

**Grade 7**  
**Reading - Biography**

**“Malala Yousafzai: The Voice of Education”**

Malala Yousafzai was born on July 12, 1997, in Mingora, Swat Valley, Pakistan. From a young age, she developed a passion for education. Her father, Ziauddin Yousafzai, ran a local school and strongly believed in the power of education, particularly for girls. Malala's early life was influenced by her father's views, which emphasized that every child has a right to education.

In 2007, the Taliban, a militant group, took control of the Swat Valley. They imposed strict rules, especially on women, forbidding them from getting an education and forcing them to wear veils. Despite the dangers, Malala became an advocate for girls' education, writing a blog for the BBC Urdu under a pseudonym and appearing in a documentary about life under the Taliban.

Her activism drew attention and in 2012, while she was on her way home from school, a gunman boarded her school bus and shot her in the head. The attack left her in critical condition, but she miraculously survived. After the attack, Malala was taken to the UK for treatment and rehabilitation. While recovering, she continued to speak out for girls' education and rights.

In 2014, at the age of 17, Malala became the youngest recipient of the Nobel Peace Prize for her struggle against the suppression of children and young people and for the right of all children to an education. Today, Malala continues to inspire millions around the world, proving that even the youngest voices can make the loudest impact.

1. Where was Malala Yousafzai born?
  - a. Lahore, Pakistan
  - b. Islamabad, Pakistan
  - c. Mingora, Swat Valley, Pakistan
  - d. Karachi, Pakistan
2. Who ran a local school in Malala's early life?
  - a. Her mother
  - b. Her brother
  - c. Her father

- d. Her uncle
- 3. Which group took control of the Swat Valley in 2007?
  - a. Al-Qaeda
  - b. ISIS
  - c. Taliban
  - d. UNICEF
- 4. What did the Taliban forbid women from doing?
  - a. Speaking
  - b. Working
  - c. Getting an education
  - d. Traveling
- 5. How did Malala promote education under the Taliban rule?
  - a. By running secret schools
  - b. By writing a blog for the BBC Urdu
  - c. By moving to another country
  - d. By joining the Taliban
- 6. Where was Malala taken for treatment after the attack?
  - a. USA
  - b. India
  - c. UK
  - d. Canada
- 7. At what age did Malala receive the Nobel Peace Prize?
  - a. 15
  - b. 16
  - c. 17
  - d. 18
- 8. What did the Nobel Peace Prize recognize her for?
  - a. Her struggle against suppression and the right to education
  - b. Her bravery in facing the Taliban
  - c. Her recovery from the attack
  - d. Her blogging skills
- 9. What part of her body was Malala shot in?
  - a. Arm
  - b. Leg
  - c. Head
  - d. Stomach
- 10. What does the passage suggest about Malala's impact?
  - a. It was limited to Pakistan.

- b. It was mostly among the young.
- c. It was significant across the world.
- d. It was unnoticed.

Answers:

1. Explanation: The passage explicitly states, "Malala Yousafzai was born on July 12, 1997, in Mingora, Swat Valley, Pakistan."
2. Explanation: Malala's father, Ziauddin Yousafzai, is mentioned as running a local school in the passage.
3. Explanation: The passage indicates, "In 2007, the Taliban, a militant group, took control of the Swat Valley."
4. Explanation: The passage states, "They imposed strict rules, especially on women, forbidding them from getting an education..."
5. Explanation: The passage mentions, "Malala became an advocate for girls' education, writing a blog for the BBC Urdu under a pseudonym..."
6. Explanation: The passage notes, "After the attack, Malala was taken to the UK for treatment and rehabilitation."
7. Explanation: The passage specifies, "In 2014, at the age of 17, Malala became the youngest recipient of the Nobel Peace Prize..."
8. Explanation: The passage mentions, "for her struggle against the suppression of children and young people and for the right of all children to an education."
9. Explanation: The passage states, "a gunman boarded her school bus and shot her in the head."
10. Explanation: The passage concludes with, "Malala continues to inspire millions around the world..."