

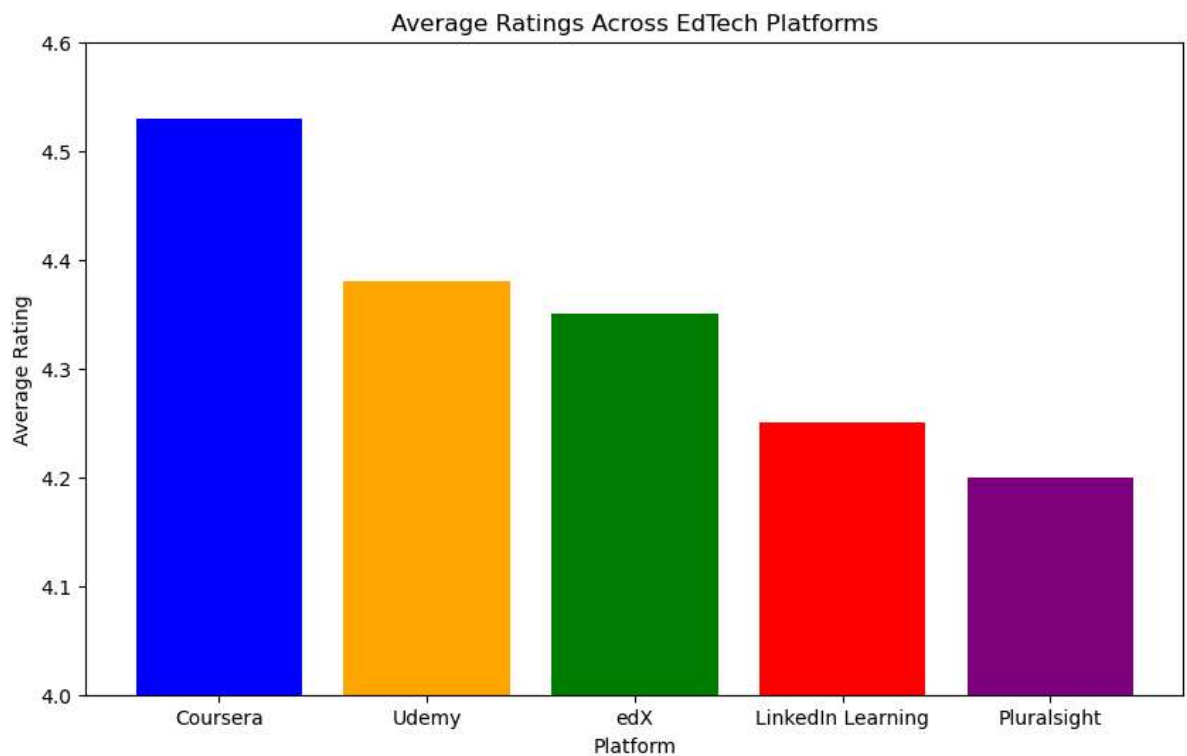
Report topic : Customer Sentiment and User Experience Analysis of EdTech platforms like Coursera, Udemy, edX, LinkedIn Learning, and Pluralsight. (Data Visualization and analysis porocess) Repoprt by : Anumoy Modak, MR Analyst. Organization : Quantuva Technology. Date: 10/08/2024.

### 1. Bar Chart: Average Ratings Across Platforms:

```
In [ ]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Data from the table
platforms = ['Coursera', 'Udemy', 'edX', 'LinkedIn Learning', 'Pluralsight']
average_ratings = [4.53, 4.38, 4.35, 4.25, 4.20]

# Plotting the bar chart
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
plt.bar(platforms, average_ratings, color=['blue', 'orange', 'green', 'red', 'purple'])
plt.title('Average Ratings Across EdTech Platforms')
plt.xlabel('Platform')
plt.ylabel('Average Rating')
plt.ylim(4.0, 4.6)
plt.show()
```



### 1. Stacked Bar Chart: Detailed Ratings by Platform

```
In [ ]: import numpy as np

# Detailed ratings from the table
trustpilot_ratings = [4.3, 4.0, 4.2, 4.1, 4.0]
g2_ratings = [4.5, 4.4, 4.3, 4.2, 4.1]
google_play_ratings = [4.6, 4.5, 4.4, 4.3, 4.3]
apple_app_store_ratings = [4.7, 4.6, 4.5, 4.4, 4.4]

# Bar positions
```

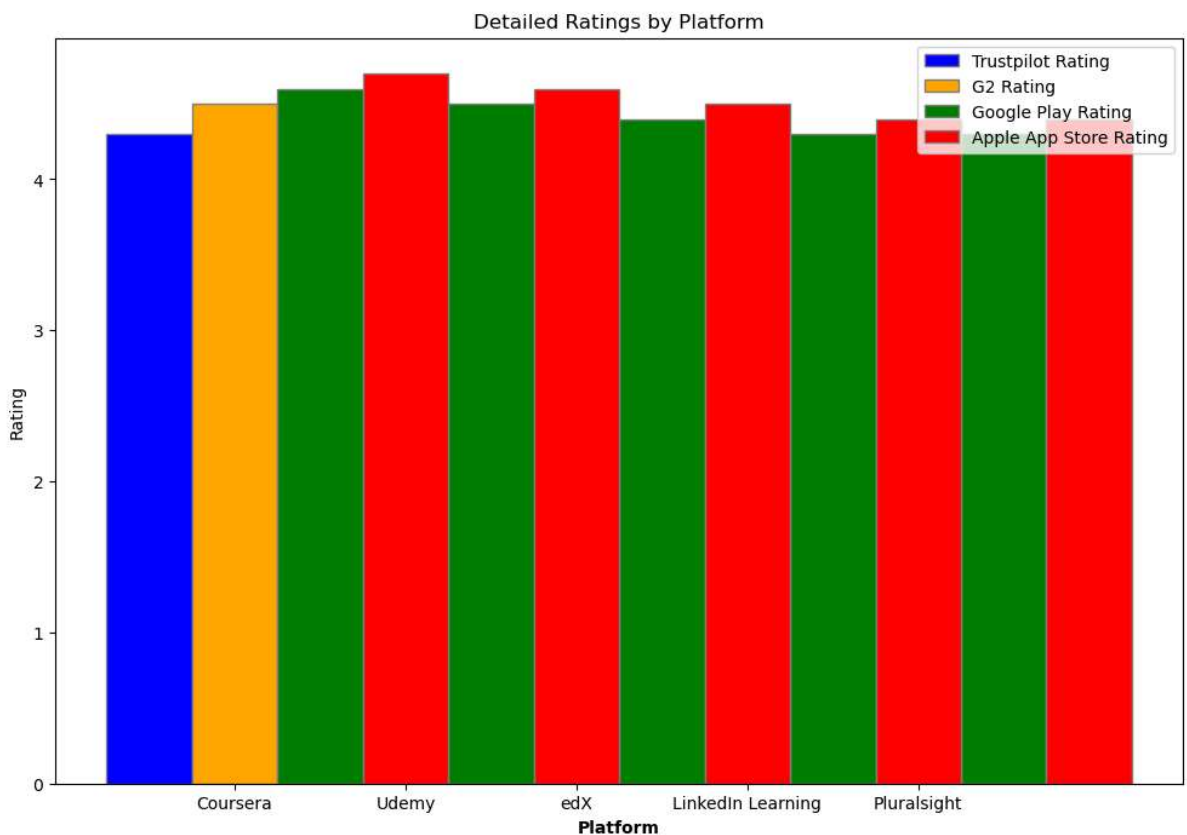
```

bar_width = 0.5
r1 = np.arange(len(platforms))
r2 = [x + bar_width for x in r1]
r3 = [x + bar_width for x in r2]
r4 = [x + bar_width for x in r3]

# Plotting the stacked bar chart
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 8))
plt.bar(r1, trustpilot_ratings, color='blue', width=bar_width, edgecolor='grey', label='Trustpilot Rating')
plt.bar(r2, g2_ratings, color='orange', width=bar_width, edgecolor='grey', label='G2 Rating')
plt.bar(r3, google_play_ratings, color='green', width=bar_width, edgecolor='grey', label='Google Play Rating')
plt.bar(r4, apple_app_store_ratings, color='red', width=bar_width, edgecolor='grey', label='Apple App Store Rating')

plt.xlabel('Platform', fontweight='bold')
plt.xticks([r + bar_width for r in range(len(platforms))], platforms)
plt.title('Detailed Ratings by Platform')
plt.ylabel('Rating')
plt.legend()
plt.show()

```



### 1. Bar Chart: Ratings Comparison Across Platforms:

```

In [ ]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np

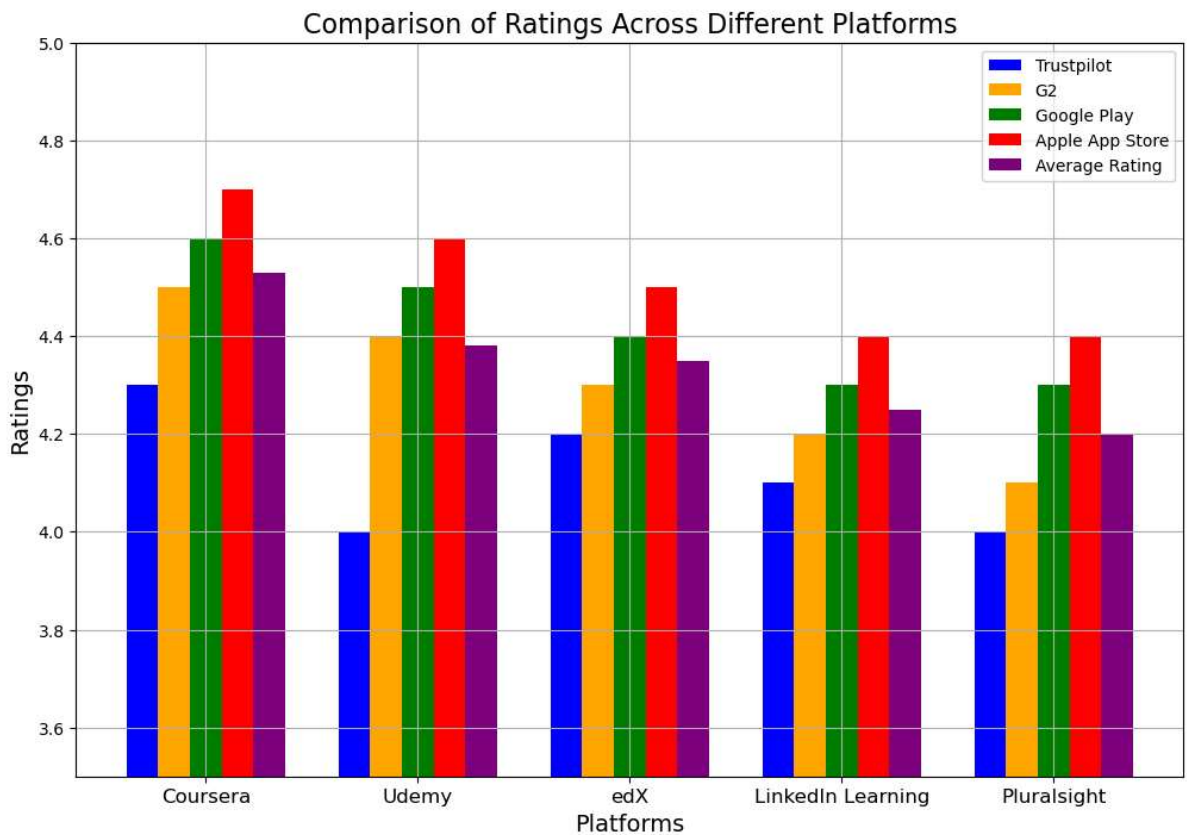
# Data for visualization
platforms = ['Coursera', 'Udemy', 'edX', 'LinkedIn Learning', 'Pluralsight']
trustpilot_ratings = [4.3, 4.0, 4.2, 4.1, 4.0]
g2_ratings = [4.5, 4.4, 4.3, 4.2, 4.1]
google_play_ratings = [4.6, 4.5, 4.4, 4.3, 4.3]
apple_app_store_ratings = [4.7, 4.6, 4.5, 4.4, 4.4]
average_ratings = [4.53, 4.38, 4.35, 4.25, 4.2]

# Bar width
bar_width = 0.15
index = np.arange(len(platforms))

```

```
# Plotting the bar chart
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 8))
plt.bar(index, trustpilot_ratings, bar_width, label='Trustpilot', color='blue')
plt.bar(index + bar_width, g2_ratings, bar_width, label='G2', color='orange')
plt.bar(index + 2 * bar_width, google_play_ratings, bar_width, label='Google Play',
plt.bar(index + 3 * bar_width, apple_app_store_ratings, bar_width, label='Apple App
plt.bar(index + 4 * bar_width, average_ratings, bar_width, label='Average Rating',

# Adding labels and title
plt.xlabel('Platforms', fontsize=14)
plt.ylabel('Ratings', fontsize=14)
plt.title('Comparison of Ratings Across Different Platforms', fontsize=16)
plt.xticks(index + 2 * bar_width, platforms, fontsize=12)
plt.ylim(3.5, 5)
plt.legend()
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
```



### 1. Bar Chart: Sentiment Distribution Across Platforms:

```
In [ ]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np

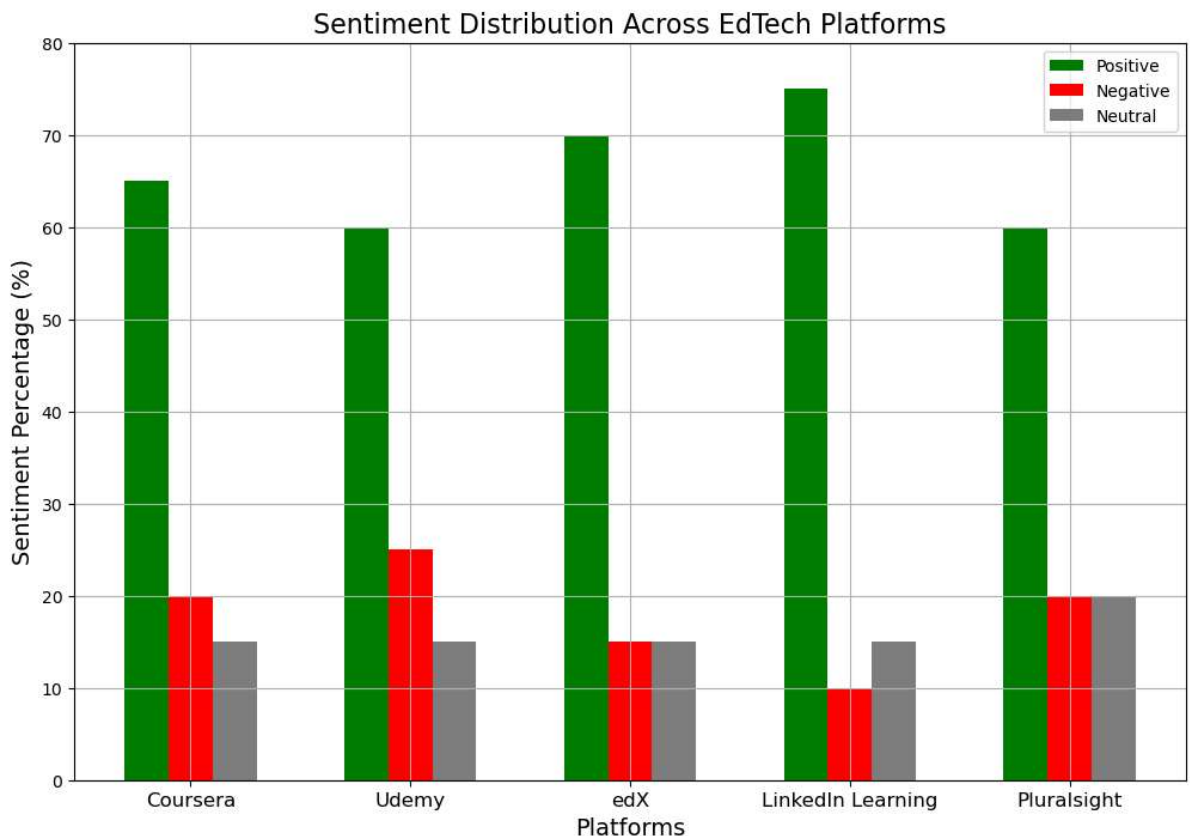
# Data for visualization
platforms = ['Coursera', 'Udemy', 'edX', 'LinkedIn Learning', 'Pluralsight']
positive = [65, 60, 70, 75, 60]
negative = [20, 25, 15, 10, 20]
neutral = [15, 15, 15, 15, 20]

# Bar width
bar_width = 0.2
index = np.arange(len(platforms))

# Plotting the bar chart
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 8))
```

```
plt.bar(index, positive, bar_width, label='Positive', color='green')
plt.bar(index + bar_width, negative, bar_width, label='Negative', color='red')
plt.bar(index + 2 * bar_width, neutral, bar_width, label='Neutral', color='gray')

# Adding Labels and title
plt.xlabel('Platforms', fontsize=14)
plt.ylabel('Sentiment Percentage (%)', fontsize=14)
plt.title('Sentiment Distribution Across EdTech Platforms', fontsize=16)
plt.xticks(index + bar_width, platforms, fontsize=12)
plt.ylim(0, 80)
plt.legend()
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
```



### 1. Line Chart: Sentiment Distribution Across Platforms:

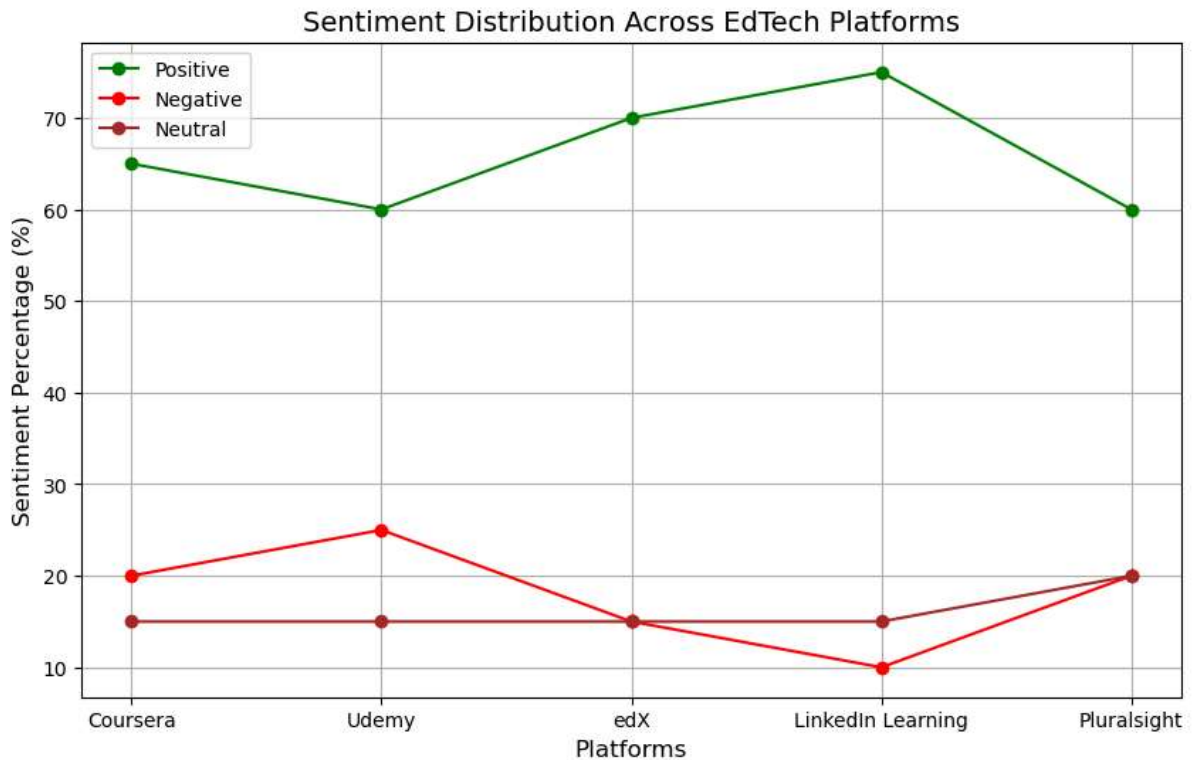
```
In [ ]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Data for visualization
platforms = ['Coursera', 'Udemy', 'edX', 'LinkedIn Learning', 'Pluralsight']
positive = [65, 60, 70, 75, 60]
negative = [20, 25, 15, 10, 20]
neutral = [15, 15, 15, 15, 20]

# Plotting the Line graph
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
plt.plot(platforms, positive, marker='o', linestyle='--', color='green', label='Positive')
plt.plot(platforms, negative, marker='o', linestyle='--', color='red', label='Negative')
plt.plot(platforms, neutral, marker='o', linestyle='--', color='brown', label='Neutral')

# Adding Labels and title
plt.xlabel('Platforms', fontsize=12)
plt.ylabel('Sentiment Percentage (%)', fontsize=12)
plt.title('Sentiment Distribution Across EdTech Platforms', fontsize=14)
plt.legend()
```

```
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
```



1. Correlational analysis between Sentiment distributions and common themes and issues.

```
In [ ]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Data for sentiment analysis
sentiment_data = {
    'Platform': ['Coursera', 'Udemy', 'edX', 'LinkedIn Learning', 'Pluralsight'],
    'Positive (%)': [65, 60, 70, 75, 60],
    'Negative (%)': [20, 25, 15, 10, 20],
    'Neutral (%)': [15, 15, 15, 15, 20]
}

# Data for common themes/issues
themes_data = {
    'Platform': ['Coursera', 'Udemy', 'edX', 'LinkedIn Learning', 'Pluralsight'],
    'Ease of Use': [4.5, 4.3, 4.4, 4.4, 4.3],
    'Content Quality': [4.6, 4.5, 4.4, 4.3, 4.4],
    'Customer Support': [4.2, 4.0, 4.1, 4.3, 4.1],
    'Value for Money': [4.4, 4.3, 4.3, 4.4, 4.3],
    'Instructor Quality': [4.5, 4.4, 4.4, 4.3, 4.4]
}

# Convert to DataFrame
sentiment_df = pd.DataFrame(sentiment_data)
themes_df = pd.DataFrame(themes_data)

# Merge the two DataFrames on Platform
merged_df = pd.merge(sentiment_df, themes_df, on='Platform')

# Calculate the correlation matrix
correlation_matrix = merged_df.drop(columns=['Platform']).corr()
```

```
# Display the correlation matrix
correlation_matrix

# Visualize the correlation matrix using a heatmap
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 8))
sns.heatmap(correlation_matrix, annot=True, cmap='coolwarm', fmt=".2f", linewidths=1)
plt.title('Correlation Matrix between Sentiment Analysis and Common Themes')
plt.show()

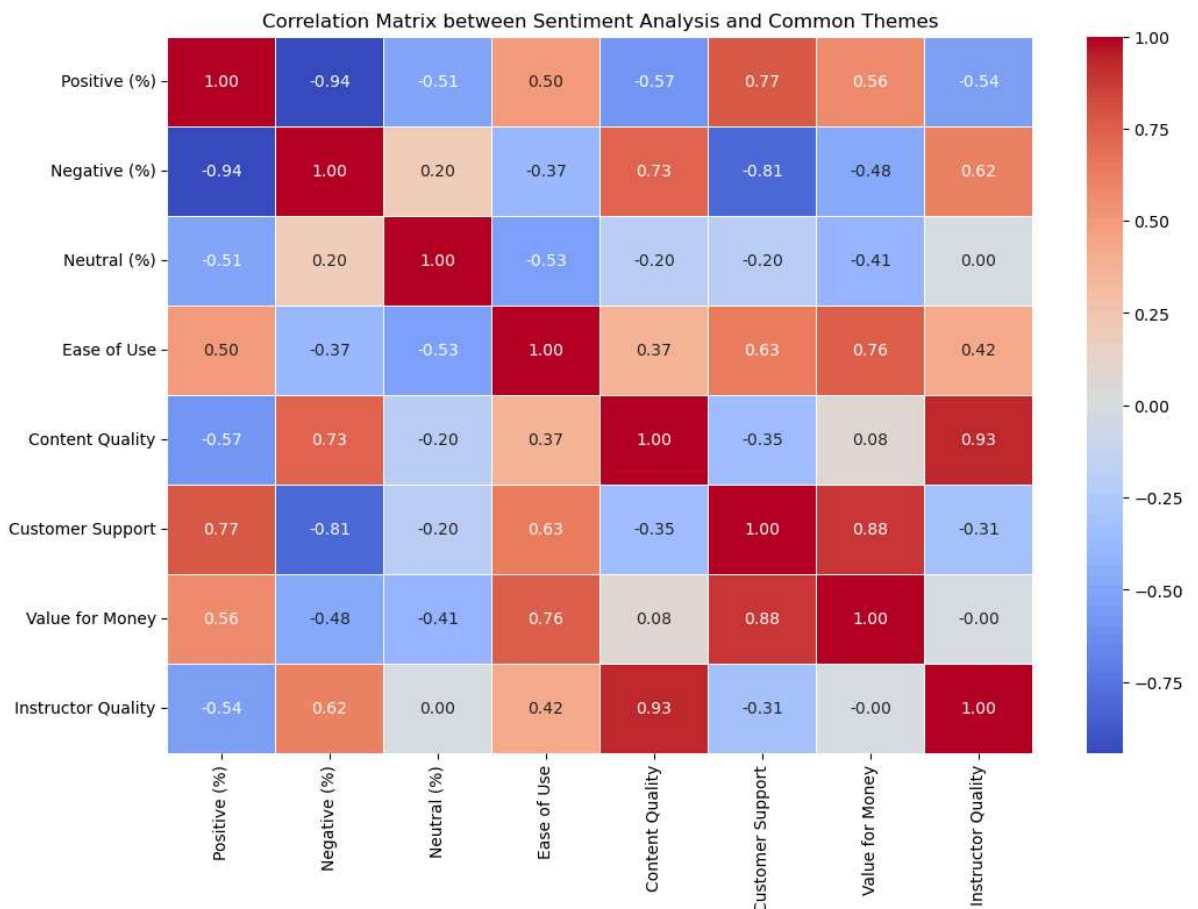
# Scatter plot for each sentiment and common theme
fig, axes = plt.subplots(2, 3, figsize=(15, 10))
fig.suptitle('Scatter Plots of Sentiment vs Common Themes/Issues')

# Positive Sentiment vs Common Themes
sns.regplot(x='Positive (%)', y='Ease of Use', data=merged_df, ax=axes[0, 0], color='blue')
sns.regplot(x='Positive (%)', y='Content Quality', data=merged_df, ax=axes[0, 1], color='red')
sns.regplot(x='Positive (%)', y='Customer Support', data=merged_df, ax=axes[0, 2], color='green')

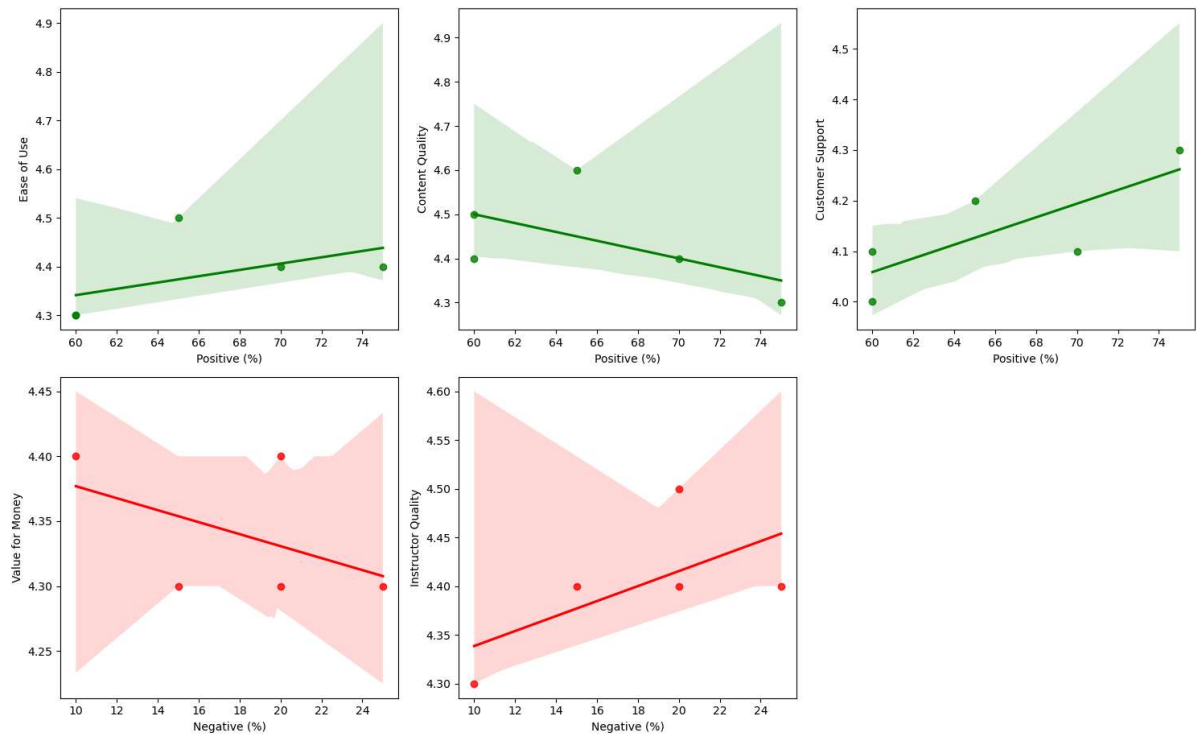
# Negative Sentiment vs Common Themes
sns.regplot(x='Negative (%)', y='Value for Money', data=merged_df, ax=axes[1, 0], color='blue')
sns.regplot(x='Negative (%)', y='Instructor Quality', data=merged_df, ax=axes[1, 1], color='red')

# Remove the empty subplot
axes[1, 2].axis('off')

# Adjust layout
plt.tight_layout(rect=[0, 0, 1, 0.96])
plt.show()
```



Scatter Plots of Sentiment vs Common Themes/Issues



### 1. Bar chart: Common Theme Data (Rating out of 5 ):

```
In [ ]: import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Data for common themes/issues
data = {
    'Platform': ['Coursera', 'Udemy', 'edX', 'LinkedIn Learning', 'Pluralsight'],
    'Ease of Use': [4.5, 4.3, 4.4, 4.4, 4.3],
    'Content Quality': [4.6, 4.5, 4.4, 4.3, 4.4],
    'Customer Support': [4.2, 4.0, 4.1, 4.3, 4.1],
    'Value for Money': [4.4, 4.3, 4.3, 4.4, 4.3],
    'Instructor Quality': [4.5, 4.4, 4.4, 4.3, 4.4]
}

# Convert to DataFrame
df = pd.DataFrame(data)

# Set the Platform as the index
df.set_index('Platform', inplace=True)

# Plotting the data
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 8))
df.plot(kind='bar', figsize=(14, 8), width=0.8)

plt.title('Comparison of Common Themes/Issues Across EdTech Platforms', fontsize=16)
plt.ylabel('Ratings', fontsize=14)
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.ylim(3.8, 5)
plt.legend(title='Metrics', bbox_to_anchor=(1.05, 1), loc='upper left')
plt.grid(axis='y', linestyle='--', alpha=0.7)

plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```

<Figure size 1200x800 with 0 Axes>

