

## C. GRAVITY

### The Force of Gravity

Have you ever wondered why things fall down instead of floating away? Well, it's because of a special force called gravity. Gravity is an attraction between any two objects. This means that objects have a natural pull towards each other, just like magnets. But unlike magnets, objects don't need to touch each other for gravity to affect them. Let's explore more about the incredible force of gravity and see some examples of its effects.

One of the most familiar examples of gravity is when you drop a ball. If you hold a ball in your hand and let go, what happens? The ball falls down to the ground. It's not because the ground is pulling the ball down, but rather because of gravity. Gravity pulls the ball towards the Earth. Even if you drop the ball from a higher place, like a table or a chair, gravity will still make it fall down.

But gravity doesn't only affect things on Earth. Have you ever looked up at the sky and seen the Moon shining brightly at night? The Moon is not touching the Earth, but it stays in orbit around our planet because of gravity. Gravity keeps the Moon and the Earth connected, even though they are not touching. The same force that keeps the Moon in orbit also keeps the planets in our solar system revolving around the Sun.

Another interesting effect of gravity is when things float in space. Astronauts who go to space experience a weaker force of gravity. That's why they can float around inside their spacecraft. The force of gravity is still there, but it's not as strong as on Earth. So when astronauts are in space, they don't fall to the ground like they do on Earth. Instead, they float and can move around freely.

Did you know that gravity also affects the ocean tides? Have you ever been to the beach and noticed how the water level changes throughout the day? The rise and fall of the tides happen because of gravity. The Moon's gravity pulls on the water in the ocean, creating a bulge or a rise in the water level. This causes high tide. As the Earth rotates, different parts of the ocean experience the pull of the Moon's gravity, creating the ebb and flow of tides.

Now, let's see how well you understood the force of gravity with some multiple-choice questions!

1. What is gravity?
  - A) A force that pulls objects together
  - B) A force that pushes objects apart
  - C) A force that makes objects float
  - D) A force that pulls objects together.

2. Do objects need to touch each other for gravity to affect them?
  - A) Yes
  - B) No
  - C) Sometimes
3. How does gravity keep the Moon and the Earth connected?
  - A) By touching each other
  - B) By pushing each other away
  - C) By pulling each other together
4. What happens when you drop a ball from your hand?
  - A) It flies away
  - B) It stays in the air
  - C) It falls down
5. Why can astronauts float in space?
  - A) The force of gravity is weaker in space
  - B) The force of gravity pushes them up
  - C) The force of gravity doesn't exist in space
6. What causes the rise and fall of ocean tides?
  - A) Wind
  - B) Gravity
  - C) Temperature changes
7. What keeps the planets in our solar system revolving around the Sun?
  - A) Magnetic force
  - B) Gravity
  - C) Sunlight
8. What force pulls the Moon towards the Earth?
  - A) Magnetism
  - B) Electricity
  - C) Gravity

**Answers:**

1. A) A force that pulls objects together.
2. B) No
3. C) By pulling each other together
4. C) It falls down
5. A) The force of gravity is weaker in space
6. B) Gravity
7. B) Gravity
8. C) Gravity

**Explanations:**

1. Gravity is a force that attracts or pulls objects towards each other.
2. Objects do not need to touch each other for the force of gravity to affect them.
3. Gravity keeps the Moon and the Earth connected by pulling them towards each other.
4. Gravity pulls the ball towards the Earth, making it fall down.
5. Astronauts can float in space because the force of gravity is weaker there.
6. The Moon's gravity pulls on the water in the ocean, causing the tides to rise and fall.
7. The force of gravity keeps the planets in our solar system revolving around the Sun.
8. Gravity pulls the Moon towards the Earth, keeping it in orbit.