Data Science and Machine Learning Course Syllabus

1. Data Science and Machine Learning Theory



- · Statistics as the Foundation
- Distributions
- · What is Data Science?
- Types of Data
- What is Machine Learning?
- How Machine Learning is just fancy statistics?
- Show an example using stats (mean, std, histogram, mode)
- Explain that ML models are probability distributions

2. Types of Machine Learning



- · Unsupervised Learning
- · Supervised Learning
- Semi-Supervised Learning
- Reinforcement Learning

3. Python Basics



- Data Types
- For Loops
- If Conditions

- Imports and Packages
- Directory Navigation (os Module)
- Data Structures
 - Lists and List Comprehension
 - Dictionaries and Dictionary Comprehension
 - Sets
 - NumPy Arrays and Operations
 - Indexing
- Functions and Return Statement
- Utility Functions
 - Lambda Function
 - Map()
 - Filter()
 - Len()
 - Sorted() and list.sort()
 - Reversed()
 - Enumerate()
 - Zip()
 - Datetime Module
 - Random Module
 - Math Module
 - Pickle

4. Pandas



- What is a DataFrame?
- Data Readers
- Pandas Functions
 - Df.head()
 - Df.tail()

- Df.info()
- Df.describe()
- Df.shape
- Df.columns
- Df.loc[]
- Df.iloc[]
- Df.groupby()
- Df.sort_values()
- Df.drop()
- Df.dropna()
- Df.fillna()
- · Export to Files
- Plotting DataFrames

5. Visualization with Python



- Types of Plots
 - Bar Plot
 - Line Plot
 - Scatter Plot
 - Histograms
 - Distributions
 - Box Plot
- Libraries
 - Matplotlib
 - Plotly
 - Seaborn
 - Altair
- Finding Patterns in Plots Visualization is a straightforward tool to spot patterns in data

- Why We Need It? How It's Just Fancy Statistics?
- Building on the Material Delivered Earlier, Start with ML Models
 - Unsupervised
 - K-means Clustering
 - Hierarchical Clustering
 - DBSCAN
 - Supervised
 - Regression
 - MSE (Mean Squared Error)
 - MAE (Mean Absolute Error)
 - Classification
 - Logistic Regression
 - Decision Trees
 - Random Forest
 - K-nearest Neighbors
 - Support Vector Machines
 - Loss Functions
 - Regression
 - Classification
 - Binary Cross-Entropy Loss
 - Metrics
 - Regression
 - Classification
 - Clustering

7. Feature Engineering



- Feature Crossing: Describe feature engineering techniques, starting with feature crossing to create new features by combining existing ones.
- Dimensionality Reduction: Explain dimensionality reduction techniques like PCA (Principal Component Analysis) and when to use them.
- Feature Importance and Selection: Discuss methods for assessing feature importance and selecting the most relevant features for modeling.

8. ML and Data Processing Pipelines



- Collection: Explain data collection methods, both manual and automated, and the importance of clean data.
- Cleaning: Discuss data cleaning techniques to handle missing values, outliers, and errors.
- Preprocessing: Cover preprocessing steps such as normalization and scaling.
- Train-Test Split: Explain the importance of splitting data into training and testing sets for model evaluation.
- Model Training and Evaluation: Describe the process of model training, hyperparameter tuning, and model evaluation using the metrics mentioned earlier.
- Deployment: Highlight the deployment phase, where models are put into production for real-world use.

9. Deep Learning



- Feed Forward Networks: Introduce neural networks, gradient descent, backpropagation, activation functions, and hyperparameters.
- RNNs and CNNs: Explain recurrent neural networks (RNNs) for text sequences, tokenization, embeddings, and convolutional neural networks

10. Applications



- Tabular Example: Provide an example of solving a tabular data problem using machine learning.
- Sentiment Analysis: Explain sentiment analysis as an application of NLP (Natural Language Processing).
- Image Classification: Discuss image classification using deep learning models like CNNs.

11. Tools



 Keras and TensorFlow: Introduce Keras and TensorFlow for building and training deep learning models.

12. Transfer Learning



 Keras Applications and Pretrained Models: Explain how to leverage pretrained deep learning models for various tasks using Keras applications.

13. Power BI, Tableau, PySpark, SQL



- Power BI and Tableau: Describe these tools as powerful data visualization and business intelligence platforms. Explain how to create interactive dashboards and reports.
- PySpark: Discuss PySpark for big data processing, including data manipulation and machine learning on large datasets.
- SQL: Emphasize SQL skills for data retrieval and manipulation from relational databases.