

L3-EMNIST

September 28, 2020

```
[1]: from google.colab import drive
drive.mount('/content/gdrive',force_remount=True)
```

Mounted at /content/gdrive

```
[9]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

import data

```
[6]: train = pd.read_csv('/content/gdrive/My Drive/Dacon/ComputerVision/' + 'train.
→csv')
train_digit = train['digit'].values
train_letter = train['letter'].values
```

```
[15]: train
```

```
[15]:
```

	id	digit	letter	0	1	2	3	4	...	776	777	778	779	780	781	782
783																
0	1	5	L	1	1	1	4	3	...	0	1	2	4	4	4	3
4																
1	2	0	B	0	4	0	0	4	...	0	1	4	1	4	2	1
2																
2	3	4	L	1	1	2	2	1	...	3	0	2	0	3	0	2
2																
3	4	9	D	1	2	0	2	0	...	2	0	1	4	0	0	1
1																
4	5	6	A	3	0	2	4	0	...	3	2	1	3	4	3	1
2																
...
...																
2043	2044	6	V	2	4	3	4	2	...	2	0	0	1	3	1	4
0																
2044	2045	1	L	3	2	2	1	1	...	4	2	1	2	3	4	1
1																
2045	2046	9	A	4	0	4	0	2	...	1	1	3	4	2	2	0
0																
2046	2047	0	Z	2	3	3	0	3	...	1	1	0	4	1	4	3

```
1
2047 2048      5      Z 4 2 2 1 3 ... 4 0 4 3 2 4 3
4
```

[2048 rows x 787 columns]

to look at the unique values

```
[7]: print('digit : ', np.unique(train_digit))
      print('letter : ', np.unique(train_letter))
```

```
digit : [0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9]
letter : ['A' 'B' 'C' 'D' 'E' 'F' 'G' 'H' 'I' 'J' 'K' 'L' 'M' 'N' 'O' 'P' 'Q'
'R'
'S' 'T' 'U' 'V' 'W' 'X' 'Y' 'Z']
```

see how numbers are hidden

```
[11]: for idx in range(0, 100, 3):
        plt.figure(figsize=(20,30))
        plt.subplot(1,9,1)
        plt.imshow(train_img[idx].reshape(28,28),cmap='gray')
        plt.axis('off')

        plt.title('digit:{} letter:{}'.format(train_digit[idx],
        →train_letter[idx]), loc='left', fontsize=20)

        plt.subplot(1,9,2)
        data = np.where(train_img>=150, train_img, 0)
        plt.imshow(data[idx].reshape(28,28),cmap='gray')
        plt.axis('off')

        plt.subplot(1,9,3)
        plt.imshow(np.zeros((28,28,3))+1,cmap='gray')
        plt.axis('off')

        plt.subplot(1,9,4)
        plt.imshow(train_img[idx+1].reshape(28,28),cmap='gray')
        plt.axis('off')

        plt.title('digit:{} letter:{}'.format(train_digit[idx+1],
        →train_letter[idx+1]), loc='left', fontsize=20)

        plt.subplot(1,9,5)
        data = np.where(train_img>=150, train_img, 0)
        plt.imshow(data[idx+1].reshape(28,28),cmap='gray')
        plt.axis('off')

        plt.subplot(1,9,6)
```

```

plt.imshow(np.zeros((28,28,3))+1,cmap='gray')
plt.axis('off')

plt.subplot(1,9,7)
plt.imshow(train_img[idx+2].reshape(28,28),cmap='gray')
plt.axis('off')

plt.title('digit:{} letter:{}'.format(train_digit[idx+2],
→train_letter[idx+2]), loc='left', fontsize=20)

plt.subplot(1,9,8)
data = np.where(train_img>=150, train_img, 0)
plt.imshow(data[idx+2].reshape(28,28),cmap='gray')
plt.axis('off')

plt.subplot(1,9,9)
plt.imshow(np.zeros((28,28,3))+1,cmap='gray')
plt.axis('off')

plt.show()

```

/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:2: RuntimeWarning: More than 20 figures have been opened. Figures created through the pyplot interface (`matplotlib.pyplot.figure`) are retained until explicitly closed and may consume too much memory. (To control this warning, see the rcParam `figure.max_open_warning`).

digit:5 letter:L



digit:0 letter:B



digit:4 letter:L



digit:9 letter:D



digit:6 letter:A



digit:8 letter:C



digit:1 letter:Q



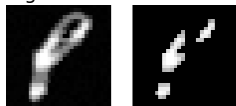
digit:3 letter:M



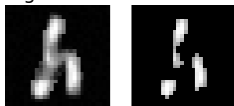
digit:6 letter:F



digit:5 letter:P



digit:0 letter:H



digit:3 letter:D



digit:7 letter:T



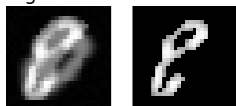
digit:2 letter:K



digit:7 letter:Y



digit:8 letter:0



digit:5 letter:T



digit:7 letter:X



digit:1 letter:Z



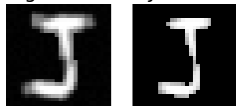
digit:4 letter:K



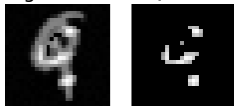
digit:0 letter:S



digit:3 letter:j



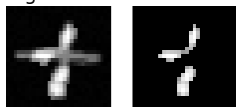
digit:5 letter:Q



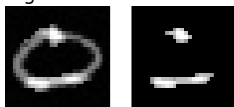
digit:6 letter:G



digit:6 letter:T



digit:2 letter:0



digit:5 letter:A



digit:3 letter:Q



digit:8 letter:V



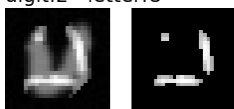
digit:3 letter:M



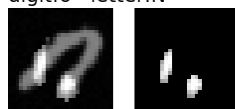
digit:6 letter:B



digit:2 letter:U



digit:6 letter:N



digit:8 letter:P



digit:5 letter:G



digit:5 letter:T



digit:7 letter:F



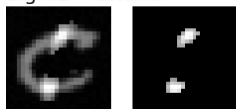
digit:2 letter:O



digit:6 letter:G



digit:1 letter:C



digit:9 letter:T



digit:4 letter:Y



digit:8 letter:B



digit:1 letter:V



digit:0 letter:K



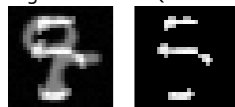
digit:7 letter:G



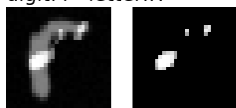
digit:9 letter:M



digit:5 letter:Q



digit:4 letter:R



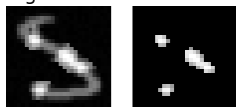
digit:0 letter:L



digit:6 letter:S



digit:4 letter:S



digit:2 letter:Y



digit:8 letter:B



digit:8 letter:Y



digit:0 letter:Q



digit:7 letter:T



digit:7 letter:A



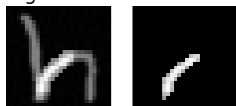
digit:5 letter:U



digit:5 letter:V



digit:1 letter:H



digit:6 letter:G



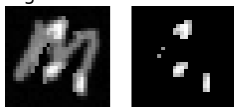
digit:3 letter:0



digit:4 letter:Z



digit:6 letter:M



digit:6 letter:Q



digit:5 letter:H



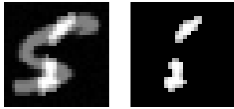
digit:8 letter:P



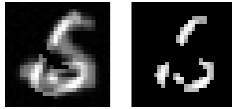
digit:8 letter:Y



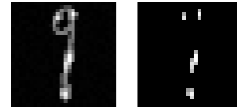
digit:1 letter:S



digit:6 letter:S



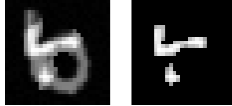
digit:8 letter:Q



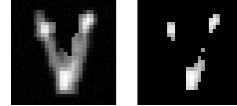
digit:6 letter:Q



digit:4 letter:B



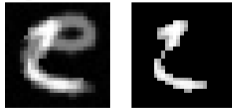
digit:7 letter:V



digit:3 letter:D



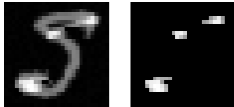
digit:2 letter:E



digit:9 letter:M



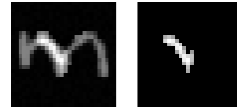
digit:5 letter:S



digit:3 letter:J



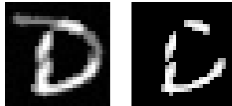
digit:5 letter:M



digit:0 letter:K



digit:6 letter:D



digit:3 letter:Y



```
[22]: from tensorflow.keras.utils import to_categorical
```

```
[42]: def show_10_imgs(imgs, labels = [False]):
    plt.figure(figsize=(20, 5))
    for i in range(10):
        ax = plt.subplot(2, 10, i + 1)
        plt.imshow(imgs[i])
        if labels[0]:
```



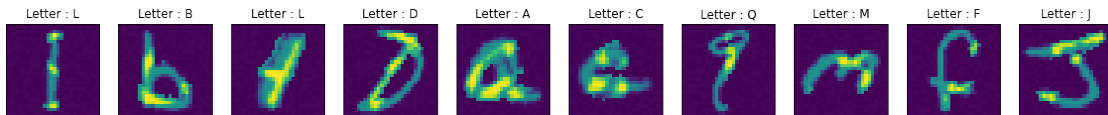
```

        letter = labels[i]
        ax.set_title(f'Letter : {letter}')
        ax.get_xaxis().set_visible(False)
        ax.get_yaxis().set_visible(False)

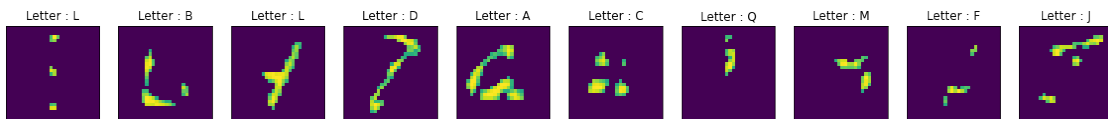
```

```
plt.show()
```

```
[43]: X = train.iloc[:,3:].values.reshape((-1,28,28))
      show_10_imgs(X,train_letter) #
```

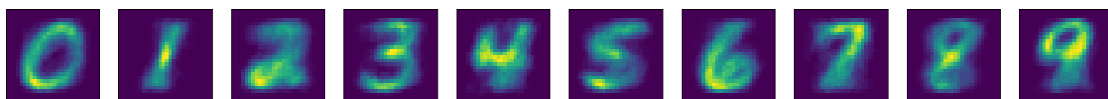


```
[44]: X = X / 255.
      threshold = 0.6
      X[X < threshold] = 0
      show_10_imgs(X,train_letter)
```

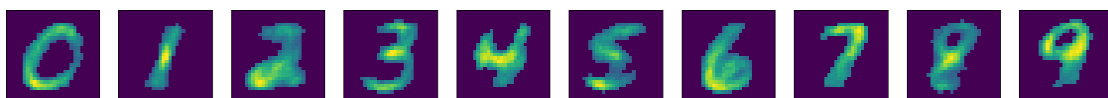


```
[45]: digit_ref = np.zeros((10, 28, 28))
      for (idx, digit) in enumerate(train_digit):
          digit = np.argmax(to_categorical(digit,10))
          digit_ref[digit] += X[idx]

      digit_ref = digit_ref / np.max(digit_ref)
      show_10_imgs(digit_ref)
```



```
[46]: digit_ref[digit_ref < 0.25] = 0
      show_10_imgs(digit_ref)
```



```
[47]: digit_ref[digit_ref != 0] = 1  
      show_10_imgs(digit_ref)
```

