Table 18: Rubidium 87 D₁ ($5^2S_{1/2} \longrightarrow 5^2P_{1/2}$) Dipole Matrix Elements for σ^+ transitions ($F = 1, m_F \longrightarrow F'$, $m_F' = m_F + 1$), expressed as multiples of $\langle J = 1/2 | |er| | J' = 1/2 \rangle$.

Г	$\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}$						
		$m_F = -1$	$m_F = 0$	$m_F = 1$			
	F'=2	$-\sqrt{\frac{1}{12}}$	$-\sqrt{\frac{1}{4}}$	$-\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}$			
	F'=1	$-\sqrt{\frac{1}{12}}$	$-\sqrt{\frac{1}{12}}$				

Table 19: Rubidium 87 D₁ ($5^2S_{1/2} \longrightarrow 5^2P_{1/2}$) Dipole Matrix Elements for π transitions ($F = 1, m_F \longrightarrow F'$, $m_F' = m_F$), expressed as multiples of $\langle J = 1/2 | |er| | J' = 1/2 \rangle$.

	$m_F = -1$	$m_F = 0$	$m_F = 1$
F'=2	$\sqrt{\frac{1}{4}}$	$\sqrt{\frac{1}{3}}$	$\sqrt{\frac{1}{4}}$
F'=1	$\sqrt{\frac{1}{12}}$	0	$-\sqrt{\frac{1}{12}}$

Table 20: Rubidium 87 D₁ ($5^2S_{1/2} \longrightarrow 5^2P_{1/2}$) Dipole Matrix Elements for σ^- transitions ($F = 1, m_F \longrightarrow F'$, $m_F' = m_F - 1$), expressed as multiples of $\langle J = 1/2 | |er| | J' = 1/2 \rangle$.

F' = 2	$-\sqrt{\frac{1}{12}}$
$F' = 1 \qquad \qquad \sqrt{\frac{1}{12}}$	$\sqrt{\frac{1}{12}}$