



# CS-110: Lab 10

## Two-Dimensional Arrays

<https://github.com/mmujtaba25/CS-110>

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**Class: BESE 16B**

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## Task 1:[CLO1]

### CODE:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <iomanip>

int numDigits(int number);

// templates prototypes works, because definations are given later

template <size_t M, size_t N>
void printMatrix(int matrix[M][N], int spacing = 0);

template <size_t M, size_t N, size_t P, size_t Q>
void multiplyMatrix(int mat1[M][N], int mat2[P][Q], int result[M][Q]);

template <size_t
M, size_t N>
void readMatrix(int matrix[M][N]);

int main()
{
    constexpr int M = 3;
    constexpr int N = 3;
    constexpr int P = 3;
    constexpr int Q = 3;

    int mat1[M][N], mat2[P][Q];
    int prod[M][Q]; // for MxN * PxQ order is MxQ

    // init mat1
    std::cout << "Enter Matrix 1 (" << M << "x" << N << "):\n";
    readMatrix<M, N>(mat1);

    // init mat2
    std::cout << "Enter Matrix 2 (" << P << "x" << Q << "):\n";
    readMatrix<P, Q>(mat2);

    // init prod -> 0
    for (int i = 0; i < M; i++)
    {
        for (int j = 0; j < Q; j++)
        {
            prod[i][j] = 0;
        }
    }

    multiplyMatrix<M, N, P, Q>(mat1, mat2, prod);

    // print mat1 matrix
    std::cout << "\n\nMatrix 1\n";
    printMatrix<M, N>(mat1);

    // print mat2 matrix
    std::cout << "\n\nMatrix 2\n";
    printMatrix<P, Q>(mat2);

    // print sum matrix
    std::cout << "\n\nProduct\n";
    printMatrix<M, Q>(prod);

    return 0;
}
```

```

int numDigits(int number)
{
    int digits = 0;
    bool negative = number < 0;
    number = std::abs(number); // ignore -ive sign

    // number between 0 and 10
    if (number > 0 && number < 10)
    {
        digits = 1;
        goto return_digit;
    }

    // this is false when number is less than 0
    while (number > 0)
    {
        number /= 10;
        digits++;
    }

return_digit:
    return digits + (negative ? 1 : 0); // add one if digit is negative
}

template <size_t M, size_t N>
void printMatrix(int matrix[M][N], int spacing)
{
    constexpr int padding = 2;
    int max_spacing = 1;
    // calculate spacing
    for (size_t i = 0; i < M; i++)
    {
        for (size_t j = 0; j < N; j++)
        {
            max_spacing = std::max(numDigits(matrix[i][j]) + padding, max_spacing);
        }
    }

    // use user given option if possible
    max_spacing = std::max(max_spacing, spacing);

    for (size_t i = 0; i < M; i++)
    {
        std::cout << "|";
        for (size_t j = 0; j < N; j++)
        {
            std::cout << std::right << std::setw(max_spacing) << matrix[i][j];
        }
        std::cout << " |\n";
    }
}

template <size_t M, size_t N, size_t P, size_t Q>
void multiplyMatrix(int mat1[M][N], int mat2[P][Q], int result[M][Q])
{
    // loop over all elements in first row of mat1
    // loop over all elements in first column of mat2
    // multiply each element and sum[i][j] = sum

    if (N != P)
    {
        std::cout << "* Please use a valid index.";

        for (size_t i = 0; i < M; i++)
        {
            for (size_t j = 0; j < Q; j++)
            {

```

```

        // set all to -1 in case of error
        result[i][j] = -1;
    }
}
return;
}

for (size_t i = 0; i < M; i++)
{
    for (size_t j = 0; j < Q; j++)
    {
        int sum = 0;

        // sum[i][j] = summation(mat1[i][k] * mat2[k][j])
        // k goes from (0 -> N) where N in MxN * PxQ, note that P is same as N in this
scenario
        for (size_t k = 0; k < N; k++)
        {
            sum += mat1[i][k] * mat2[k][j];
        }

        result[i][j] = sum;
    }
}

}

template <size_t M, size_t N>
void readMatrix(int matrix[M][N])
{
    for (size_t i = 0; i < M; i++)
    {
        for (size_t j = 0; j < N; j++)
        {
            int value;

            while (true)
            {
                std::cout << "Enter value for [" << i << "][" << j << "]: ";

                if (std::cin >> value)
                    break; // valid integer

                // invalid input
                std::cout << "* Invalid input. Please enter an integer.\n";

                // silently discard invalid input
                std::cin.clear();
                std::cin.ignore(std::numeric_limits<std::streamsize>::max(), '\n');
            }

            matrix[i][j] = value;
        }
    }
}

```

## OUTPUT:

```
● obscure@Obscures-MacBook-Air output % ./"task1"
Enter Matrix 1 (3x3):
Enter value for [0][0]: 1
Enter value for [0][1]: 2
Enter value for [0][2]: 3
Enter value for [1][0]: 4
Enter value for [1][1]: 5
Enter value for [1][2]: 6
Enter value for [2][0]: 7
Enter value for [2][1]: 8
Enter value for [2][2]: 9
Enter Matrix 2 (3x3):
Enter value for [0][0]: 1
Enter value for [0][1]: 2
Enter value for [0][2]: 3
Enter value for [1][0]: 4
Enter value for [1][1]: 5
Enter value for [1][2]: 6
Enter value for [2][0]: 7
Enter value for [2][1]: 8
Enter value for [2][2]: 9

Matrix 1
| 1 2 3 |
| 4 5 6 |
| 7 8 9 |

Matrix 2
| 1 2 3 |
| 4 5 6 |
| 7 8 9 |

Product
| 30 36 42 |
| 66 81 96 |
| 102 126 150 |
○ obscure@Obscures-MacBook-Air output %
```

## Task 2: [CLO 2]

### CODE:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <iomanip>
#include <cstdlib>
#include <ctime>

int numDigits(int number);
template <size_t M, size_t N>
void printMatrix(int matrix[M][N], int spacing = 0);

int main()
{
    constexpr int M = 6;
    constexpr int N = 6;

    int mat1[M][N];
    int mat1_b[M][N];

    unsigned int seed;
    std::cout << "Enter Seed (-1 for random): ";
    std::cin >> seed;

    seed = (seed == -1u ? time(0) : seed);

    int thresholdValue = 0;
    int sum_elements = 0;

    // init mat1
    srand(seed);
    for (int i = 0; i < M; i++)
    {
        for (int j = 0; j < N; j++)
        {
            mat1[i][j] = rand() % 255;
            sum_elements += mat1[i][j];
        }
    }

    // clamp to 255
    thresholdValue = sum_elements / M * N;
    thresholdValue %= 255;

    for (int i = 0; i < M; i++)
    {
        for (int j = 0; j < N; j++)
        {
            if (mat1[i][j] > thresholdValue)
                mat1_b[i][j] = 1;
            else
                mat1_b[i][j] = 0;
        }
    }

    std::cout << "\n\nMatrix 1\n";
    printMatrix<M, N>(mat1);

    std::cout << "\n\nBinarized Matrix 1\n";
    printMatrix<M, N>(mat1_b);

    return 0;
}
```

```

int numDigits(int number)
{
    int digits = 0;
    bool negative = number < 0;
    number = std::abs(number); // ignore -ive sign

    // number between 0 and 10
    if (number > 0 && number < 10)
    {
        digits = 1;
        goto return_digit;
    }

    // this is false when number is less than 0
    while (number > 0)
    {
        number /= 10;
        digits++;
    }

return_digit:
    return digits + (negative ? 1 : 0); // add one if digit is negative
}

template <size_t M, size_t N>
void printMatrix(int matrix[M][N], int spacing)
{
    constexpr int padding = 2;
    int max_spacing = 1;
    // calculate spacing
    for (size_t i = 0; i < M; i++)
    {
        for (size_t j = 0; j < N; j++)
        {
            max_spacing = std::max(numDigits(matrix[i][j]) + padding, max_spacing);
        }
    }

    // use user given option if possible
    max_spacing = std::max(max_spacing, spacing);

    for (size_t i = 0; i < M; i++)
    {
        std::cout << "|";
        for (size_t j = 0; j < N; j++)
        {
            std::cout << std::right << std::setw(max_spacing) << matrix[i][j];
        }
        std::cout << " |\n";
    }
}

```

## OUTPUT:

```
● obscure@Obscures-MacBook-Air output % ./"task2"  
Enter Seed (-1 for random): 10
```

Matrix 1

	25	63	181	127	95	186	
	120	173	98	202	54	165	
	4	215	0	30	148	25	
	199	10	32	223	250	197	
	194	55	105	213	142	246	
	52	181	171	40	136	159	

Binarized Matrix 1

	0	0	1	0	0	1	
	0	0	0	1	0	0	
	0	1	0	0	0	0	
	1	0	0	1	1	1	
	1	0	0	1	0	1	
	0	1	0	0	0	0	

```
○ obscure@Obscures-MacBook-Air output %
```

```
● obscure@Obscures-MacBook-Air output % ./"task2"  
Enter Seed (-1 for random): -1
```

Matrix 1

	250	35	74	8	193	173	
	162	187	36	176	226	142	
	252	244	235	92	49	59	
	10	24	100	19	163	21	
	71	224	174	85	211	189	
	143	247	204	96	86	19	

Binarized Matrix 1

	1	0	0	0	1	1	
	1	1	0	1	1	1	
	1	1	1	1	0	0	
	0	0	1	0	1	0	
	0	1	1	1	1	1	
	1	1	1	1	1	0	

```
○ obscure@Obscures-MacBook-Air output %
```



## Task 3: [CLO 3]

### CODE:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <iomanip>
int numDigits(int number);
template <size_t M, size_t N>
void printMatrix(int matrix[M][N], int spacing = 0);
template <size_t M, size_t N>
void readMatrix(int matrix[M][N]);
int main()
{
    constexpr int N = 5;
    int adjacency[N][N];

    std::cout << "Enter adjacency matrix (" << N << "x" << N << "):\n";
    readMatrix<N, N>(adjacency);

    int inDegrees[N] = {0};
    int outDegrees[N] = {0};

    // compute degrees
    for (size_t i = 0; i < N; i++)
    {
        for (size_t j = 0; j < N; j++)
        {
            outDegrees[i] += adjacency[i][j]; // sum of row = out-degree
            inDegrees[j] += adjacency[i][j]; // sum of column = in-degree
        }
    }

    std::cout << "\nAdjacency Matrix:\n";
    printMatrix<N, N>(adjacency);

    for (size_t i = 0; i < N; i++)
    {
        std::cout << "Node #" << i << ": out-degree = " << outDegrees[i]
                  << ", in-degree = " << inDegrees[i] << "\n";
    }

    return 0;
}

int numDigits(int number)
{
    int digits = 0;
    bool negative = number < 0;
    number = std::abs(number);

    if (number > 0 && number < 10)
    {
        digits = 1;
        goto return_digit;
    }

    while (number > 0)
    {
        number /= 10;
        digits++;
    }

return_digit:
    return digits + (negative ? 1 : 0);
}
```

```

template <size_t M, size_t N>
void printMatrix(int matrix[M][N], int spacing)
{
    constexpr int padding = 2;
    int max_spacing = 1;

    for (size_t i = 0; i < M; i++)
    {
        for (size_t j = 0; j < N; j++)
        {
            max_spacing = std::max(numDigits(matrix[i][j]) + padding, max_spacing);
        }
    }

    max_spacing = std::max(max_spacing, spacing);

    for (size_t i = 0; i < M; i++)
    {
        std::cout << "|";
        for (size_t j = 0; j < N; j++)
        {
            std::cout << std::right << std::setw(max_spacing) << matrix[i][j];
        }
        std::cout << " |\n";
    }
}

template <size_t M, size_t N>
void readMatrix(int matrix[M][N])
{
    for (size_t i = 0; i < M; i++)
    {
        for (size_t j = 0; j < N; j++)
        {
            int value;
            while (true)
            {
                std::cout << "Enter value for [" << i << "][" << j << "]: ";
                if (std::cin >> value)
                    break;

                std::cout << "* Invalid input. Please enter an integer.\n";
                std::cin.clear();
                std::cin.ignore(std::numeric_limits<std::streamsize>::max(), '\n');
            }
            matrix[i][j] = value;
        }
    }
}

```

## OUTPUT:

```
● obscure@Obscures-MacBook-Air output % ./"task3"
Enter adjacency matrix (5x5):
Enter value for [0][0]: 0
Enter value for [0][1]: 6
Enter value for [0][2]: 0
Enter value for [0][3]: 0
Enter value for [0][4]: 0
Enter value for [1][0]: 0
Enter value for [1][1]: 0
Enter value for [1][2]: 4
Enter value for [1][3]: 3
Enter value for [1][4]: 3
Enter value for [2][0]: 6
Enter value for [2][1]: 5
Enter value for [2][2]: 0
Enter value for [2][3]: 3
Enter value for [2][4]: 0
Enter value for [3][0]: 0
Enter value for [3][1]: 0
Enter value for [3][2]: 2
Enter value for [3][3]: 0
Enter value for [3][4]: 4
Enter value for [4][0]: 0
Enter value for [4][1]: 9
Enter value for [4][2]: 0
Enter value for [4][3]: 5
Enter value for [4][4]: 0

Adjacency Matrix:
| 0 6 0 0 0 |
| 0 0 4 3 3 |
| 6 5 0 3 0 |
| 0 0 2 0 4 |
| 0 9 0 5 0 |
Node #0: out-degree = 6, in-degree = 6
Node #1: out-degree = 10, in-degree = 20
Node #2: out-degree = 14, in-degree = 6
Node #3: out-degree = 6, in-degree = 11
Node #4: out-degree = 14, in-degree = 7
○ obscure@Obscures-MacBook-Air output % █
```