

PROGRAMMING TECHNIQUES, A.A. 2022/2023

Laboratory 5

Exercise 2 is a home assignment that can be optionally submitted for evaluation, to obtain the exam's bonus. Deadline is **21/5/2023, 11:59 pm**, and it will be the same for laboratories 4, 5 and 6. The home assignments of Lab4+Lab5+Lab6 need to be submitted in one shot by the given deadline, following the instructions that are provided in the Portale della Didattica (see the document: Instructions for submission of assignments.pdf)

Objectives

- Solve iterative numerical and text processing problems, using arrays (mono-dimensional arrays and matrixes) (*C3b- Problem solving with arrays: part II and III*)

Technical content

- I/O basics
- Functions
- Conditional and iterative problems
- Operations with arrays (of int, float and char)

Exercise 1.

Category: problems with numerical matrixes, verification and selection problems.

Championship

In a championship n (max 20) teams play for m (max 20) days. The outcome of the matches are stored a matrix of $n \times m$ integers, each of which can only be either 0, 1 or 3. Each i -th row of the matrix represents the points acquired by the i -th team in the m days of the championship. Each j -th column of the matrix represents the points acquired by the n teams in the matches of the j -th day. The points acquired are 3 for a won game, 1 for tied and 0 for a defeat, respectively.

Write a program C that

- acquires the content of the matrix from a text file whose name (20 characters maximum) is read from the keyboard, defining a suitable format for the file. For example, you may assume that the first line reports the values n and m , separated by a space, and each following line reports a row of the matrix, with spaces as separators:

```
6 4
0 1 1 0
3 1 0 1
1 0 1 1
1 3 1 0
1 0 1 3
1 3 3 3
```

- for each matchday of the championship, prints the index (i.e., the corresponding row number) of the team that is currently leading the championship (i.e., the team that has the highest sum of points since

the beginning of the championship). In case there is more than one leading team, the program should print the first that is found.

Exercise 2. (THIS EXERCISE IS TO BE SUBMITTED FOR THE EXAM BONUS)

Category: text processing problems and text encoding.

Re-encoding of a text based on a conversion table

A file (`source.txt`) contains a text made up of an indefinite number of lines, each with a maximum length of 200 characters. A second file (`dictionary.txt`) is organized as follows:

- in the first line there is a positive integer number S (≤ 30), which indicates the number of possible re-encodings (i.e., string replacements) that are contained in the dictionary
- in the following S lines of the file, one per line, there is a `<replaced>` `<original>` pair, representing a possible re-encoding: more specifically, `<original>` is the original sequence of characters and `<replaced>` the corresponding replacement, in a `$<integer>$` format.

The purpose of the program is to re-encode the first text file (`source.txt`), by replacing the original sequences of characters with the corresponding replacements, based on the conversion table specified by `dictionary.txt`. In case there is more than one replacement possible for a given sequence of characters, the program should apply the first replacement that is found in the dictionary file. The result of the re-encoding should be saved on a third file, `output.txt`.

Example

Content of the file `source.txt`:

```
apelle figlio di apollo
fece una palla di pelle di pollo
tutti i pesci vennero a galla
per vedere la palla di pelle di pollo
fatta da apelle figlio di apollo
```

Content of the file `dictionary.txt`:

```
9
$11$ pelle
$2$ pollo
$333$ palla
$41$ alla
$5078$ tta
$6$ tti
$7$ ll
$81$ er
$900$ ere
```

The file `output.txt` should be:

```
a$11$ figlio di a$2$
fece una $333$ di $11$ di $2$
tu$6$ i pesci venn$81$o a g$41$
```

```
p$81$ ved$81$e la $333$ di $11$ di $2$  
fa$5078$ da a$11$ figlio di a$2$
```

Exercise 3.

Category: problems with numerical matrixes and text processing.

Write a C program that allows the user to perform sequential rotation operations of P positions on specified rows and / or columns of an integer matrix. The rotations are to be interpreted as *circular* both on the rows and on the columns (see definition given in Lab. 4 ex. 2). Consider the rows and columns numbered starting from 1 (NB: in C, indexes of a matrix start from 0!).

The program should:

- read the initial matrix (max 30 x 30) from a file, whose name (20 characters maximum) is acquired from the keyboard. The file should contain 2 integer values nr nc on the first line, indicating the number of rows nr and columns nc of the matrix. The following nr lines of the file, one per row of the matrix, should report nc integers each, separated by spaces.
- repeatedly acquire a command (string of maximum 100 characters, containing spaces) from the keyboard, in the format

`<selector> <index> <direction> <locations>`

Where `<selector>` is either the string "row", "column" or "end", respectively indicating whether the user wants to perform the rotation on a row ("row"), on a column ("column"), or terminate the program ("end").

`<index>` is the index of the selected row/column, starting from 1

`<direction>` is either the string "right", "left", "up" or "down", indicating the direction of the rotation

`<locations>` is a positive integer indicating the number of positions P of the rotation.

The resulting matrix after each sequential rotation should be printed on the screen.

NB. *To perform the rotation, implement a function that generalizes what you have already implemented in Lab 4, ex.2.*

Example of input file:

```
3 3  
1 2 3  
4 5 6  
7 8 9
```

Example of sequential commands acquired from keyboard:

```
row 2 right 1  
column 3 down 2  
row 1 left 4  
column 1 up 2  
end
```

The results of the rotation operations are represented by the following figure:

1	2	3
4	5	6
7	8	9

original matrix

1	2	3
6	4	5
7	8	9

row 2
right 1

1	2	5
6	4	9
7	8	3

column 3
down 2

2	5	1
6	4	9
7	8	3

row 1
left 4

7	5	1
2	4	9
6	8	3

column 1
up 2