- 21) When implementing linear regression of some dependent variable y on the set of independent variables $\mathbf{x} = (x_1, ..., x_r)$, where r is the number of predictors, which of the following statements will be true?
 - a) $\beta_0, \beta_1, ..., \beta_r$ are the **regression coefficients**.
 - b) Linear regression is about determining the **best predicted weights** by using the **method of ordinary least squares**.
 - c) E is the random interval
 - d) Both and b

Ans d

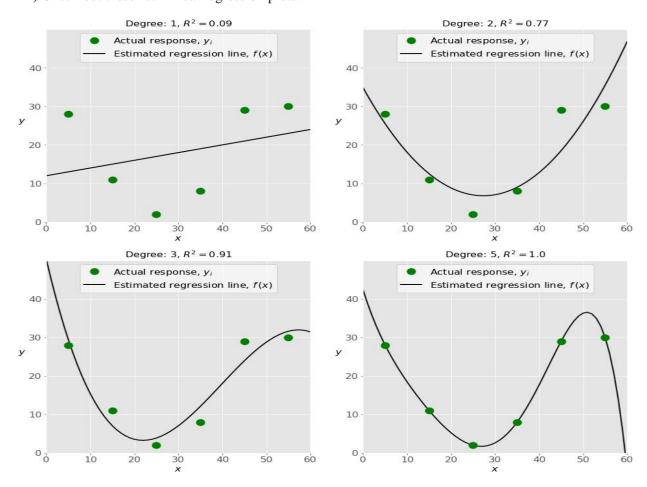
- 22) What indicates that you have a **perfect fit** in linear regression?
 - a) The value $R^2 < 1$, which corresponds to SSR = 0
 - b) The value $R^2 = 0$, which corresponds to SSR = 1
 - c) The value $R^2 > 0$, which corresponds to SSR = 1
 - d) The value $R^2 = 1$, which corresponds to SSR = 0

Ans d

- 23) In simple linear regression, the value of **what** shows the point where the estimated regression line crosses the y axis?
 - a) Y
 - b) B0
 - c) B1
 - d) F

Ans b

24) Check out these four linear regression plots:



Which one represents an **underfitted** model?

- a) The bottom-left plot
- b) The top-right plot
- c) The bottom-right plot
- d) The top-left plot

Ans d

- 25) There are five basic steps when you're implementing linear regression:
 - a) Check the results of model fitting to know whether the model is satisfactory.
 - b) Provide data to work with, and eventually do appropriate transformations.
 - c) Apply the model for predictions.
 - d) Import the packages and classes that you need.
 - e) Create a regression model and fit it with existing data.

However, those steps are currently listed in the wrong order. What's the correct order

- a) e, c, a, b, d
- b) e, d, b, a, c
- c) d, e, c, b, a
- d) d, b, e, a, c

Ans d

- 26) Which of the following are optional parameters to Linear Regression in scikit-learn?
 - a) Fit
 - b) fit intercept
 - c) normalize
 - d) copy X
 - e) n jobs
 - f) reshape

Ans b

- 27) While working with scikit-learn, in which type of regression do you need to transform the array of inputs to include nonlinear terms such as x^2 ?
- $a) \\ Multiple \ linear \ regression$
- b) Simple linear regression
- c) Polynomial regression

Ans c

28) You sh	ould choose stats models over scikit-learn when:
a)	You want graphical representations of your data.
b)	You're working with nonlinear terms.
c)	You need more detailed results.
d)	You need to include optional parameters.
Ans c	
29)	is a fundamental package for scientific computing with Python. It offers
comprehen	sive mathematical functions, random number generators, linear algebra routines, Fourier
transforms,	and more. It provides a high-level syntax that makes it accessible and productive.
a)	Pandas
b)	NumPy
c)	Stats model
d)	SciPy
Ans b	
30)	is a Python data visualization library based on Matplotlib. It provides a high-level
	or drawing attractive and informative statistical graphics that allow you to explore and your data. It integrates closely with pandas' data structures.
	Bokeh
b)	Seaborn

Ans b

c) Matplotlibd) Dash