

1. Model architecture:結構如下圖

其中:最後一個 layer 輸出通過 Sigmoid function,把輸出的值控制到 0-1 之間;Upsampling 的方法使用雙線性插值法,將 feature map 放大 2倍;而為了提高 model 的 performs,加入了 BatchNorm2d layer,最終訓練 loss 較未加前低,且 model 收斂效果更佳。

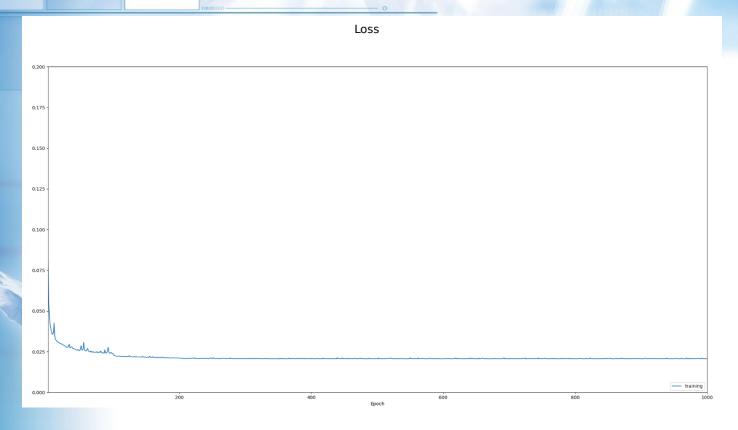
Total params: 40,707 Trainable params: 40,707

Non-trainable params: 0

| Layer (type) | Output Shape | Param # |
|-------------------------------|---|----------------------|
| Conv2d-1 | [1, 64, 26, 26] | 1,792 |
| ReLU-2 | [1, 64, 26, 26] | 0 |
| BatchNorm2d-3 | [1, 64, 26, 26] | 128 |
| MaxPool2d-4 | [1, 64, 13, 13] | 0 |
| Encoder-5 | [1, 64, 13, 13] | 0 |
| ConvTranspose2d-6 | [1, 64, 13, 13] | 36,928 |
| ReLU-7 | [1, 64, 13, 13] | 0 |
| BatchNorm2d-8 | [1, 64, 13, 13] | 128 |
| ConvTranspose2d-9 Decoder-10 | [1, 3, 26, 26] [1, 3, 26, 26] =========== | 1,731 0 ====== |

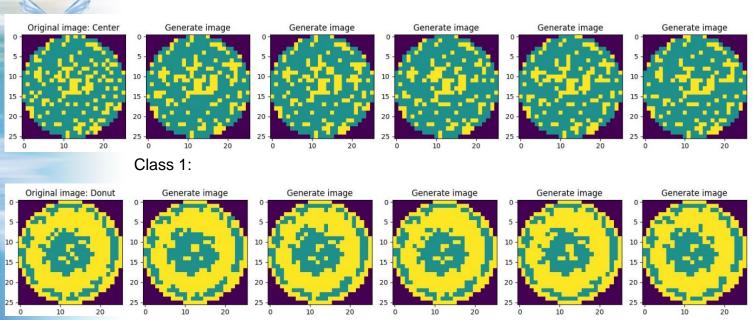
Training loss function:訓練時,考慮到了2個 loss function, Mean square error 和 Binary Cross Entropy,分別使用兩種 loss 訓練,發現 Mean square error 收斂效果較好。

2. Loss curve:



3. 5 generated samples for each class:





Class 7: Original image: Scratch Generate image Generate image Generate image Generate image Generate image 10 15 15 25 Class 8: Generate image Generate image Generate image Generate image Original image: None Generate image

10 15

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