Members:

Alakhjot Singh; Alexandre Feres; Mya Nandar May; Pinky Sangarmangkang; Shadi Hamidiaval

DANA Proposal

Population: The population is made up of all patients with potential heart disease in USA, Hungary, and Switzerland.

Objective: To perform statistical investigation analysis in R and predict if a person is prone to a heart attack or not.

Variables: Categorical | Numerical

- 1. Cp: chest pain type: typical angina, atypical angina, non-anginal, asymptomatic
- 2. **Restecg** (resting electrocardiographic results): normal, stt abnormality, lv hypertrophy
- 3. Origin / dataset (place of study): Cleaveland, Hungry, Switzerland, VA Long Beach
- 4. Sex: Male/Female
- 5. **Exang**: exercise-induced angina (True/ False)
- 6. **Chol**: serum cholesterol in mg/dl
- 7. Age: Age of the patient in years
- 8. Thalch: maximum heart rate achieved

5 statements:

Three for univariate analysis

Categorical: Chest pain type (cp) & Ecg observation at resting condition (restecg)

- 1. Describe the distribution of **chest pain types (cp)** in patients with potential heart disease.
 - Frequency / relative frequency
- 2. Describe the distribution of **ecg observation at resting condition (restecg)** in patients with potential heart disease.
 - Pie chart

Numerical: Cholesterol measure (chol)

3. Describe the distribution of **cholesterol level (chol)** in patients with potential heart disease.

Three for bivariate analysis

- 4. Is there a correlation between age and maximum heart rate (thalch) in patients?
 - Correlation analysis
- 5. Is there a relationship between cholesterol levels (chol) and geographic regions (origin)?
 - Box-plot comparison between geographic regions
- 6. Are sex and presence of exercise induced angina (exang) independent of each other?
 - Use Chi-square analysis

Sample size: 920

Source of data set: Kaggle

Data source: Source 1 (Kaggle) / Source 2 (UCI)