

Data Challenge #3

Questions

- 1) Do more civilians die when a particular government force is involved in heavy combat? Other analysis revealed that naval involvement is correlated with increased civilian death, so I'm curious if that is the case when long guns are involved or if another government force might be as well.

(We assume that involvement of long guns seized is indicative of heavy combat)

- 2) Are there no expected civilian deaths when the federal police is involved and no weapons are seized? Does a lack of weapons seized mean less violence?

Call:

```
lm(formula = civilian_dead ~ civilian_wounded + afi * long_guns_seized +  
  army * long_guns_seized + navy * long_guns_seized + federal_police *  
  long_guns_seized + afi * cartridge_seized + army * cartridge_seized +  
  navy * cartridge_seized + federal_police * cartridge_seized +  
  small_arms_seized + clips_seized, data = AllData)
```

Residuals:

Min	1Q	Median	3Q	Max
-4.157	-0.083	-0.073	-0.017	49.975

Coefficients:

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t)	
(Intercept)	8.261e-02	1.609e-02	5.133	2.95e-07	***
civilian_wounded	2.429e-01	1.443e-02	16.830	< 2e-16	***
afi	-1.546e-03	2.424e-01	-0.006	0.99491	
long_guns_seized	-1.325e-02	8.281e-03	-1.600	0.10965	
army	-6.916e-02	2.680e-02	-2.581	0.00989	**
navy	-6.597e-02	7.541e-02	-0.875	0.38168	
federal_police	-6.770e-02	3.854e-02	-1.757	0.07905	.
cartridge_seized	4.453e-05	4.665e-05	0.955	0.33982	
small_arms_seized	5.283e-03	8.933e-03	0.591	0.55428	
clips_seized	-4.583e-05	2.152e-04	-0.213	0.83138	
afi:long_guns_seized	2.390e-02	3.770e-02	0.634	0.52616	
long_guns_seized:army	1.715e-02	8.709e-03	1.969	0.04898	*
long_guns_seized:navy	7.487e-04	2.029e-02	0.037	0.97056	
long_guns_seized:federal_police	4.525e-02	9.165e-03	4.938	8.15e-07	***
afi:cartridge_seized	1.107e-03	1.502e-03	0.737	0.46112	
army:cartridge_seized	-5.072e-05	4.721e-05	-1.074	0.28273	
navy:cartridge_seized	-2.304e-06	8.312e-05	-0.028	0.97789	
federal_police:cartridge_seized	-1.480e-04	5.302e-05	-2.791	0.00528	**

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

Residual standard error: 0.8245 on 5377 degrees of freedom

(1 observation deleted due to missingness)

Multiple R-squared: 0.05813, Adjusted R-squared: 0.05515

F-statistic: 19.52 on 17 and 5377 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16

> beta

(Intercept)	civilian_wounded	afi
8.261358e-02	2.428554e-01	-1.546373e-03
long_guns_seized	army	navy
-1.325039e-02	-6.916390e-02	-6.597214e-02
federal_police	cartridge_seized	small_arms_seized
-6.769867e-02	4.453465e-05	5.283071e-03
clips_seized	afi:long_guns_seized	long_guns_seized:army
-4.582963e-05	2.389981e-02	1.715055e-02
long_guns_seized:navy	long_guns_seized:federal_police	afi:cartridge_seized
7.487290e-04	4.525178e-02	1.106924e-03
army:cartridge_seized	navy:cartridge_seized	federal_police:cartridge_seized
-5.072247e-05	-2.303659e-06	-1.479664e-04

```

> var
      (Intercept)      civilian_wounded      afi
      2.590079e-04      2.082337e-04      5.877050e-02
long_guns_seized      army      navy
      6.857972e-05      7.183186e-04      5.686204e-03
federal_police      cartridge_seized      small_arms_seized
      1.485331e-03      2.176457e-09      7.980277e-05
clips_seized      afi:long_guns_seized      long_guns_seized:army
      4.632127e-08      1.421409e-03      7.585000e-05
long_guns_seized:navy long_guns_seized:federal_police      afi:cartridge_seized
      4.116668e-04      8.399511e-05      2.255421e-06
army:cartridge_seized      navy:cartridge_seized federal_police:cartridge_seized
      2.229145e-09      6.908935e-09      2.811342e-09

```

5 seized long guns increase the expected number of dead in events that involve the federal police by 0.16 [0.07, 0.25]

0 seized long guns produce an expected number of dead in events that involve the federal police of -0.07 [-0.12, -0.02]

24 seized long guns increase the expected number of dead in events that involve the federal police by 1.02 [0.92, 1.12]

Conclusion

Both questions can be answered through the models highlighted above.

#1

The strongest interaction between long guns seized and the army in relationship to civilian deaths. However, if the amount of long guns seized is controlled to 5, the effect on deaths is insignificant.

In the initial coefficients, the interaction between the long guns seized and federal police stands out as the most significant (.045). However, .045 does not seem like that strong of an effect. The beta coefficient revealed that with every long gun and navy involvement, about .05 more civilians will be killed. This doesn't have much effect until about 24 long guns are seized, which would likely result in one more civilian death. Therefore, if this is the most significant interaction with law enforcement in heavy combat on civilian death, then there is not a strong interaction among any.

#2

When no long guns were seized, the marginal effect on the civilian deaths was very low, revealing that federal police events with no heavy combat do not significantly lower civilian deaths.

I wanted to better understand the marginal effect of long guns seized on civilian deaths during federal police events. My result was that .07% fewer civilians would die if no long guns are seized during the event. Obviously you can't have negative numbers of long guns, so not finding any does not significantly affect civilian deaths.