



Bookmarks

▶ [How To?](#)▶ [Week 1](#)▶ [Week 2](#)▶ [Week 3](#)▼ [Week 4](#)

[Algorithms on
Graphs](#)

[4th Week
Problems](#)

due Dec 4, 2016 22:00
CET

[4th Week
Problems: Training](#)

▶ [Week 5](#)

Week 4 > 4th Week Problems > Shortest Paths and Their Friends

Shortest Paths and Their Friends

Bookmark this page

Shortest Paths and Their Friends

2.0/2.0 points (graded)

Input file:	path.in
Output file:	path.out
Time limit:	2 seconds
Memory limit:	256 megabytes

You are given a weighted oriented graph, and a vertex s in it. For every vertex u , find the length of the shortest path from s to u .

Input

The first line of the input file contains N , M and S – these are the number of vertices, the number of edges, and the index of the vertex s correspondingly ($2 \leq N \leq 2\,000$, $1 \leq M \leq 5\,000$, $1 \leq S \leq N$). The next M lines contain the edge descriptions. Every edge is described by its source vertex, target vertex, and its weight. A weight of an edge is an integer not exceeding 10^{15} by its absolute value.

Vertex indices are one-based. The graph may contain multiple edges between the same ordered pair of vertices, as well as loops.

Output

Output N lines. The i -th line should contain the length of the shortest path from s to the vertex with the index i . If there is no path from s to this vertex, output “*”. If there is no *shortest* path from s to this vertex, output “-”.

Example

path.in	path.out
6 7 1	0
1 2 10	10
2 3 5	-
1 3 100	-

3 5 7	-
5 4 10	*
4 3 -18	
6 1 -1	

No file chosen

Accepted

You have used 13 of 200 attempts

Discussion

Topic: 08: 4th Week Problems / Shortest Paths and Their Friends

[Show Discussion](#)

© All Rights Reserved



© 2016 edX Inc. All rights reserved except where noted. EdX, Open edX and the edX and Open EdX logos are registered trademarks or trademarks of edX Inc.

POWERED BY
OPENedX

