

Name: SUN RUI

Student ID: 18083229g

For task2, which is to speed clap.mp3 by 2x: (task2_speed2x.m)

code:

```
filename = "clap.mp3";  
[y,f] = audioread(filename);    % read clap.mp3 file  
  
filename = "clap2.flac";  
audiowrite(filename, y, f*2);    % frequency * 2 to speed
```

Note: the program, source audio file and creating audio file are in the same folder.

Step 1, we need to use the function “audioread” to open the source file, which can return content and frequency of the source audio file.

Step 2, when we use function “audiowrite” to write new audio file, the parameter frequency value should be double. Because the frequency is twice than before, the speed also would be twice than before.

For task3, which is to show clap.mp3's frequency spectrum: (task3_spectrum.m)

code:

```
filename = "clap.mp3";  
[y,f] = audioread(filename);    % read clap.mp3 file  
  
%%%% draw frequency spectrum pic %%%%  
Y = fft(y);  
L = length(y);  
P2 = abs(Y/L);  
P1 = P2(1:L/2+1);  
P1(2:end-1) = 2*P1(2:end-1);  
f = f*(0:(L/2))/L;  
plot(f,P1)  
  
title('clap.mp3 ;s frequency spectrum')  
xlabel('f (Hz)')  
ylabel('|P1(f)|')
```

Step 1, we need to use the function “audioread” to open the source file, which can return content and frequency of the source audio file.

Step 2, we use function fft(y) which is the discrete Fourier transform of the vector y, through some improvements, we get x axis of frequency and y axis of intension, then use function plot to draw the picture.

Step 3, we need to set the name of x axis, name of y axis and a title of the spectrum picture. The spectrum picture is task3_spectrum.jpg in my zip package.

For task4, which is to merge three different audio files into a single audio file and fade it in and out: (task4_merge_and_fade.m)

Step 1, we need to open all three files by function `audioread` and get their content and frequencies, here omit codes.

Step 2, we need to search the highest frequency among these three audio files and resample them with this frequency. In this step we get a new frequency and three content values which are important in next steps. The code:

```
f = max(f1, f2);  
f = max(f, f3);    % find the max frequency  
  
% resample them  
y1 = resample(y1, f1, f);  
y2 = resample(y2, f2, f);  
y3 = resample(y3, f3, f);
```

Step 3, we start to merge three audio files, the method just is to put their content values into a list in order, the code:

```
% merge them  
y = [y1; y2; y3];
```

Step 4, we add 3s fade-in and 3s fade-out effect to the merging audio file. In the 3s head of the audio, the sound may become bigger gradually, and the sound may become smaller gradually at the 3s end. In order to realize this effect, we use an increasing float array and a decreasing float array to multiply 3s-front part and 3s-ending part of the new content value. The code:

```
% fade in and out  
in_length = 3*f; % 3s fade in  
out_length = 3*f; % 3s fade out  
  
% prepare masks  
in_mask = (1:in_length)' / in_length;    % small to big  
out_mask = (out_length:-1:1)' / out_length;    % big to small  
  
% apply mask  
y(1:in_length) = y(1:in_length) .* in_mask;    % change 3s head  
y(end - out_length + 1:end) = y(end - out_length + 1:end) .* out_mask;    %  
change 3s end
```

Step 5, we use function `audiowrite` to save the new audio file, here omit codes.