

ITMOx: I2CPx How to win coding competitions: secrets of champions

Help



▶ How To?

▼ Week 1

Welcome to
Competitive
Programming

1st Week Problems due Nov 6, 2016 22:00 CET

1st Week Problems: Training

1st Week Problems: Editorials

- ▶ Week 2
- Week 3
- Week 4
- Week 5

Week 1 > 1st Week Problems: Training > Write a Code Template!

Write a Code Template!

☐ Bookmark this page

Write a Code Template!

0 points possible (ungraded)

Input file:	template.in
Output file:	template.out
Time limit:	2 seconds
Memory limit:	256 megabytes

In a programming competition, most solutions have to perform similar actions, such as opening and closing input and output files. Everyone who participated in competitions encountered this situation and, as a result, invented a code template for personal use.

A code template is a program, which serves as the starting point for writing the actual solution to a programming problem. Being a template, it is typically written once for all solutions at the beginning of the competition.

However, there is a problem. Everyone has her/his own favourite language for programming competitions, and of course the code template is prepared for this language as well.

Alice, Beatrice and Cynthia are forming a team, and now they have to agree on which programming language to choose. After long discussions, they decided to choose a language, for which they have a code template which takes the minimum time to type.

Assume that the keyboard, which is used in the competition, is rectangular, and every symbol presents at most once on this keyboard. Let's introduce a Cartesian coordinate system, such that the coordinates of all keys are integers. What's more, all x values belong to the [1;W] range, all y values belong to the [1;H] range, and the lower left key has the coordinate of (1;1).

The distance between the two symbols on this keyboard is the maximum of the differences of key coordinates where these two symbols are located. For instance, if symbol A has a key with coordinates (X_A, Y_A) , and symbol B

has a key at (X_B, Y_B) , then the distance between A and B is max $(|X_A - X_B|, |Y_A - Y_B|)$.

The time to type a code template is the sum of distances between the first and the second symbol, the second and the third symbol, ..., the next-to-last and the last symbol of the template. The newline characters are **not** counted as symbols of the template.

Alice, Beatrice and Cynthia each proposed her own template for her favourite programming language. Please help them to choose the optimal ones!

Input

The first line of the input file contains two integer numbers W and H (1 \leq W,H \leq 100) – the width and the height of the keyboard. The next H lines contain W ASCII symbols each with possible codes from 32 to 126 inclusively. These lines determine the keyboard. Each symbol occurs at most once. There is a blank line after the keyboard description.

After this, three block of code template description follow. The first line of each block is the name of the programming language. The name of the programming language does not exceed 100 characters and may contain ASCII symbols from 32 to 126. The code template itself follows in several subsequent non-empty lines (at least one). The block ends with an empty line.

The number of symbols in every code template does not exceed 10000 (not including newline characters). Every symbol in a template will exist on the keyboard (which was described in the beginning of the input file).

Output

In the first line of the output file print the name of the language of the code template, which the team should choose. The second line should contain the time needed to type the chosen code template. If there are several possible code templates with the same time, output the one which comes first in the input file.

Examples

template.in	
3 1	
abc	
LanguageA	
a	

```
LanguageAB
ab

LanguageB
b

Download
template.out
LanguageA
0
Download
```

```
template.in
109
1234567890
!@#$%^&*()
qwertyuiop
QWERTYUIOP
asdfghjkl;
ASDFGHJKL:
zxcvbnm,./
ZXCVBNM<>?
[]{}='"-|
Pascal
begin
 reset(input, 'filename.in');
 rewrite(output, 'filename.out');
end.
int main()
  freopen("filename.in", "r", stdin);
  freopen("filename.out", "w", stdout);
lava
import java.io.*;
import java.util.*;
public class Main {
  public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException {
    Scanner in = new Scanner(new File("filename.in"));
```

```
PrintWriter out = new PrintWriter("filename.out");
    //TODO
    in.close();
    out.close();
  }
Download
                       template.out
Pascal
278
Download
Note
In the second example, there is a single whitespace in the beginning of the
last line of keyboard description. In this example, the indentation in the
code templates is formed by whitespaces.
    Choose Files No file chosen
  Submit
  Discussion
                                                        Show Discussion
  Topic: 02: 1st Week Problems / Write a Code
  Template!
```

© All Rights Reserved



© 2016 edX Inc. All rights reserved except where noted. EdX, Open edX and the edX and Open EdX logos are registered trademarks or trademarks of edX Inc.

















