tdate + data_iga$`R-sex` + data_iga$`D-type` + data_iga$mismatch_sum +
##
##
           data_iga$`mm-A` + data_iga$`Cold ischaemic period hours` +
##
           data_iga$`D-age`, data = data_iga)
##
    n= 38, number of events= 9
##
##
      (26 observations deleted due to missingness)
##
                                                                  se(coef)
##
                                                coef exp(coef)
## R_age_Tdate
                                          -1.460e-02 9.855e-01 3.584e-02 -0.407
                                           3.238e-01 1.382e+00 8.707e-01 0.372
## data_iga$`R-sex`M
## data_iga$`D-type`Living
                                                             NA 0.000e+00
## data_iga$mismatch_sum
                                           4.373e-01 1.549e+00 4.580e-01 0.955
## data_iga$`mm-A`1
                                          -3.875e-01 6.787e-01 8.964e-01 -0.432
## data iga$`mm-A`2
                                          -1.921e+01 4.559e-09 1.218e+04 -0.002
## data_iga$`Cold ischaemic period hours` -2.420e-02 9.761e-01 6.971e-02 -0.347
## data_iga$`D-age`
                                           4.083e-02 1.042e+00 3.237e-02 1.262
##
                                          Pr(>|z|)
## R_age_Tdate
                                             0.684
## data iga$`R-sex`M
                                             0.710
## data_iga$`D-type`Living
                                                NA
## data_iga$mismatch_sum
                                             0.340
## data_iga$`mm-A`1
                                             0.666
## data_iga$`mm-A`2
                                             0.999
## data_iga$`Cold ischaemic period hours`
                                             0.729
## data_iga$`D-age`
                                             0.207
##
##
                                          exp(coef) exp(-coef) lower .95 upper .95
## R age Tdate
                                          9.855e-01 1.015e+00
                                                                  0.9187
                                                                             1.057
                                          1.382e+00 7.234e-01
                                                                  0.2509
                                                                             7.616
## data_iga$`R-sex`M
## data_iga$`D-type`Living
                                                 NΑ
                                                            NA
                                                                                 NΑ
## data iga$mismatch sum
                                          1.549e+00 6.458e-01
                                                                  0.6310
                                                                             3.800
## data iga$`mm-A`1
                                          6.787e-01 1.473e+00
                                                                  0.1171
                                                                             3.933
## data_iga$`mm-A`2
                                          4.559e-09 2.194e+08
                                                                  0.0000
                                                                               Inf
## data_iga$`Cold ischaemic period hours` 9.761e-01 1.024e+00
                                                                  0.8514
                                                                             1.119
## data_iga$`D-age`
                                          1.042e+00 9.600e-01
                                                                  0.9776
                                                                             1.110
##
```

```
## Concordance= 0.693 (se = 0.085)
## Likelihood ratio test= 4.65 on 7 df,
                                            p = 0.7
## Wald test
                        = 2.77 on 7 df,
                                            p = 0.9
## Score (logrank) test = 3.78 on 7 df,
                                            p=0.8
# cox.zph(model_iga_cox)
# ## all p-values are relatively large, therefore the Null hypothesis of proportional hazards can not b
# ...
# ## $ 4.2 NTX
#
#
# ```{r}
# data_ntx <- data_ntx %>%
   mutate(status_date = case_when(
#
      ## patient died within follow up
#
      `Todesdatum[NTX\ PatientenInformation]` <= (Datum\ +\ follow\_up)\ \sim\ interval(Datum,\ `Todesdatum[NTX\ PatientenInformation])
#
      ## patient died after follow up
      `Todesdatum[NTX PatientenInformation]` > (Datum + follow_up) ~ interval(Datum, Datum + follow_up)
#
#
      ## patient dropped within follow up
      `Date last seen[NTX PatientenInformation]` <= (Datum + follow_up) ~ interval(Datum, `Date last se
#
      ## patient dropped after follow up
#
      `Date last seen[	extit{NTX}\ PatientenInformation] > (Datum + follow\_up) \sim interval(Datum, Datum + follow\_up)
#
# )
#
# data_ntx <- data_ntx %>%
#
   mutate(status = case_when(
#
      ## patient died within follow up
#
      `Todesdatum[NTX PatientenInformation]` <= (Datum + follow_up) ~ 1,
#
      ## patient died after follow up
      `Todesdatum[NTX PatientenInformation]` > (Datum + follow_up) ~ 0,
#
#
      ## patient dropped within follow up
#
      `Date last seen[NTX PatientenInformation]` <= (Datum + follow_up) ~ 0,
#
      ## patient dropped after follow up
#
      `Date last seen[NTX PatientenInformation]` > (Datum + follow_up) ~ 0
#
#
    )
\# model_ntx_cox <- coxph(formula = Surv(time = status_date, event = status) ~ R_age_Datum +
                            Geschlecht + `TX Status[NTX PatientenInformation]`,
#
                          data = data_ntx
# summary(model_ntx_cox)
\#cox.zph(model_ntx_cox)
```

all p-values are relatively large, therefore the Null hypothesis of proportional hazards can not be