## Ionic 2 Introduction

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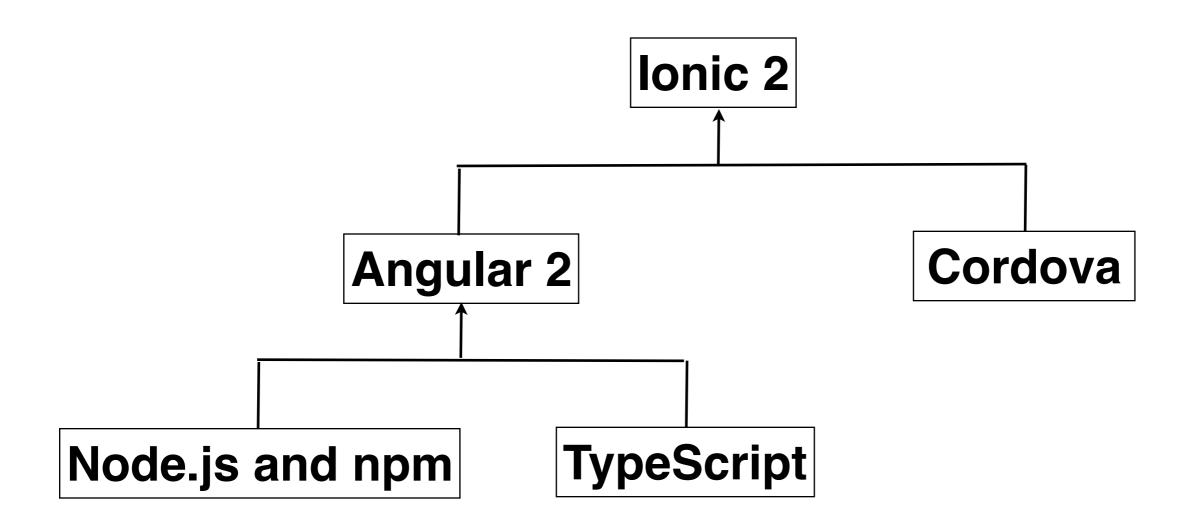
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## Main Content

- What is ionic 2?
- Setting up ionic 2
- Project structure
- Angular 2 Quick Review
- Rendering content
- Navigation between pages
- Theme an ionic 2 app
- Retrieving JSON data from remote server by HTTP
- Saving data in local storage or sqlite database

## What is Ionic?

- Ionic is a complete open-source SDK for hybrid mobile app development, built on top of AngularJS and Apache Cordova.
- History
  - 1. Created by Drifty Co. in 2013
  - 2. 1.0 Beta in November 2013
  - 3. 1.0 final in May 2015
  - 4. 2.0 releases in 2016



# Setting up ionic 2

- Install Node.js: <a href="https://nodejs.org/en/">https://nodejs.org/en/</a>
- Install Ionic CLI(command line utility) and Cordova
   \$ npm install -g ionic cordova
- Uninstall Ionic
  - \$ npm uninstall -g cordova
  - \$ npm uninstall -g ionic

# Creating App Project

\$ ionic start {your-app} --v2 [tabs | sidemenu | blank | tutorial]

- tabs
- sidemenu
- blank
- tutorial

```
FOLDERS
▼ ionic2-tutorial
  ▶ .tmp
  hooks
  node_modules
  platforms
  plugins
  resources
  ▼ src
    ▼ app
         app.component.ts
         app.html
         app.module.ts
         main.dev.ts
         main.prod.ts
    assets
    pages
      ▼ hello-ionic
           hello-ionic.html
           hello-ionic.scss
           hello-ionic.ts
      ▼ item-details
           item-details.html
           item-details.scss
           item-details.ts
      ▶ list
    ▼ theme
         global.scss
         variables.scss
       index.html
       service-worker.js
    www
     .editorconfig
     .gitignore
     config.xml
     ionic.config.json
     package.json
     tsconfig.json
    tsconfig.tmp.json
    tslint.json
```

## Project Structure

- Entry point src/index.html <ion-app></ion-app>
- Component
   High-level building blocks to make an ionic app
- Root component src/app/app.component.ts
- The app module and bootstrap module src/app/app.module.ts src/app/main.ts
- Pages src/pages/...
- Theme src/theme/variables.scss

## Adding Platform and Run Your App

Adding a platform

```
$ ionic platform add { android | ios }
```

Run in browser

```
$ ionic serve [--lab]
```

Run in simulator

```
$ ionic emulate { android | ios }
```

Run in real device

```
$ ionic run { android | ios --device }
```

## Angular 2 Quick Review

- Templates, Components, and Modules (DI)
- Binding a Property to a Value
- <input [value]="firstName">
- Calling a Function on an Event
- <button (click)="someFunction(\$event)">
- Rendering Expressions
- Hi, {{name}}
- Two Way Data Binding
- <input [(ngmodel)]="name">

 Creating a Variable to Access an Element <button (click)="myParagraph.innerHTML = 'Once upon a time...'"> Structure directives <section \*nglf="showSection"> Annotations @Component({ selector: 'my-component', services: [MyService]

# Displaying content

- Simple UI topics
  - 1. Bindings
  - 2. Calling functions from view
  - 3. Alerts or popups
  - 4. Images

- Advanced UI topics
  - 1. Lists
  - 2. Sliders
  - 3. Custom Pipes (filter data format)
  - 4. Custom Directives (extra style decoration)
  - 5. Navigation between pages

tip: add page command:

\$ ionic g page {page\_name}

- A. Push and popup
- B. Set root
- C. Passing data between pages

# Custom Pipes

Create pipe class and register in src/app/app.module.ts

```
@NgModule({
 declarations: [
    CurrencyAnnotation,

    Import Pipe in pipe.ts

import { Pipe } from '@angular/core';

    @Pipe decorator

@Pipe ({
  name: 'currencyAnnotation'
export class CurrencyAnnotation {...}
```

• Override transform() function

```
...
transform(value, args) {...}
```

Use the pipe in any page

The price is: {{price | currencyAnnotation: currency}} <br/>

```
price -> value
currency -> args
```

## Custom Directives

- Create a new directive with CLI
- \$ ionic g directive HighLighter

constructor(public el: ElementRef) {}

Import ElementRef service and inject it in constructor import { Directive, ElementRef, Input } from '@angular/core';
 @Directive({ selector: '[high-lighter]' // Attribute selector })

 Override 'ngOnInit()' as entrance to modify the element style

```
ngOnInit(){
    this.el.nativeElement.style.color = 'red';
    this.el.nativeElement.style.backgroundColor = 'yellow';
}
```

 Put the attribute selector to the tag you want to decorate

<h2 high-lighter>This a highlighted title</h2>

## Theme

- Sass variables
- src/app/app.scss main global scss
- src/pages/{page\_name}/{page\_name}.scss component scss
- src/theme/variables.scss override ionic variables here

- Ionic built-in SCSS/CSS utility attributes (e.g. text-left)
   <ion-content padding>...</ii>
- Platform Specific Styles customize your app for individual platform to fit the platform style
- Overriding Ionic Sass Variables

Ionic Sass variables can be overrided from src/theme/variables.scss file:

```
$text-color: #000099;
$colors(
...
```

# Retrieving JSON data from remote server by HTTP

```
    Import Http object and JSON tool
import { Http } from '@angular/http';
import 'rxjs/add/operator/map';
```

Call HTTP web service

```
this.http.get('https://api.randomuser.me/?results=20')
   .map(res => res.json())
   .subscribe(data => {
      this.users = data.results;
   }, error => {
      console.log(error);
   });
```

## Display result

# Saving data

- Local data storage
  - 1. Easy to use
  - 2. For simple data storage
  - 3. Size is up to 5M
  - 4. Not backup by cloud service
- SQLite storage
  - 1. Rely on Cordova plugin
  - 2. For complex data storage
  - 3. Size is unlimited
  - 4. Backup by cloud service

- Use local data storage
  - 1. Importing Storage service

```
import { Storage } from '@ionic/storage';
```

2. Registering in src/app/app.module.ts

```
@NgModule({
...
    providers: [Storage]
...
}
```

3. Saving data

4. Retrieving data

```
this.localStorage.get('name').then((data) => {
    this.name = data;
});
```

Use SQLite Database

### 1. Install SQLite Cordova plugin

\$ ionic plugin add cordova-sqlite-storage

### 2. Import SQLite class

import { SQLite } from 'ionic-native';

#### 3. Initialize the database

```
this.sqliteStorage = new SQLite();
  this.sqliteStorage.openDatabase({
   name: 'data.db',
   location: 'default'
  ).then(() => {
   this.sqliteStorage.executeSql('CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS users(name
VARCHAR(32))', {}).then(() => {
     console.log('Execute sql successfully');
   , (err) => {
     console.error('Unable to execute sql: ', err);
   });
  , (err) => {
   console.error('Unable to open database: ', err);
  });
```

#### 4. Write data into database

```
this.sqliteStorage.openDatabase({
   name: 'data.db',
   location: 'default'
  ).then(() => {
   let query = "INSERT OR REPLACE INTO users VALUES (?)";
   this.sqliteStorage.executeSql(query, [name]).then(() => {
     console.log('Save data successfully');
   ,(err) => {
     console.error('Unable to save data: ', err);
   });
  , (err) = 
     console.error('Unable to open database: ', err);
  });
```

#### 5. Retrieve data from database

```
this.sqliteStorage.openDatabase({
   name: 'data.db',
   location: 'default'
  ).then(() => {
   this.sqliteStorage.executeSql("SELECT * FROM users", []).then((data) => {
      console.log('search data...');
      this.sqliteData = [];
      if(data.rows.length > 0) {
         for(var i = 0; i < data.rows.length; i++) {
           this.sqliteData.push({name: data.rows.item(i).name});
   , (error) => {
      console.log("ERROR: " + JSON.stringify(error));
   });
  , (err) = 
     console.error('Unable to open database: ', err);
  });
```

## Summary and Conclusion

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## Advantages

- 1. Support multiple platform with same code set
- 2. Easy to create customized UI
- 3. Easy to learn for web developers

## Disadvantages

- 1. Hard to debug for complex app
- 2. Heavily rely on plugin to access native resources
- 3. Development environment are more complicated than native development. Some issues could delay project progress significantly.

## Conclusion

It's good for web developers to create simple logic app or prototype. It's ideal for the project with low budget and tight time frame to deploy on multiple platforms.