UFC Predictor App Project Plan

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Overview

This project aims to build a UFC predictor app/website leveraging PyTorch for Al-based predictions and incorporating data on fighters, weight classes, and betting options. The app will allow users to select fighters, specify betting criteria, and receive probability-based recommendations.

Two-Week Development Plan

Week 1: Backend and Al Model

Day 1: Project Setup and Data Collection

- 1. Environment Setup:
 - Create a project directory:mkdir ufc_predictor_appcd ufc_predictor_app
 - Set up a Python virtual environment:

python -m venv venv

source venv/bin/activate # On Windows, use venv\Scripts\activate pip install flask fastapi torch torchvision pandas scikit-learn matplotlib seaborn

2. Data Collection:

- Download datasets from Kaggle or scrape data from UFC Stats.
- Collect information on fighters: name, weight class, height, reach, record, fight style, etc.
 - Save as a CSV file: fighter_stats.csv.

Day 2: Data Preprocessing

1. Load the dataset using pandas.

import pandas as pd
data = pd.read_csv('fighter_stats.csv')

2. Clean the data:

- Handle missing values (data.fillna() or drop rows).
- Normalize numeric fields like height and reach.
- Encode categorical fields (e.g., weight class, fight style) using one-hot encoding or label encoding.
- 3. Split data into training and testing sets:

```
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
   X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(features, labels,
test size=0.2)
#### Day 3-4: Build and Train Al Model
1. Design the Neural Network:
 import torch.nn as nn
 class FightPredictor(nn.Module):
    def __init__(self):
      super(FightPredictor, self).__init__()
      self.fc = nn.Sequential(
         nn.Linear(input_size, 64),
         nn.ReLU(),
         nn.Linear(64, 32),
         nn.ReLU(),
         nn.Linear(32, 1),
         nn.Sigmoid()
      )
    def forward(self, x):
      return self.fc(x)
```

2. Train the Model:

```
model = FightPredictor()
 criterion = nn.BCELoss()
 optimizer = torch.optim.Adam(model.parameters(), lr=0.001)
 Train the model using X_train and evaluate on X_test.
3. Save the Trained Model:
 torch.save(model.state_dict(), 'fight_predictor.pth')
#### Day 5: Backend API
1. Create a Flask or FastAPI app:
 pip install flask
2. Set up an endpoint for predictions:
 from flask import Flask, request, jsonify
 import torch
 app = Flask(__name__)
 model = FightPredictor()
 model.load_state_dict(torch.load('fight_predictor.pth'))
 model.eval()
```

```
@app.route('/predict', methods=['POST'])
 def predict():
    data = request.json
    input data = torch.tensor(data['stats']).float()
    prediction = model(input_data).item()
    return jsonify({'win_probability': prediction})
 if __name__ == '__main__':
    app.run(debug=True)
### Week 2: Frontend and Integration
#### Day 6: Frontend Design
1. Use HTML/CSS/Bootstrap to create the interface:
 - Dropdown menus for weight class and fighter selection.
 - A form for inputting betting options.
2. Include a results section for displaying predictions.
#### Day 7-8: Connect Frontend to Backend
1. Use JavaScript or AJAX to send user inputs to the backend API:
 fetch('/predict', {
    method: 'POST',
```

```
headers: { 'Content-Type': 'application/json' },
body: JSON.stringify({ stats: userSelectedStats })
})
.then(response => response.json())
.then(data => console.log(data.win_probability));
```

2. Display the prediction results dynamically on the frontend.

```
#### Day 9: Database Integration
```

1. Use SQLite or PostgreSQL to store fighter stats and match history:

```
import sqlite3
```

```
conn = sqlite3.connect('ufc_data.db')
cursor = conn.cursor()
cursor.execute("CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS fighters (name
TEXT, weight_class TEXT, ...)")
conn.commit()
```

2. Fetch stats dynamically from the database instead of static CSV files.

```
#### Day 10: Deployment
```

1. Install gunicorn and nginx or use a platform like Heroku for deployment:

```
pip install gunicorn
gunicorn -w 4 app:app
```

2. Test the app on a live server.

Optional Enhancements (Cherry on Top)

- 1. Dockerize the Application:
 - Create a Dockerfile:

FROM python:3.9

WORKDIR /app

COPY requirements.txt requirements.txt

RUN pip install -r requirements.txt

COPY..

CMD ["gunicorn", "-w", "4", "-b", "0.0.0.0:5000", "app:app"]

- Build and run the Docker container:

docker build -t ufc_predictor.

docker run -p 5000:5000 ufc_predictor

- 2. Web Scraping for Automatic Updates:
- Use BeautifulSoup and requests to periodically fetch and update fighter stats.

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- Add graphs (e.g., radar charts comparing fighters) using matplotlib or JavaScript libraries like Chart.js.

4. Betting Simulator:

- Calculate payout odds and recommend bets based on prediction probabilities.

GitHub Repository Steps

- 1. Create a Git Repository:
 - Navigate to your project directory.
 - Initialize a Git repository:git init
- Create a .gitignore file to exclude unnecessary files (e.g., virtual environment, model weights):

```
venv/
*.pyc
__pycache__/
*.pth
```

2. Document the Project:

- Create a README.md with:
 - Project overview.
 - Setup instructions.
 - Usage details.
 - Future enhancements.

3. Commit and Push Changes:

- Add files and commit:

git add.

git commit -m "Initial commit"

- Push to GitHub:

git branch -M main git remote add origin <repository-url>

git push -u origin main

4. Keep Documentation Updated:

- Update the README.md as new features are added.
- Add comments in code for clarity.