

# Lab 05

Nested Loops and Control Flow using 'break' and 'continue'

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# Task 1 [CLO 1]:

### CODE:

```
#include <iostream>
int main()
{
    int min_x = 0;
    int max_x = 5;
    int min_y = 0;
    int max_y = 5;

    for (int i = min_x; i <= max_x; i++)
    {
        for (int j = min_y; j <= max_y; j++)
        {
            std::cout << "(" << i << ", " << j << ") ";
        }
        std::cout << "\n";
    }

    std::cin.ignore();
    std::cin.get();
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

```
obscure@Obscures-MacBook-Air output % ./"task1"
  (0, 0) (0, 1) (0, 2) (0, 3) (0, 4) (0, 5)
  (1, 0) (1, 1) (1, 2) (1, 3) (1, 4) (1, 5)
  (2, 0) (2, 1) (2, 2) (2, 3) (2, 4) (2, 5)
  (3, 0) (3, 1) (3, 2) (3, 3) (3, 4) (3, 5)
  (4, 0) (4, 1) (4, 2) (4, 3) (4, 4) (4, 5)
  (5, 0) (5, 1) (5, 2) (5, 3) (5, 4) (5, 5)
  d
  obscure@Obscures-MacBook-Air output % ■
```

# Task 2 [CLO 1]:

#### CODE:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <math.h>
#include <iomanip>
// utility for printing spaces
inline void print spaces(int count, bool debug = false)
    // `count + 1` is used as std::setw sets the total width including the first charcter of
next output field
     std::cout << std::setw(count + 1) << std::setfill(debug ? '.' : ' ');</pre>
void numberSquarePattern(int size);
void pyramidPattern(int lines_y);
void rightAlignedPyramidPattern(int lines_y, char toPrint);
void rightTrianglePattern(int size);
int main()
     std::cout << "\n--
     numberSquarePattern(6);
     std::cout << "\n-
     pyramidPattern(5);
     std::cout << "\n-
                                                              ---\n\n";
    rightAlignedPyramidPattern(5, '3');
std::cout << "\n------</pre>
                                                              ---\n\n";
     rightTrianglePattern(6);
     std::cout << "\n-
                                                         ----\n\n";
     // ignore previous input
     std::cin.ignore();
     std::cin.get();
     return 0;
void numberSquarePattern(int size)
     // size is the size of square
     // at every place inside the region "size x size"
     // it only prints the character if it is at outer edge
     for (int i = 1; i \le size; i++)
          for (int j = 1; j \le size; j++)
              // if first or last line, print all line
if (i == 1 || i == size)
    std::cout << j;</pre>
              else
                   // if first or last item IN line, print "the number" otherwise print " " if (j == 1 \mid \mid j == size) std::cout << j;
                   else
                        std::cout << " ";
          std::cout << "\n";</pre>
```

```
void pyramidPattern(int lines_y)
    // lines_y is how many lines to print in vertical direction
    const int height = lines y * 2; // height is two times "lines y" as we skip even number
    // no cost as compiler will optimize this away
    // first calculate how many spaces are required for the character
    // then print the character just like a right facing triangle
    // CAN BE THOUGHT AS
    // first print right facing triangle then slant it
    // but processes on each line seperately
    int spaces_count;
    for (int i = 1; i \le height; i += 2) // * 2 and * = 2 as we only need to print even
numbers
         spaces_count = height - i;
        print_spaces(spaces_count);
for (int j = 1; j <= height; j++)</pre>
             if (j \ll i)
                  std::cout << j << " ";
         std::cout << "\n";</pre>
void rightAlignedPyramidPattern(int lines_y, char toPrint)
    // if even number of lines are being printed we will print the middle line twice
const int lines_y_half_ceiling = std::ceil(lines_y / 2.f); // pre calculate
// will be optimzed away by compiler
    // same priciple as above
    // calculate spaces then print character
    int spaces_count;
    for (int i = 1; i <= lines_y; i++)
         // print spaces
         spaces_count = std::abs(lines_y_half_ceiling - i) * 2;
         if (lines_y % 2 == 0 && i > lines_y_half_ceiling)
             spaces_count -= 2;
         print_spaces(spaces_count);
         // print characters
         for (int j = 1; j <= lines_y; j++)
              // before middle point
             if (i <= lines_y_half_ceiling)</pre>
                  // print triangle facing left
if (j <= i)</pre>
                       std::cout << toPrint << " ";</pre>
                  // print triangle facing right
if (j >= i)
                       std::cout << toPrint << " ";</pre>
         std::cout << "\n";
```

```
obscure@Obscures-MacBook-Air output % ./"task2"
123456
      6
1
      6
1
1
      6
1
      6
123456
 3
3 3
3 3 3
3 3
     3
         1 2
1 2 3
1 2 3 4
1 2 3 4 5
1 2 3 4 5 6
```

```
// settings `DEFAULT` //
inline void print_spaces(int count, bool debug = false)
numberSquarePattern(6);
pyramidPattern(5);
rightAlignedPyramidPattern(5, '3');
rightTrianglePattern(6);
```

```
obscure@Obscures-MacBook-Air output % ./"task2"
12345678
            8
            8
            8
1
            8
            8
            8
12345678
....1 2 3 .1 2 3 4 5
....0 0 ...0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
....0 0
 .....0
1 2 3

1 2 3 4

1 2 3 4 5

1 2 3 4 5 6

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
```

```
// settings `ALTERED INPUT` //
inline void print_spaces(int count, bool debug = true)
numberSquarePattern(8);
pyramidPattern(3);
rightAlignedPyramidPattern(7, '0');
rightTrianglePattern(9);
```

# Task 3 [CLO 2]:

### CODE:

```
#include <iostream>
bool isPrime(int number, bool &primeError);
int main()
    int count;
    std::cout << "Print how many numbers you will enter: ";</pre>
    std::cin >> count;
    int number;
    bool primeFound = false; // is primeNumber Found
bool primeError = false; // is error detected
    while (count > 0)
         count--;
         std::cout << "Enter a postiive non zero number: ";</pre>
         std::cin >> number;
         if (isPrime(number, primeError))
              std::cout << "You entered a prime number.\n";</pre>
              primeFound = true;
              break;
         if (primeError)
              std::cout << "You entered an invalid number.\n";</pre>
    if (count <= 0 && !primeFound)
    std::cout << "You ran out of tries. No Prime Number in List.\n";</pre>
    std::cin.ignore();
    std::cin.get();
    return 0;
bool isPrime(int number, bool &primeError)
    if (number is ) {
    // if number is negative or zero then set primeError to true
         primeError = true;
         return false;
    if (number == 1 || number == 2)
         return true;
    primeError = false;
    // check numbers from 2 to (number / 2) + 1 for divisibility for (int i = 2; i < int(number / 2.f) + 1; i++)
         if (number % i == 0)
    return false;
    return true;
```

```
obscure@Obscures-MacBook-Air output % ./"task3"
  Print how many numbers you will enter: 5
  Enter a postiive non zero number: -10
 You entered an invalid number.
 Enter a postiive non zero number: 10
  Enter a postiive non zero number: 0
 You entered an invalid number.
 Enter a postiive non zero number: 75
 Enter a postiive non zero number: 80
 You ran out of tries. No Prime Number in List.
obscure@Obscures-MacBook-Air output % ./"task3"
  Print how many numbers you will enter: 5
 Enter a postiive non zero number: 5
 You entered a prime number.
obscure@Obscures-MacBook-Air output % ./"task3"
  Print how many numbers you will enter: 3
  Enter a postiive non zero number: -234
 You entered an invalid number.
  Enter a postiive non zero number: 233
  You entered a prime number.
```

# Task 4 [CLO 2]:

### CODE:

```
#include <iostream>
int main()
    float sum = 0;
    int count = 0;
    int tmp_input;
std::cout << "Enter -1 to exit. \n\n";</pre>
    while (true)
         std::cout << "Enter marks: ";</pre>
        std::cin >> tmp_input;
         // if input -1 then exit
         if (tmp_input == -1)
             std::cout << "* Exiting... \n\n";</pre>
             break;
         // check if between 0 and 10
if (tmp_input <= 0 || tmp_input >= 100)
             std::cout << "* Invalid number skipped \n";</pre>
             std::cout << "* Enter a number between 0 and 100. \n\n";</pre>
             continue; // take another numb from
         sum += tmp_input;
         count++;
    std::cout << "Average marks: " << sum / count << "\n";</pre>
    std::cin.ignore();
    std::cin.get();
    return 0;
```

```
obscure@Obscures-MacBook-Air output % ./"task4"
Enter -1 to exit.

Enter marks: -10
* Invalid number skipped
* Enter a number between 0 and 100.

Enter marks: 0
* Invalid number skipped
* Enter a number between 0 and 100.

Enter marks: 10
Enter marks: 10
Enter marks: 90
Enter marks: 50
Enter marks: 51
Exiting...

Average marks: 50
```