



Club head (Recuay, 100-600 AD).



Club head (Vicús, 200 BC-400 AD).



Starred club head (Inca, 1200-1532 AD).



Club head in the shape of a “chakana” (Inca, 1200-1532 AD).



Club head (Cupisnique,
900-200 BC).



Club with handle
(Paracas, 900-100 BC).



Sling with geometric
designs (Inca, 1200-1532
AD).



Stólica (Chimú, 900-1470
AD).

The manufacture of combat weapons in pre-Hispanic times included hard materials such as rocks and wood; the former with blunt effects through blows, and in throwing and cutting forms; while the latter had handles for holding, as in the case of axes.

It is likely that pebbles were mainly used for the elaboration of masses and sharp and cutting rocks for points. Stone craftsmen worked these weapons through a careful process of pecking and polishing to achieve the desired shape of the weapon.