Waveform transformations

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Outline



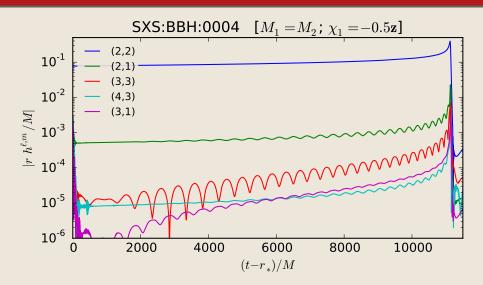
- Motivation
 - Problems in the waveforms
 - Center-of-mass drifts
 - Cleaning up waveforms
- Asymptotic symmetry transformations
 - Ambiguities in waveforms
 - ▶ Coordinates on 𝒯⁺
 - The BMS group
 - Spin-weighted functions
 - Implementing transformations
- Conclusions



Motivation

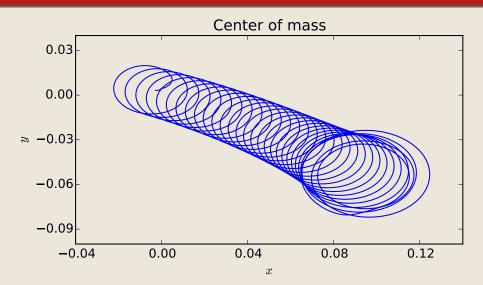
A waveform mystery





The center of mass





Correcting the center of mass



$$\min_{oldsymbol{x}_0,oldsymbol{v}_0}\int_{t_i}^{t_f}ig|oldsymbol{x}_{\mathsf{CoM}}(t)-ig(oldsymbol{x}_0+oldsymbol{v}_0\,tig)ig|^2\,dt$$

Correcting the center of mass



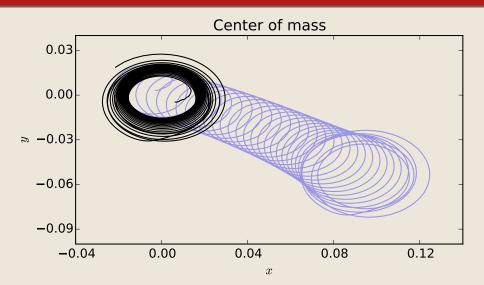
$$\min_{\boldsymbol{x}_0, \boldsymbol{v}_0} \int_{t_i}^{t_f} \left| \boldsymbol{x}_{\mathsf{CoM}}(t) - (\boldsymbol{x}_0 + \boldsymbol{v}_0 t) \right|^2 dt$$

$$m{x}_0 = rac{4(t_f^2 + t_f t_i + t_i^2) \int m{x}_{ ext{CoM}}(t) \, dt - 6(t_f + t_i) \, \int m{x}_{ ext{CoM}}(t) \, t \, dt}{(t_f - t_i)^3}$$

$$\mathbf{v}_0 = \frac{12 \int \mathbf{x}_{CoM}(t) t dt - 6 \int \mathbf{x}_{CoM}(t) dt}{(t_f - t_i)^3}$$

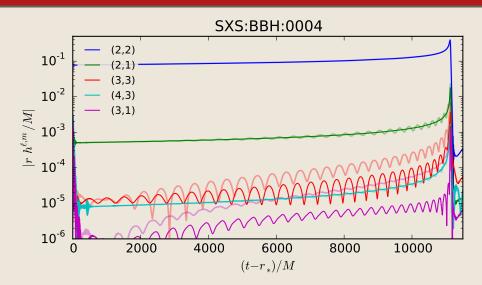
Corrected center of mass





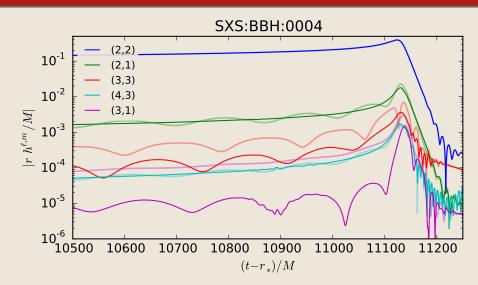
Corrected waveform





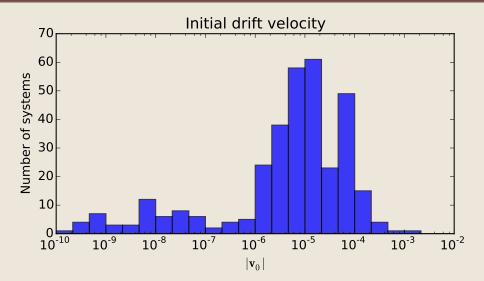
Corrected waveform





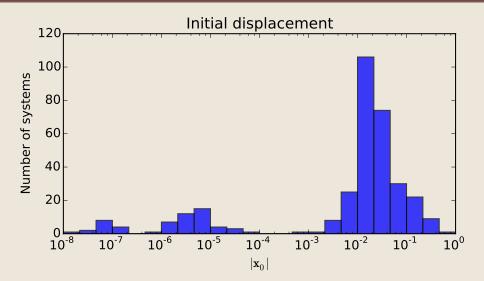
Correcting the catalog





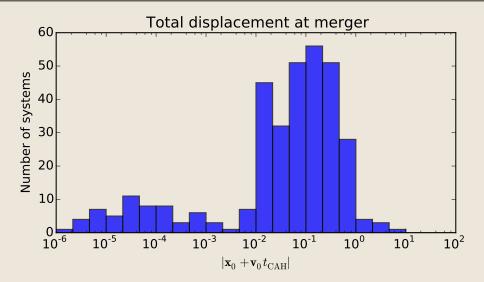
Correcting the catalog





Correcting the catalog





Correcting the initial data



Ask Sergei!



Asymptotic symmetries



- ▶ Time translation
- ▶ Phase rotation



- ▶ Time translation
- ▶ Phase rotation
- General rotation



- ▶ Time translation
- Space translation
- ▶ Phase rotation
- ▶ General rotation



- ▶ Time translation
- Space translation
- Phase rotation
- General rotation
- ► Boost



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Poincaré group?



- Time translation
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Poincaré group? Diffeomorphism group?!

Isolated system



Asymptotic flatness

- ▶ Radial coordinate r
- "Regularity" of manifold as $r \to \infty$

Bondi coordinates

- ► Null coordinate u
- ▶ Angular coordinates $x^A = (\theta, \phi)$
- Metric:

$$ds^{2} = \frac{V}{r}e^{2\beta} du^{2} - 2e^{2\beta} du dr + r^{2} h_{AB} (dx^{A} - U^{A} du) (dx^{B} - U^{B} du)$$

General symmetry group

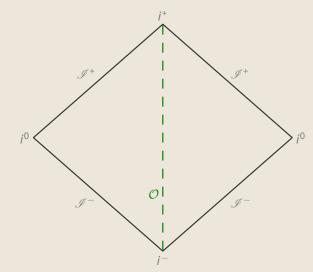


- ► Boost
- General rotation
- Supertranslation

Bondi-Metzner-Sachs (BMS) group

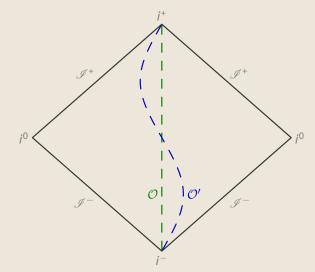


Penrose diagram





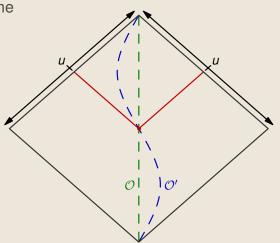
Boosted observer





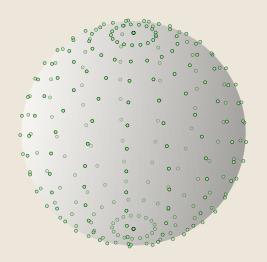
Local time \rightarrow retarded time

u = t - r



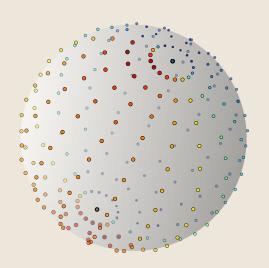


Sphere in \mathcal{O}'





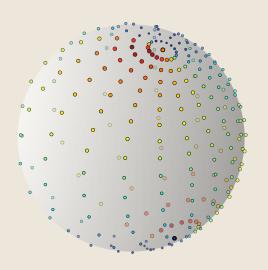
Points as seen in \mathcal{O} related by rotation



Coordinates on 9+



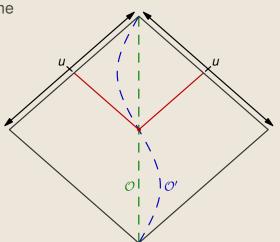
Points as seen in \mathcal{O} related by boost





Local time \rightarrow retarded time

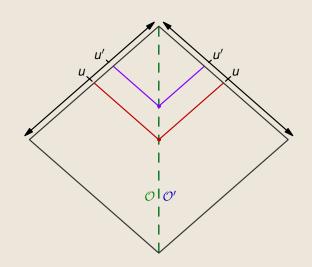
u = t - r





Time translation

$$t \mapsto t + \delta t$$
$$u \mapsto u + \delta t$$

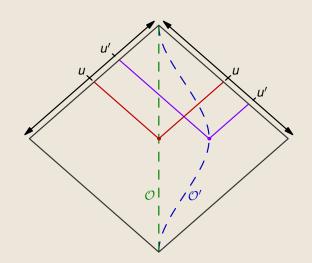




Space translation

$$\mathbf{X} \mapsto \mathbf{X} + \delta \mathbf{X}$$

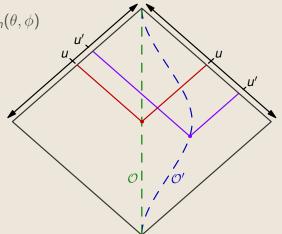
$$u \mapsto u - \delta \mathbf{x} \cdot \hat{\mathbf{r}}$$





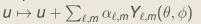
Spacetime translation

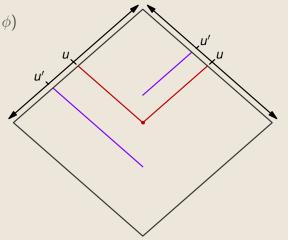
$$u \mapsto u + \sum_{\ell=0,1;m} \alpha_{\ell,m} Y_{\ell,m}(\theta,\phi)$$





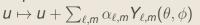
Supertranslation

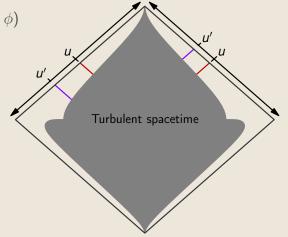






Supertranslation





BMS coordinate transformations



$$\theta \mapsto \theta'$$

$$\phi \mapsto \phi'$$

$$u \mapsto K(\theta', \phi') [u - \alpha(\theta', \phi')]$$

BMS coordinate transformations



$$\theta \mapsto \theta'$$

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$$u \mapsto K(\theta', \phi') [u - \alpha(\theta', \phi')]$$

$$u' \approx \gamma \left[u - (\mathbf{x}_0 + u \, \mathbf{v}_0) \cdot \hat{\mathbf{r}} - \tilde{\alpha}(\theta', \phi') \right]$$



$$rh \mapsto \frac{e^{-2i\lambda}}{K} \left[rh - \bar{\eth}^2 \alpha \right]$$

$$r^2 \sigma \mapsto \frac{e^{2i\lambda}}{K} \left[r^2 \sigma - \bar{\eth}^2 \alpha \right]$$

$$c \mapsto \frac{e^{2i\lambda}}{K} \left[c - \bar{\eth}^2 \alpha \right]$$
News $\sim \frac{\partial c}{\partial u} \mapsto \frac{e^{2i\lambda}}{K^2} \left[\frac{\partial c}{\partial u} \right]$

$$r \Psi_4 \mapsto \frac{e^{-2i\lambda}}{K^3} \left[r \Psi_4' \right]$$



$$rh \mapsto \frac{e^{-2i\lambda}}{K} \left[rh - \bar{\eth}^2 \alpha \right]$$



$$rh(u,\theta,\phi) \mapsto \frac{e^{-2i\lambda(\theta',\phi')}}{K(\theta',\phi')} \left[rh(u',\theta',\phi') - \bar{\eth}^2\alpha(\theta',\phi') \right]$$



$$\Psi_4(heta,\phi) = C_{abcd}(heta,\phi)\,ar{m}^a\,n^b\,ar{m}^c\,n^d$$



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 $ar{m}^a = rac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(heta^a - i\,\phi^a)$

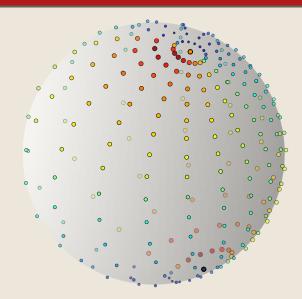


$$\Psi_4(heta,\phi) = C_{abcd}(heta,\phi) \, ar{m}^a \, n^b \, ar{m}^c \, n^d$$
 $ar{m}^a = rac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (heta^a - i \, \phi^a)$

$$R:(\theta,\phi)\mapsto(\theta',\phi')$$

$$\Psi_4'(\theta',\phi') = \Psi_4(\theta,\phi) e^{-2i\lambda(\theta',\phi',R)}$$







SWFs *are not* functions on the sphere; also need alignment of tangent space



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Might be tempted to think

$$SWF: \mathcal{S}^2 \times \mathcal{S}^1 \to \mathbb{C}$$



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$$SWF: \mathcal{S}^2 \times \mathcal{S}^1 \to \mathbb{C}$$

Turns out

$$\text{SWF}: \textbf{S}^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$$

This is the Hopf bundle:

$$S^1 \hookrightarrow S^3 \twoheadrightarrow S^2$$



SWFs are functions on the spin group Spin(3) = SU(2) = group of unit quaternions

$$I = R \frac{t + z}{\sqrt{2}} R^{-1}$$

$$n = R \frac{t - z}{\sqrt{2}} R^{-1}$$

$$m = R \frac{x + iy}{\sqrt{2}} R^{-1}$$

$$\bar{m} = R \frac{x - iy}{\sqrt{2}} R^{-1}$$

Spin-weighted spherical harmonics



$$_{-2}Y_{\ell,m}(\theta,\phi) \longrightarrow _{-2}Y_{\ell,m}(R) = \sqrt{\frac{2\ell+1}{4\pi}}\,\mathfrak{D}_{2,m}^{(\ell)}(R)$$



$$rh(u,\theta,\phi) \mapsto \frac{e^{-2i\lambda(\theta',\phi')}}{K(\theta',\phi')} \left[rh(u',\theta',\phi') - \bar{\eth}^2\alpha(\theta',\phi') \right]$$



$$r\,h(u,R)\mapsto rac{1}{K(R')}\left[r\,h(u',R')-ar{\eth}^2lpha(R')
ight]$$

Rotor of a boost



$$\Theta' = \arccos\left[\hat{\pmb{v}}\cdot\hat{\pmb{r}}_{\theta',\phi'}\right]$$

$$\Theta = 2 \arctan \left[\sqrt{\frac{1-\beta}{1+\beta}} \tan \frac{\Theta'}{2} \right]$$

$$R_B = \exp\left[rac{\Theta-\Theta'}{2}rac{oldsymbol{v} imesoldsymbol{r}_{ heta',\phi'}}{|oldsymbol{v} imesoldsymbol{r}_{ heta',\phi'}|}
ight]$$

$$R' = R_B R_F e^{\phi' z/2} e^{\theta' y/2}$$

Implementing BMS transformations



for all desired times slices u'_i do

for all (θ'_i, ϕ'_i) on equiangular grid **do**

$$R'_j \leftarrow R_B e^{\phi'_j z/2} e^{\theta'_j y/2}$$

$$u_i \leftarrow \frac{u_i'}{K(R')} + \alpha(R')$$

for all u_k "near" u_i do

$$r'h'(u_k, R'_j) \leftarrow \frac{rh(u_k, R'_j) - \eth^2 \alpha(R'_j)}{K(R'_j)}$$

$$r'h'(u_i', R_i') \leftarrow \text{interp}([r'h'(u_k, R_i')], u_i)$$

$$r'h'_{\ell,m}(u'_i) \leftarrow \texttt{spinsfast}([r'h'(u'_i, R'_i)])$$

Conclusions



- ▶ No such thing as invariant waveform
- No preferred reference frame
- When comparing waveforms, frames must agree

Need BMS transformations for

- Accurate PN waveforms
- ▶ PN–NR comparisons
- Hybrid waveforms
- Making sense of ringdowns