

Name	Mahmud Zakir	Marks Obtained	
Student ID (Sec.)	16101107 (01)	Full Marks	15

14.5

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING
CLASS TEST 01(SET-B): Fall 2017

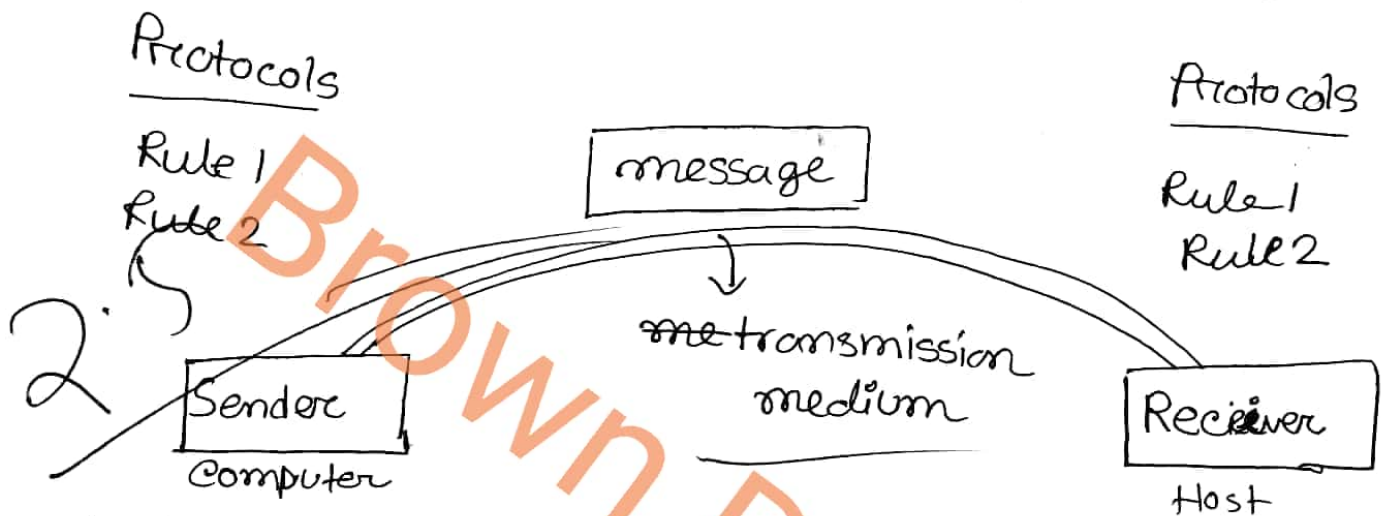
CSE320/EEE361: Data Communications
Total Marks: 15 Times Allowed: 30 Minutes

- Answer ALL **Three (3)** questions.
- Figure in bracket [] next to each question indicates marks for that question.

Question No. 1

a) Explain the basic elements of a data communication system with a suitable diagram.

[3 marks]



Data communication is the transfer of data in the form of 0's and 1's from a sender element to a receiver element through a transmission medium, eg, wire, and governed by protocols.

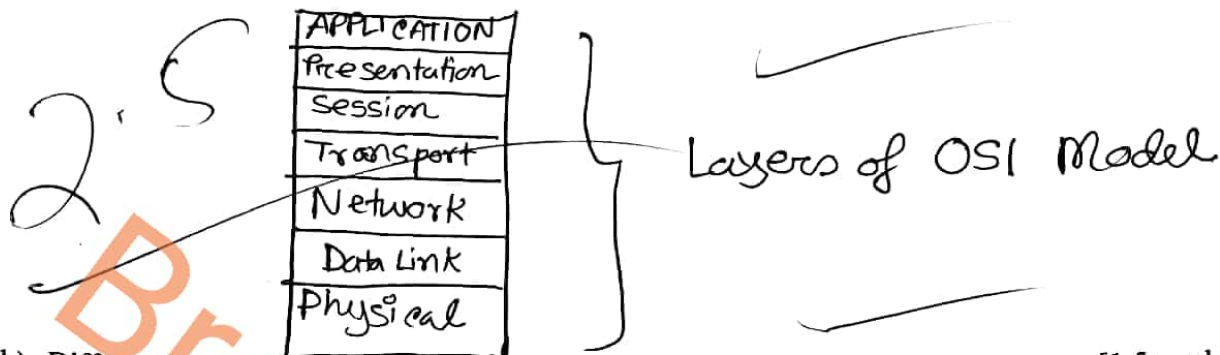
b) A television broadcast is an example of A transmission. [1 mark]
☒ (A) simplex B) half-duplex C) full-duplex D) automatic.

c) The C address identifies a process on a host. [1 mark]
A) Physical B) IP ☒ (C) Port ☒ (D) Specific

Question No. 2

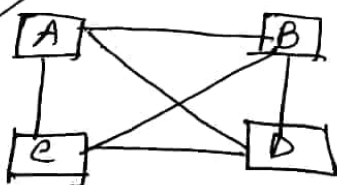
- a) What do you mean by layering in data communication? Draw a block diagram that shows all layers of an OSI model. [2.5 marks]

Layering means dividing the whole process of data transmission into different layers. So that it is easy to access them and work with them.

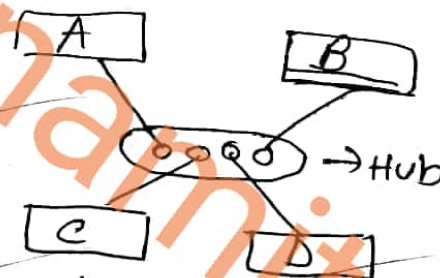


- b) Differentiate between Mesh and Star topologies. [1.5 mark]

Every element must be connected to each other in mesh topology, whereas, star topology consists of a central "HUB" "hub" to which all the other elements are connected.



mesh topology



Star topology

- c) What does ASCII stand for? How many alphanumeric can be represented by using Unicode? [1 mark]

ASCII = American Standard Code for Information Interchange.

Number of alpha numerics that can be represented by Unicode = 2^{16}

Question No. 3

a) Define Logical Address and Physical Address?

[2 marks]

Logical Address is the IP address of a network.

It is used to identify the destination from the source. It is used in hop to hop delivery.

Physical Address is the final address of the process and is used in the Network Access Layer.

Eg: MAC address formed in the data link layer.

b) Identify appropriate layers from the following functions of an OSI model.

[2 marks]

Functions

Layer

- i. Adding MAC address
- ii. Compression of a large size video file
- iii. Selection of a shortest path for routing a message
- iv. Making interface between user and the network

- ... Data Link
- ... Presentation
- ... Network
- ... Application

c) What is internet?

[1 mark]

Internet is an interconnected mesh of networks (eg WAN) where data can flow.

THE END