PROGRAM 4

4)

Sort a given set of n integer elements using Quick Sort method and compute its time complexity. Run the program for varied values of n>5000 and record the time taken to sort. Plot a graph of the time taken versus non graph sheet. The elements can be read from a file or can be generated using the random number generator. Demonstrate using Java how the divide and-conquer method works along with its time complexity analysis: worst case, average case and best case.

```
package labprograms;
import java.util.*;
import java.io.*;
public class p4 {
       staticint[] a;
        staticint size;
        static boolean flag=true;
        void getrn(int a[])throws IOException
       {
                Random random = new Random();
                int n,count=0;
                PrintWriter out=new PrintWriter(new File("Random.txt"));
                while(count<size)
                {
                        n=random.nextInt(size)+1;
                       a[count]=n;
                        out.print(n);
                        out.print("\t");
                        count++;
               }
                out.close();
                System.out.println("The total numbers generated: "+count);
       }
        void sort(int[] a)
       {
                quicksort(a,0,size-1);
       }
```

```
void quicksort(int[] a,int low,int high)
{
        inti=low,j=high;
        int temp;
        int pivot=a[(low+high)/2];
        if (flag)
        {
                while(i<=j)
                {
                        while(a[i]<pivot)
                                 i++;
                        while(a[j]>pivot)
                                 j--;
                        if(i \le j)
                        {
                                 temp=a[i];
                                 a[i]=a[j];
                                 a[j]=temp;
                                 i++;
                                 j--;
                        }
                }
                if(low<j)
                        quicksort(a,low,j);
                if(i<high)
                        quicksort(a,i,high);
        }
        else
        {
                while(i<=j)
                {
                        while(a[i]>pivot)
                                 i++;
                        while(a[j]<pivot)
```

```
j--;
                        if(i \le j)
                        {
                                temp=a[i];
                                a[i]=a[j];
                                a[j]=temp;
                                i++;
                                j--;
                        }
                }
                if(low<j)
                        quicksort(a,low,j);
                if(i<high)
                        quicksort(a,i,high);
        }
}
public static void main(String[] args)throws IOException {
        long st, et;
        Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter the number of elements(>5000): ");
        size=sc.nextInt();
        a=newint[size];
        p4 obj=new p4();
        obj.getrn(a);
        st=System.nanoTime();
        obj.sort(a);
        et=System.nanoTime()-st;
        PrintWriteroutA=new PrintWriter(new File("Ascending.txt"));
        for(inti:a)
        {
                outA.print(i);
                outA.print("\t");
        }
        outA.close();
```

```
System.out.println("The Time Complexity for Worst Case is: "+(et/1000000000.0)+" secs");
       st=System.nanoTime();
        obj.sort(a);
        et=System.nanoTime()-st;
        System.out.println("The Time Complexity for Best Case is: "+(et/1000000000.0)+" secs");
       flag=false;
       st=System.nanoTime();
       obj.sort(a);
        et=System.nanoTime()-st;
        PrintWriter outD=new PrintWriter(new File("Descending.txt"));
       for(inti:a)
       {
               outD.print(i);
               outD.print("\t");
       }
       outD.close();
       System.out.println("The Time Complexity for Average Case is: "+(et/1000000000.0)+" secs");
       sc.close();
}
```

}