

---

# Behaviour Driven Development (BDD) & Test Automation

Md.Nahid Hossain

---

# Part-1

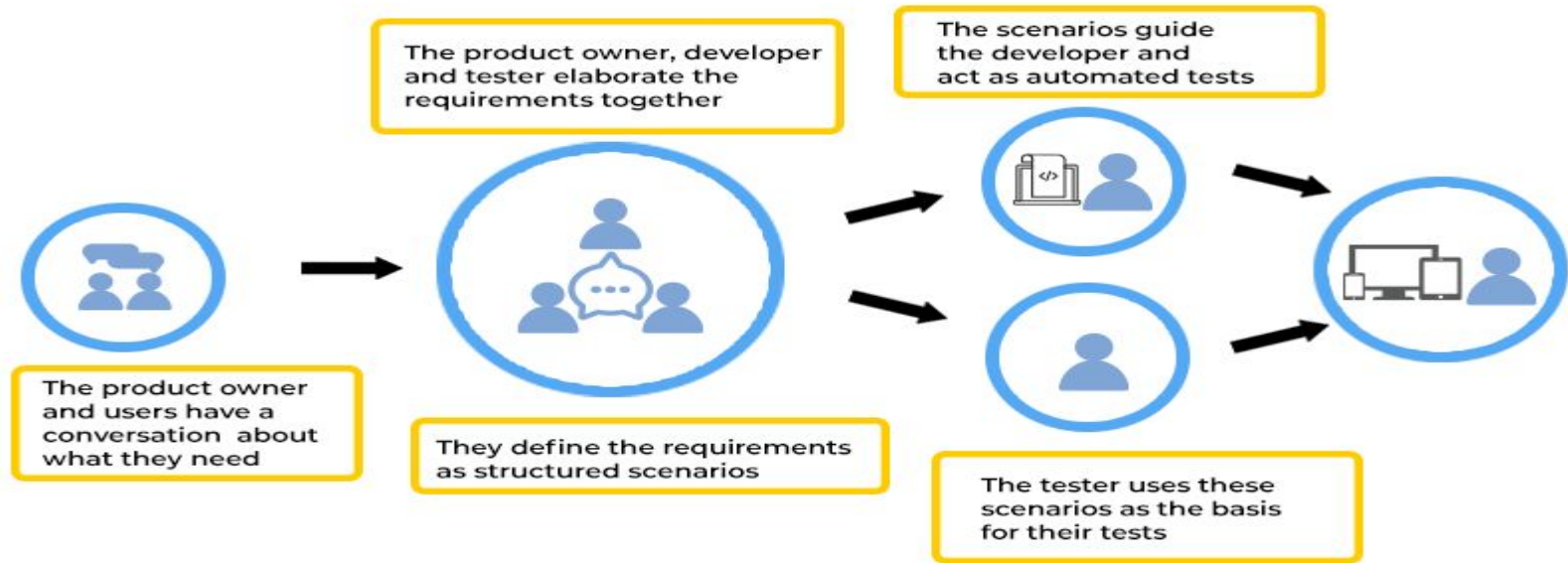
# What is BDD?

Behavior-driven development (BDD) is an Agile software development methodology in which an application is documented and designed around the behavior a user expects to experience when interacting with it.

# BDD as a process

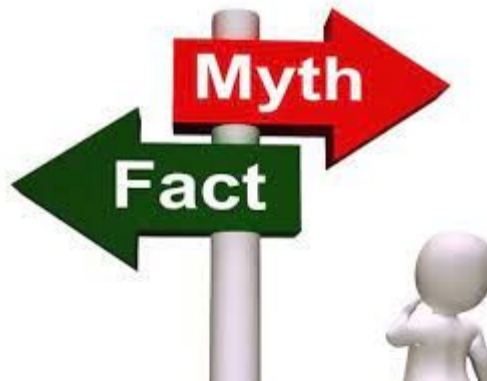


## BDD DEVELOPMENT PROCESS



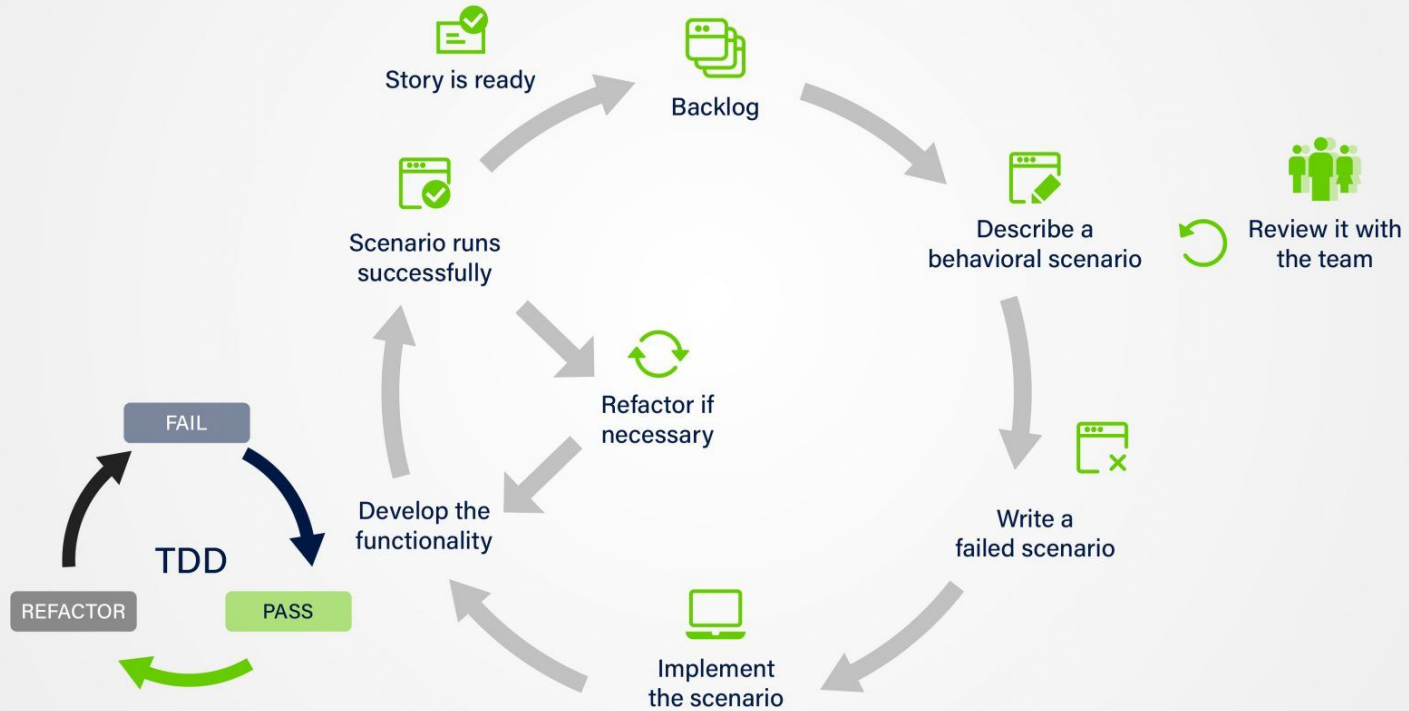


**“Cucumber is a tool  
that supports  
Behaviour-Driven  
Development(BDD)”**



**“Myth: Using  
Cucumber  
means you’re  
doing BDD”**

# The BDD Process



## Scenario: User Registration

**Define the Feature:** Start by identifying the feature or functionality you want to develop. In this case, let's focus on user registration.

**Write the Feature Description:** Describe the feature in a user-centric manner. For example, "As a user, I want to be able to register on the website so that I can access exclusive content."

**Create the Feature File:** Create a feature file using a BDD framework such as Cucumber, SpecFlow, or Behat. The feature file should be written in a format that is readable by both technical and non-technical stakeholders.

## Example : User Registration

Feature: User Registration

Scenario: Successful user registration

Given I am on the registration page  
When I fill in the registration form with valid details  
And I click the "Register" button  
Then I should be redirected to the login page  
And I should receive a confirmation email

Acceptance  
Criteria

### Step 3: Write Step Definition

```
Given("I am on the registration page", () -> {  
    // Code to navigate to the registration page  
});
```

```
When("I fill in the registration form with valid details", () -> {  
    // Code to fill in the registration form with valid data  
});
```

```
When("I click the {string} button", (String button) -> {  
    // Code to click the specified button  
});
```

```
Then("I should be redirected to the login page", () -> {  
    // Code to verify the user is redirected to the login page  
});
```

```
Then("I should receive a confirmation email", () -> {  
    // Code to check if a confirmation email is received  
});
```



**Execute the Tests:** Run the BDD tests using the BDD framework. The framework will execute the steps defined in the feature file and match them with the corresponding step definitions.

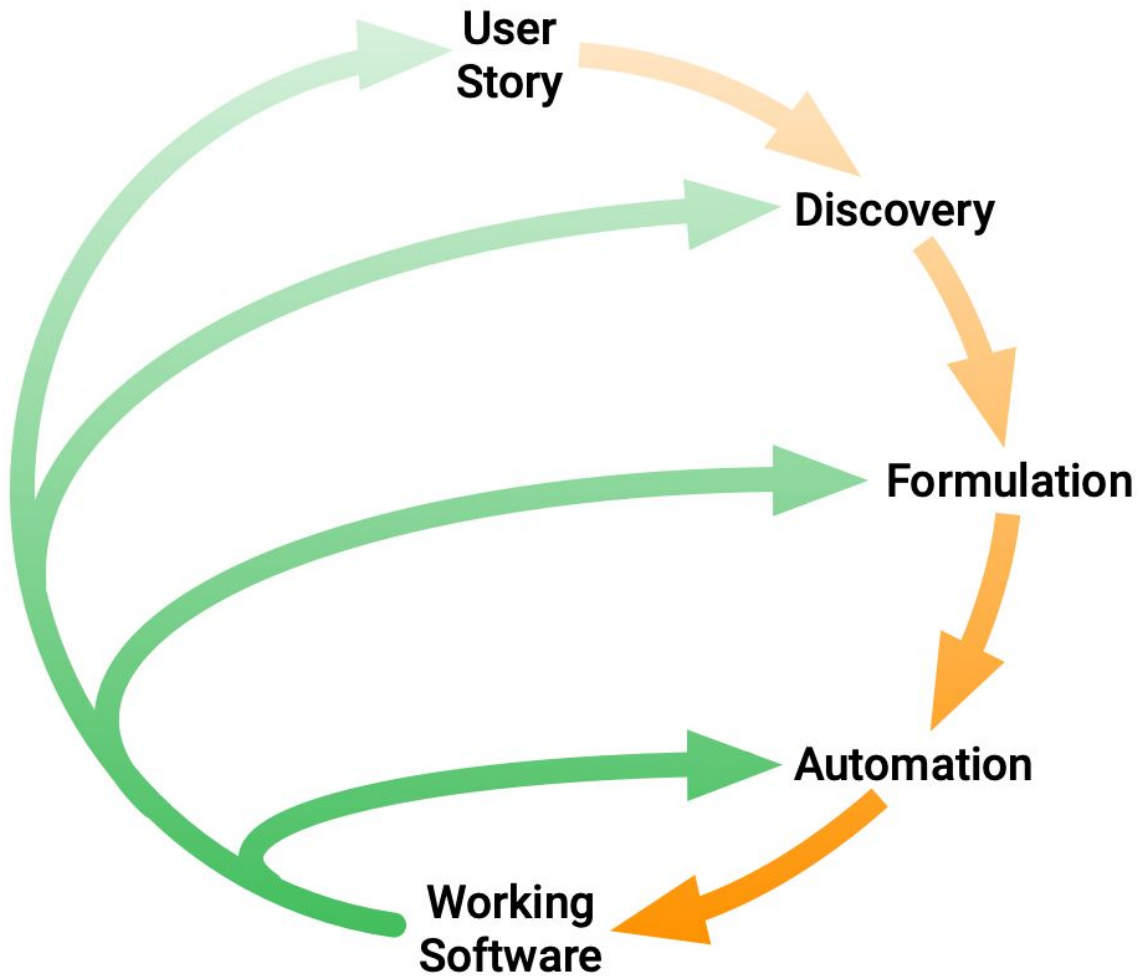
**Initial Test Failure:** Since the implementation is not yet complete, the tests will fail. This failure is expected at this stage.

**Implement the Feature:** Start implementing the necessary code to make the tests pass. This typically involves developing the user registration functionality, including the registration form, backend validation, and email confirmation logic.

**Refactor and Rerun the Tests:** After implementing the feature, refactor the code as needed and rerun the BDD tests to ensure everything is functioning correctly.

**Test Success:** The tests should now pass, indicating that the user registration feature is implemented successfully.

**Repeat the Process:** Continue the BDD cycle by identifying new features or functionalities, creating feature files, implementing step definitions, and executing tests.



## BDD Vs. TDD Vs. ATDD

Parameters	BDD	TDD	ATDD
Definition	A developmental approach that mainly focuses on the behaviors of the system.	A developmental approach that primarily focuses on the implementation of software features.	A technique that is used to focus on defining the most accurate requirements.
Participants	Developers, QAs, and Customers	Developers	Developers, QAs, and Customers
Language	Simple and understandable native language	Testing language of the utilized programming language	Simple and understandable native language
Main Focus	Knowing and understanding requirements	Unit testing	Defining the criteria for acceptance
Implementation Level	High-Level	Low-Level	Low-Level
Development Stages	Feature discussion, coding, creating scenarios, testing, refactoring	Refactoring, coding	Testing, coding, learning, and feedback
Input Documentation	Requirement documentation, acceptance criteria	Requirement documentation	Requirement documentation

# Gherkin Format

## **Feature: Log In**

Log in must be fast and user-friendly

## **Scenario: Successful Log In**

User should get a pop-up message of 'Signed In' on screen

**Given** the user has chosen to sign up

**When** the user sign up with the valid credentials

**Then** they should receive a pop up message

## **Scenario: Invalid Credentials**

**When** a user tries to log in using the credentials which don't exist.

## **Scenario: Invalid Password**

**When** a user puts invalid password

**This helps visualize the whole system feature and its behavior under different conditions. It also aids the collaborative approach taken in behavior-driven development as it is easily understandable by various teams, businesses, and stakeholders.**

# Part-2

# Let's Practice!

<https://github.com/mnhmilu/poc-cucumberjs-bdd>

## References:



<https://clustox.com/blog/what-is-bdd-the-role-scope-and-benefits-of-bdd-in-software-development/>



<https://cucumber.io/docs/bdd/who-does-what/>



<https://cucumber.io/docs/bdd/history/>

<https://cucumber.io/docs/guides/10-minute-tutorial/?lang=java>

**Thank you!**