## **MATE2101: Engineering Maths**

## CA

**EXERCISE I: Prove the following** 

- 1) If for instance,  $y = u \times v$ . Let u become  $u + \delta u$ , v become  $v + \delta v$ , and y,  $y + \delta y$ . Prove that  $\frac{dy}{dx} = u \frac{dv}{dx} + v \frac{du}{dx}$ .
- 2) Let  $y = x^n$ . Suppose x to become  $x + \delta x$ , y becomes  $y + \delta y$ . Prove that  $\frac{dy}{dx} = nx^{n-1}.$
- 3) Let  $y = \tan x$ . Suppose x to become  $x + \delta x$ , y becomes  $y + \delta y$ . Prove that  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{\cos^2 x}$ . 4) Let  $y = \log_a x$ . Suppose x to become  $x + \delta x$ , y becomes  $y + \delta y$ . Prove
- that  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{x}$ , for a = e.
- 5) If  $y = A \sin px + B \cos px$ , prove that  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + p^2y = 0$ .

**EXERCISE II:** Find the n<sup>th</sup> differential co-efficient of the following functions.

- 1)  $y = \log_e(6x + 8)^5$ , find  $\frac{d^n y}{dx^n}$ .
- 2)  $y = u \times v$ , u and v being both functions of x. find  $\frac{d^n y}{dx^n}$

## **EXERCISE III:**

Show that the limiting value of  $\frac{x^{n-1}}{x-1}$  when x = 1 is n.