

Lending Mortgage Analysis - Modeling

Exploratory Data Analysis

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Data Discription

The data set includes the following variables:

- APPROVE = 1 if mortgage loan was approved, = 0 otherwise
- GDLIN = 1 if credit history meets guidelines, = 0 otherwise
- LOANPRC = loan amount/purchase price
- OBRAT = other obligations as a percent of total income
- MALE = 1 if male, = 0 otherwise
- MARRIED = 1 if married, = 0 otherwise
- BLACK = 1 if black, = 0 otherwise
- HISPAN = 1 if Hispanic, = 0 otherwise

Logistic Model

$$\log(p/1-p) = \beta_0 + \beta_1 * GDLIN + \beta_2 * OBRAT + \beta_3 * BLACK + \beta_4 * HISPAN + \beta_5 * LOANPRC$$

```
## 'log Lik.' -451.2615 (df=6)
```

```
##
## Logistic Regression
## =====
##               Dependent variable:
##               -----
##               APPROVE
## -----
## GDLIN1          3.737***
##                (0.221)
##
## OBRAT           -0.031***
##                (0.011)
##
## BLACK1          -0.917***
##                (0.246)
##
## HISPAN1         -0.827**
##                (0.324)
##
## LOANPRC         -0.017**
##                (0.007)
##
## Constant        1.533**
##                (0.699)
##
## -----
## Observations    1,888
## Log Likelihood  -451.261
```

```

## Akaike Inf. Crit.          914.523
## =====
## Note:                      *p<0.1; **p<0.05; ***p<0.01

##
## Odds Ratio
## =====
##                               Dependent variable:
##                               -----
##                               APPROVE
## -----
## GDLIN1                      41.961***
##                               (0.221)
##
## OBRAT                       0.969***
##                               (0.011)
##
## BLACK1                      0.400
##                               (0.246)
##
## HISPAN1                     0.438
##                               (0.324)
##
## LOANPRC                     0.983***
##                               (0.007)
##
## Constant                    4.631***
##                               (0.699)
##
## -----
## Observations                1,888
## Log Likelihood              -451.261
## Akaike Inf. Crit.          914.523
## =====
## Note:                      *p<0.1; **p<0.05; ***p<0.01

```

For every one unit change in **OBRAT**, the log odds of loan approval (versus non loan approval) decreases by 0.0312188.

For every one unit change in **LOANPRC**, the log odds of loan approval (versus non loan approval) decreases by 0.0167011.

The log odds of loan approval for applicants that meet credit guidelines increases by 3.7367457.

The log odds of loan approval for Black applicants decreases by 0.9171449.

The log odds of loan approval for Hispanic applicants decreases by 0.8266367.

For example, for a black person whose credit history meets guideline ($GDLIN = 1$), loan amount price is 100 ($LOANPRC = 100$) and other obligations as a percent of total income is none ($OBRAT = 0$), the log odds of loan approval is 93.6%

CIs using profiled log-likelihood

```

##                2.5 %       97.5 %
## (Intercept)  0.19416207  2.937219042
## GDLIN1       3.31229466  4.182112724
## OBRAT        -0.05333480 -0.009301146

```

```
## BLACK1      -1.39135036 -0.426283068
## HISPAN1     -1.43764172 -0.165924717
## LOANPRC     -0.03156216 -0.002916465
```

CIs using standard errors

```
##              2.5 %      97.5 %
## (Intercept)  0.16272694  2.902760759
## GDLIN1       3.30270694  4.170784503
## OBRAT        -0.05325850 -0.009179045
## BLACK1       -1.39893109 -0.435358718
## HISPAN1      -1.46068910 -0.192584237
## LOANPRC      -0.03101509 -0.002387147
```

Odds ratios only

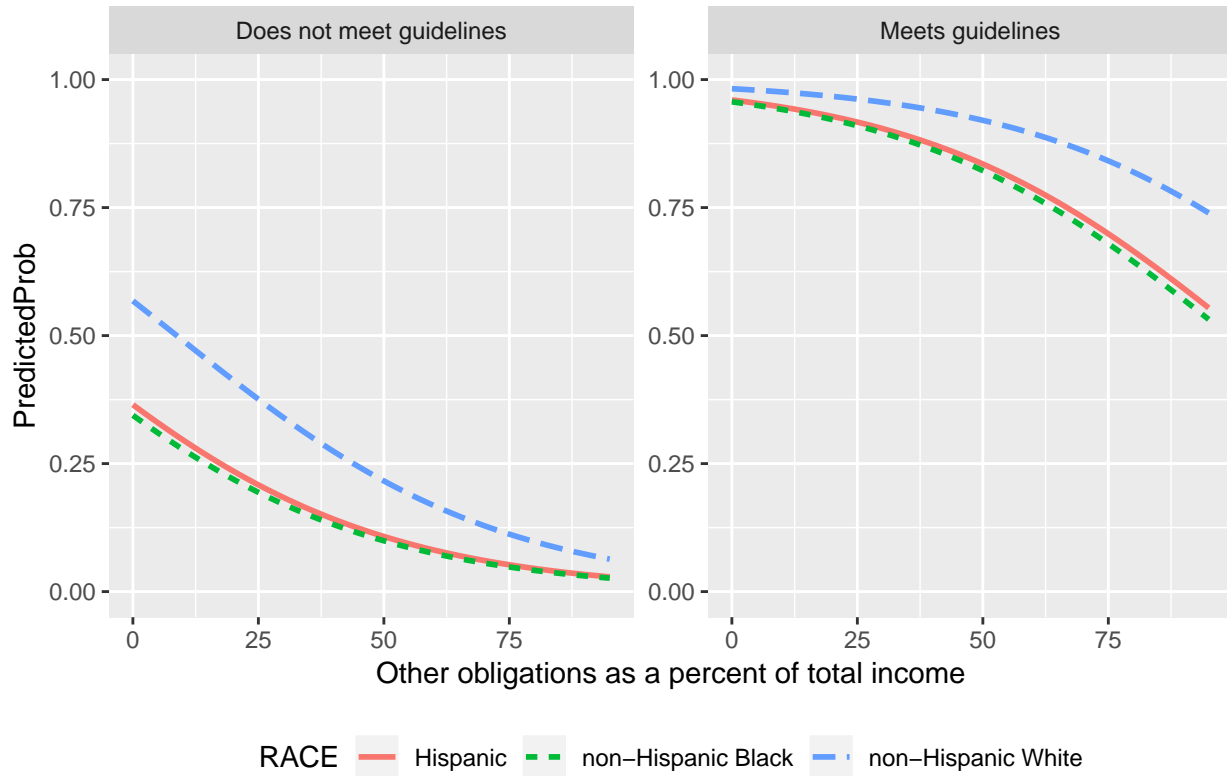
```
## (Intercept)      GDLIN1      OBRAT      BLACK1      HISPAN1      LOANPRC
##  4.6308658  41.9612143   0.9692635   0.3996585   0.4375183   0.9834376
```

Odds ratios and 95% CI

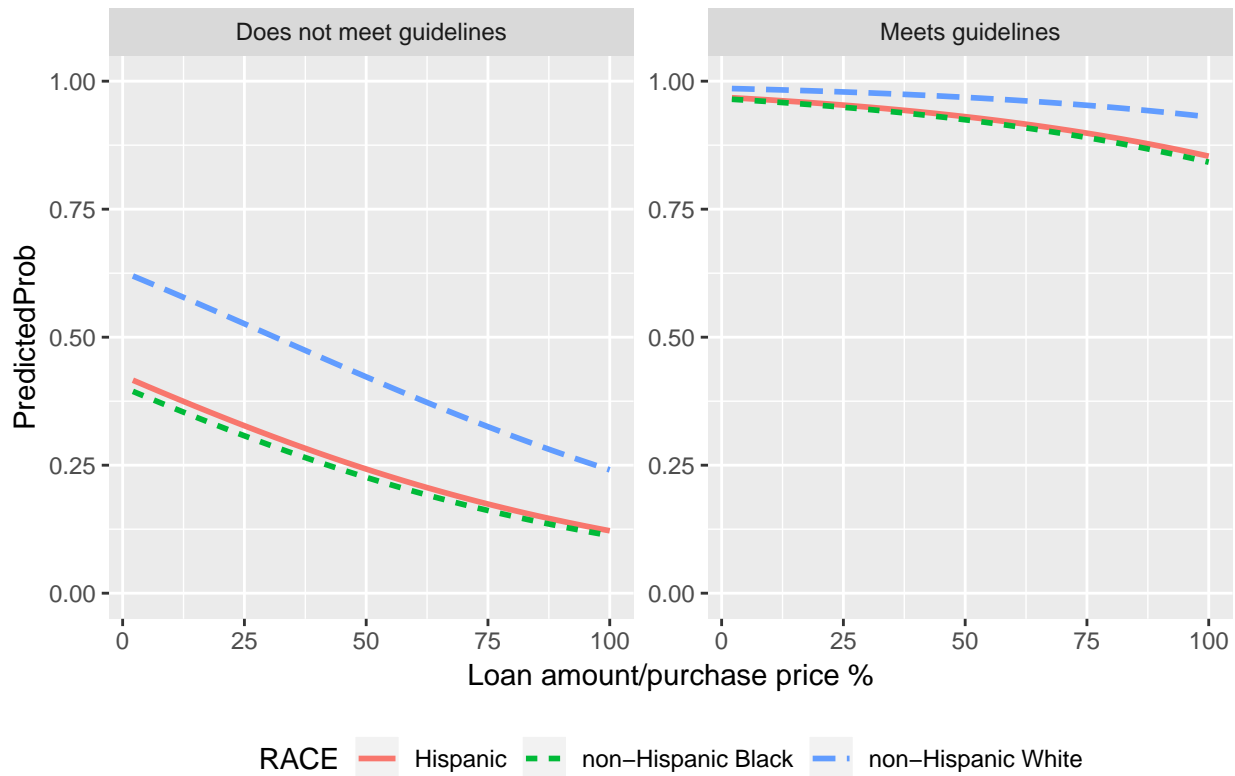
```
##              OR      2.5 %      97.5 %
## (Intercept)  4.6308658  1.2142931  18.8633152
## GDLIN1       41.9612143  27.4480373  65.5040992
## OBRAT        0.9692635  0.9480625  0.9907420
## BLACK1       0.3996585  0.2487392  0.6529315
## HISPAN1      0.4375183  0.2374872  0.8471100
## LOANPRC      0.9834376  0.9689307  0.9970878
```

GDLIN	OBRAT	BLACK	HISPAN	LOANPRC	fit	PredictedProb
0	32.35767	1	0	75.44245	-1.6545412	0.1604961
1	32.35767	1	0	75.44245	2.0822046	0.8891615
0	32.35767	0	1	75.44245	-1.5640329	0.1730687
1	32.35767	0	1	75.44245	2.1727128	0.8977722
0	32.35767	0	0	75.44245	-0.7373963	0.3235738
1	32.35767	0	0	75.44245	2.9993495	0.9525447

Predicted probabilities (LOANPRC = 75.44245%)



Predicted probabilities (OBRAT = 32.35767)



Probit Model

$$\text{Probit}(\text{approve}) = \beta_0 + \beta_1 * \text{GDLIN} + \beta_2 * \text{OBRAT} + \beta_3 * \text{BLACK} + \beta_4 * \text{HISPAN} + \beta_5 * \text{LOANPRC}$$

```
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = APPROVE ~ GDLIN + OBRAT + BLACK + HISPAN + LOANPRC,
##      family = binomial(link = "probit"), data = data)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2.8688   0.2496   0.3144   0.3604   2.1669
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value      Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)  0.583275   0.341346   1.709      0.087497 .
## GDLIN1       2.161541   0.124153  17.410 < 0.0000000000000002 ***
## OBRAT        -0.014974   0.005721  -2.617      0.008858 **
## BLACK1       -0.473416   0.129376  -3.659      0.000253 ***
## HISPAN1      -0.422091   0.168680  -2.502      0.012338 *
## LOANPRC      -0.007808   0.003404  -2.294      0.021781 *
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##      Null deviance: 1391.24  on 1887  degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance:  902.36  on 1882  degrees of freedom
## AIC: 914.36
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6
```

```
## 'log Lik.' -451.1823 (df=6)
```

```
##
## Probit Regression
## =====
##              Dependent variable:
##              -----
##              APPROVE
## -----
## GDLIN1              2.162***
##                   (0.124)
##
## OBRAT              -0.015***
##                   (0.006)
##
## BLACK1             -0.473***
##                   (0.129)
##
## HISPAN1            -0.422**
##                   (0.169)
##
## LOANPRC            -0.008**
##                   (0.003)
##
```

```

## Constant          0.583*
##                  (0.341)
##
## -----
## Observations      1,888
## Log Likelihood    -451.182
## Akaike Inf. Crit.  914.365
## =====
## Note:             *p<0.1; **p<0.05; ***p<0.01

```

For every one unit change in OBRAT, the probit odds of loan approval (versus non loan approval) decreases by 0.0149739.

For every one unit change in LOANPRC, the probit odds of loan approval (versus non loan approval) decreases by 0.0078082.

The probit odds of loan approval for applicants that meet credit guidelines increases by 2.1615407.

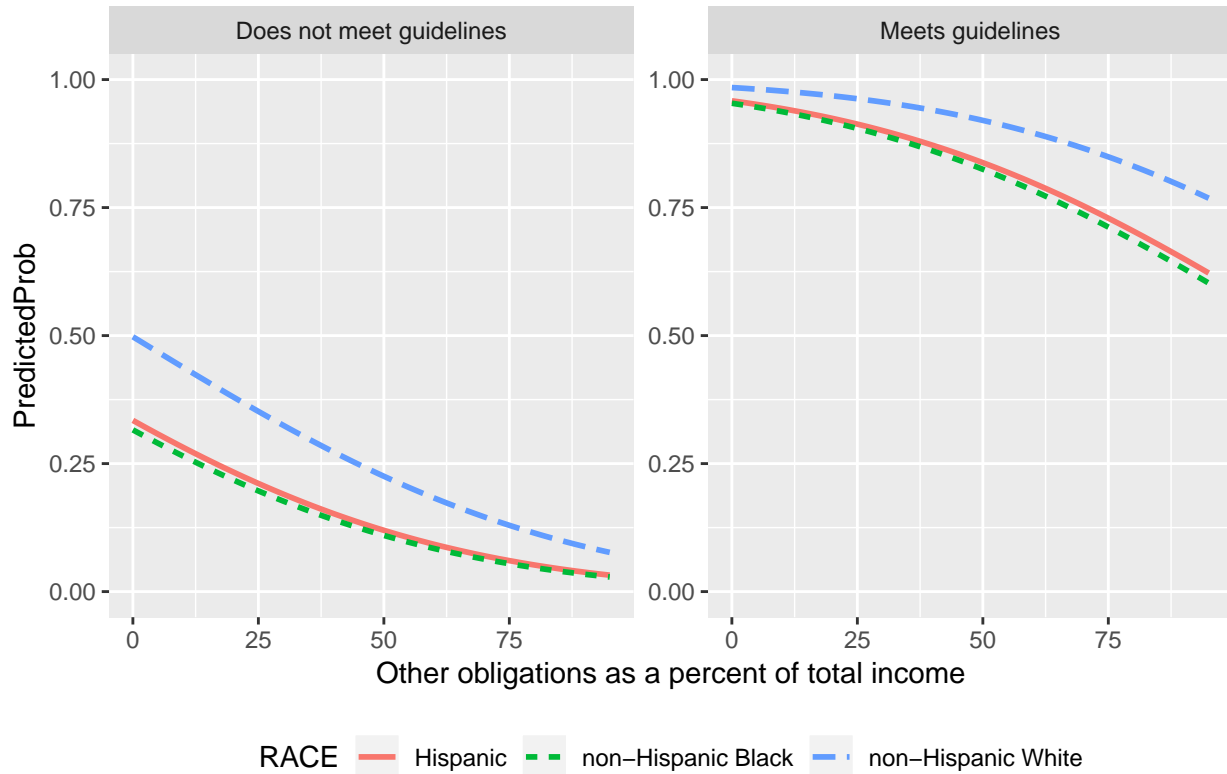
The probit odds of loan approval for Black applicants decreases by 0.4734163.

The probit odds of loan approval for Hispanic applicants decreases by 0.4220909.

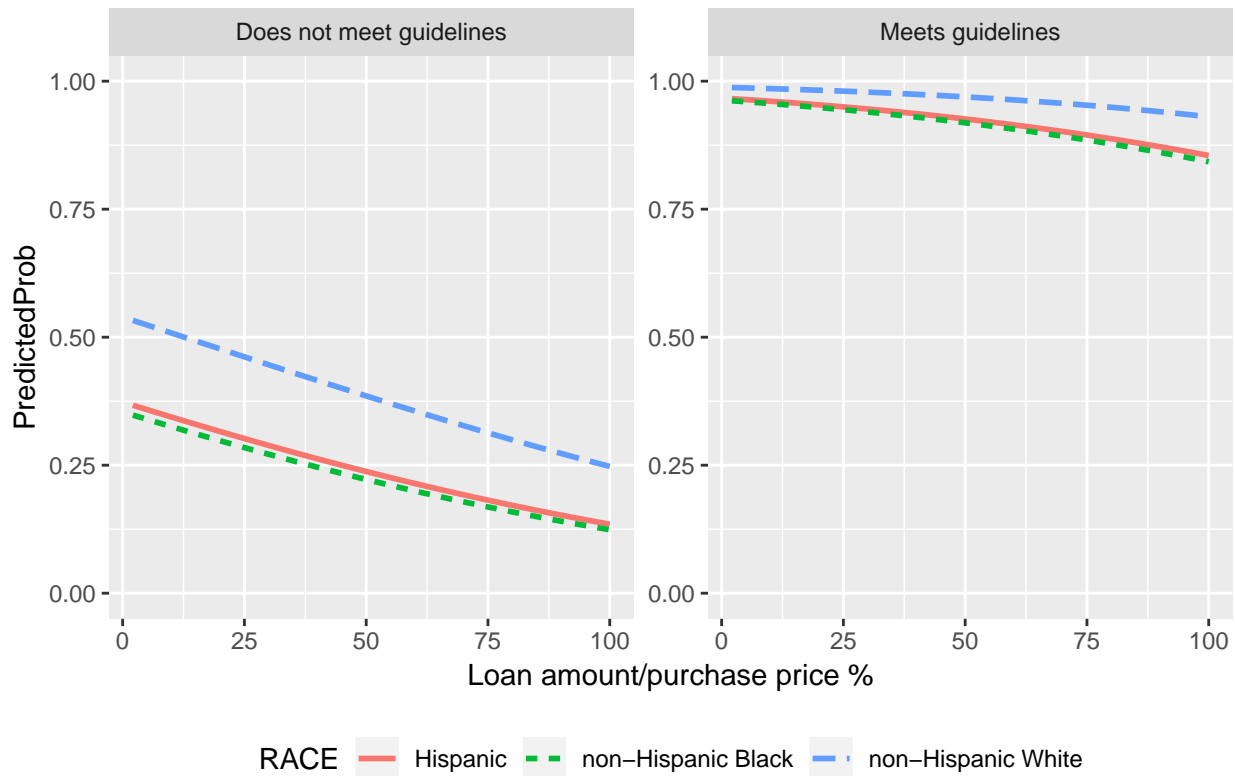
For example, for a black person whose credit history meets guideline (GDLIN = 1), loan amount price is 100 (LOANPRC = 100) and other obligations as a percent of total income is none (OBRAT = 0), the probit odds of loan approval is 93.2%

GDLIN	OBRAT	BLACK	HISPAN	LOANPRC	fit	fit
0	32.35767	1	0	75.44245	-0.9637321	0.1675901
1	32.35767	1	0	75.44245	1.1978087	0.8845042
0	32.35767	0	1	75.44245	-0.9124067	0.1807773
1	32.35767	0	1	75.44245	1.2491340	0.8941920
0	32.35767	0	0	75.44245	-0.4903158	0.3119552
1	32.35767	0	0	75.44245	1.6712249	0.9526614

Predicted probabilities (LOANPRC = 75.44245%)



Predicted probabilities (OBRAT = 32.35767)



Probabilities Comparison

GDLIN	OBRAT	BLACK	HISPAN	LOANPRC	LogitProb	ProbitProb
0	32.35767	1	0	75.44245	0.1604961	0.1675901
1	32.35767	1	0	75.44245	0.8891615	0.8845042
0	32.35767	0	1	75.44245	0.1730687	0.1807773
1	32.35767	0	1	75.44245	0.8977722	0.8941920
0	32.35767	0	0	75.44245	0.3235738	0.3119552
1	32.35767	0	0	75.44245	0.9525447	0.9526614