

VIRGINIA STANDARDS OF LEARNING

Spring 2010 Released Test

END OF COURSE GEOMETRY

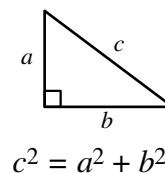
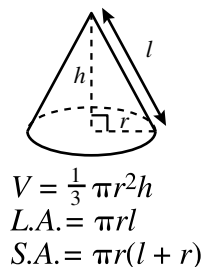
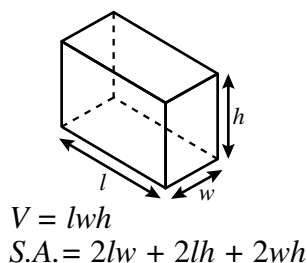
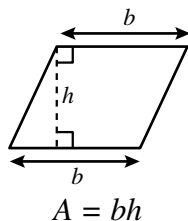
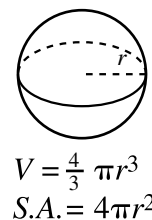
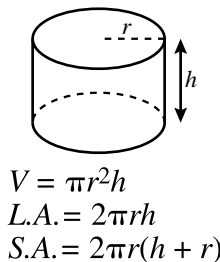
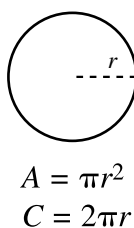
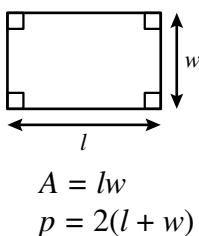
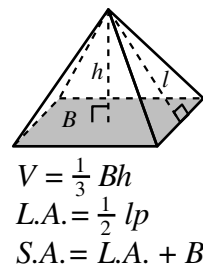
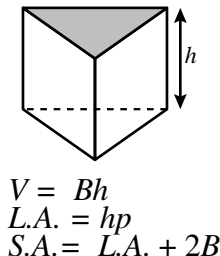
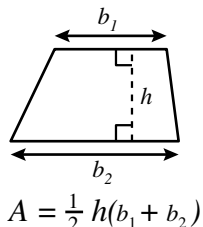
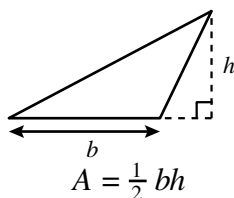
Form M0110, CORE 1

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Geometry Formula Sheet

Geometric Formulas



Geometric Symbols

Example	Meaning
$\angle A$	angle A
$m\angle A$	measure of angle A
\overline{AB}	line segment AB
AB	measure of line segment AB
\overleftrightarrow{AB}	line AB
$\triangle ABC$	triangle ABC
$\square ABCD$	rectangle $ABCD$
$\parallel\! ABCD$	parallelogram $ABCD$

Example	Meaning
\overrightarrow{AB}	vector AB
\perp	right angle
$\overleftrightarrow{AB} \parallel \overleftrightarrow{CD}$	Line AB is parallel to line CD .
$\overleftrightarrow{AB} \perp \overleftrightarrow{CD}$	Line AB is perpendicular to line CD .
$\angle A \cong \angle B$	Angle A is congruent to angle B .
$\triangle A \sim \triangle B$	Triangle A is similar to triangle B .
	Similarly marked segments are congruent.
	Similarly marked angles are congruent.

Abbreviations

Volume	V
Lateral Area	$L.A.$
Total Surface Area	$S.A.$
Area of Base	B

Pi

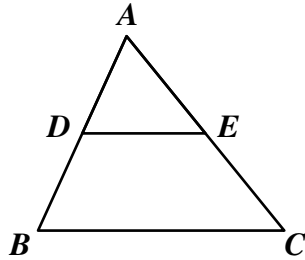
$$\pi \approx 3.14$$

$$\pi \approx \frac{22}{7}$$

Directions

Read each question and choose the best answer.

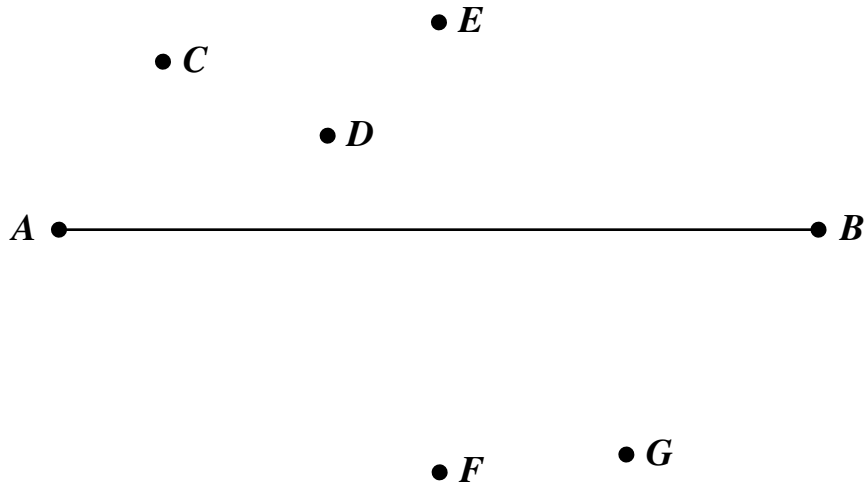
SAMPLE



If $\triangle ABC$ is similar to $\triangle ADE$, then $AB : AD = ? : AE$. Which replaces the “?” to make the statement true?

- A** AC
- B** AE
- C** DE
- D** BC

1 A bisector of \overline{AB} contains which line segment?



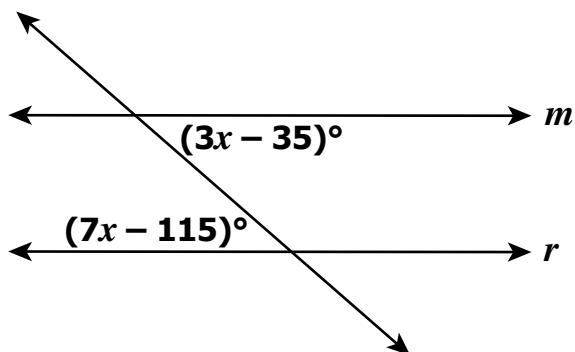
A \overline{CG}

B \overline{DF}

C \overline{DG}

D \overline{EF}

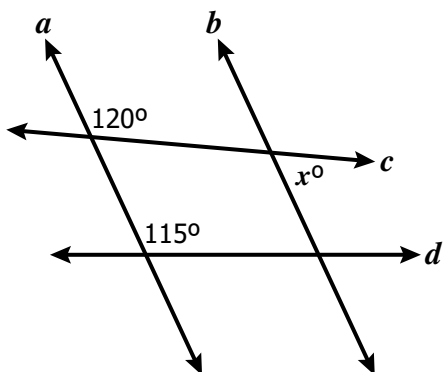
2 Lines m and r are cut by a transversal.



What value of x will show that line m is parallel to line r ?

- F 20
- G 24
- H 25
- J 33

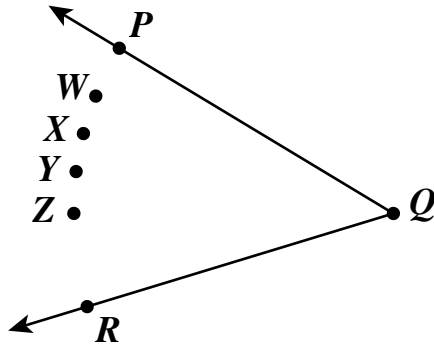
3



If lines a and b are parallel, what is the value of x ?

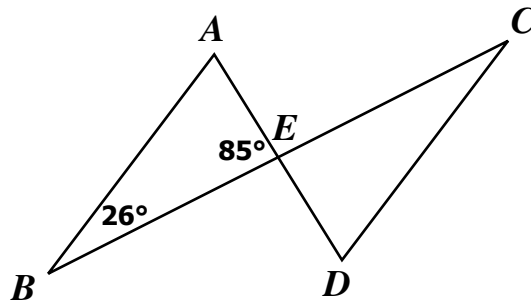
- A 120
- B 115
- C 65
- D 60

4 Which point lies on the bisector of angle PQR ?

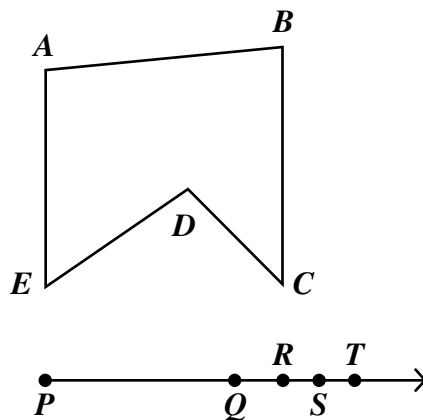


- F W
- G X
- H Y
- J Z

5 For what measure of $\angle D$ is $\overline{AB} \parallel \overline{DC}$ in this figure?



- A 26°
- B 59°
- C 69°
- D 95°



Which line segment is congruent to \overline{BC} ?

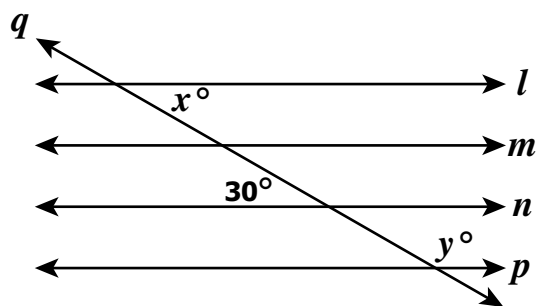
F \overline{PQ}

G \overline{PR}

H \overline{PS}

J \overline{PT}

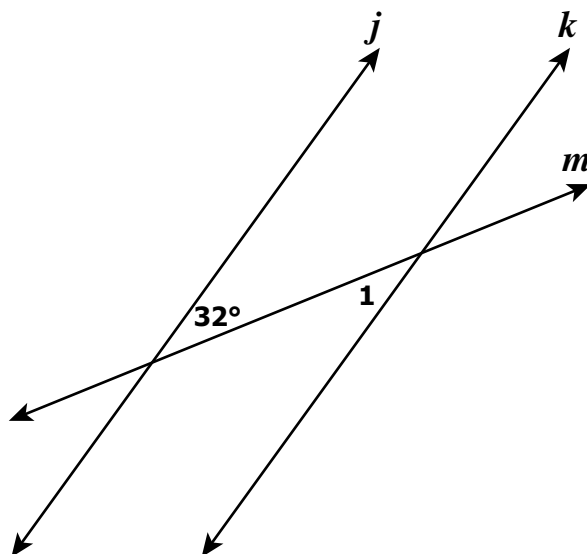
- 7 In the figure shown, line q is a transversal of parallel lines l , m , n , and p .



What are the values of x and y ?

- A $x = 30, y = 30$
- B $x = 30, y = 150$
- C $x = 150, y = 30$
- D $x = 150, y = 150$

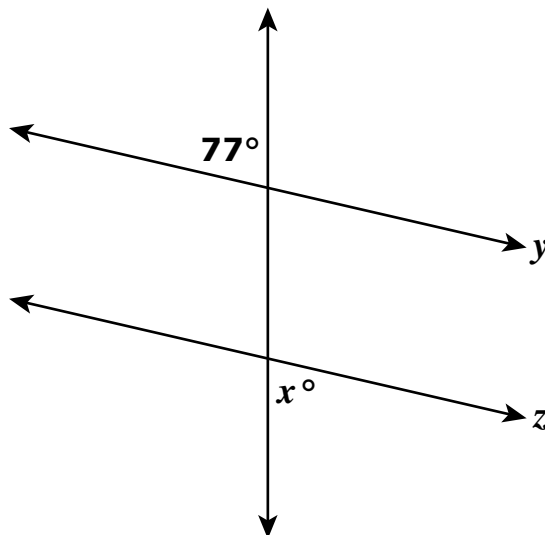
- 8 In the figure shown, parallel lines j and k are cut by transversal m .



What is $m\angle 1$?

- F 32°
- G 58°
- H 122°
- J 148°

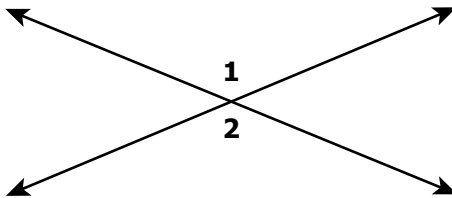
- 9 Lines y and z are cut by a transversal.



For what value of x is $y \parallel z$?

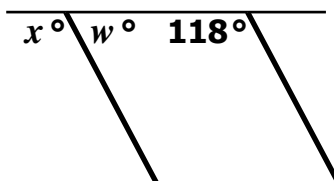
- A 13
- B 77
- C 103
- D 154

- 10 In this figure, $m\angle 1 = (15x - 5)^\circ$ and $m\angle 2 = (10x + 35)^\circ$.



What is $m\angle 1$?

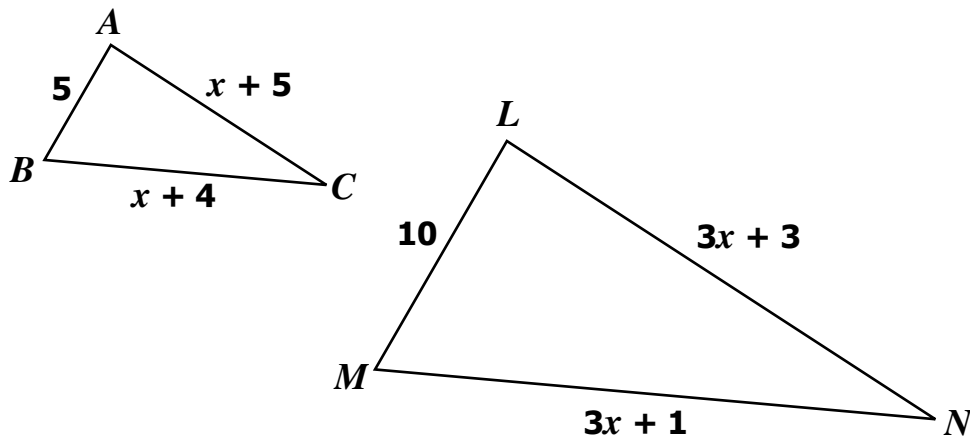
- F 31°
 - G 65°
 - H 85°
 - J 115°
- 11 This figure represents line segments painted on a parking lot to create parking spaces.



Which equation can be used to show that these line segments are parallel?

- A $118 - w = x$
- B $118 - x = w$
- C $x + 118 = 180$
- D $w + 118 = 180$

12 Given: $\triangle ABC \sim \triangle LMN$

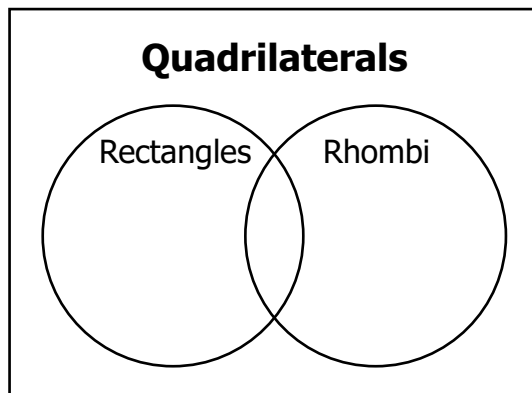


What is the length of \overline{AC} ?

- F 11
- G 12
- H 22
- J 24

13 Given the following measures of the sides of triangles, which is a right triangle?

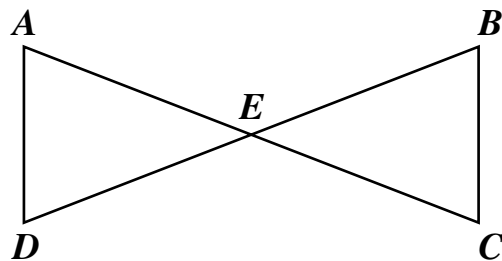
- A 41 cm, 40 cm, 9 cm
- B 45 ft, 40 ft, 35 ft
- C 52 in., 50 in., 11 in.
- D 45 yd, 35 yd, 25 yd



Which of the following statements *must* be true about this Venn diagram?

- F** All rectangles are rhombi.
- G** Some rhombi are rectangles.
- H** Quadrilaterals are not rhombi or rectangles.
- J** All quadrilaterals are rhombi and rectangles.

- 15 Given: In this figure, \overline{AC} and \overline{BD} bisect each other.



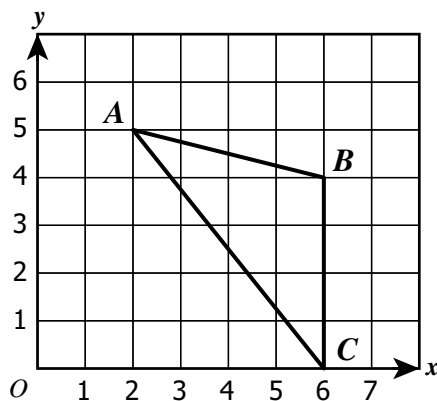
Based on the information given, which triangle congruence theorem could be used to prove $\triangle AED \cong \triangle CEB$?

- A Angle-Angle-Side (AAS)
 - B Angle-Side-Angle (ASA)
 - C Side-Angle-Side (SAS)
 - D Side-Side-Side (SSS)
- 16 Statement: *If lines are skew, then they are not coplanar.*

What is the contrapositive of the statement?

- F If lines are not coplanar, then they are skew.
- G If lines are not skew, then they are coplanar.
- H If lines are coplanar, then they are not skew.
- J If lines are skew, then they are coplanar.

- 17 Coordinates $A(2, 5)$, $B(6, 4)$, and $C(6, 0)$ are connected to form $\triangle ABC$.



If $\triangle CDA$ is congruent to $\triangle ABC$, what are the coordinates of D ?

- A (1, 1)
- B (1, 2)
- C (2, 2)
- D (2, 1)

18 Let $p =$ *An equation is of the form $y = mx + b$.*

Let $q =$ *Its graph is a line.*

Argument: *If an equation is of the form $y = mx + b$, then its graph is a line.
The graph is not a line.
Therefore, the equation is not of the form $y = mx + b$.*

Which of the following is the symbolic representation of the given argument?

F

$p \rightarrow q$
$\sim q$
$\therefore \sim p$

G

$p \rightarrow q$
q
$\therefore p$

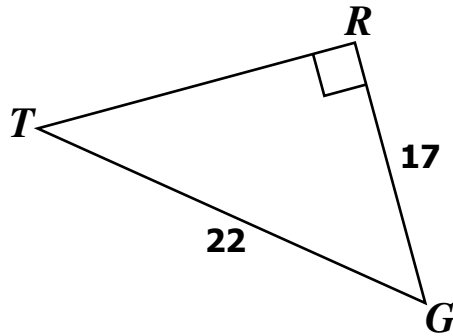
H

$p \rightarrow q$
$\sim p$
$\therefore \sim q$

J

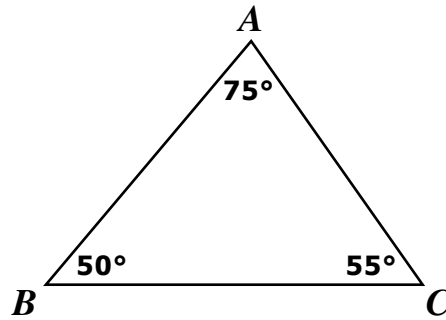
$p \rightarrow q$
p
$\therefore q$

- 19 $\triangle TRG$ is a right triangle.



Which is closest to the length of \overline{RT} ?

- A 5
- B 11
- C 14
- D 28



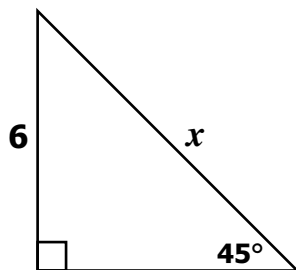
Which list has the sides of $\triangle ABC$ ordered from longest to shortest?

- F** $\overline{BC}, \overline{AC}, \overline{AB}$
- G** $\overline{AB}, \overline{AC}, \overline{BC}$
- H** $\overline{AC}, \overline{AB}, \overline{BC}$
- J** $\overline{BC}, \overline{AB}, \overline{AC}$

- 21** Three survey markers are located on a map at points H , I , and J . A triangle is formed by connecting these markers by string so that $HI = 150$ feet, $HJ = 245$ feet, and $IJ = 365$ feet.

Which statement is true about the measures of the angles of $\triangle HIJ$?

- A** $m\angle H$ is the smallest
- B** $m\angle H$ is the largest
- C** $m\angle I$ is the smallest
- D** $m\angle I$ is the largest



In the figure, what is the value of x ?

F 6

G $6\sqrt{2}$

H $6\sqrt{3}$

J 12

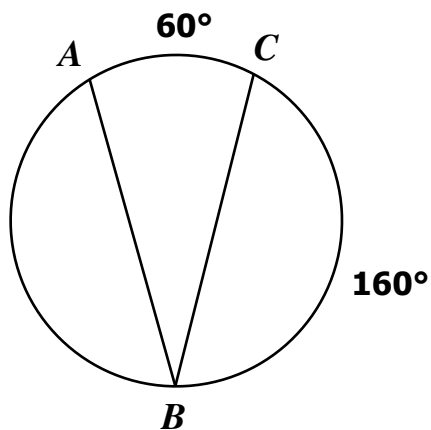
23 Two sides of a triangle measure 14 inches and 8 inches. Which *cannot* be the length of the remaining side?

A 6 in.

B 8 in.

C 14 in.

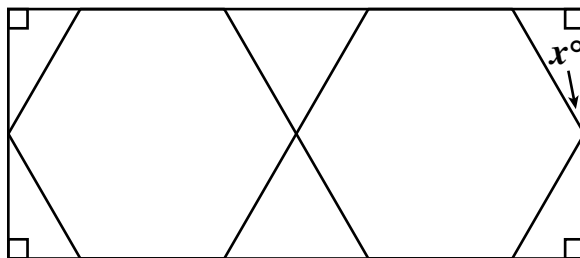
D 21 in.



In the circle, what is the measure of $\angle ABC$?

- F** 30°
- G** 60°
- H** 120°
- J** 140°

25 This figure shows a pattern of triangles and regular hexagons.



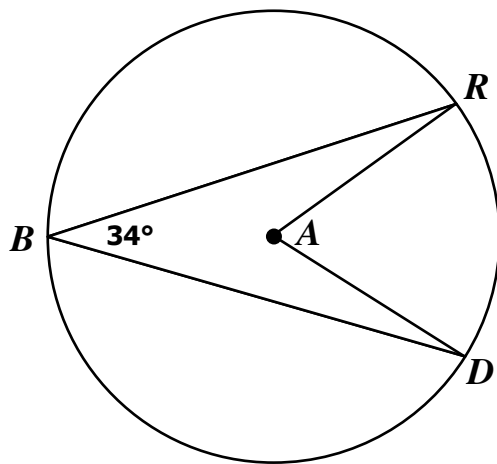
What is the value of x ?

- A** 30
- B** 60
- C** 90
- D** 120

26 Which figure has all sides of equal measure but not necessarily all angles of equal measure?

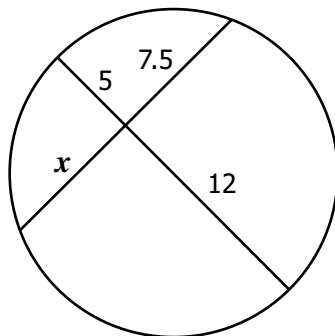
- F** Square
- G** Rectangle
- H** Rhombus
- J** Trapezoid

27 What is $m\angle DAR$ in circle A ?



- A** 17°
- B** 34°
- C** 56°
- D** 68°

- 28 Two chords intersect with the measures shown in the drawing.



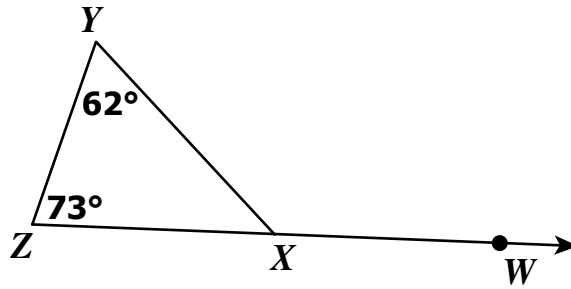
What is the value of x ?

- F 8.0
- G 9.5
- H 10.0
- J 14.5

- 29 In rectangle $ABCD$, the slope of \overline{AB} is $\frac{1}{2}$. What is the slope of \overline{CD} ?

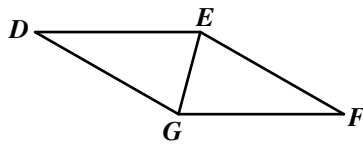
- A -2
- B $-\frac{1}{2}$
- C $\frac{1}{2}$
- D 2

30 In the figure shown, what is $m\angle WXY$?



- F 45°
- G 107°
- H 120°
- J 135°

31 $DEFG$ is a rhombus with $m\angle EFG = 28^\circ$.



What is $m\angle GDE$?

- A 14°
- B 28°
- C 30°
- D 56°

- 32** This figure is a traffic sign in the shape of a regular octagon.



What is the value of x ?

- F** 45
 - G** 60
 - H** 135
 - J** 180
- 33** A rectangular rug is 24 feet long and 10 feet wide. A rhombus design is formed inside the rug by joining the midpoints of each side of the rectangle. What is the length of each side of the rhombus?
- A** 13 ft
 - B** 26 ft
 - C** 169 ft
 - D** 240 ft

- 34** A man who is 6 feet tall casts a shadow that is 4 feet long. At the same time, a nearby flagpole casts a shadow that is 18 feet long. How tall is the flagpole?
- F** 10 ft
G 12 ft
H 22 ft
J 27 ft

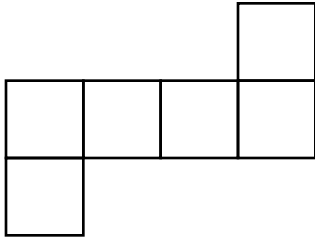
- 35** A fish tank in the shape of a rectangular prism has these dimensions:
- length = 20 inches
 - width = 10 inches
 - height = 12 inches

What is the volume of water in the tank when it is $\frac{4}{5}$ full?

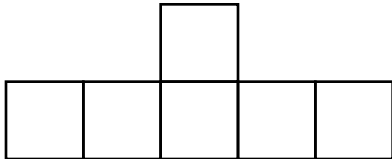
- A** 1,120 cu in.
B 1,920 cu in.
C 2,400 cu in.
D 3,000 cu in.

36 Which of these nets would form a cube when folded?

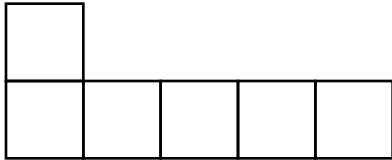
F



G



H



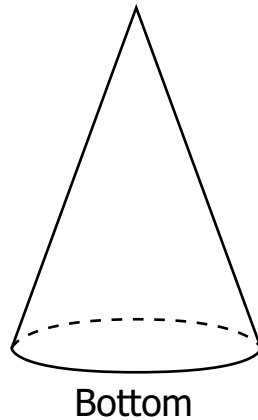
J



37 If a cube with side length 6 inches has its dimensions divided in half, what will be the volume of the new cube?

- A** 108 cubic inches
- B** 54 cubic inches
- C** 27 cubic inches
- D** 9 cubic inches

- 38 A right cone is placed on its circular base.**



Which statement about the cone is *incorrect*?

- F** The view from the front is a triangle.
 - G** The view from the bottom is a circle.
 - H** The view from the top is a circle.
 - J** The view from the left is a rhombus.
- 39 A cone has a slant height of 10 centimeters and a lateral area of 60π square centimeters. What is the volume of a sphere with a radius equal to that of the cone?**
- A** $102\pi \text{ cm}^3$
 - B** $144\pi \text{ cm}^3$
 - C** $288\pi \text{ cm}^3$
 - D** $1,333\pi \text{ cm}^3$

40 Which line of reflection maps point K at $(-2, 2)$ to point K' at $(2, -2)$?

F $y = 2$

G $y = x$

H x -axis

J y -axis

41 If the coordinates of A are $(1, 1)$ and the midpoint of \overline{AB} is $(-2, 0)$, then the coordinates of B are —

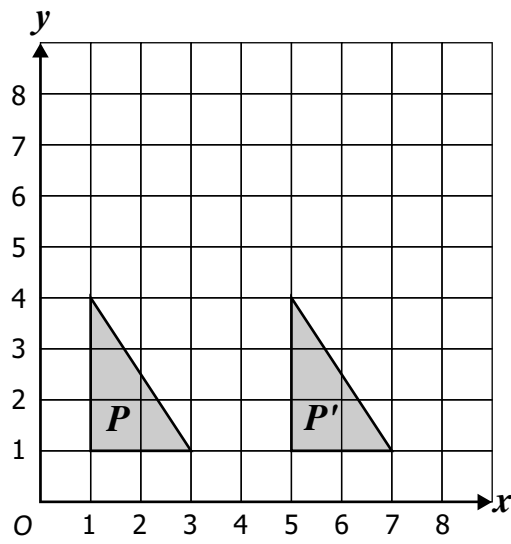
A $(-0.5, 0.5)$

B $(0.5, 0.5)$

C $(-1, 0)$

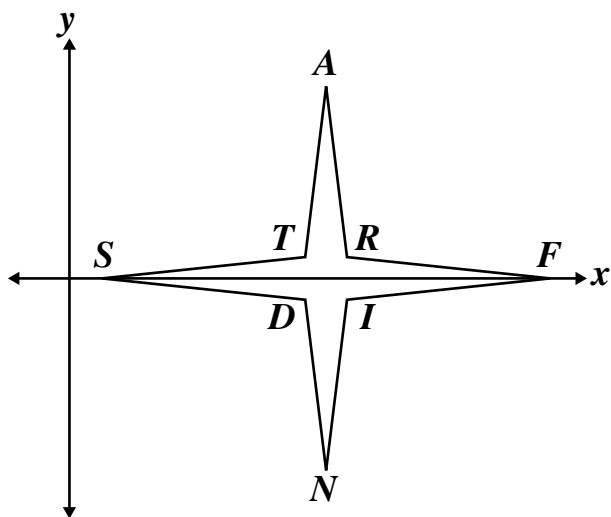
D $(-5, -1)$

- 42 Which transformation could move the triangle P to triangle P' in a single step?



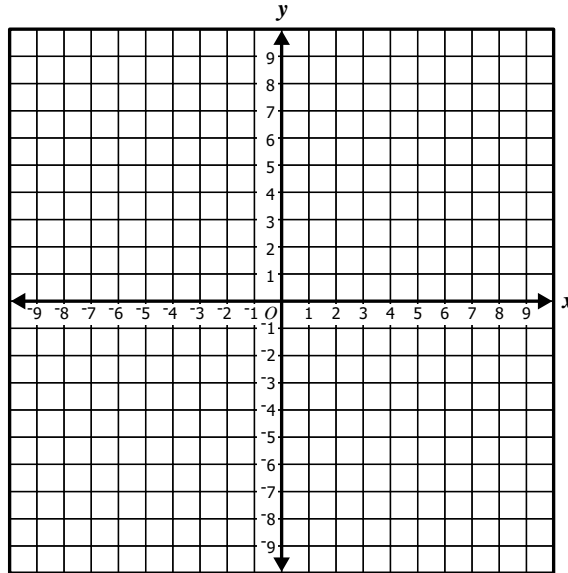
- F** Reflection over $x = 4$
- G** Rotation about $(2, 3)$
- H** Reflection over $y = 4$
- J** Translation

- 43 Figure *STARFIND* is symmetric with respect to the x -axis. The coordinates of point A are $(8, 6)$. What are the coordinates of point N ?



- A $(8, -6)$
- B $(6, -8)$
- C $(-6, 8)$
- D $(-8, 6)$

- 44 Parallelogram $RSTV$ has coordinates $R(0, 0)$, $S(2, 4)$, $T(6, 0)$, and $V(4, -4)$. Which ordered pair represents the intersection of the diagonals of this parallelogram? (The coordinate grid may be used to help answer this question.)



- F** $(2, 0)$
G $(3, 0)$
H $(3, 1)$
J $(4, -1)$

45 A regular quadrilateral has what type of symmetry?

- A** Line symmetry only
- B** Point symmetry only
- C** Both point and line symmetry
- D** Neither point nor line symmetry

