



REVERSE ENGINEERING TOOL GHIDRA MANUAL

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Ghidra Manual(Step-by-Step)

Scope & ethics — Use Ghidra only on software and firmware you own or have explicit permission to analyze. Reverse engineering can be restricted by law or license. This manual is for defensible, educational use in a cybersecurity course.

1) What is Ghidra & why it matters

Ghidra is a free, open-source reverse-engineering (RE) suite from the NSA. It supports Windows, Linux, macOS; PE/ELF/Mach-O formats; x86/x64/ARM/MIPS/RISC-V and many others. It provides:

- Disassembly and a high-level **Decompiler** to read C-like pseudocode.
- Interactive program database (symbols, types, comments) that you can save/share.
- Static analysis (function discovery, string/constant finding, cross-refs, call graphs).
- Binary patching and diffing/version tracking.
- **Scripting** and **headless** (CLI) automation for repeatable labs.

Why students should learn it - Understand how compiled code actually executes. - Perform safe, *static* analysis of suspicious binaries and CTF challenges. - Audit closed-source software components in a SOC/DFIR workflow. - Document findings with reproducible projects and scripts.

Learning outcomes - Import a binary → run Auto-Analysis → navigate code/data. - Recover function prototypes, rename symbols, apply types. - Trace cross-references to understand behavior. - Use the Decompiler effectively and annotate clearly. - Automate tasks with scripts and the **analyzeHeadless** CLI. - (Optional) Patch small changes and export.

2) Prerequisites

- A lab machine (Windows, Linux, or macOS) with **Java 17+** installed.
- Sample binaries you are allowed to analyze (course pack or your own test builds).
- Basic C/C++ reading skills help, but aren't required.

3) Installation (step-by-step)

A) Install in Kali Linux (beginner-friendly guide)

Kali Linux does not ship with Ghidra pre-installed, but the setup is simple.

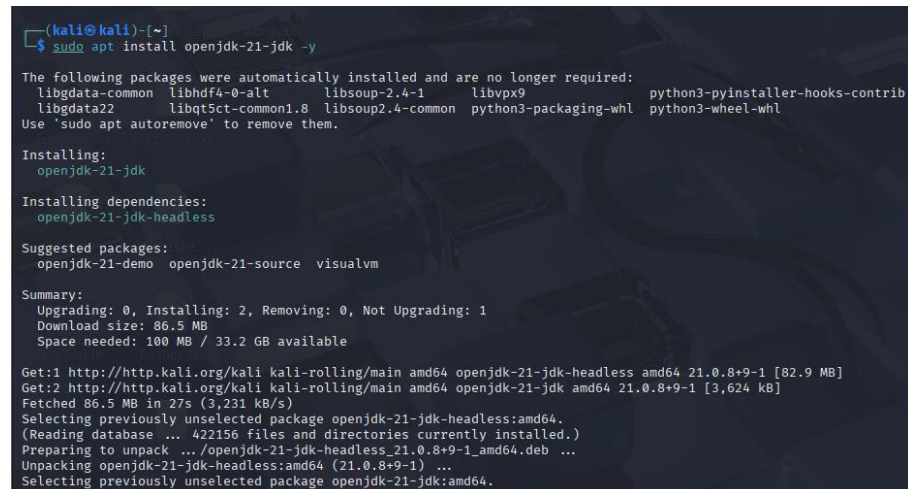
1. Update your system

```
sudo apt update && sudo apt upgrade -y
```

This ensures your packages are up to date.

2. Install Java 17 (required runtime)

```
sudo apt install openjdk-21-jdk -y
```



```
(kali@kali)-[~]
└─$ sudo apt install openjdk-21-jdk -y

The following packages were automatically installed and are no longer required:
  libgdata-common libhdf4-0-alt libsoup-2.4-1 libvpx9 python3-pyinstaller-hooks-contrib
  libgdata22 libqt5ct-common1.8 libsoup2.4-common python3-packaging-whl python3-wheel-whl
Use 'sudo apt autoremove' to remove them.

Installing:
  openjdk-21-jdk

Installing dependencies:
  openjdk-21-jdk-headless

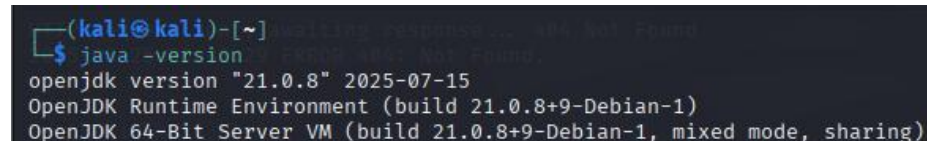
Suggested packages:
  openjdk-21-demo openjdk-21-source visualvm

Summary:
  Upgrading: 0, Installing: 2, Removing: 0, Not Upgrading: 1
  Download size: 86.5 MB
  Space needed: 100 MB / 33.2 GB available

Get:1 http://http.kali.org/kali kali-rolling/main amd64 openjdk-21-jdk-headless amd64 21.0.8+9-1 [82.9 MB]
Get:2 http://http.kali.org/kali kali-rolling/main amd64 openjdk-21-jdk amd64 21.0.8+9-1 [3,624 kB]
Fetched 86.5 MB in 27s (3,231 kB/s)
Selecting previously unselected package openjdk-21-jdk-headless:amd64.
(Reading database ... 422156 files and directories currently installed.)
Preparing to unpack .../openjdk-21-jdk-headless_21.0.8+9-1_amd64.deb ...
Unpacking openjdk-21-jdk-headless:amd64 (21.0.8+9-1) ...
Selecting previously unselected package openjdk-21-jdk:amd64.
```

Confirm installation:

```
java -version
```



```
(kali@kali)-[~]
└─$ java -version
openjdk version "21.0.8" 2025-07-15
OpenJDK Runtime Environment (build 21.0.8+9-Debian-1)
OpenJDK 64-Bit Server VM (build 21.0.8+9-Debian-1, mixed mode, sharing)
```

You should see something like openjdk version "17.x".

3. Download Ghidra Go to the official site: <https://ghidra-sre.org>

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- Download the latest release (a .zip file).

In Kali, you can also use `wget` to download directly:

wget

https://github.com/NationalSecurityAgency/ghidra/releases/download/Ghidra_11.4.1_build/ghidra_11.4.1_PUBLIC_20250731.zip

[illegible]

4. *Extract the archive*

```
unzip ghidra 11.4.1 PUBLIC 20250731.zip -d ~/tools/
```

```

kali@kali:~$ unzip ghidra_11.4.1_PUBLICT_20250731.zip -d ~/tools/
cd ~/tools/ghidra_11.4.1_PUBLICT/
./ghidraRun
Archive: ghidra_11.4.1_PUBLICT_20250731.zip
  creating: /home/kali/tools/ghidra_11.4.1_PUBLICT/
  inflating: /home/kali/tools/ghidra_11.4.1_PUBLICT/ghidraRun.bat
  inflating: /home/kali/tools/ghidra_11.4.1_PUBLICT/ghidraRun
  inflating: /home/kali/tools/ghidra_11.4.1_PUBLICT/bom.json
  creating: /home/kali/tools/ghidra_11.4.1_PUBLICT/docker/
  inflating: /home/kali/tools/ghidra_11.4.1_PUBLICT/docker/build-docker-image.sh
  inflating: /home/kali/tools/ghidra_11.4.1_PUBLICT/docker/dockerignore
  inflating: /home/kali/tools/ghidra_11.4.1_PUBLICT/docker/Dockerfile
  inflating: /home/kali/tools/ghidra_11.4.1_PUBLICT/docker/README.html
  inflating: /home/kali/tools/ghidra_11.4.1_PUBLICT/docker/README.md
  inflating: /home/kali/tools/ghidra_11.4.1_PUBLICT/docker/entrypoint.sh
  inflating: /home/kali/tools/ghidra_11.4.1_PUBLICT/LICENSE
  inflating: /home/kali/tools/ghidra_11.4.1_PUBLICT/licenses/Modified_Nuvola_Icons_-_IGPL_2.1.txt
  inflating: /home/kali/tools/ghidra_11.4.1_PUBLICT/licenses/Tango_Icons_-_Public_Domain.txt
  inflating: /home/kali/tools/ghidra_11.4.1_PUBLICT/licenses/BSD-3-JUNG.txt
  inflating: /home/kali/tools/ghidra_11.4.1_PUBLICT/licenses/zlib_license.txt
  inflating: /home/kali/tools/ghidra_11.4.1_PUBLICT/licenses/Nuvola_Icons_-_IGPL_2.1.txt
  inflating: /home/kali/tools/ghidra_11.4.1_PUBLICT/licenses/Oxygen_Icons_-_IGPL_3.0.txt
  inflating: /home/kali/tools/ghidra_11.4.1_PUBLICT/licenses/GPL_2.1.txt
  inflating: /home/kali/tools/ghidra_11.4.1_PUBLICT/licenses/Python_Software_Foundation_license.txt
  inflating: /home/kali/tools/ghidra_11.4.1_PUBLICT/licenses/INRIA_License.txt
  inflating: /home/kali/tools/ghidra_11.4.1_PUBLICT/licenses/BSD-3-0WCLL.txt
  inflating: /home/kali/tools/ghidra_11.4.1_PUBLICT/licenses/GPL_2.1_With_Classpath_Exception.txt
  inflating: /home/kali/tools/ghidra_11.4.1_PUBLICT/licenses/Public_Domain.txt
  inflating: /home/kali/tools/ghidra_11.4.1_PUBLICT/licenses/Jython_License.txt

```

This creates a folder like ~/tools/ghidra X.Y.Z PUBLIC.

5. Run Ghidra

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```
cd ~/tools/ghidra_11.4.1_PUBLIC/
```

```
(kali@kali)-[~]
└─$ unzip ghidra_11.4.1_PUBLIC_20250731.zip -d ~/tools/
cd ~/tools/ghidra_11.4.1_PUBLIC/
./ghidraRun
Archive: ghidra_11.4.1_PUBLIC_20250731.zip
  creating: /home/kali/tools/ghidra_11.4.1_PUBLIC/
  inflating: /home/kali/tools/ghidra_11.4.1_PUBLIC/ghidraRun.bat
  inflating: /home/kali/tools/ghidra_11.4.1_PUBLIC/ghidraRun
  inflating: /home/kali/tools/ghidra_11.4.1_PUBLIC/bom.json
  creating: /home/kali/tools/ghidra_11.4.1_PUBLIC/docker/
  inflating: /home/kali/tools/ghidra_11.4.1_PUBLIC/docker/build-docker-image.sh
  inflating: /home/kali/tools/ghidra_11.4.1_PUBLIC/docker/Dockerfile
  inflating: /home/kali/tools/ghidra_11.4.1_PUBLIC/docker/Dockerfile.dockerignore
  inflating: /home/kali/tools/ghidra_11.4.1_PUBLIC/docker/README.html
  inflating: /home/kali/tools/ghidra_11.4.1_PUBLIC/docker/README.md
  inflating: /home/kali/tools/ghidra_11.4.1_PUBLIC/docker/entrypoint.sh
  inflating: /home/kali/tools/ghidra_11.4.1_PUBLIC/LICENSE
  creating: /home/kali/tools/ghidra_11.4.1_PUBLIC/licenses/
  inflating: /home/kali/tools/ghidra_11.4.1_PUBLIC/licenses/Modified_Nuvola_Icons_-_LGPL_2.1.txt
  inflating: /home/kali/tools/ghidra_11.4.1_PUBLIC/licenses/Tango_Icons_-_Public_Domain.txt
  inflating: /home/kali/tools/ghidra_11.4.1_PUBLIC/licenses/BSD-3-JUNG.txt
  inflating: /home/kali/tools/ghidra_11.4.1_PUBLIC/licenses/zlib_license.txt
  inflating: /home/kali/tools/ghidra_11.4.1_PUBLIC/licenses/Nuvola_Icons_-_LGPL_2.1.txt
  inflating: /home/kali/tools/ghidra_11.4.1_PUBLIC/licenses/Oxygen_Icons_-_LGPL_3.0.txt
  inflating: /home/kali/tools/ghidra_11.4.1_PUBLIC/licenses/LGPL_2.1.txt
  inflating: /home/kali/tools/ghidra_11.4.1_PUBLIC/licenses/Python_Software_Foundation_License.txt
  inflating: /home/kali/tools/ghidra_11.4.1_PUBLIC/licenses/INRIA_License.txt
  inflating: /home/kali/tools/ghidra_11.4.1_PUBLIC/licenses/BSD-3-ORACLE.txt
  inflating: /home/kali/tools/ghidra_11.4.1_PUBLIC/licenses/GPL_2_With_Classpath_Exception.txt
  inflating: /home/kali/tools/ghidra_11.4.1_PUBLIC/licenses/Public_Domain.txt
  inflating: /home/kali/tools/ghidra_11.4.1_PUBLIC/licenses/Jython_License.txt
```

```
./ghidraRun
```

```
(kali@kali)-[~/tools/ghidra_11.4.1_PUBLIC]
└─$ ./ghidraRun
```

If Java is installed properly, Ghidra will start and show the Project Manager window.

6. (Optional) Create a shortcut/alias Add this line to your ~/.bashrc:

```
alias ghidra='~/tools/ghidra_X.Y.Z_PUBLIC/ghidraRun'
```

Then reload:

```
source ~/.bashrc
```

Now you can launch Ghidra anywhere by typing:

```
ghidra
```

Setup complete! You're ready to create your first project.

B) Installation on other platforms (summary)

Windows 1. Download the latest Ghidra zip. 2. Extract to C:\Tools\ghidra. 3. Run ghidraRun.bat.

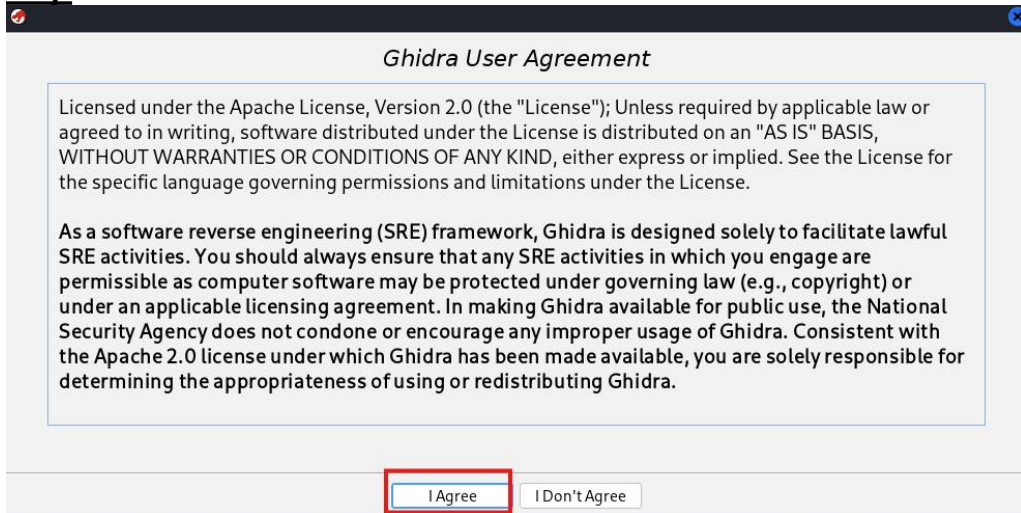
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macOS/Linux (generic) 1. Extract the zip. 2. Launch with `./ghidraRun`.

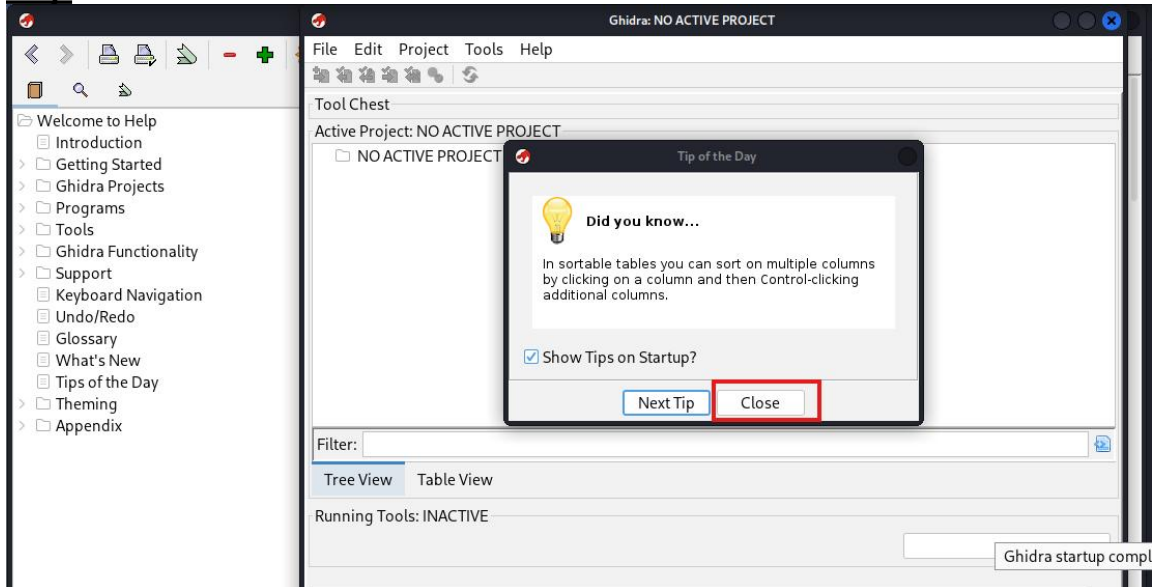
4) First project (GUI quick start)

Goal: Import a binary and run analysis to produce readable functions and pseudocode.

Step

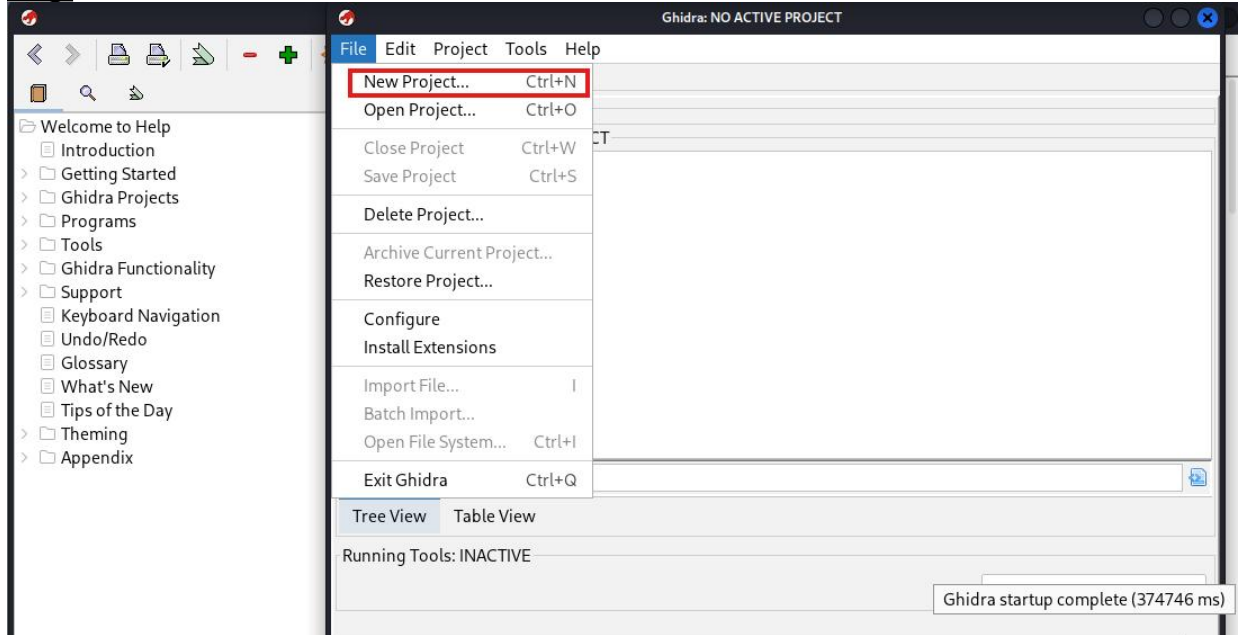


Step



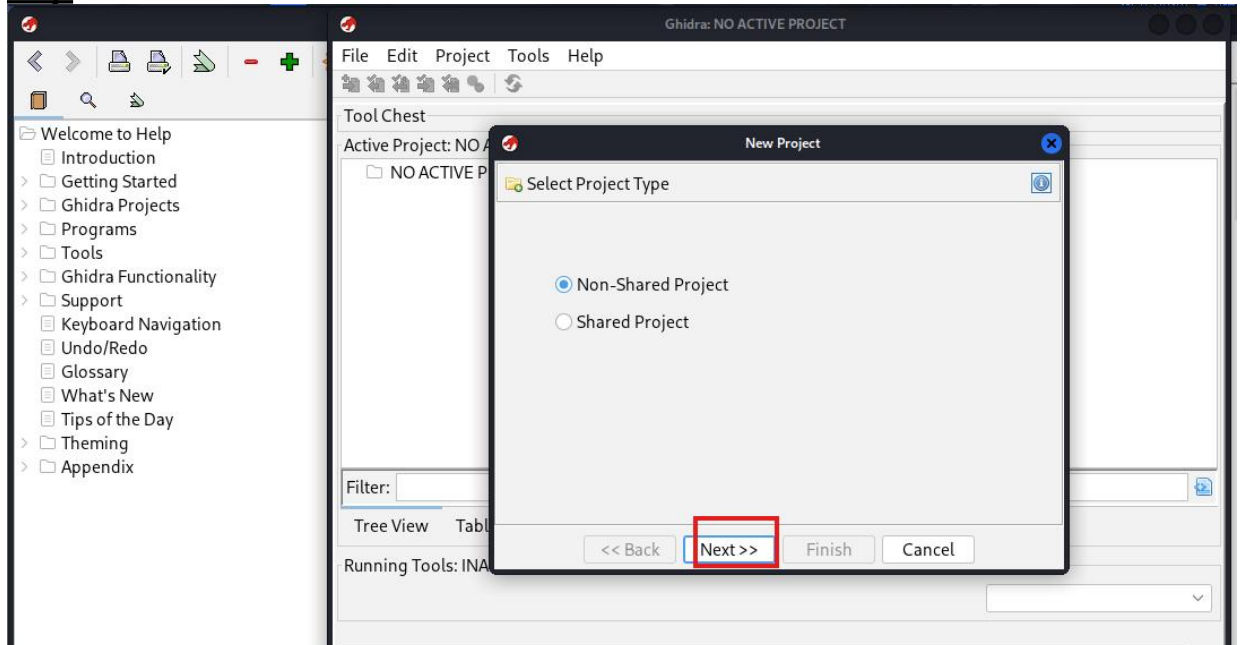
1. *Open Ghidra → File → New Project.*

Step



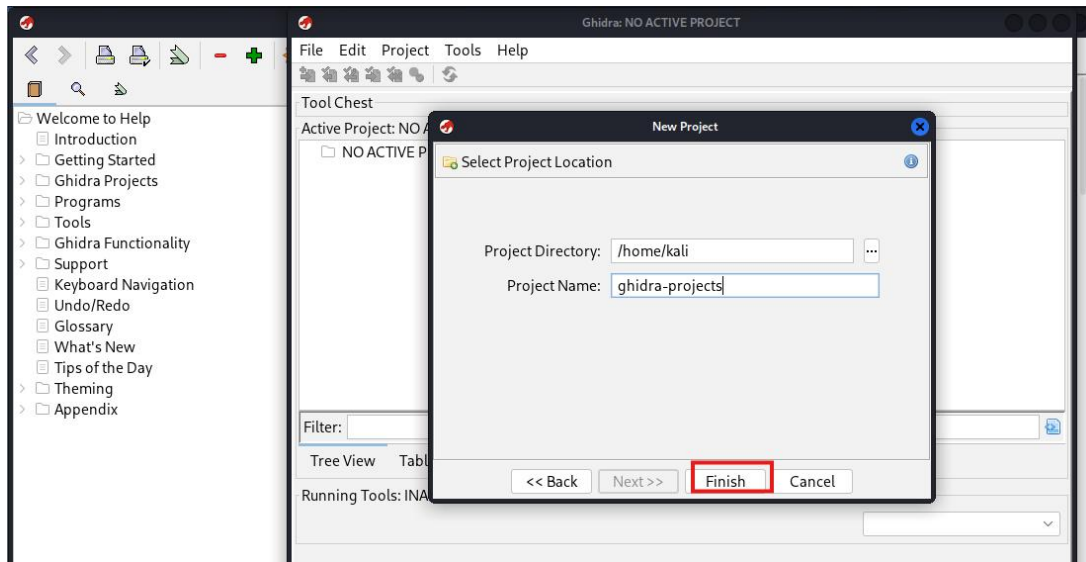
2. Choose Non-Shared Project → Next.

Step



3. Choose a Project Directory (e.g., ~/ghidra-projects) and a Project Name (e.g., IntroLab).

Step



4. *Make a File* *Step*

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main() {
    printf("Hello, Ghidra!\n");
    return 0;
}
```

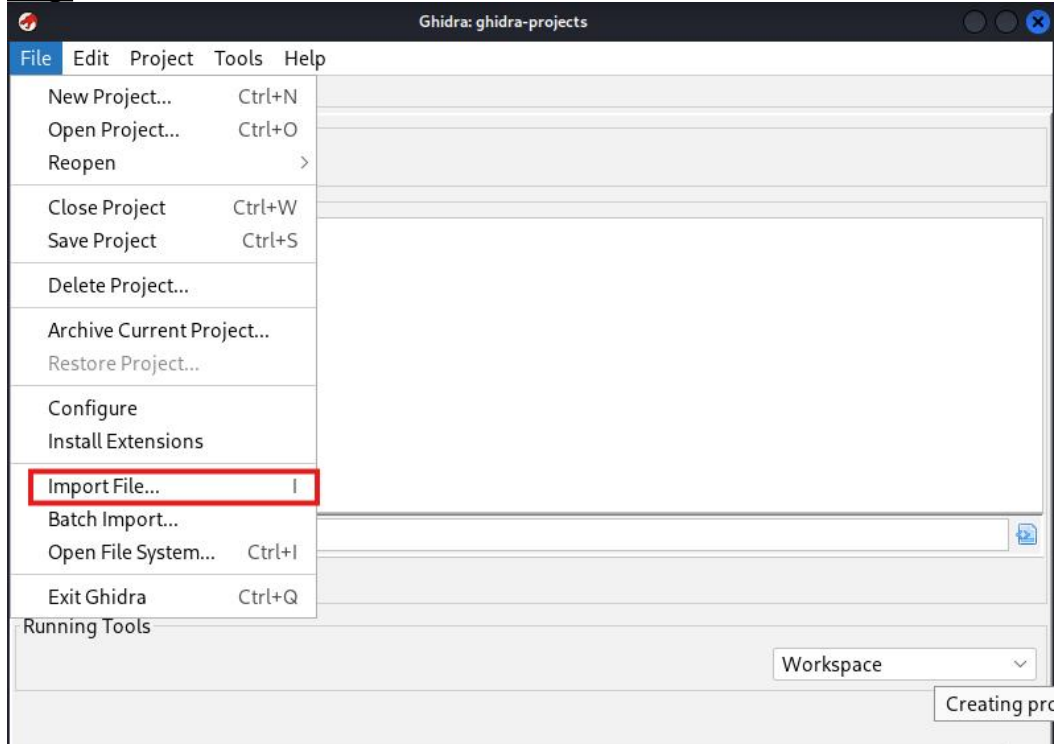
```
cd Desktop
gcc hello.c -o hello
./hello
```


Step

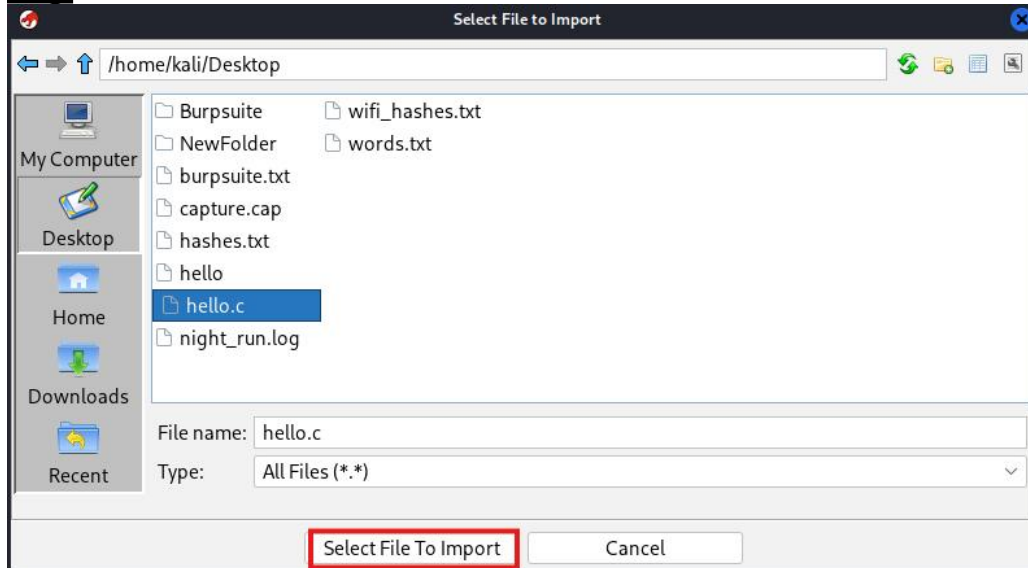
```
(kali㉿kali)-[~]  
$ cd Desktop  
  
(kali㉿kali)-[~/Desktop]  
$ gcc hello.c -o hello  
  
(kali㉿kali)-[~/Desktop]  
$ ./hello  
  
Hello, Ghidra!  
  
(kali㉿kali)-[~/Desktop]  
$
```

5. *File* → *Import File...* → pick your sample binary (e.g., *hello* or *sample.exe*).

Step

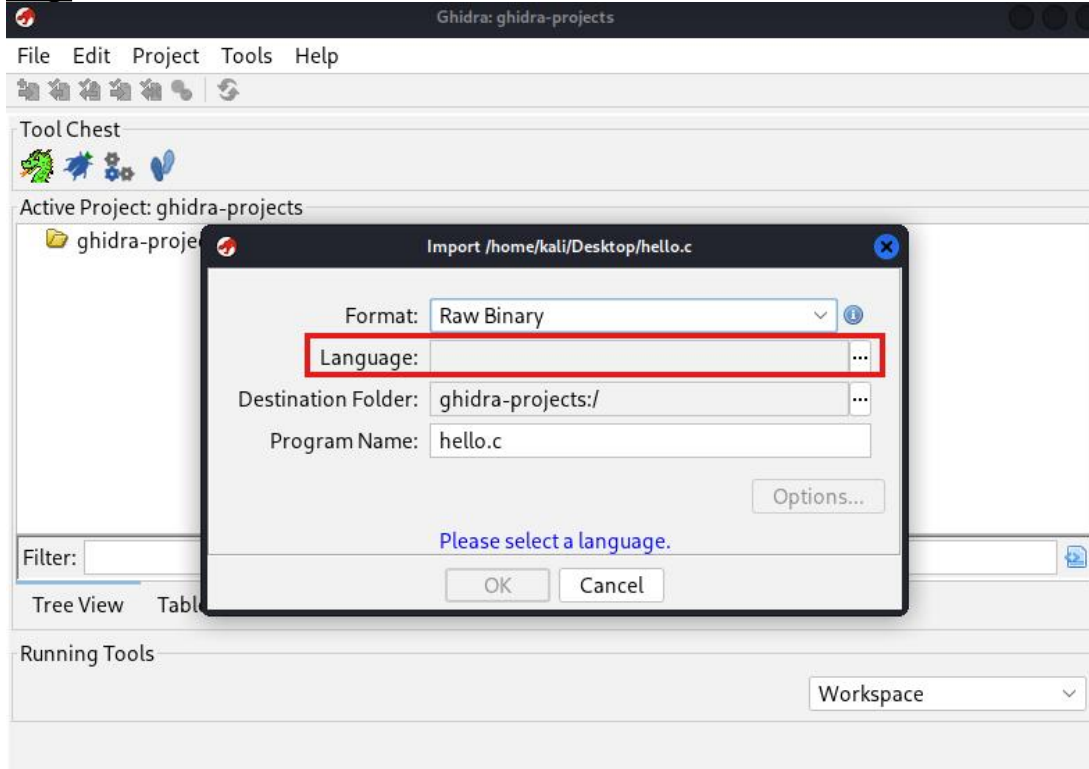


Step

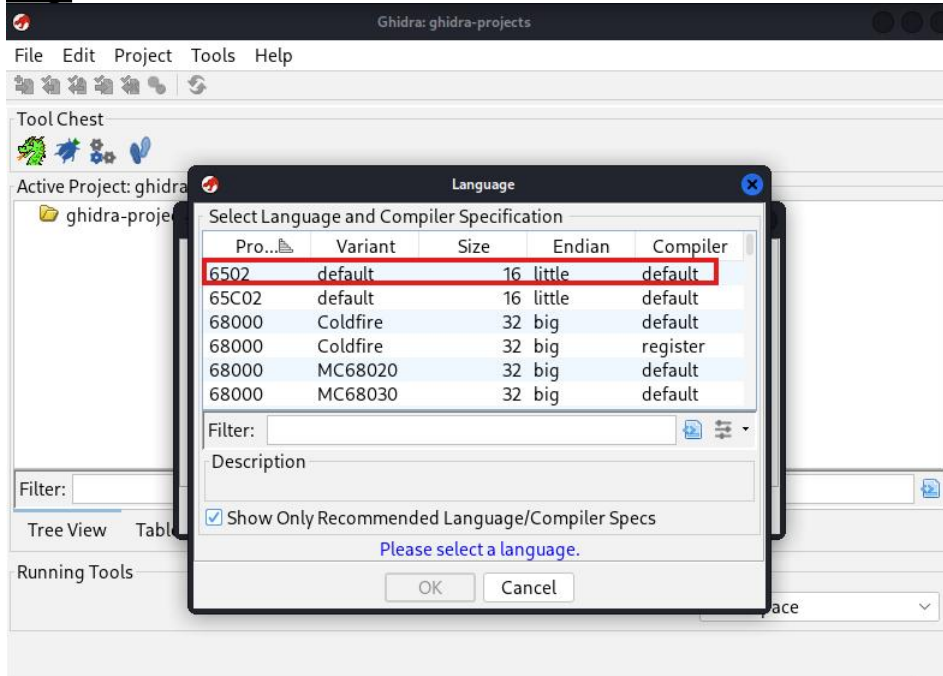


6. In the Import dialog, confirm the Format and Language (Ghidra will usually detect these). Click OK.

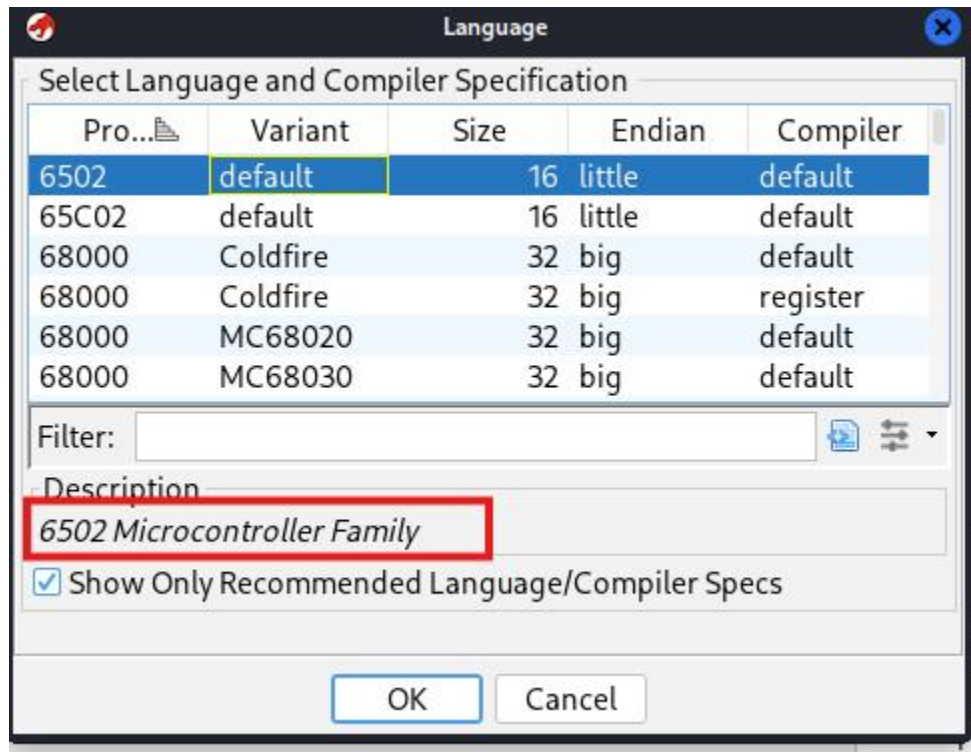
Step



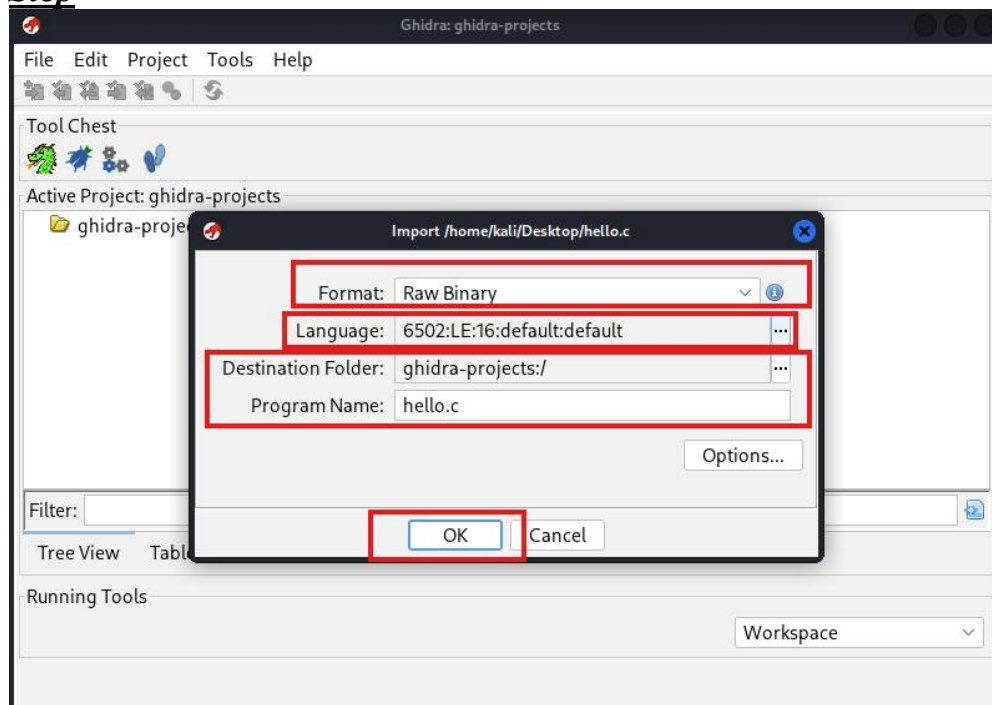
Step



Step



Step



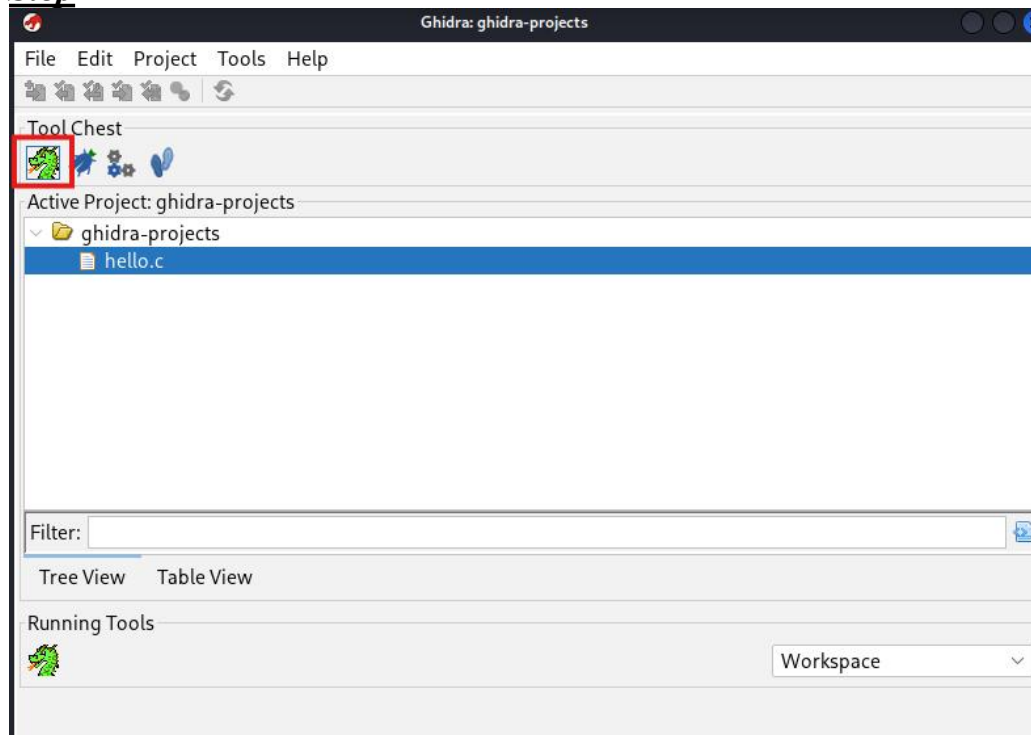
Step

```
Language ID: 05021b10:default (1.0)
Compiler ID: default
Processor: 0502
Endian: Little
Address Size: 16
Minimum Address: 0000
Maximum Address: 01ff
# of Bytes: 337
# of Memory Blocks: 2
# of Instructions: 0
# of Defined Data: 0
# of Functions: 0
# of Symbols: 3
# of Data Types: 0
# of Data Type Categories: 1
Created With Ghidra Version: 11.4.1
Date Created: Mon Aug 25 00:55:33 EDT 2025
Executable Format: Raw Binary
Executable Location: /home/kali/Desktop/hello.c
Executable MD5: 7ac4642e6d8dc10eac6e09a2906130ca
Executable SHA256: 74812015bef33685d69a9ff99829c9ed48947e6b62717c9355e4c9d1f823c866
FSRL: file:///home/kali/Desktop/hello.c?MD5=7ac4642e6d8dc10eac6e09a2906130ca
Preferred Root Namespace Category:

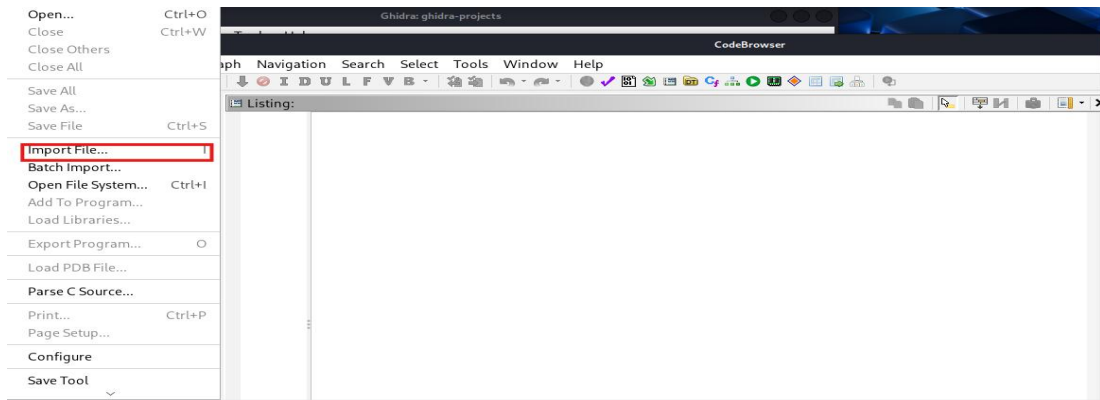
Additional Information
Failed to add language defined memory block due to conflict: ZERO_PAGE: start_address=0x0000, uninitialized, lengt
```

7. In the Project window, double-click the newly imported program to open it in the CodeBrowser.

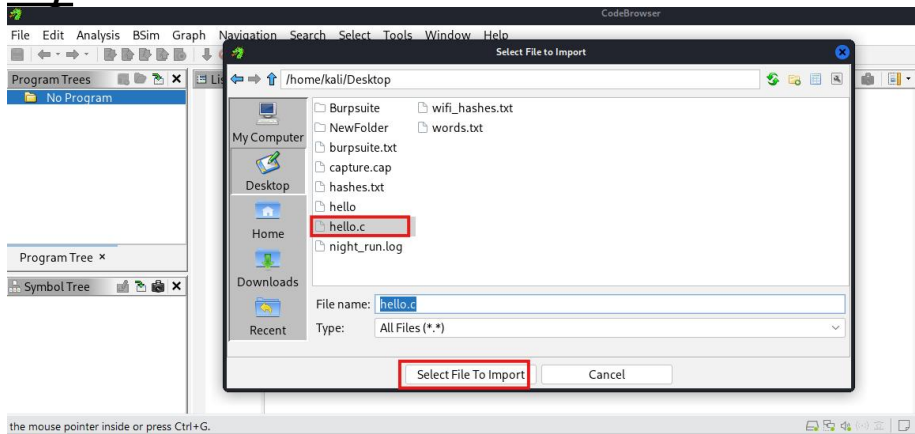
Step



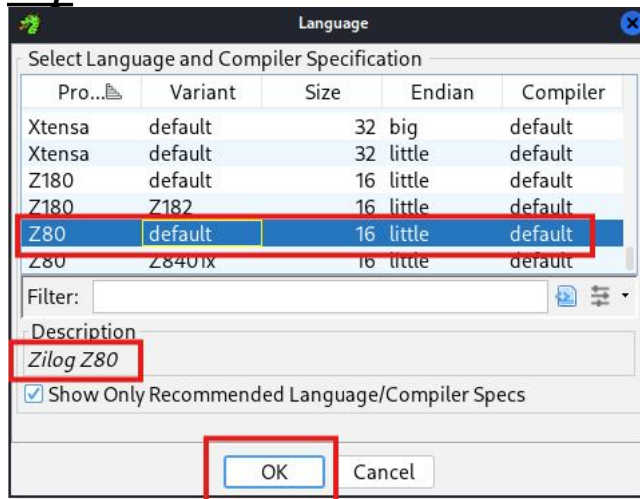
Step



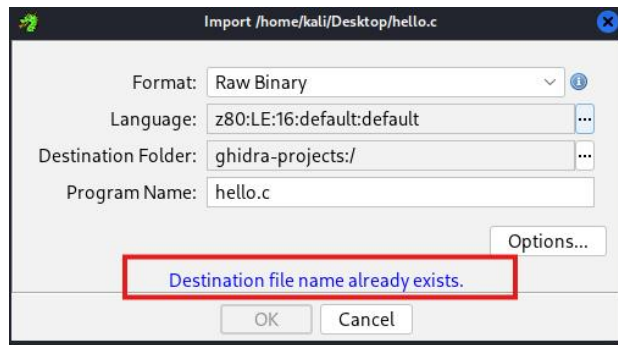
Step



Step



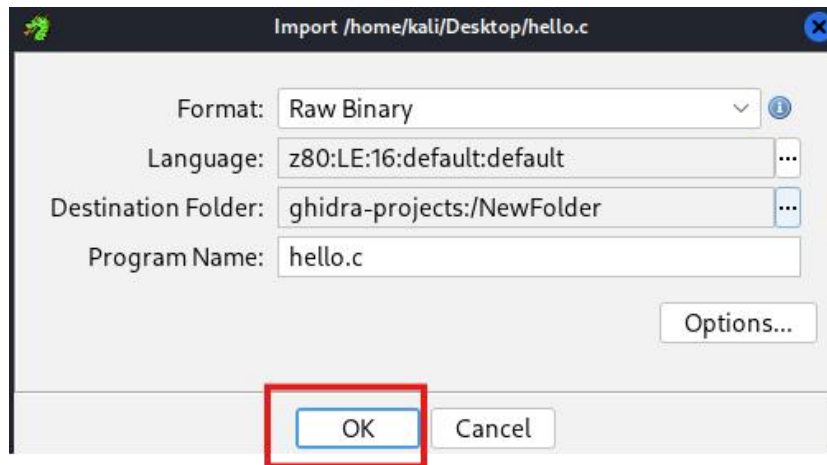
Step



Step

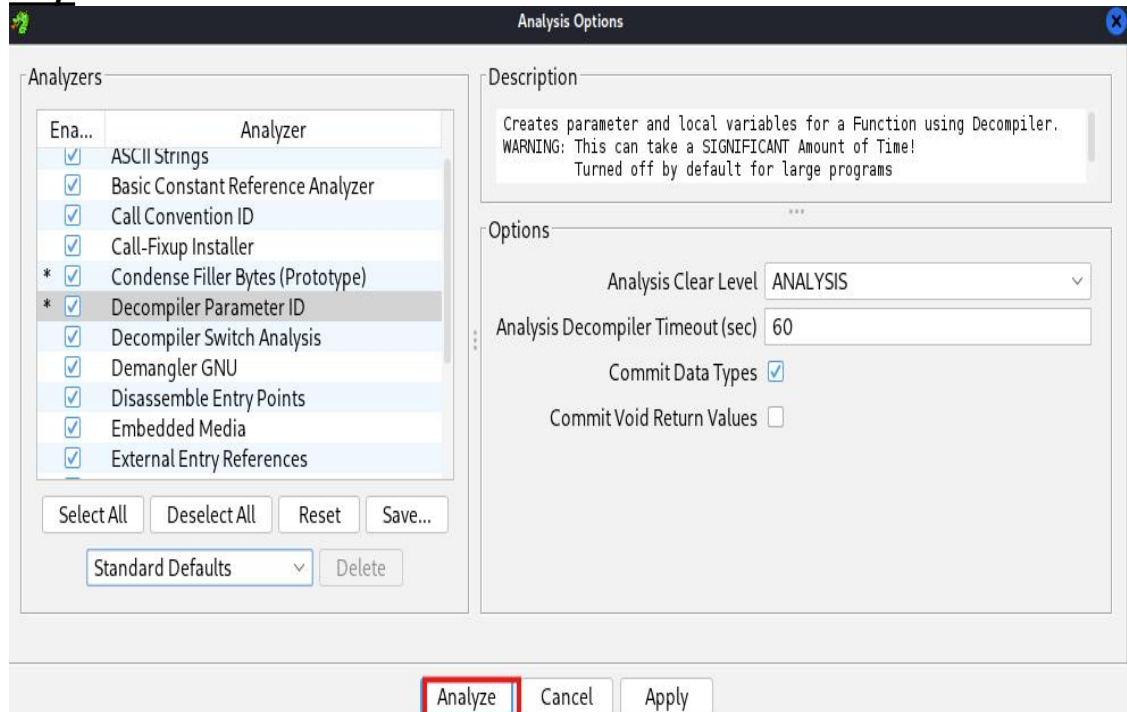


Step

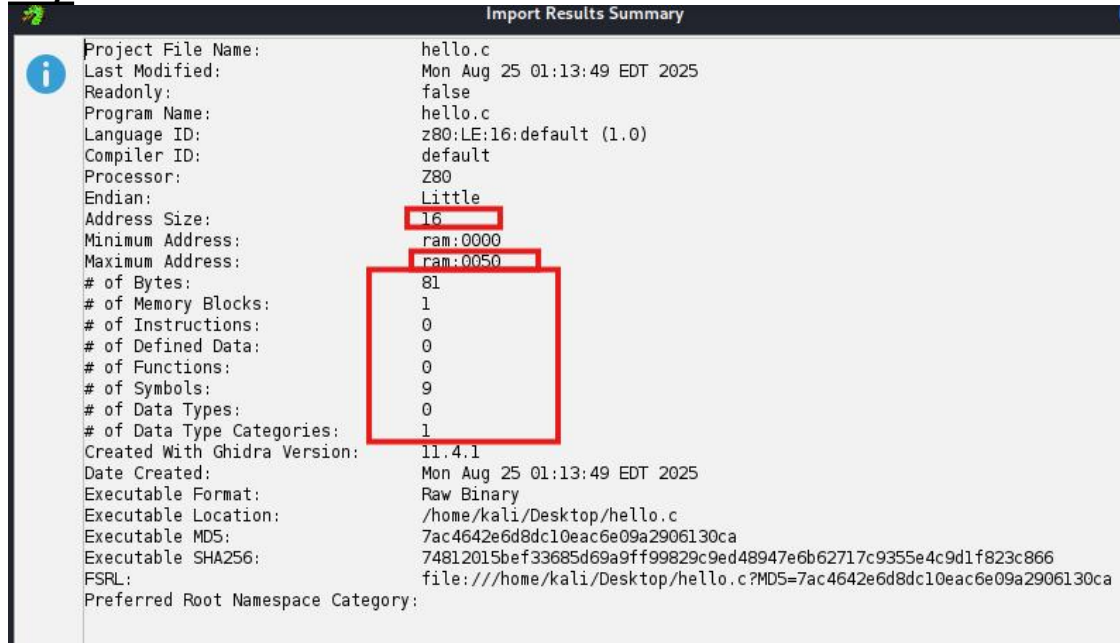


8. When prompted for Auto-Analysis, click Yes (accept defaults for your first run). You can re-run analysis later via Analysis → Auto Analyze...

Step



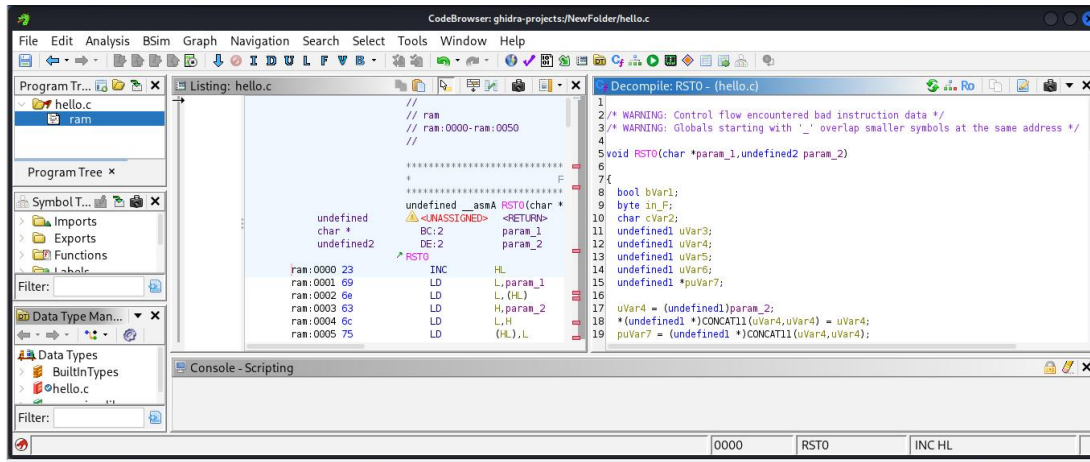
Step



You should now see the **Listing** (disassembly) and **Decompiler** windows.

5) Explanation of sections:

- **Program Tree (left top):** Displays loaded modules and memory sections. Here, hello.c → ram shows the memory segment being analyzed.
- **Symbol Tree (left middle):** Contains functions, imports, and labels discovered in the binary.
- **Data Type Manager (left bottom):** Holds built-in and user-defined types; here, hello.c types are visible.
- **Listing window (center):** Shows raw assembly/disassembly. You can see instructions like LD, INC, and data bytes (23, 69, 6e, 63, etc.).
- **Decompiler window (right):** Translates the assembly into a C-like pseudocode view (RSTOP(char *param1, undefined2 param_2) with variables such as bVar1, cVar2, etc.).
- **Console (bottom):** Used for logs and script outputs.



6) The interface you'll use the most

- **Program Tree:** Segments/sections (e.g., .text, .data, .rdata).
- **Symbol Tree:** Functions, labels, classes, namespaces.
- **Listing:** Mixed code/data view. Right-click here for most RE actions.
- **Decompiler:** High-level pseudocode of the selected function.
- **Console:** Logs, errors, script print output.
- **Data Type Manager:** Structures, typedefs, enums.
- **Bookmarks:** Save jump points during analysis.

If a window is missing: **Window** → **Reset Window Layout** or open from **Window** → the component you want (e.g., *Decompiler*).

7) Core workflow (step-by-step “commands” via menus)

```
sudo apt update && sudo apt upgrade -y
```

```
sudo apt install openjdk-21-jdk -y
```

```
wget
```

```
https://github.com/NationalSecurityAgency/ghidra/releases/download/Ghidra\_11.4.1\_build/ghidra\_11.4.1\_PUBLIC\_20250731.zip
```

```
unzip ghidra_11.4.1_PUBLIC_20250731.zip -d ~/tools/
```

```
cd ~/tools/ghidra_11.4.1_PUBLIC/
```


`./ghidraRun`

You're ready to reverse. Start with small, legal samples, annotate everything, and build habits that make your work reproducible and explainable.