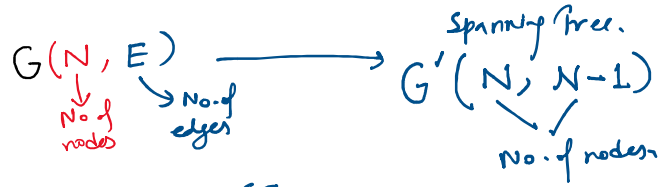


# Spanning Tree -



G

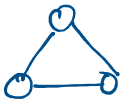
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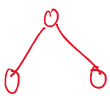
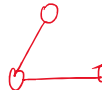
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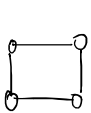
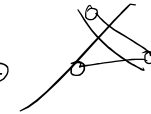
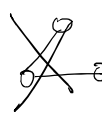
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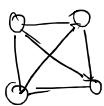
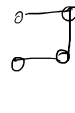
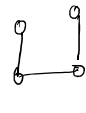
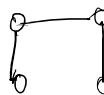
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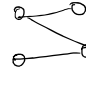
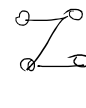
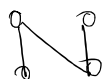
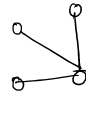
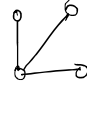
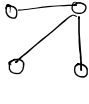
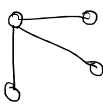
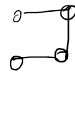
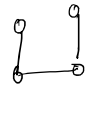
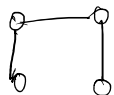
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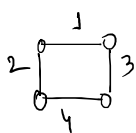
$N=4$



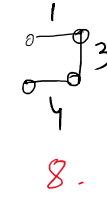
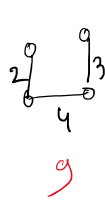
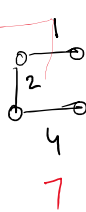
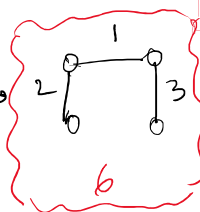
$N=4$



## Minimum Spanning Tree -

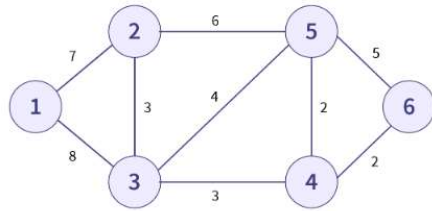


$N=4$



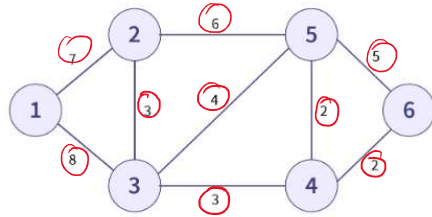
MST

Kruskal's algorithm is a greedy algorithm in graph theory that is used to find the Minimum spanning tree.



Graph G

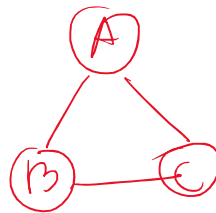
- ✓ Sort all the edges of the graph in ascending order of their weights.
- ✓ Check the edge with minimum weight, if including it in the answer forms a cycle discard it, otherwise include it in the answer.
- Repeat the above step until we have chosen  $V - 1$  edges.



Graph G



Node A	Node B	Weight
5	4	2 ✓
4	6	2 ✓
2	3	3 ✓
3	4	3 ✓
3	5	4 × (cycle)
5	6	5 × (cycle)
2	5	6 × (cycle)
1	2	7 ✓
1	3	8



Minimum Weight = 17.