

# A History of Logic

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## Aristotle 亚里士多德 (384 ~ 322 B.C.)

The rise of modern formal logic following the work of Frege and Russell brought with it a recognition of the many serious limitations of Aristotle's logic.

However, Aristotle shares with modern logicians a fundamental interest in metatheory:

- His primary goal is not to offer a practical guide to argumentation but to study the properties of inferential systems themselves.

## Deduction

All Aristotle's logic revolves around **deduction** (συλλογισμός).

### Definition: Deduction

A deduction is **speech** (λόγος) in which, certain things having been supposed, something different from those supposed results of necessity because of their being so. (*Prior Analytics* I.2, 24b19-20)

## The Organon

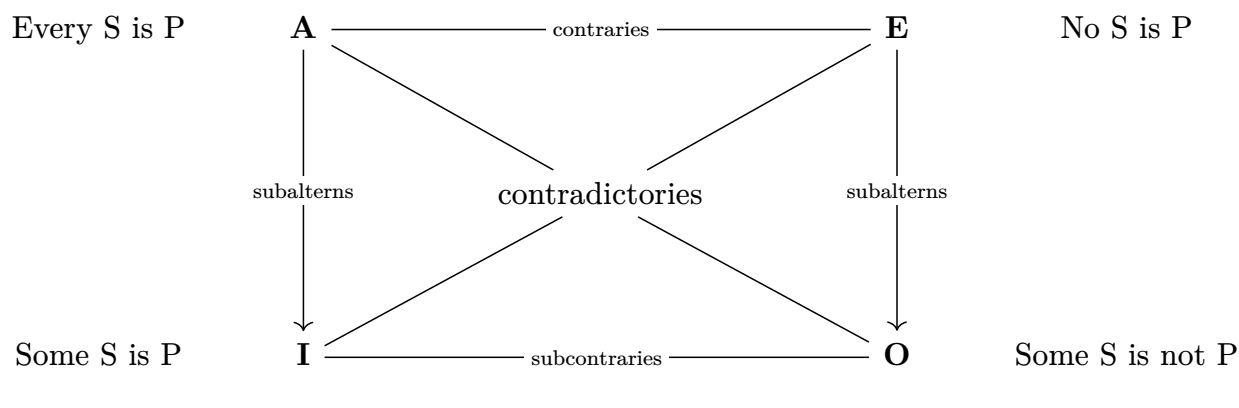
Aristotle's logical works, called the **Organon** are the earliest formal study of logic that have come down to modern times:

- **The Categories** ~ 范畴篇, a study of the ten kinds of primitive terms.
- **On Interpretation** ~ 解释篇, an analysis of simple **categorical propositions** into simple terms, negation, and signs of quantity.
- **The Prior Analytics** ~ 前分析篇, a formal analysis of what makes a **syllogism**.
- **The Posterior Analytics** ~ 后分析篇, a study of **scientific demonstration**, containing Aristotle's mature views on logic.
- **The Topics** ~ 论辩篇, a discussion of **dialectics**.
- **On Sophistical Refutations** ~ 辩谬篇

## The Square of Opposition

The square of opposition is a group of theses embodied in a diagram. The theses concern logical relations among four logical forms:

Name	Form	Title
<b>A</b>	Every $S$ is $P$	Universal Affirmative
<b>E</b>	No $S$ is $P$	Universal Negative
<b>I</b>	Some $S$ is $P$	Particular Affirmative
<b>O</b>	Some $S$ is not $P$	Particular Negative



## Chrysippus (279 ~ 206 B.C.)

Aristotelian logic was what was transmitted to the Arabic and the Latin medieval traditions, while the works of Chrysippus have not survived.

### Connective Logic

- $\cap$ ,  $\wedge$ ,  $\rightarrow$