



Bookmarks

► [How To?](#)

▼ [Week 1](#)

[Welcome to  
Competitive  
Programming](#)

[1st Week Problems](#)  
due Nov 6, 2016 22:00  
CET

[1st Week  
Problems:  
Training](#)

[1st Week  
Problems:  
Editorials](#)

► [Week 2](#)

► [Week 3](#)

► [Week 4](#)

► [Week 5](#)

Week 1 > 1st Week Problems: Training > Generate Tests!

## Generate Tests!

Bookmark this page

### Generate Tests!

0 points possible (ungraded)

|               |               |
|---------------|---------------|
| Input file:   | testgen.in    |
| Output file:  | testgen.out   |
| Time limit:   | 2 seconds     |
| Memory limit: | 256 megabytes |

When you solve programming problems, it is possible to get one of the *Wrong Answer*, *Runtime Error* or *Time Limit Exceeded* outcomes on a test with a quite big number.

It often happens that the mistake is too deep, and you cannot check it by small tests you can write by hand. It can also happen that it is too difficult to come up with such a test at all. In this case, test generators can help. A test generator is a small program which creates various tests for the problem you are solving.

Consider a problem, for which the program should print exactly one number. A maximal test is a test, the answer for which is the maximum possible for this problem. Certain typical mistakes in solutions can be found by using maximal tests. Often, a maximal test may be generated by a small test generator.

Assume you are solving a simple problem: among the numbers from 2 to N, find the number x, such that it has the maximum possible number of divisors (the numbers  $1 \leq y \leq x$  such that  $x \bmod y = 0$ ), and print the number of divisors of x.

Please find the number of maximal tests for the constraint  $2 \leq N \leq K$ .

### Input

The first line contains a single integer number K ( $2 \leq K \leq 10^7$ ).

### Output

Output the number of maximal tests for this problem with the constraint K.

### Examples

|            |             |
|------------|-------------|
| testgen.in | testgen.out |
|------------|-------------|

|                          |                          |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 11                       | 6                        |
| <a href="#">Download</a> | <a href="#">Download</a> |
| 12                       | 1                        |
| <a href="#">Download</a> | <a href="#">Download</a> |

**Note**

In the first example, all the numbers from 6 to 11, inclusively, are maximal tests, because no number from an interval  $[2; 11]$  has more than four divisors. In the second example, the single possible maximal test is 12.

[Choose Files](#) No file chosen

Submit

**Discussion**

Topic: 02: 1st Week Problems / Generate Tests!

[Show Discussion](#)

© All Rights Reserved



© 2016 edX Inc. All rights reserved except where noted. EdX, Open edX and the edX and Open EdX logos are registered trademarks or trademarks of edX Inc.

POWERED BY  
OPENedX®

