

# Data Storage and Interaction using Magnetized Fabric

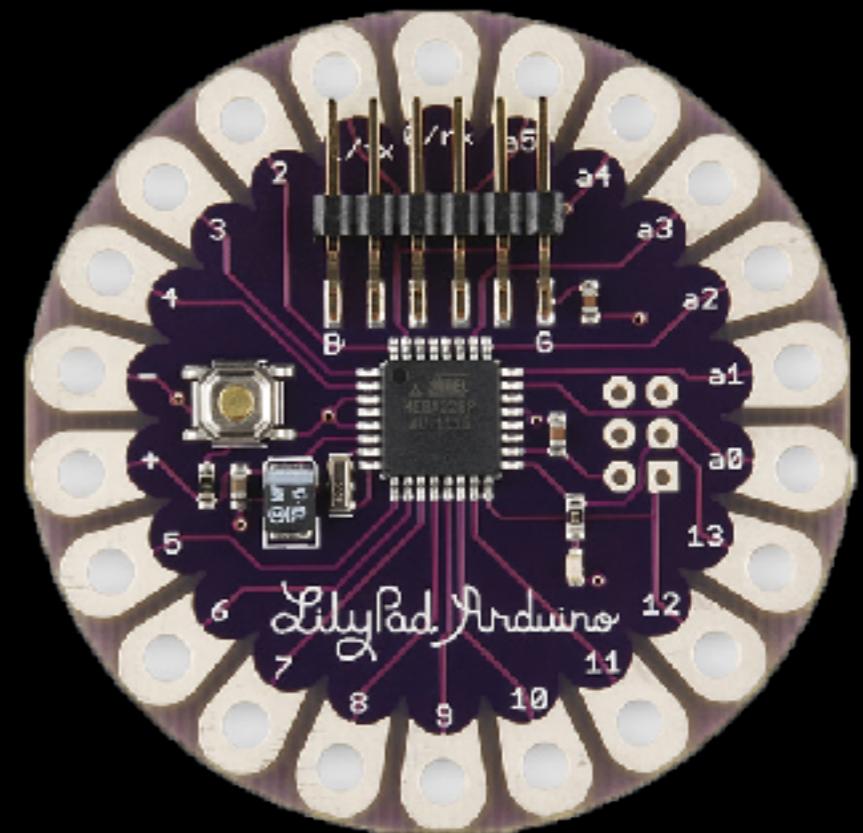
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# Existing approaches

## PROJECT JACQUARD



## LILYPAD ARDUINO



Requires batteries

Can we create a smart fabric  
design without any onboard  
electronics or batteries?



# Smart fabrics without electronics



BATTERY-FREE



WATERPROOF

# Clothes with memory



LJEST

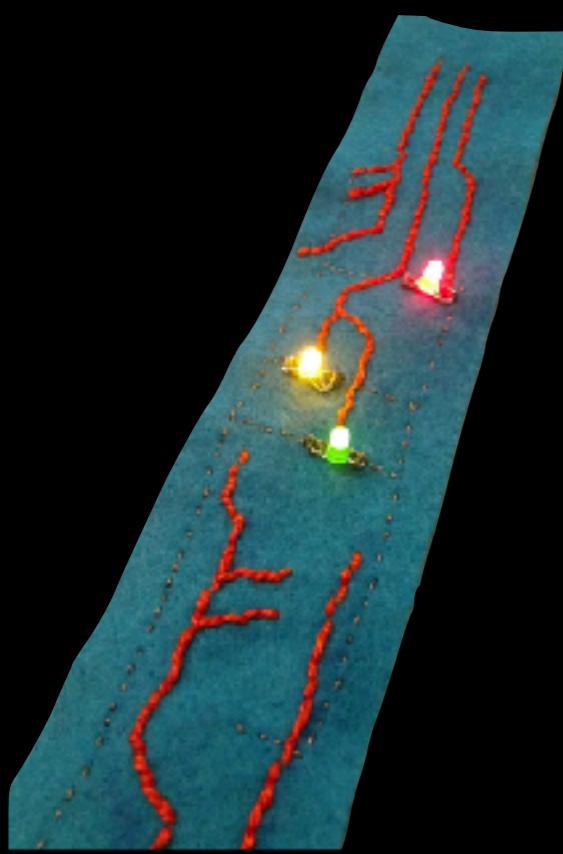
CODES

IMAGES

# Interact with a smartphone in your pocket



# What are conductive threads used for?

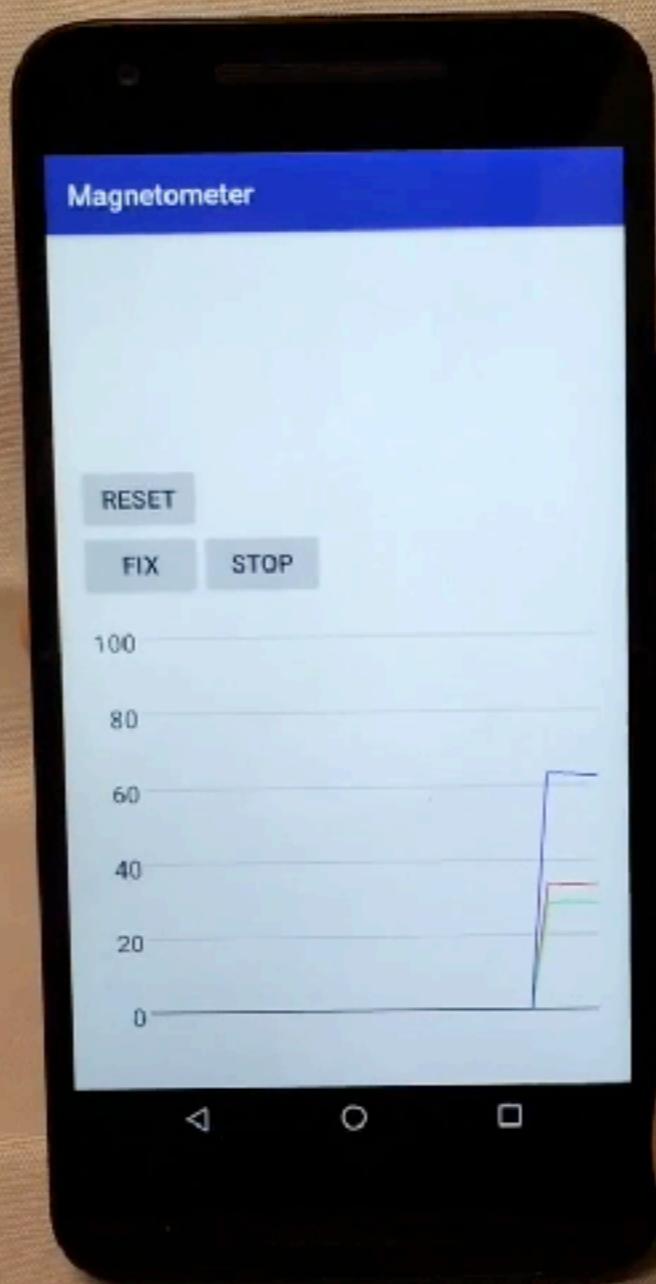


# Key Observation



Leverage magnetic properties of conductive thread

# Smartphones have magnetometers



# Our Contributions

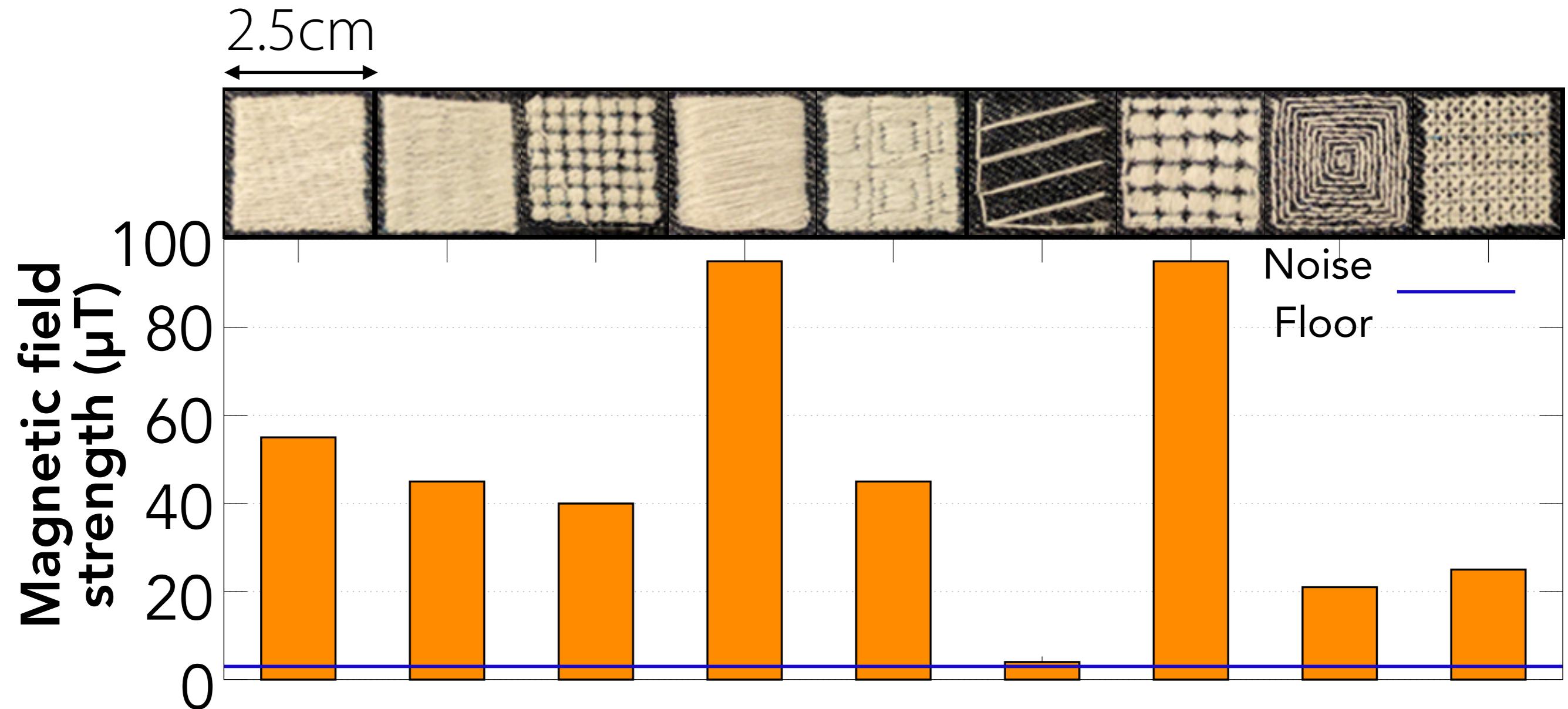
- First to harness the magnetic properties of conductive fabric for interaction
- Provide a detailed characterization of magnetized fabric
- Build electronic-free data storage and gesture recognition applications on fabric

# Characterization of magnetized fabric

# What do we care about?

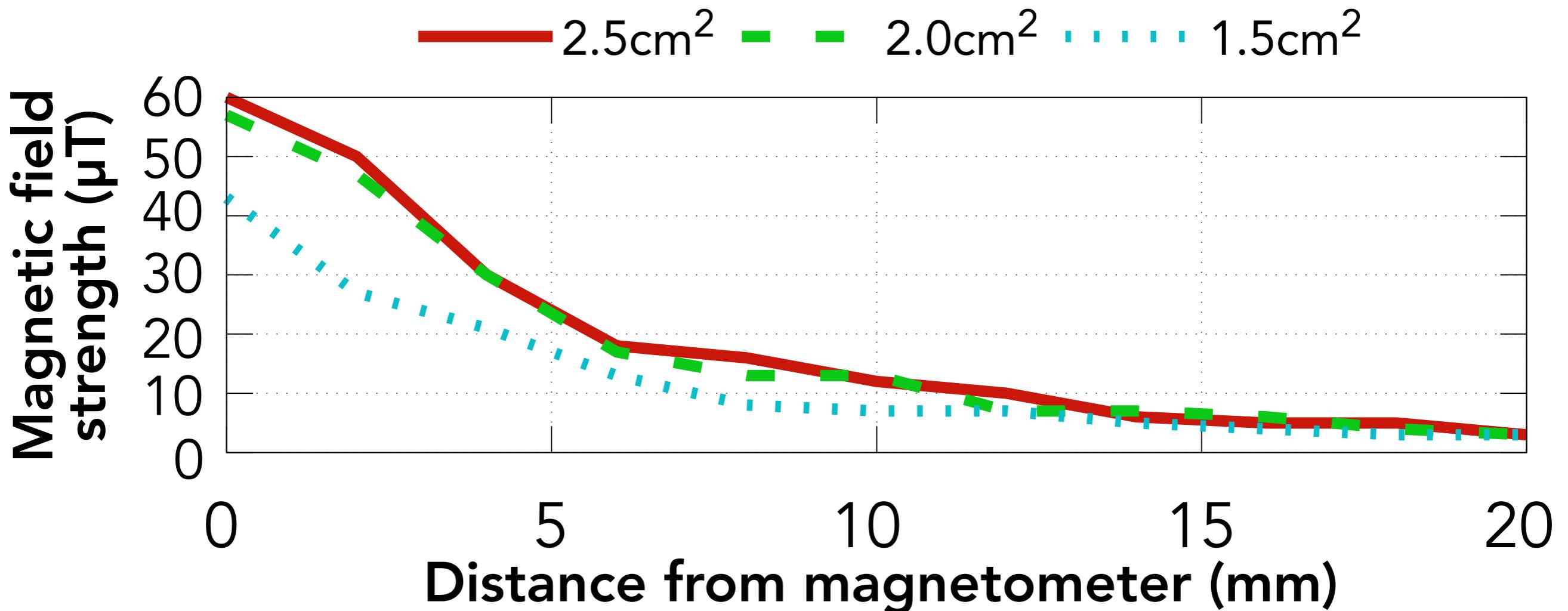
- Embroidery style
- Decay over distance
- Decay over time

# How does embroidery style affect field strength?



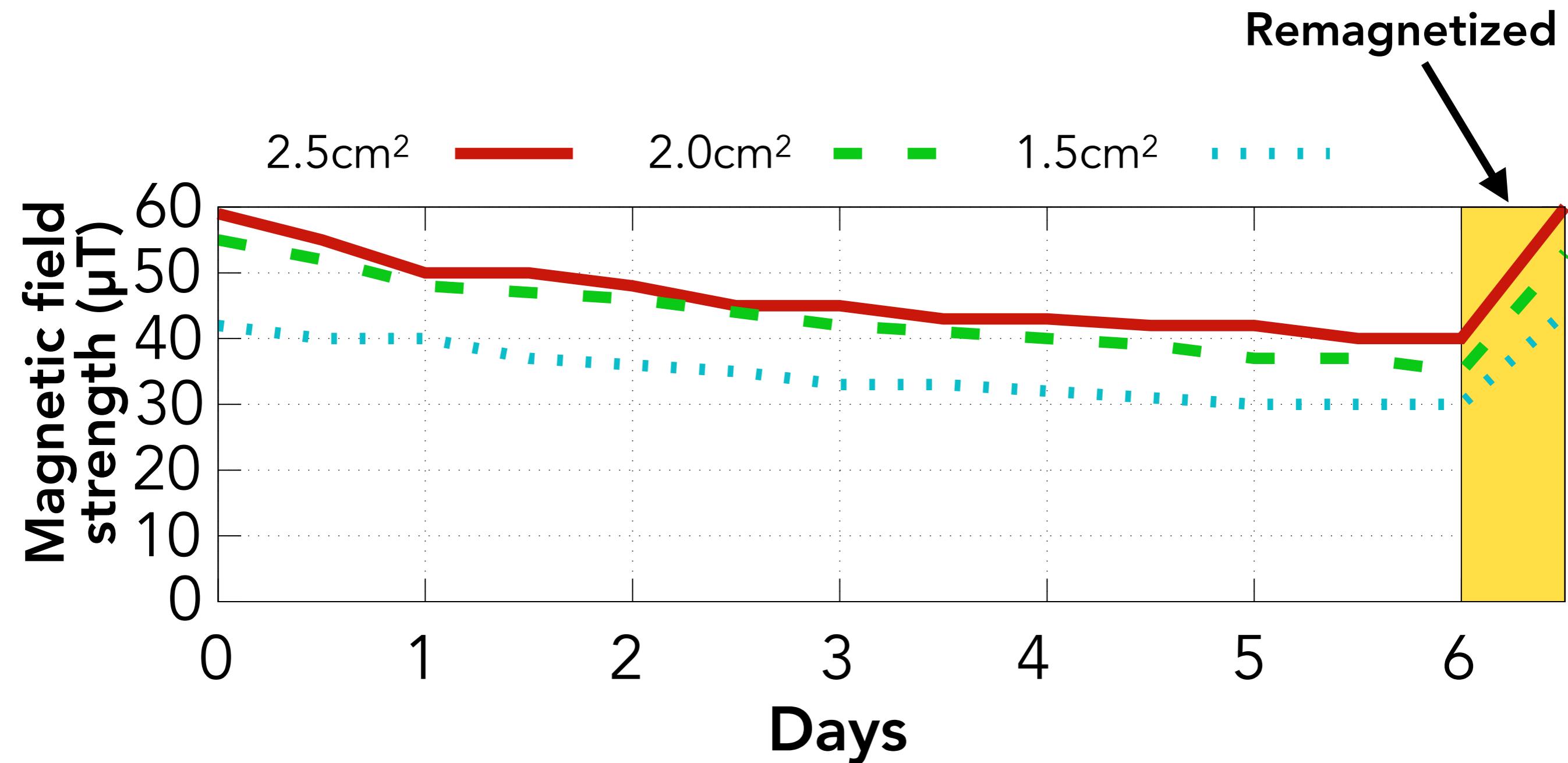
Denser styles have higher field strength

# How does field strength decay over distance?



Works up to distances of 1 cm

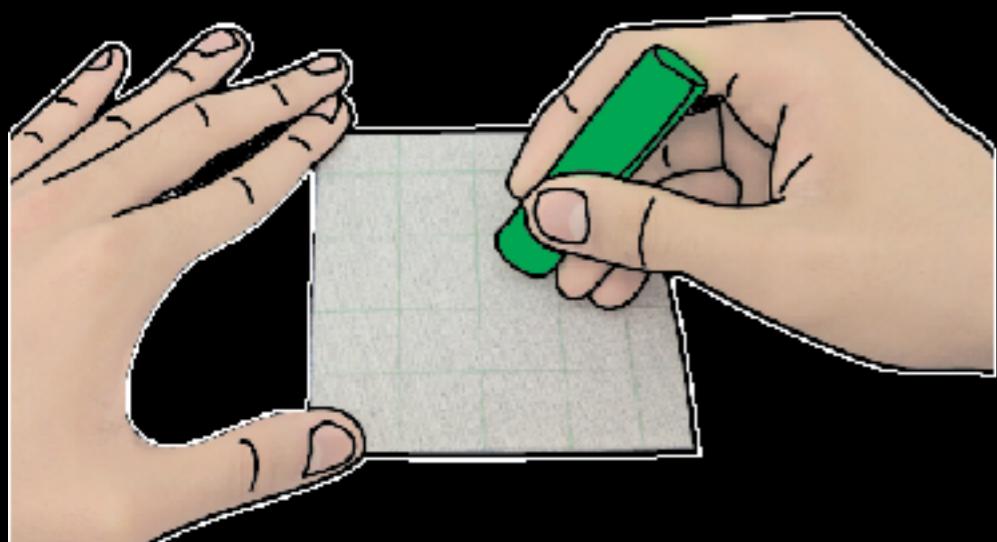
# How does field strength decay over time?



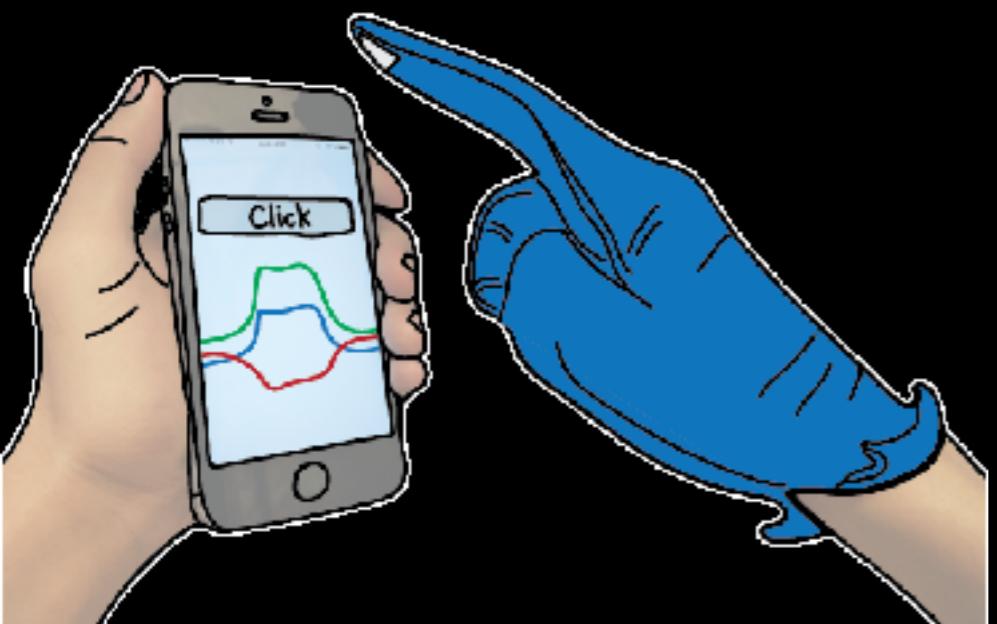
28-36% decrease over a week



DATA STORAGE



EMBEDDING  
INVISIBLE  
IMAGES



GESTURE  
RECOGNITION

# How do we tag clothing?

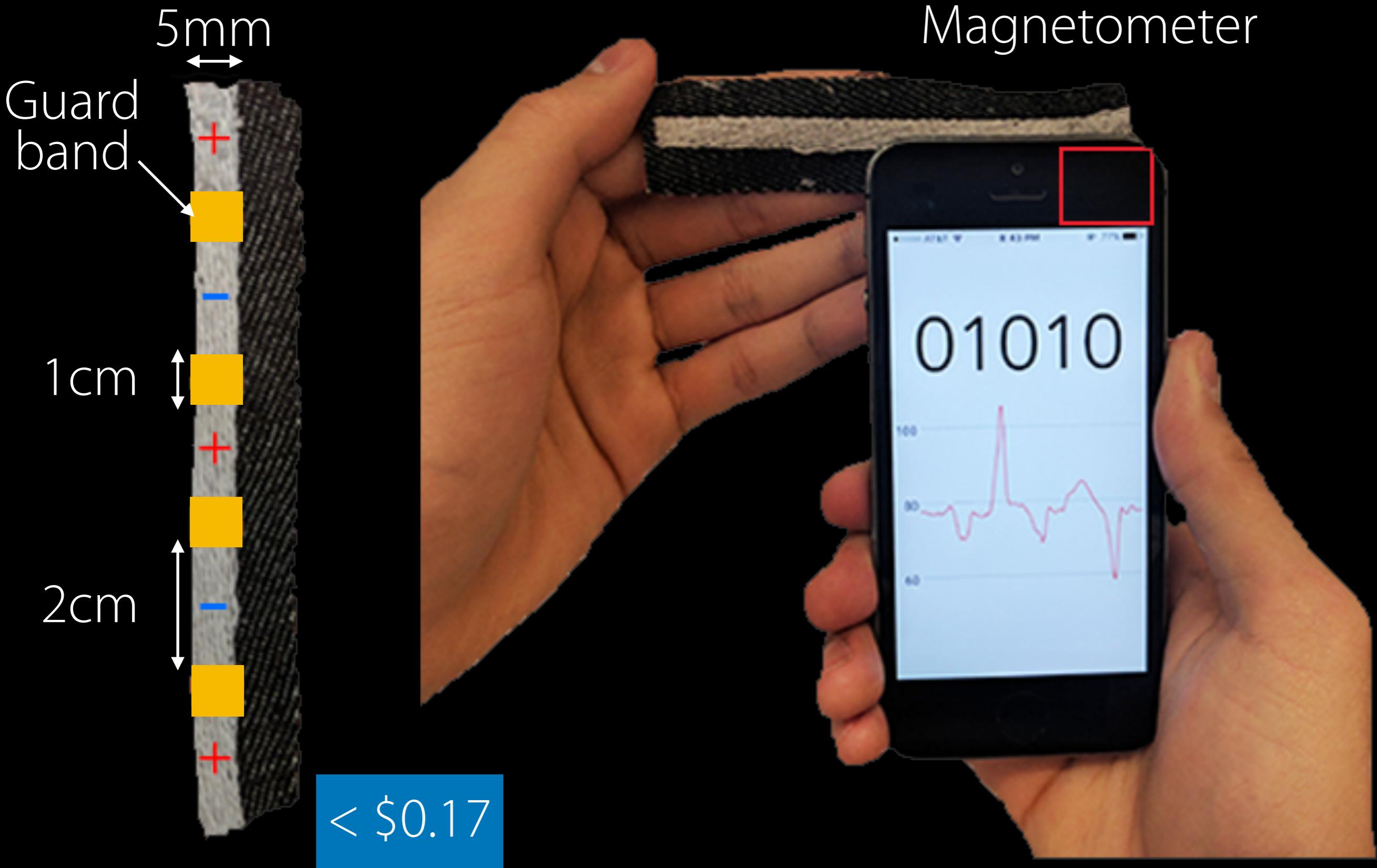


> \$500-\$2000



Unreadable on  
smartphones

# Reading and writing codes



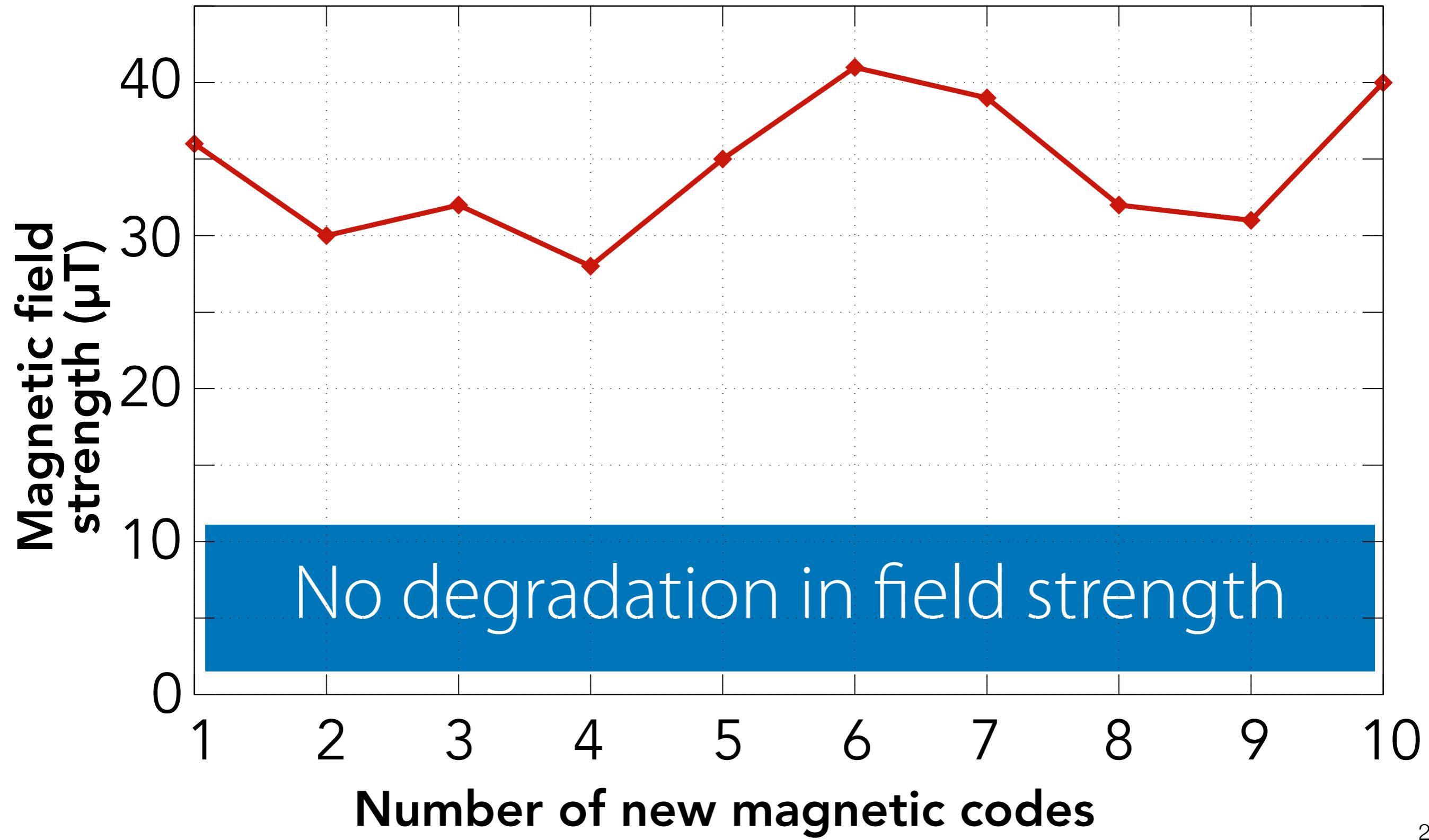
# Reading the tag on a smartphone



# How durable are our tags?

	Change in field strength
Hand wash	11%
Machine wash	5%
Drying	9%
Ironing (160°C)	1%

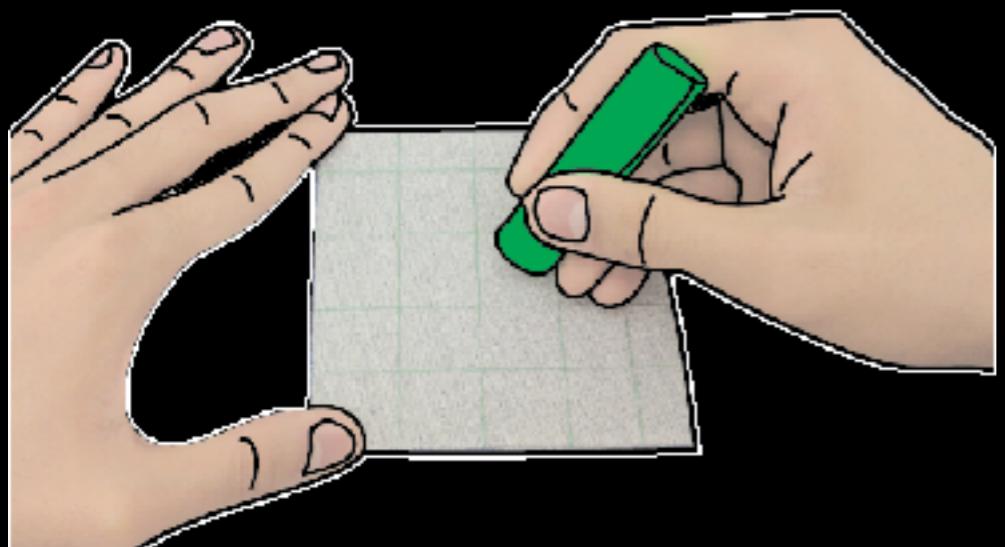
# Are our tags reprogrammable?



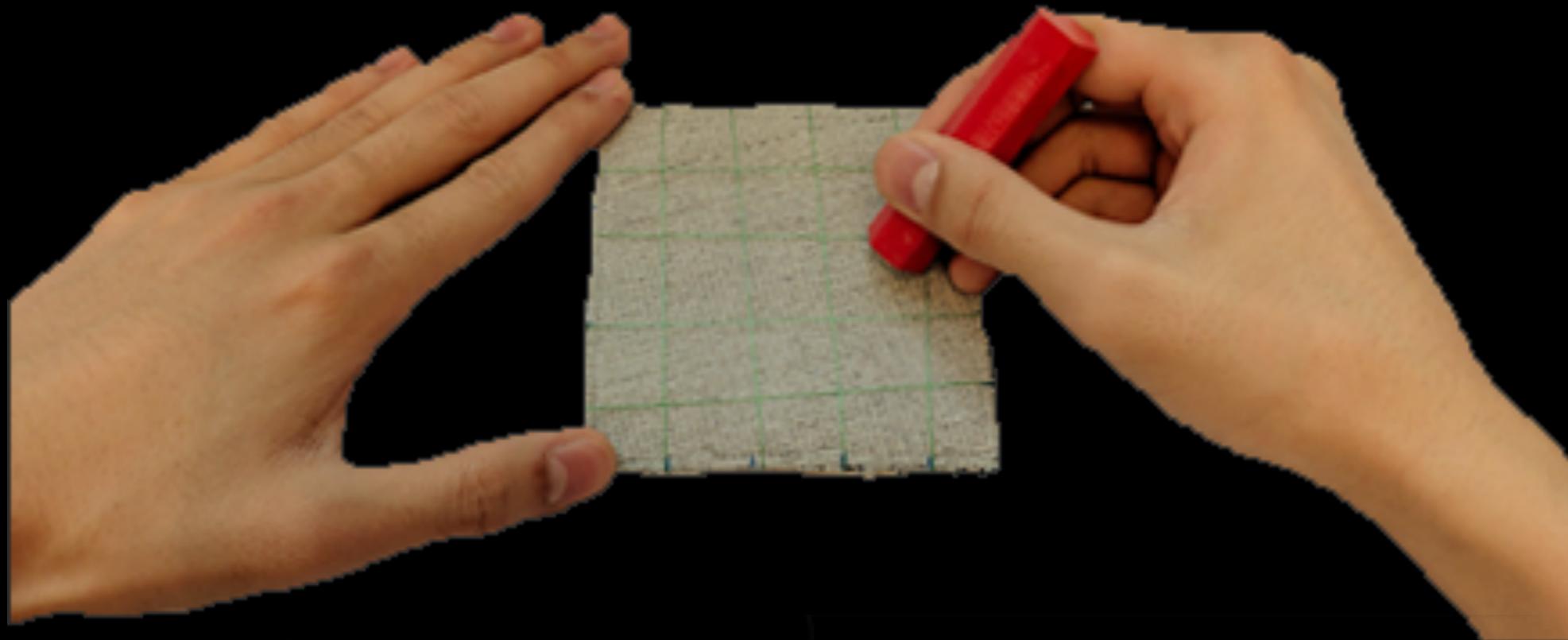
# Fashion accessories with memory



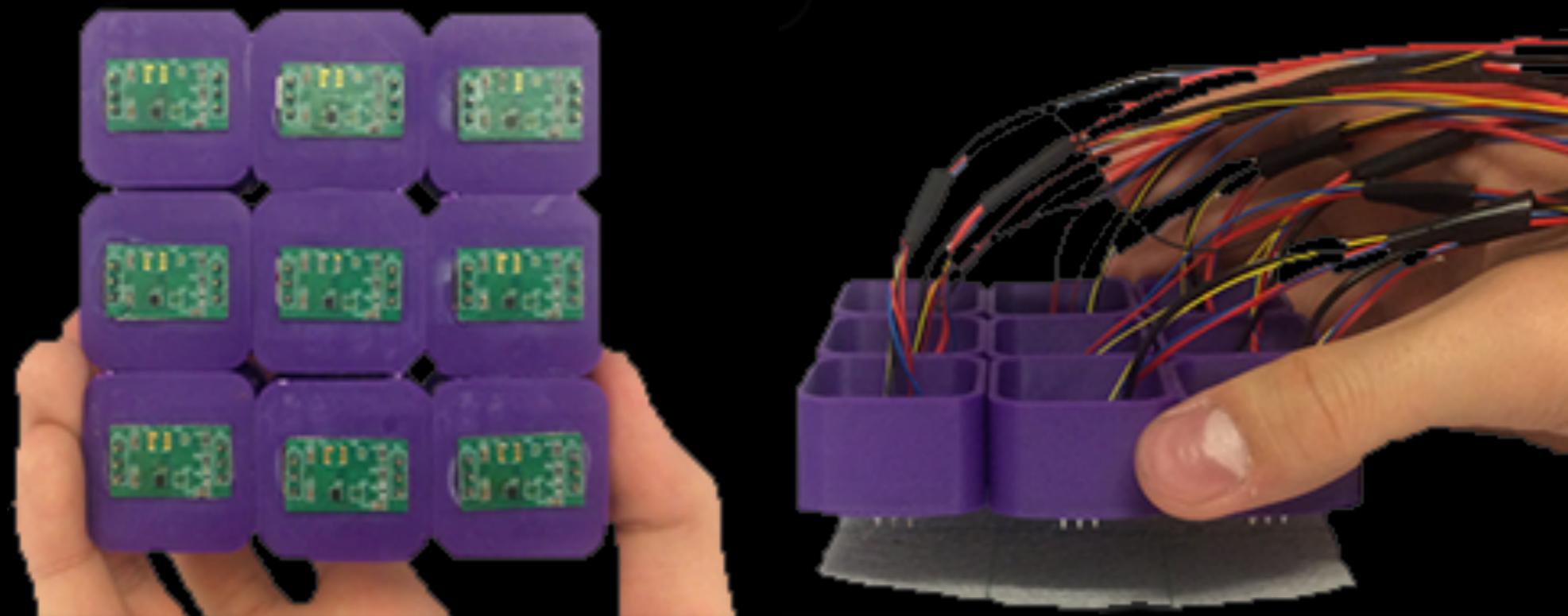
# EMBEDDING INVISIBLE IMAGES



# Drawing and reading images

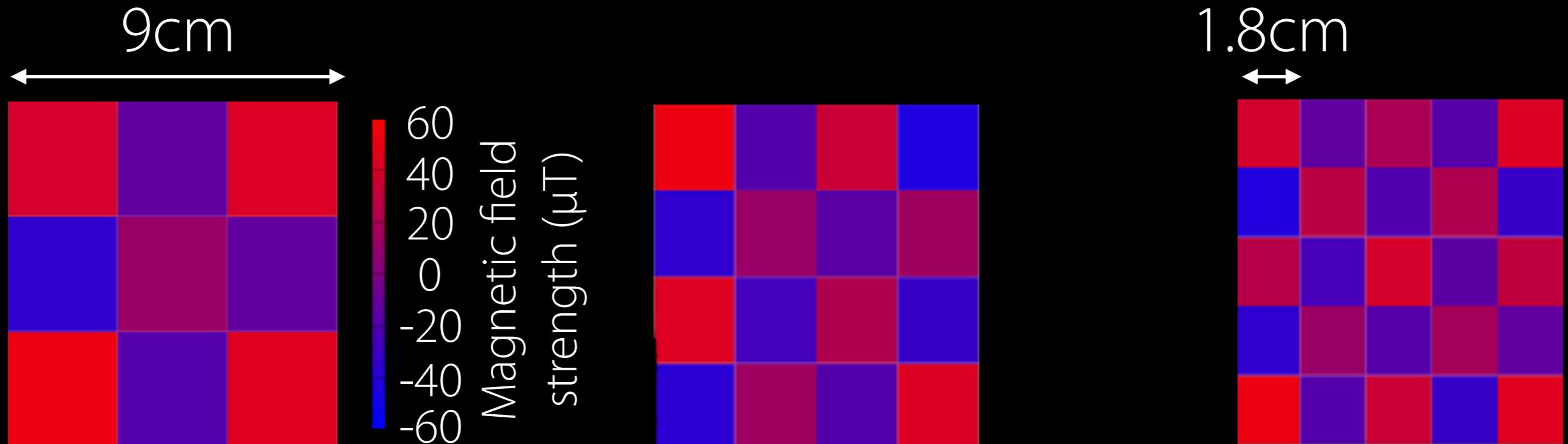


ENCODING



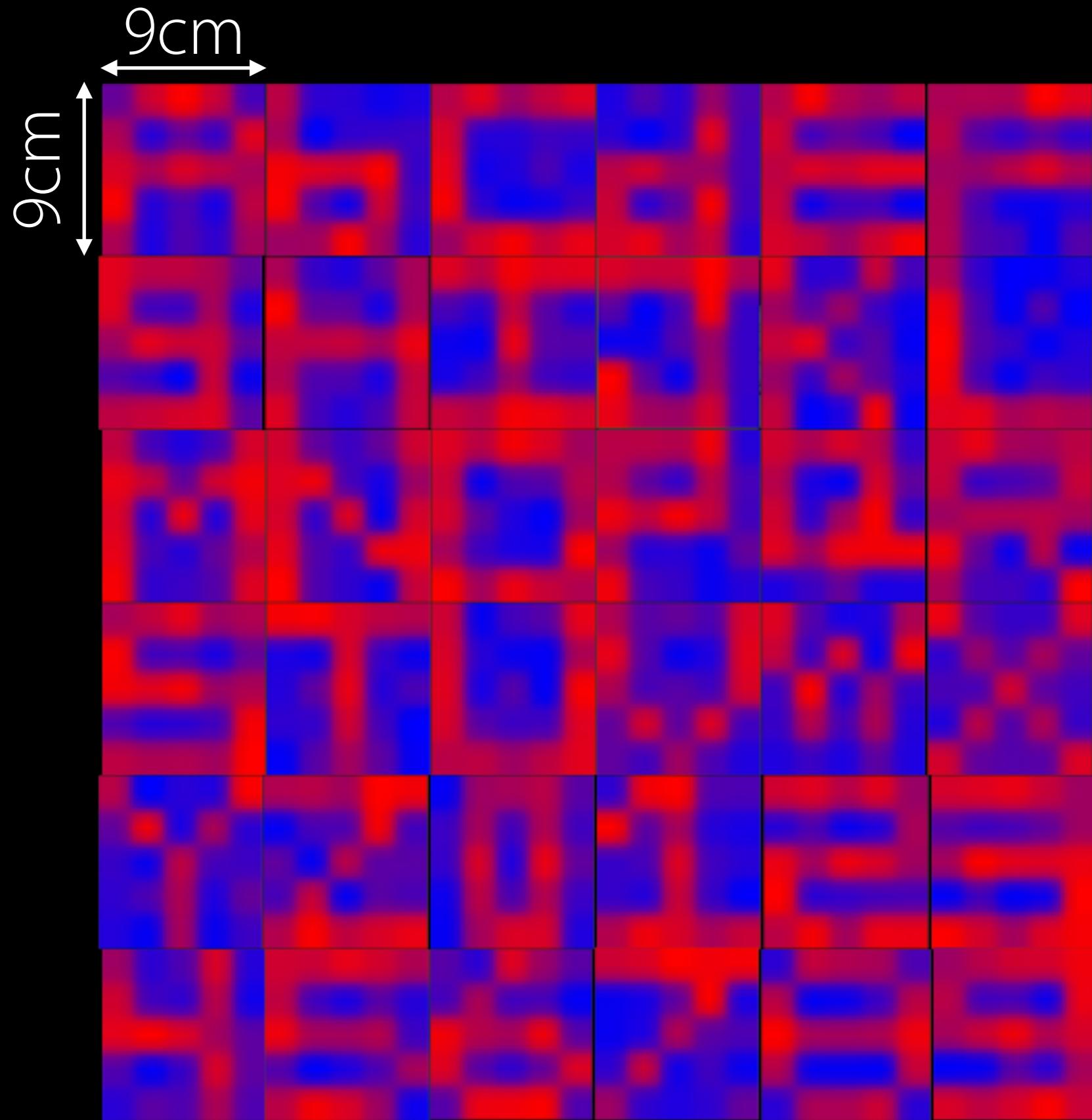
DECODING

# How small can each pixel be?



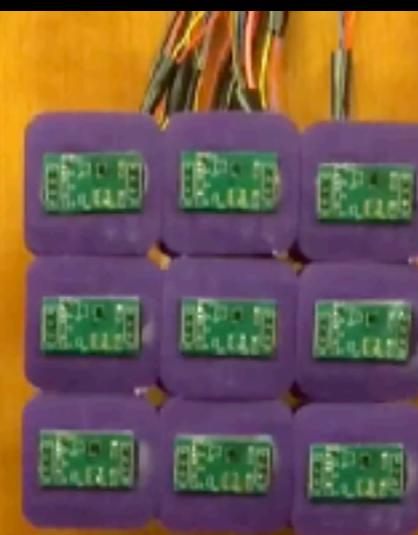
Smallest pixel size:  $1.8 \text{ cm}^2$

# Expressivity of images

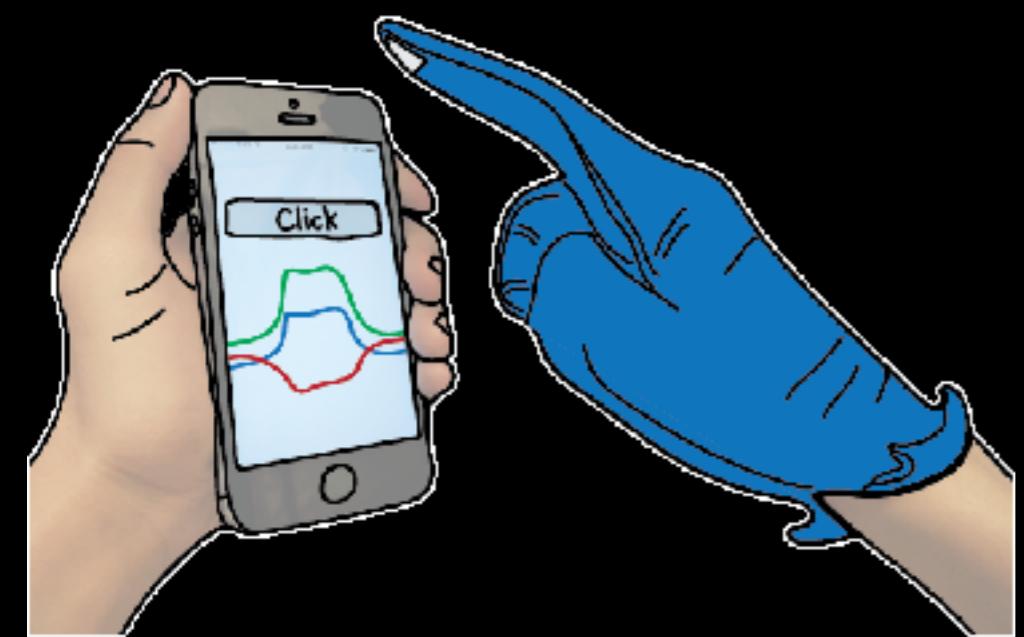


$2^{25} \approx 33$  million  
possible images

# AUTHENTICATION



# GESTURE RECOGNITION



Smartphones  
in pockets

Magnetometer

Low-power  
IoT devices



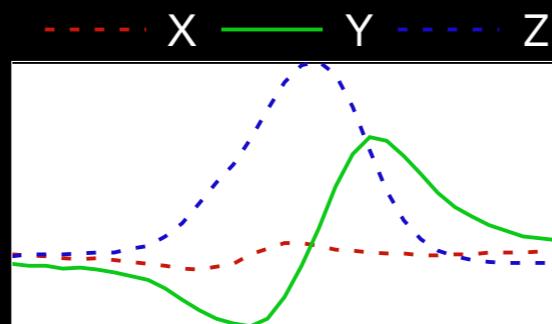
Power:  
 $72\mu\text{W}$

Cost:  
\$0.80

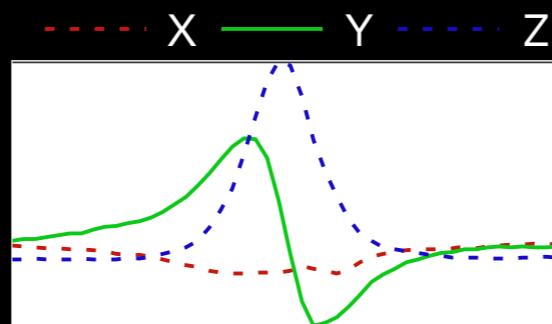


# Recognizing gestures

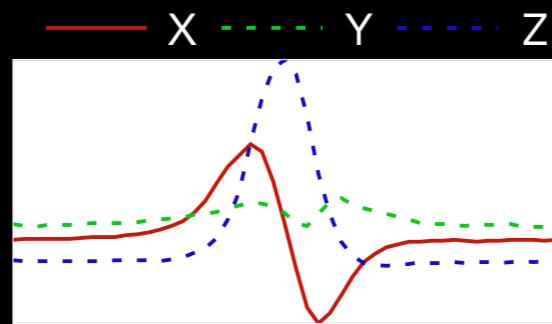




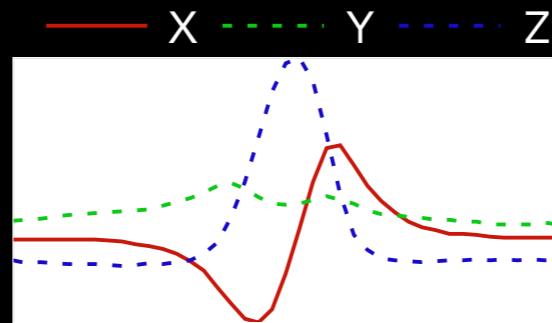
UP



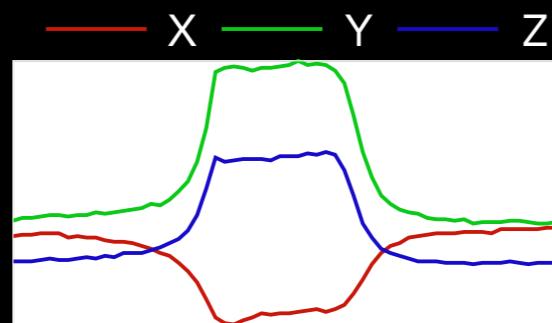
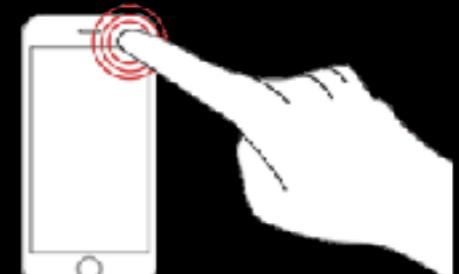
DOWN



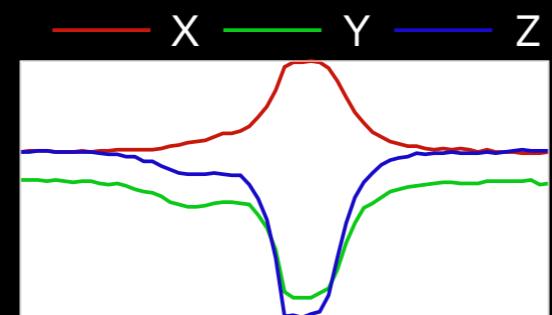
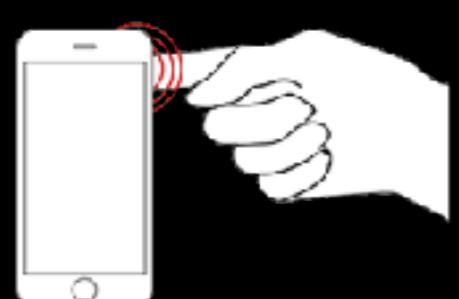
LEFT



RIGHT

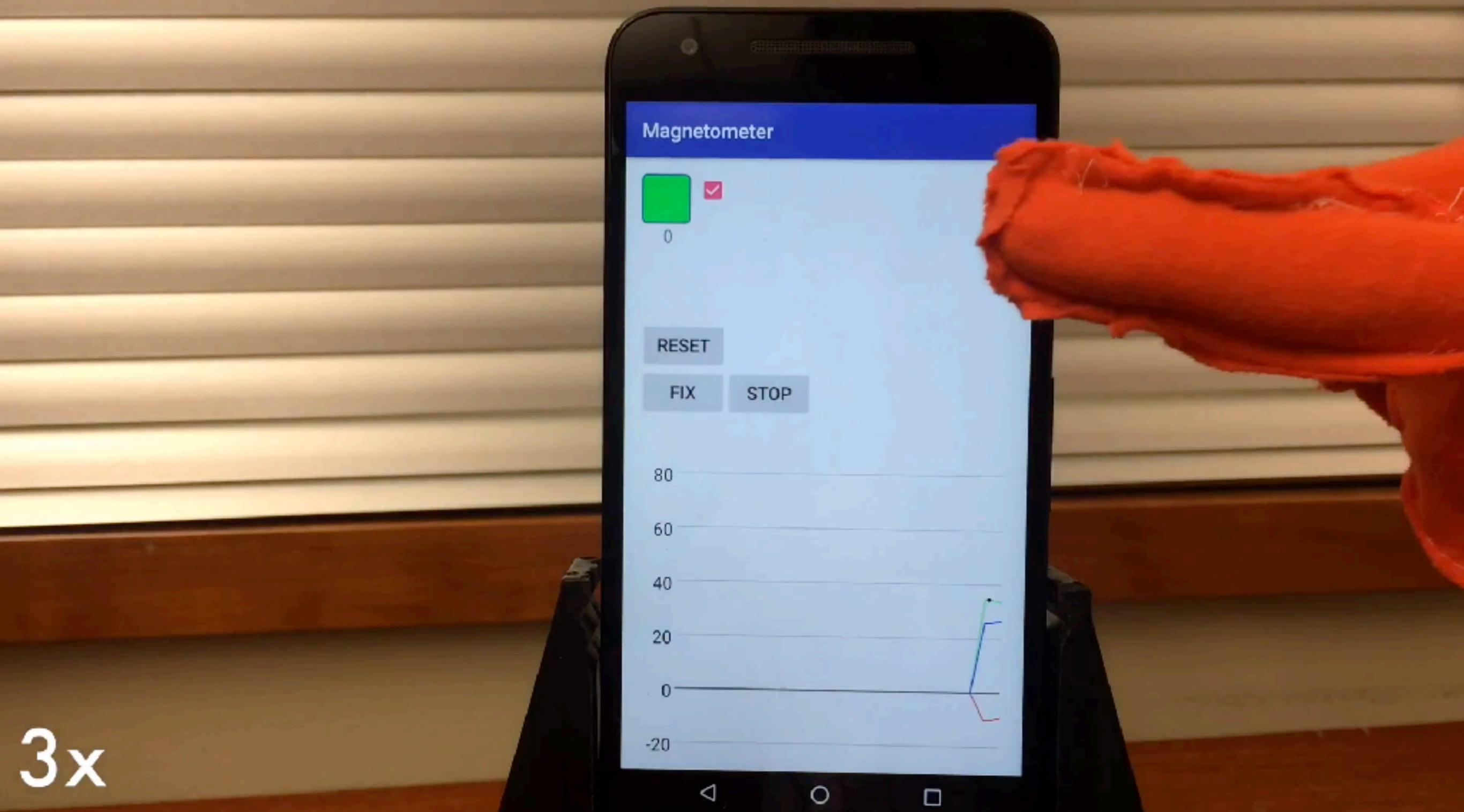


CLICK



BACK CLICK

# Real time classifier



3x

# Classifier accuracy

Actual Gesture Performed	Up	Down	Left	Right	Click	Back Click	Not seen
Gesture Classified	Up	Down	Left	Right	Click	Back Click	Not seen
Up	0.91	0.01	0	0.01	0.04	0.03	0
Down	0	0.9	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.01	0
Left	0	0.03	0.87	0.06	0.02	0.01	0
Right	0.04	0	0	0.94	0.02	0.01	0
Click	0.01	0.01	0	0.01	0.92	0.02	0.02
Back Click	0	0.06	0	0.02	0.04	0.86	0.03

7 users  
20 repetitions  
90.1%  
accuracy

# THROUGH-POCKET SENSING



# How do we improve this?

Custom designed textiles +  
a precise magnetic reader and writer

- Generate stronger fields
- Increase bit density
- Longer bit lifespan



# Conclusions

- Harness the magnetic properties of conductive fabric for interaction
- Provide a detailed characterization of magnetized fabric
- Build electronic-free data storage and gesture recognition applications on fabric