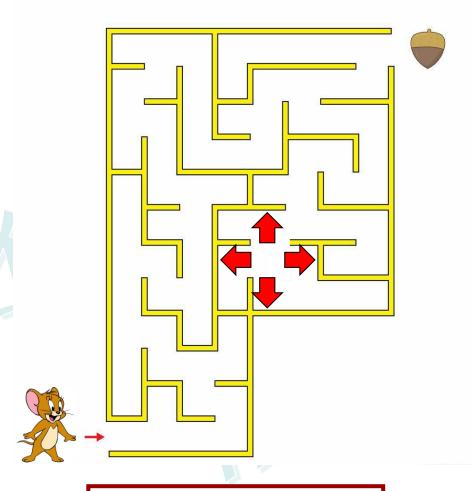
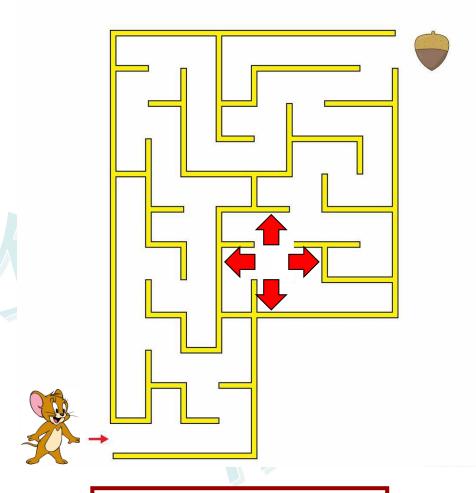
C/C++程序设计案例实战 ——小老鼠走迷宫2

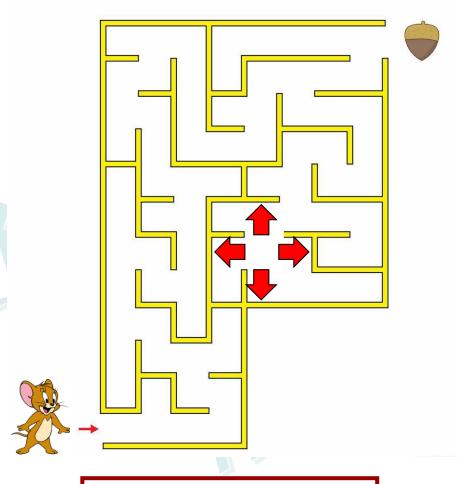
华中农业大学信息学院 翟瑞芳



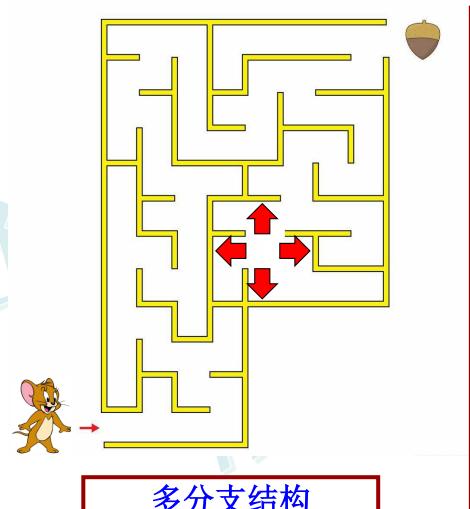
```
switch(cKey)
{ case 'L':
       cout<<"Left";
  case 'R':
       cout<<"Right";
 case 'D':
       cout<<"Down";
       \U':
  case
       cout<<"Up";
  default:
       cout<<"Error";
```



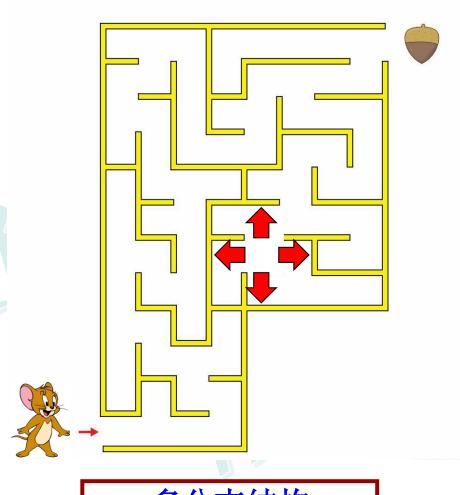
```
Down
switch(cKey)
                      Up
{ case 'L':
                      Error
       cout<<"Left";
  case 'R':
       cout<<"Right";
 case 'D':
       cout<<"Down";
       \U':
  case
       cout<<"Up";
  default:
       cout<<"Error";
```



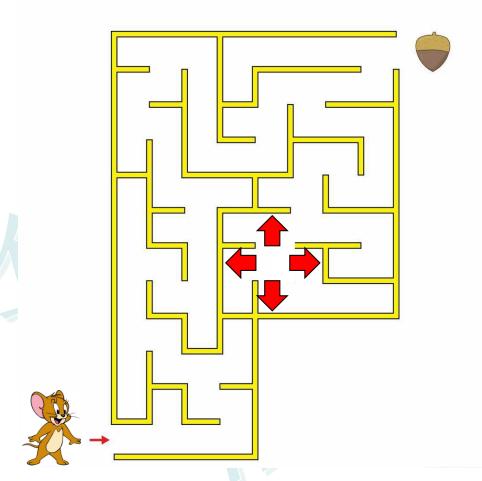
```
switch(cKey)
{ case 'L':
       cout<<"Left";
       break;
  case 'R':
       cout<<"Right";
       break;
 case 'D':
       cout<<"Down";
       break;
  case 'U':
       cout<<"Up";
       break;
  default:
       cout<<"Error";
       break;
```



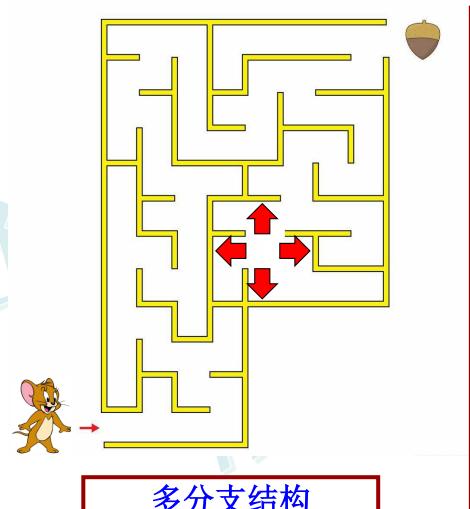
```
switch (表达式)
case 常量表达式1:
      语句组1;
case 常量表达式2:
      语句组2;
case 常量表达式n:
      语句组n;
default:
      语句组n+1;
```



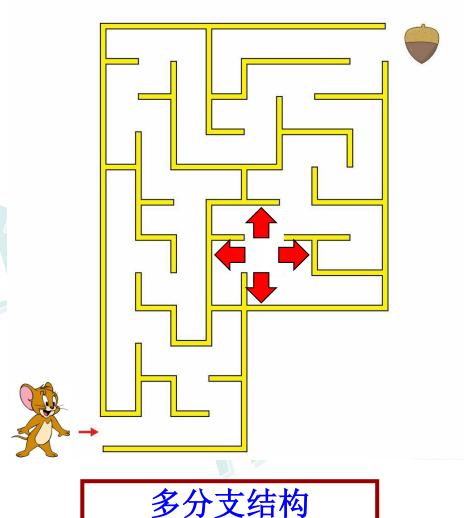
```
switch(cKey)
{ case 'L':
  case 'R':
 case 'D':
       cout<<"Down";
       break;
  case 'U':
       cout<<"Up";
       break;
  default:
       cout<<"Error";
       break;
```



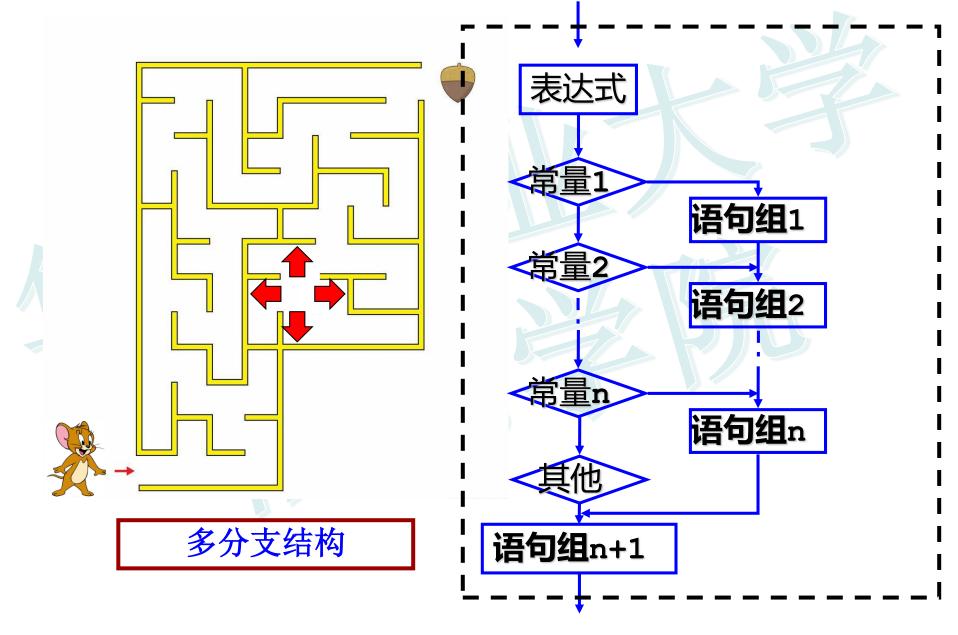
```
switch(cKey)
{ case 'L', 'R', 'D':
       cout<<"Down";
       break;
  case 'U':
       cout<<"Up";
       break;
 default:
       cout<<"Error";
       break;
```

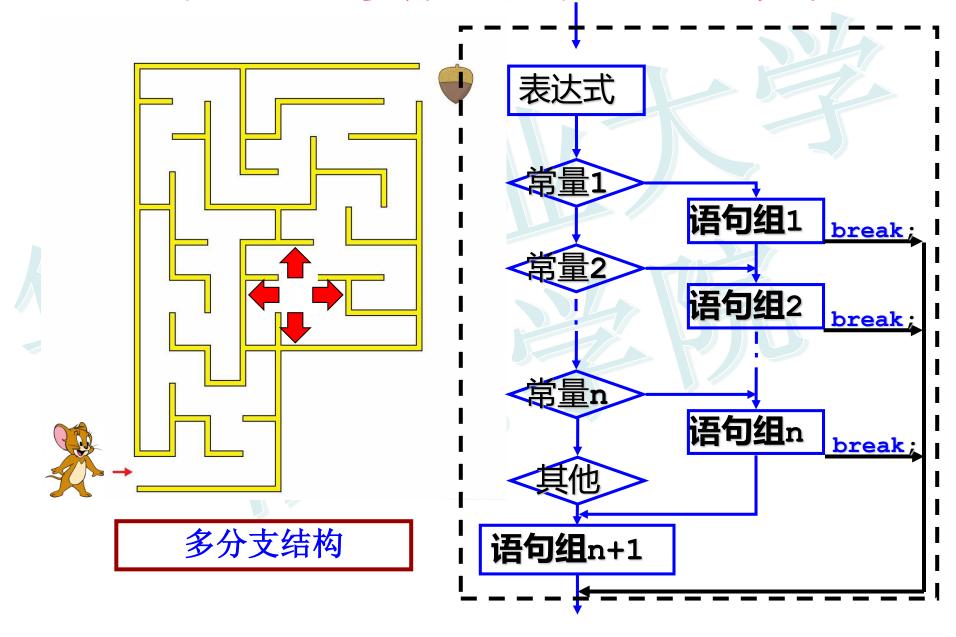


```
switch (表达式)
case 常量表达式1:
      语句组1;
case 常量表达式2:
      语句组2;
case 常量表达式n:
      语句组n;
default:
      语句组n+1;
```



```
switch (表达式1)
case 常量表达式1:
      语句组1;
case 常量表达式2:
    switch (表达式2)
      case 常量表达式 1:
           语句组case 1;
      case 常量表达式 2:
           语句组case 2;
default:
      语句组n+1;
```





小结

switch多分支结构

延伸

- 1. 小老鼠移动方向为八个,根据输入字符实现简易版小老鼠走迷宫,请编写代码实现。其中,字符'1','2','3','4'分别代表左上、右上、左下、右下四个方向。
- 将走到终点的条件'○'用if语句来表示,四个方向的移动放在else语句中,实现小老鼠走迷宫程序。