Final Project – DSC530

This project is to analyze the Exoplanets database from *exoplanet.eu*; Exoplanets are beyond our solar system.

I did the dataset search on *exoplanet.eu*. This is an astronomy website founded in Paris with an Extrasolar Planets database.

The database has 129 columns or variables and this is a database that constantly is being updated with new observations.

I used the PyvO database. PyvO lets find and retrieve astronomical data available from archives that support standard IVOA virtual observatory service protocols.

To connect to the *exoplanet.eu* database, I have to use an API. The API was developed by the Virtual Observatory (VO). After connecting to the database, I will be able to extract the data with SQL instructions.

Statistical/Hypothetical Question

Are the ellipses perimeters influenced by the exoplanet detection methods?

o Outcome of your EDA

See *Aldana – Final Project.pdf*

• What do you feel was missed during the analysis?

The *exoplanet.eu* database has many variables (129) with which I can make more analysis. My focus was related to Exoplanets with the following variables:

- 1. mass: planetary mass.
- 2. period: orbital period around the star.
- 3. detection type: method used to discover the exoplanet
- 4. semi major axis: the semi-major axis is half of the longest diameter of an ellipse.
- 5. semi minor axis: [derived variable] minor semi-axis is a line segment that is at right angles with the semi-major axis and has one end at the center.
- 6. eccentricity: the eccentricity is a measure of how much an ellipse is squashed. This is the shape of the ellipse.

- 7. star distance: distance to a host star.
- 8. ellipse: [derived variable] total ellipse perimeter.

• Were there any variables you felt could have helped in the analysis?

There are many variables of host stars. These variables can contribute more to my analysis.

• Were there any assumptions made you felt were incorrect?

I feel that p-values should be analyzed better. I found results that can be influenced by outliers. The dimensions in the universe are extremely large and there are quite differences between exoplanets.

• What challenges did you face, what did you not fully understand?

The most challenging was to calculate the <u>ellipse perimeter</u> variable. Because there are several variables and formulas involved. The ellipse variable is the most important variable in my analysis. This variable indicates the total ellipse perimeter.

I have to calculate the ellipse perimeter with semi_major_axis and semi_minor_axis variables, but the semi_minor_axis variable does not exist in the database. Although, the eccentricity variable exists in the database.

I can calculate semi_minor_axis using eccentricity and semi_major_axis. This is the formula to calculate semi_minor_axis:

```
semi_minor_axis = semi_major_axis [a] * SQRT(1 - POWER(eccentricity, 2))
```

I used *Ramanujan's formula* which is more accurate:

```
h = POWER(semi_major_axis - semi_minor_axis, 2) / POWER(semi_major_axis + semi_minor_axis, 2)
```

```
ellipse = math.pi * (semi_major_axis + semi_minor_axis) * (1 + ((3 * h) / (10 + SQRT(4 - (3 * h)))))
```

o Submit a link to your repository to the assignment link during the final week of class.

https://github.com/moaldana/exoplanets