

# **Status of SiStripHitResolution studies**

## **D. Gelé, (Strasbourg)**

### **(July 18, 2018)**

# Outline



- Results for 2018 data with Nico's code
- Status of HitRes code transfer into CalibTree framework

# Results for 2018 data(1)



- Use of HitRes code provided by Nicola de Filippis (thanks!)  
(pair method, some minor changes in the code due to depreciated macros)

Configuration:

CMSSW\_10\_1\_7 + GlobalTag = 101X\_dataRun2\_Prompt\_v11

2 StreamExpress data samples:

/StreamExpress/Run2018A-SiStripCalMinBias-Express-v1/ALCARECO

/StreamExpress/Run2018B-SiStripCalMinBias-Express-v1/ALCARECO

corresponding to 14.7 fb-1 and 7.1 fb-1 (from brilcalc.py with json file, no normtag file )

Processed by means of CRAB

# Results for 2018 data(2)



- Selection cuts:

**Trajectory cuts:**  $p_T > 3 \text{ GeV}$

$\chi^2 \text{ Prob} \geq 0.001$

Found n. rechits  $\geq 4$  (including pixels hits  $\rightarrow$  t.b.c.)

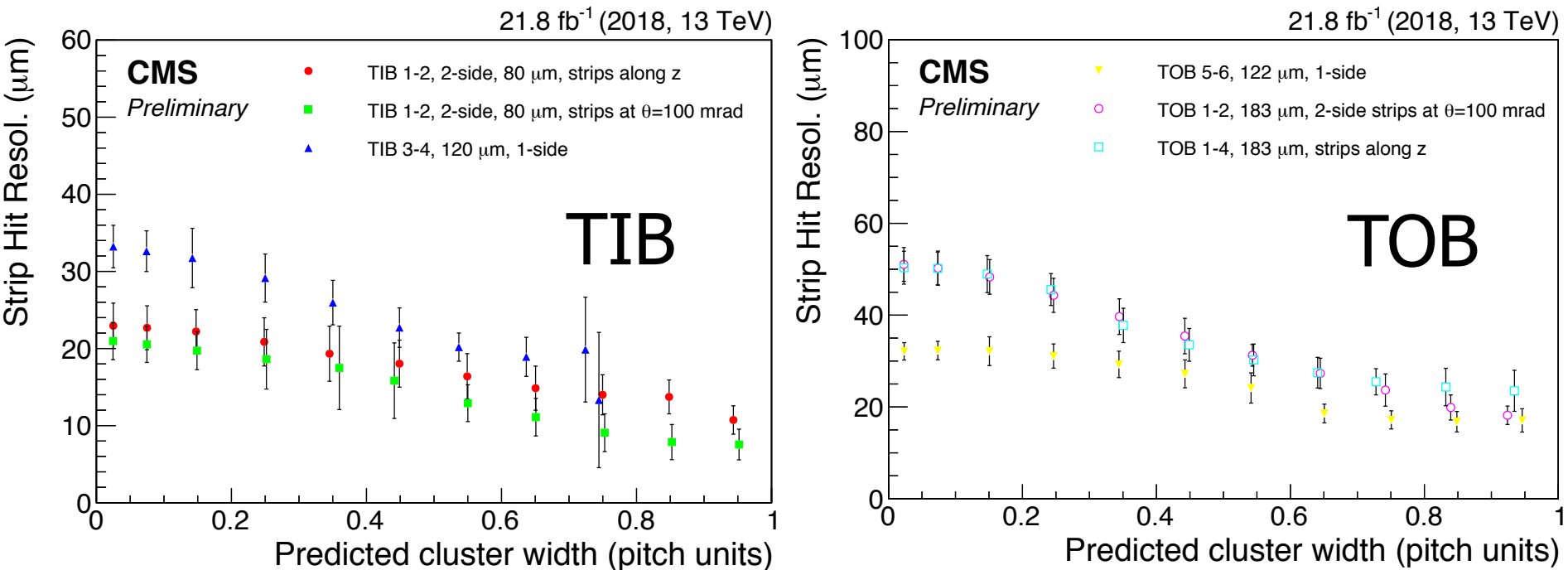
then selection of hits in overlapping module of the same layer with

**Pair requirements:** At most 4 strips large cluster width  
Clusters are of the same width in both modules  
Clusters are not at the edge of the modules  
Predicted path  $< 7 \text{ cm}$  (distance of propagation from one surface to the next)  
Error on predicted  $\Delta x \leq 0.0025 \text{ cm}$  ( $\Delta x$ : difference between predicted backward and forward traj. states from 2 overlapping sensors)

# Results for 2018 data(3)



- Presentation similar to 2017 results for comparison:



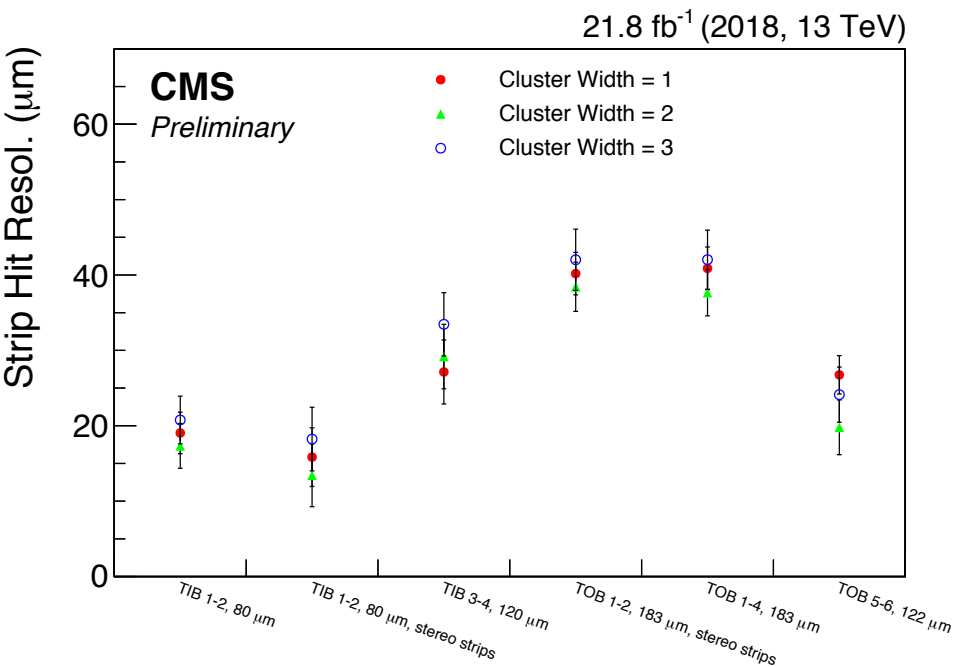
SiStrip resolution by selection of hit pairs in overlapping 2-sided or 1-sided TIB or TOB modules of the same layer as a function of the expected cluster width (in pitch sensor units)

=> Very similar to 2017 results

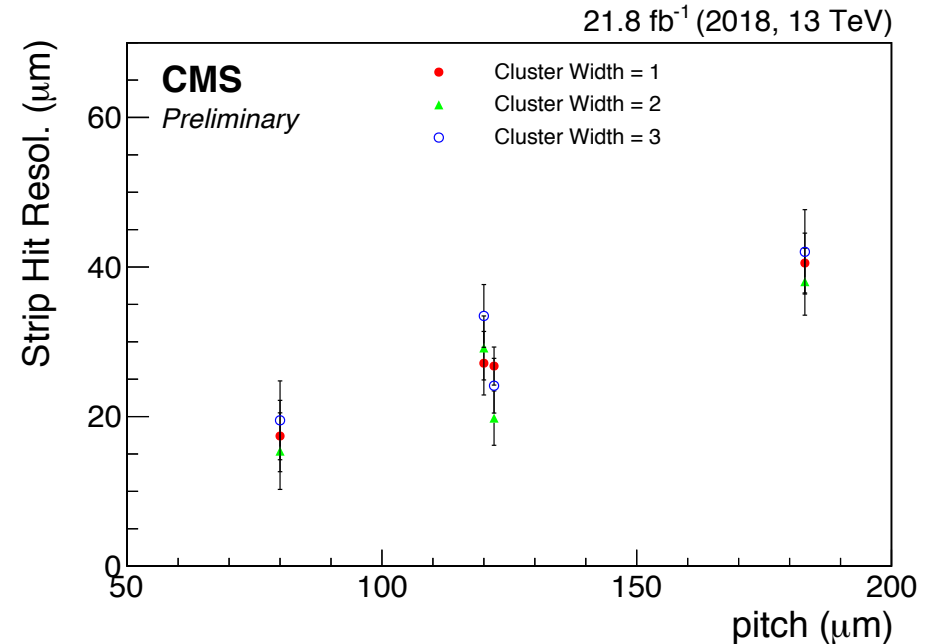
# Results for 2018 data(4)



- Presentation similar to 2017 results for comparison:



SiStrip resolution with pair method for different types of overlapping sensors and cluster width (in number of strips)



SiStrip resolution with pair method in overlapping sensors (with different pitch values) and for different cluster widths (in number of strips)

=> Very similar to 2017 results

# Code for SiStripHit Resolution in CalibTree(1)



- Goal: implement Nico's code into CalibTree framework:

This is done in the HitEff.C code of SiStripHitEfficiency branch (in a totally independent way of the hit efficiency code itself)

Compared at the level of a few events with Nico's code:

Same features for refitted trajectories (and identical values for ntuple hitres content) BUT more trajectories in Nico's code wrt the new one (as if there was an additionnal cut/prescale ? -> not seem to be in refit config file) => not found the origin of this discrepancy

# Code for SiStripHit Resolution in CalibTree(2)



```
Starting analysis, nrun nevent: 315800 752591021
```

```
Pt traj = 0.873868  
Pt traj = 0.878073  
Pt traj = 0.881786  
Pt traj = 0.884597  
Pt traj = 0.884975  
Pt traj = 0.882551  
Pt traj = 0.884227  
Pt traj = 0.888749  
Pt traj = 0.889073
```

```
....  
Pt traj = 0.913083  
Pt traj = 0.917426  
Pt traj = 0.915366  
Pt traj = 3.57021  
Pt traj = 3.57207  
Pt traj = 3.57362
```

```
....  
momentum 0.991502  
track_trackChi2 0.0866089  
track_trackChi2_2 0.0866088  
track_eta -1.72062  
momentum 7.57884  
numHits 20  
trackChi2 0.00989575  
detID1 436266440  
ptich1 0.0183  
clusterW1 6  
expectedW1 0.509913  
atEdge1 0  
simpleRes 0.0135903  
detID2 436266472  
clusterW2 2  
expectedW2 0.22607  
atEdge2 0  
pairPath -3.28111  
hitDX 8.86621  
trackDX 8.85336  
trackDXE 0.0007675  
trackParamX 4.32746  
trackParamY 2.94283  
trackParamDXDZ -0.00428619  
trackParamDYDZ -0.262439  
trackParamXE 0.00242244  
trackParamYE 0.0276596  
trackParamDXDZE 0.000223308  
trackParamDYDZE 0.000886589
```

Nico's code

```
Starting analysis, nrun nevent: 315800 752591021
```

```
Pt traj = 0.873868  
Pt traj = 0.878073  
Pt traj = 0.881786  
Pt traj = 0.884597  
Pt traj = 0.884975  
Pt traj = 0.882551  
Pt traj = 0.884227  
Pt traj = 0.888749  
Pt traj = 0.889073
```

```
....  
Pt traj = 0.913083  
Pt traj = 0.917426  
Pt traj = 0.915366  
Pt traj = 3.57021  
Pt traj = 3.57207  
Pt traj = 3.57362
```

```
Starting analysis, nrun nevent: 315800 751544428
```

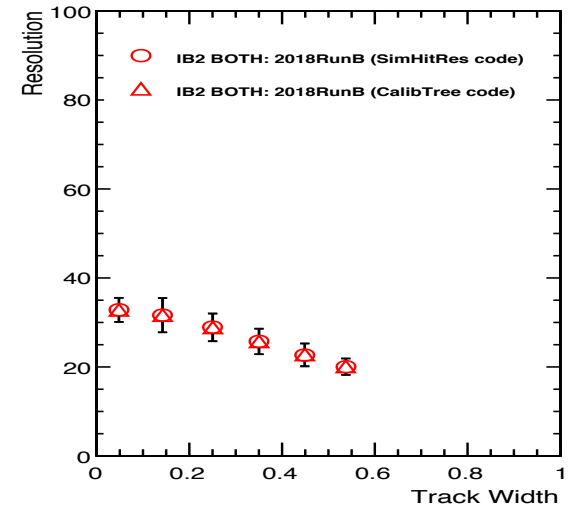
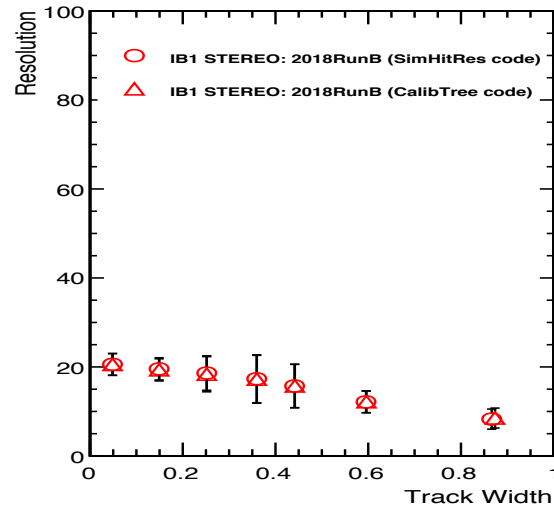
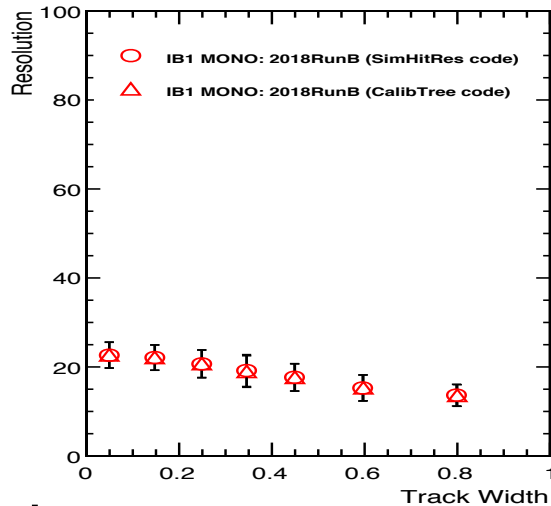
CalibTree code

Example: Scan of one event

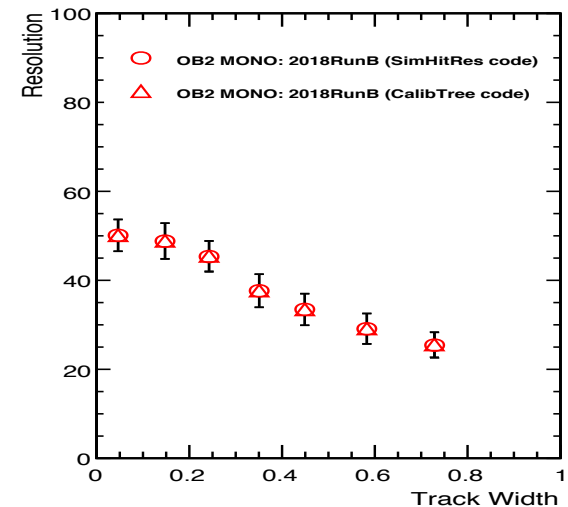
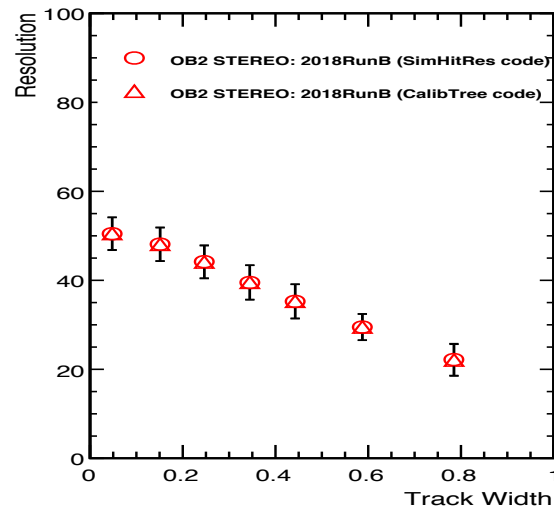
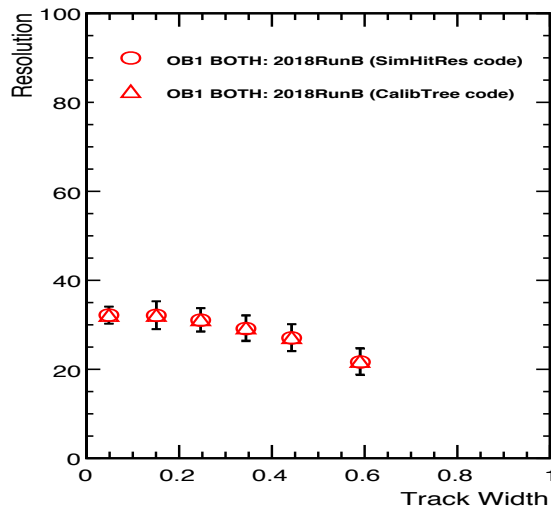
```
....  
Pt traj = 0.988768  
Pt traj = 0.989966  
Pt traj = 0.995559  
Pt traj = 0.991502  
Starting analysis, nrun nevent: 315800 751544428
```



# Code for SiStripHit Resolution in CalibTree(3)



No bias



# Code for SiStripHit Resolution in CalibTree(2)



- Status:

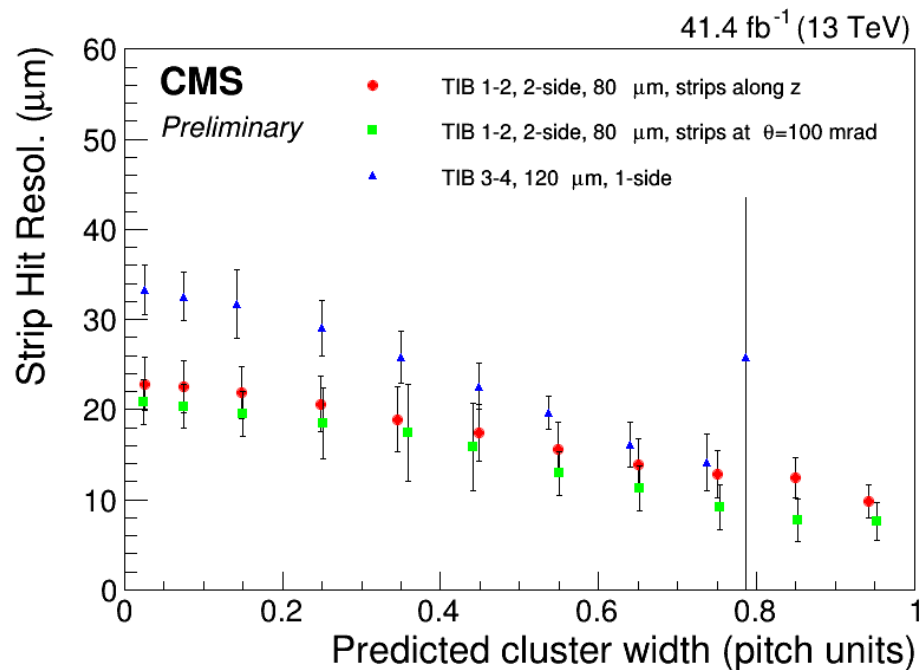
When keeping only the hit pair candidates (with a Pt cut for  $\text{traj} > 3\text{GeV}$ ): increase of  $< 2.5\%$  (size of ntuple) and about 10% increase for time computing.

Still some cleaning/commenting to be done and cuts to be given as input in .py file

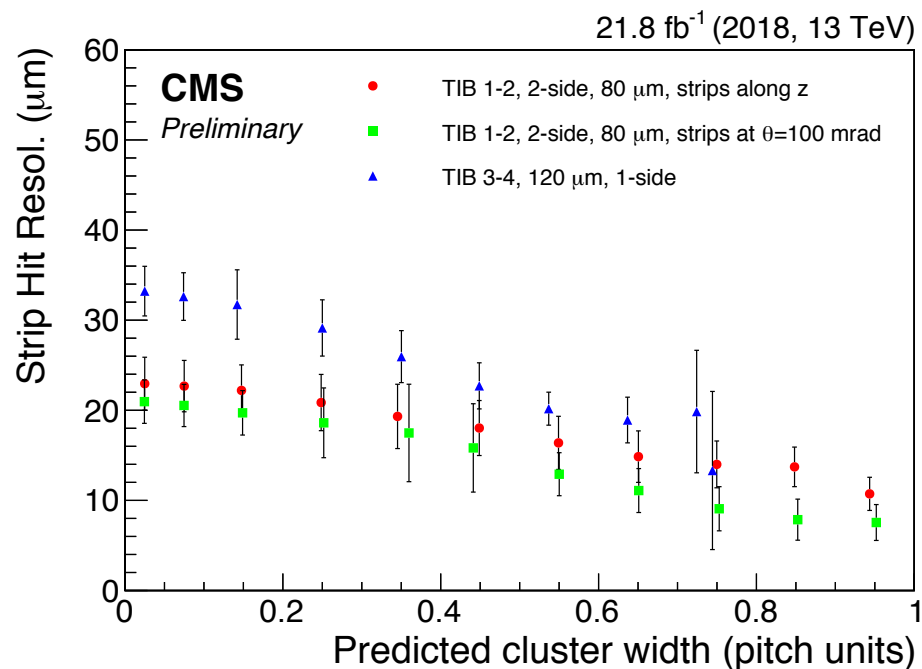


# BACK-UP

# 2017 vs 2018 comparison

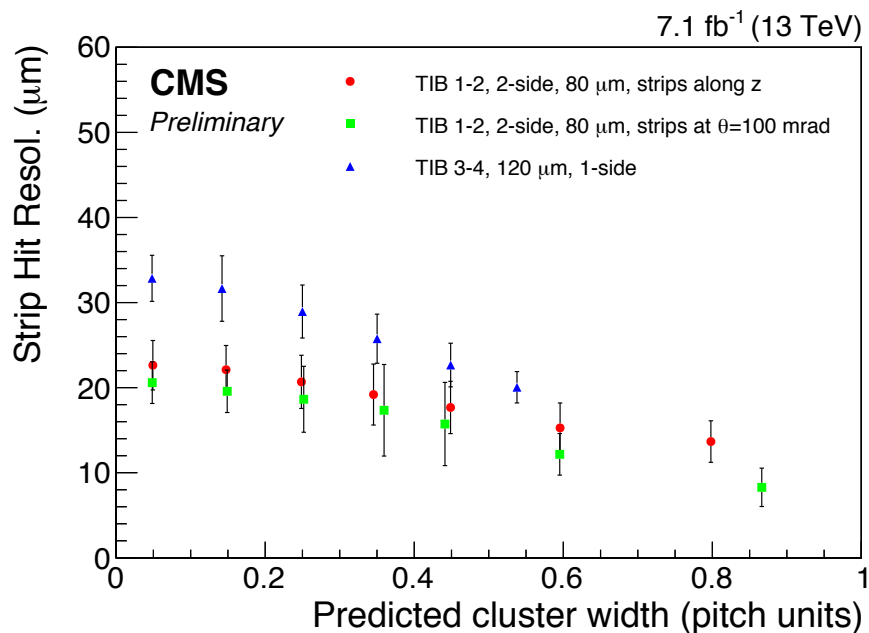


2017

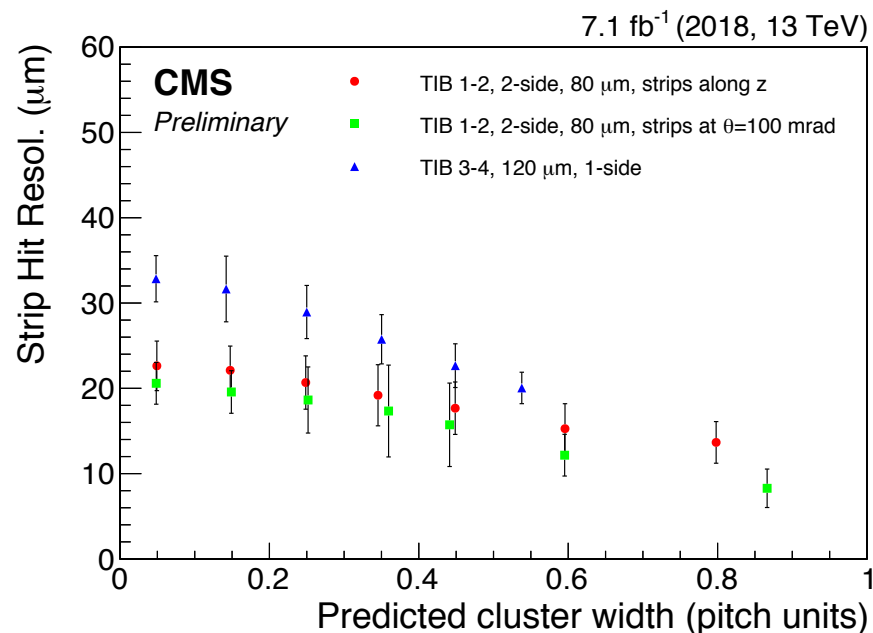


2018

# 2018 Nico's vs CalibTree codes comparison



Nico's  
code



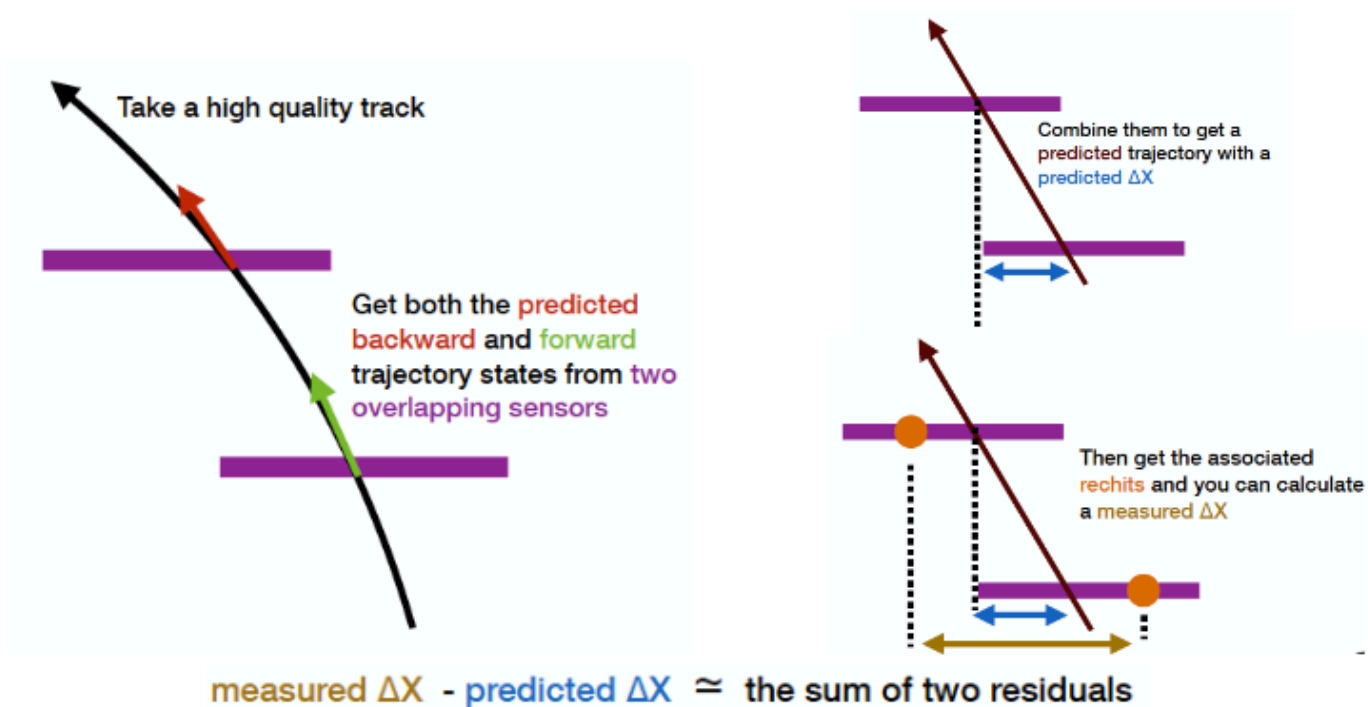
Calib  
Tree  
code

From Nico's presentation:

## Strip Hit Resolution: "pair method"

Tracks are selected with high quality criteria.

Along those tracks two hits on overlapping modules of the same layer

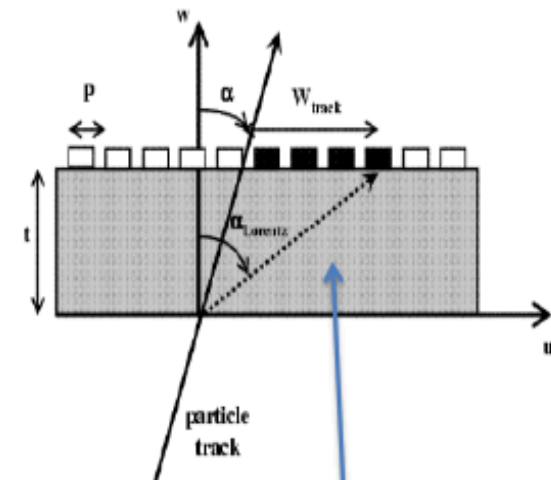


From Nico's presentation:

**Hit position:** is the cluster baricenter corrected with the shift due to the Lorentz drift.

**Hit position resolution:**

- in the measurement frame is set to be  $1/\sqrt{12}$  in both 2D coordinates for each hit (uniform distribution)
- in the local frame the error is **pitch**/ $\sqrt{12}$  for the precise coordinate and **(strip length)**/ $\sqrt{12}$  for the coarse coordinate.
- It has been measured using MC truth and is parameterized as a function of the **reconstructed cluster width** (actual size of the cluster, in number of strips) and the expected cluster width.
- The **expected cluster width / track width** is the track projection on the precise coordinate in the measurement frame corrected with the **Lorentz** shift, in units of the strips.



From Nico's presentation:

## Resolution:

### Simple:

- Take re-fit of track trajectory w/o RecHit
- $\text{RMS}(\text{Track } X - \text{RecHit } X)$

### Pair method:

- Use two hits on overlapping modules