## MATH 9500 FALL 2020 HOMEWORK 1

## Due Monday, August 31, 2020

- 1. (5 pts) Give an example of a commutative ring (necessarily without identity) that does not have a maximal proper ideal (that is, given any ideal proper ideal  $I \subsetneq R$  there is an ideal  $J \subsetneq R$  such that  $I \subsetneq J$ ).
- 2. Let R be a commutative ring with identity, and let  $I \subseteq R$  be a proper ideal. We define the radical of I to be  $\operatorname{rad}(I) = \sqrt{I} = \{x \in R | x^n \in I \text{ for some } n \in \mathbb{N}\}$ . We also define (as per class) that the set of nilpotents of R is  $N(R) = \{x \in R | x^n = 0 \text{ for some } n \in \mathbb{N}\}$ .
  - a) (5 pts) Show that rad(I) is contained in the intersection of all prime ideals that contain I.
  - b) (5 pts) Show the other containment (that is, show that  $rad(I) = \bigcap_{P \supseteq I} P$  where the intersection is taken over all prime ideals containing I).
  - c) (5 pts) Show that N(R) is the intersection of all prime ideals in R.
- 3. (5 pts) Let R be a commutative ring with identity. We define the Jacobson radical, J(R), to be the intersection of all the maximal ideals of R. Show that  $x \in J(R)$  if and only if 1 + rx is a unit for all  $r \in R$ .
- 4. (5 pts) Let R be an integral domain and  $\mathfrak{M} \subsetneq R$  be a maximal ideal. We recall that  $R_{\mathfrak{M}} = \{\frac{r}{s} | r \in R, s \notin \mathfrak{M}\}$ . Show that

$$R = \bigcap_{\mathfrak{M}: \text{maximal}} R_{\mathfrak{M}}$$

where the intersection ranges over all of the maximal ideals of R.