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/*
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Lab: APP Lab-2
Date: 22-Aug-2025
*/
// Write a C program to reverse an array of integers without
using any additional array.
#include<stdio.h>

void reverse_array(int a[],int n) {
    int first = 0 , last = n-1;
    while(first<last) {
        int temp = a[first];
        a[first]=a[last];
        a[last]=temp;
        first++,last--;
    }
}

int main() {
    int a[]={1,2,3,4,5};
    int n = sizeof(a)/sizeof(a[0]);

    printf("Original Array: ");
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for(int i = 0 ;i< n;i++) {  
    printf("%d ",a[i]);  
}  
  
reverse_array(a,n);  
  
printf("\nReversed Array: ");  
  
for(int i = 0 ;i< n;i++) {  
    printf("%d ",a[i]);  
}  
  
return 0;  
}  
  
// 2. Given an array of n integers, that may contain  
repeating elements. Write a C program to  
// print the unique elements along with the frequency of  
that element in the input array.  
  
#include<stdio.h>  
  
  
  
int main(){  
    int a[]={1,2,3,4,5,3,2,2,3,4,5,1};  
    int n = sizeof(a)/sizeof(a[0]);
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int count = 0;

int frequency[n];

for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) frequency[i] = 0;

for(int i =0;i<n;i++) {
    frequency[a[i]]++;
}

for(int i =0;i<n;i++) {
    if(frequency[i])
        printf("\nThe frequency of %d in the array is: %d
",i,frequency[i]);
}

return 0;
}

```

// 3. Take a 3-dimensional array, say a[p][r][c], where p denotes planes, each with r rows and c columns. Initialize the array with numbers sequentially from 1 to p*r*c, and take a pointer, x, pointing to the base address of the array. Write a C program to print the maximum element among the corner elements of each plane accessed through the

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// pointer. (refer program3, Lab-1)
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#include<stdio.h>
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int max(int a, int b){  
    if(a>b) return a;  
    return b;  
}
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int main() {
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    int a[3][4][4] = {  
        { 1, 2, 3, 4 },  
        { 5, 6, 7, 8 },  
        { 9, 10, 11, 12 },  
        { 13, 14, 15, 16 }
```

```
    },  
    {  
        { 17, 18, 19, 20 },  
        { 21, 22, 23, 24 },  
        { 25, 26, 27, 28 },  
        { 29, 30, 31, 32 }
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    },  
    {  
        { 33, 34, 35, 36 },  
        { 37, 38, 39, 40 },  
        { 41, 42, 43, 44 },  
        { 45, 46, 47, 48 }
```

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    }

};

int n = sizeof(a)/sizeof(a[0]);

for (int plane = 0; plane < n; plane++) {
    int current_max= a[plane][0][0];
    for(int j = 0 ;j<4;j+=3) {
        for(int k=0;k<4;k+=3)
            current_max = max(current_max,a[plane][j][k]);
    }
    printf("\nThe max element of %d plane is :
%d",plane,current_max);
}

return 0;
}

// 4. Given an array of integers, write a C program to find
the index where the sum of
// elements at the left-hand side of it is the same as the
sum of elements at the right-hand
// side of it. ( Example: input array : -7 1 5 2 -4 3 0 ,
output: index - 3)
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#include<stdio.h>

int midpoint(int a[],int n) {
    int total = 0 , left_sum = 0;

    for(int i =0;i<n;i++) {
        total+=a[i];
    }

    for(int i =0;i<n;i++) {
        int right_sum = total-left_sum-a[i];
        if(right_sum==left_sum) {
            return i;
        }
        left_sum+=a[i];
    }
    return -1;
}

int main () {
    int a[]={-7, 1, 5, 2, -4, 3, 0};
    int n = sizeof(a)/sizeof(a[0]);

    int index = midpoint(a,n);

    if(index!=-1) printf("%d",index);
    else printf("Sorry! no index found...");
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    return 0;  
}
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// 5. Using program 5, Lab-1, write a program to find the student having the highest mark.

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#include <stdio.h>  
#include <string.h>  
  
#define MAX 5  
  
typedef struct {  
    char name[30];  
    int roll;  
    float marks;  
    char grade;  
} Student;  
  
Student s[MAX];  
int n = 5;  
  
void show() {  
    printf("\n--- Grade Sheet ---\n");  
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
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    printf("%d. %s | Roll: %d | Marks: %.1f | Grade:\n", i+1, s[i].name, s[i].roll, s[i].marks, s[i].grade);
}

void add() {
    if (n >= MAX) {
        printf("Limit reached.\n");
        return;
    }
    printf("Enter Name Roll Marks Grade: ");
    scanf("%s %d %f %c", s[n].name, &s[n].roll, &s[n].marks,
&s[n].grade);
    n++;
}

void remove_by_roll() {
    int r;
    printf("Enter Roll to Delete: ");
    scanf("%d", &r);
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        if (s[i].roll == r) {
            s[i] = s[n-1];
            n--;
            printf("Deleted.\n");
            return;
        }
    }
    printf("Roll not found.\n");
}
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}

void update() {
    int r;
    printf("Enter Roll to Modify: ");
    scanf("%d", &r);
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        if (s[i].roll == r) {
            printf("Enter New Name Marks Grade: ");
            scanf("%s %f %c", s[i].name, &s[i].marks,
&s[i].grade);
            printf("Updated.\n");
            return;
        }
    }
    printf("Roll not found.\n");
}

void topper() {
    if (n == 0) {
        printf("No records.\n");
        return;
    }
    int top = 0;
    for (int i = 1; i < n; i++)
        if (s[i].marks > s[top].marks) top = i;
    printf("\n Topper: %s (Roll %d) with %.1f marks\n",
s[top].name, s[top].roll, s[top].marks);
```

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}
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int main() {
    // Preloaded data
    strcpy(s[0].name, "Ayush"); s[0].roll = 101; s[0].marks
= 88; s[0].grade = 'A';
    strcpy(s[1].name, "Riya"); s[1].roll = 102; s[1].marks
= 91; s[1].grade = 'A';
    strcpy(s[2].name, "Kabir"); s[2].roll = 103; s[2].marks
= 76; s[2].grade = 'B';
    strcpy(s[3].name, "Neha"); s[3].roll = 104; s[3].marks
= 84; s[3].grade = 'A';
    strcpy(s[4].name, "Zara"); s[4].roll = 105; s[4].marks
= 95; s[4].grade = 'A';

    int ch;
    do {
        printf("\n1.Show 2.Add 3.Delete 4.Modify 5.Topper
6.Exit\nChoice: ");
        scanf("%d", &ch);
        switch(ch) {
            case 1: show(); break;
            case 2: add(); break;
            case 3: remove_by_roll(); break;
            case 4: update(); break;
            case 5: topper(); break;
        }
    } while (ch != 6);
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    return 0;  
}
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