Employee Performance Dashboard — Project Documentation

Project Name: Employee Performance Dashboard (Weekly Top & Weak Performers)

Stack: Frontend — HTML, CSS, JavaScript, Bootstrap, Angular

Backend — Java, Spring Boot (REST), MySQL

Purpose: Provide weekly insights on top-performing and weak-performing employees across teams;

enable managers to view, filter, export, and act on performance data.

1. Project Overview

Goal:

Build a web application that ingests weekly performance metrics (automated or manual), calculates rankings, displays top and weak performers, and provides exports, notifications, comments, and action trackers for managers and HR.

Primary Users & Roles

- Admin: Manage users, teams, metrics, view reports, set thresholds.
- Manager: View team performance, comment, assign improvement plans, export reports.
- Employee: View own performance, view feedback, acknowledge comments.
- **System/Integrations:** Automated ingestion from time/attendance, task tracking, or manual CSV upload.

Key Features

- Weekly Top Performers and Weak Performers list (company / department / team).
- Filters: Date range (week), Department, Team, Location, Role.
- Drill-down: Employee detail (metrics, trend chart, history, feedback).
- Manual or automated data ingestion (CSV upload or API).
- Scorecard calculation engine (weighted metrics).
- Alerts/notifications to managers for weak performers.
- Export to CSV/PDF.
- Role-based access control.
- Audit logs and history.

2. Functional Requirements

1. Authentication & Authorization

- \circ Login (JWT).
- Role-based access: ADMIN, MANAGER, EMPLOYEE.

2. User & Org Management

- CRUD for users, departments, teams, roles.
- Assign manager-to-team relations.

3. Performance Data

- Ingest weekly metrics: tasks completed, quality score, attendance, client feedback,
 SLA adherence, etc.
- Manual entry form and CSV upload endpoint.
- o Data validation.

4. Scoring & Ranking

- Score calculation per employee: weighted sum of metrics.
- Weekly ranking and designation: Top 5, Weak 5 (configurable counts).

5. Dashboards

- Company-level summary: average score, distribution, top/weak lists.
- Manager dashboard: team performance, actions pending.
- Employee dashboard: own weekly score, trends.

6. Actions & Feedback

- o Managers can add comments, assign improvement tasks, set review reminders.
- o Employees can acknowledge feedback.

7. Reporting

- Export lists & detailed reports to CSV/PDF.
- o Scheduled weekly report emails (optional).

8. Audit & Logs

Track data uploads, changes, and user actions.

9. Non-functional

o Responsive UI, secure APIs, scalable infra, backup & restore, monitoring.

3. Non-Functional Requirements

- **Security:** HTTPS, JWT, secure password storage (bcrypt), RBAC.
- Performance: Dashboard loads < 3s for up to 10k employees (design for scaling).
- Scalability: Use stateless APIs, RDS for DB, S3 for exports.
- Availability: Deploy with health checks and auto-restart (containerization).
- Maintainability: Clean code, modular services, API docs (OpenAPI/Swagger).

- Backup & Recovery: Daily DB backups, export retention policy.
- Logging & Monitoring: Centralized logs (ELK/CloudWatch), alerting.

4. System Architecture (High-level)

Optional additions:

- Worker service (Spring Boot) for heavy calculations and scheduled tasks (ranking) via message queue.
- Caching layer (Redis) for frequently-accessed dashboards.
- CI/CD pipeline (GitHub Actions/Jenkins) -> Docker images -> Registry -> Kubernetes/ECS/EC2.

5. Data Model (MySQL) — Core Tables

```
SQL DDL (sample)
```

```
CREATE TABLE departments (

id BIGINT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,

name VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,

created_at TIMESTAMP DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP
);

CREATE TABLE teams (

id BIGINT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,

name VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,

department_id BIGINT,

created_at TIMESTAMP DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP,

FOREIGN KEY (department_id) REFERENCES departments(id)
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE users (
 id BIGINT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,
 username VARCHAR(100) UNIQUE NOT NULL,
 full_name VARCHAR(150),
 email VARCHAR(150) UNIQUE,
 password_hash VARCHAR(255),
 role ENUM('ADMIN', 'MANAGER', 'EMPLOYEE') DEFAULT 'EMPLOYEE',
 team_id BIGINT,
 manager_id BIGINT NULL,
 created_at TIMESTAMP DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP,
 FOREIGN KEY (team_id) REFERENCES teams(id),
 FOREIGN KEY (manager_id) REFERENCES users(id)
);
CREATE TABLE performance_metrics (
 id BIGINT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,
 code VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL, -- e.g., TASKS_COMPLETED, QUALITY_SCORE, ATTENDANCE
 name VARCHAR(150) NOT NULL,
 weight DECIMAL(5,2) DEFAULT 1.0, -- relative weight in scoring
 active BOOLEAN DEFAULT TRUE
);
CREATE TABLE weekly_performance (
 id BIGINT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,
 user_id BIGINT NOT NULL,
 metric_id BIGINT NOT NULL,
 week_start DATE NOT NULL, -- week identifier
 metric_value DECIMAL(10,2) NOT NULL,
 created_by BIGINT,
 created_at TIMESTAMP DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP,
```

```
FOREIGN KEY (user_id) REFERENCES users(id),
 FOREIGN KEY (metric_id) REFERENCES performance_metrics(id)
);
CREATE TABLE weekly_scores (
 id BIGINT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,
 user_id BIGINT NOT NULL,
 week_start DATE NOT NULL,
 score DECIMAL(10,2) NOT NULL,
 rank INT,
 created_at TIMESTAMP DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP,
 FOREIGN KEY (user_id) REFERENCES users(id)
);
CREATE TABLE feedbacks (
 id BIGINT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,
 user_id BIGINT NOT NULL, -- subject employee
 created_by BIGINT NOT NULL, -- manager
 week_start DATE NOT NULL,
 comment TEXT,
 action_required BOOLEAN DEFAULT FALSE,
 due_date DATE,
 status ENUM('OPEN','IN_PROGRESS','CLOSED') DEFAULT 'OPEN',
 created_at TIMESTAMP DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP,
 FOREIGN KEY (user_id) REFERENCES users(id),
 FOREIGN KEY (created_by) REFERENCES users(id)
);
CREATE TABLE audit_logs (
 id BIGINT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,
 user_id BIGINT,
```

```
action VARCHAR(200),

details TEXT,

created_at TIMESTAMP DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP
);
```

Notes:

- performance_metrics defines what metrics exist and their weight.
- weekly_performance stores raw values for each metric per user per week.
- weekly_scores stores computed aggregated score and ranking for querying dashboards quickly.
- Add indexes on user_id, week_start for performance.

6. Scoring Engine

Scoring formula (example):

For each user and week:

```
score = SUM_over_metrics( normalized_value(metric_value) * metric_weight )
```

Normalization approaches:

- Min-Max scaling per metric per week: norm = (value min_week_value) / (max_week_value min_week_value) → 0..1
- Or use predefined thresholds.

Steps:

- 1. For a given week_start, fetch all performance_metrics (active) and their weights.
- 2. For each metric, compute normalization across employees for that week.
- 3. Compute weighted sum → store in weekly_scores.
- 4. Compute ranking (ORDER BY score DESC) and assign rank.

Execution:

- Triggered by scheduled job (cron) at end of each week OR invoked after all weekly data ingestion is complete.
- Implement worker (Spring scheduled task) or push to queue for processing.

7. API Specification (REST)

Base: https://{host}/api/v1

Authentication: Authorization: Bearer < JWT>

Auth

POST /auth/login
 Request: { "username": "x", "password": "y" }
 Response: { "token":"...", "expiresIn":3600, "role":"MANAGER" }

Users & Org

- GET /users (ADMIN) query params: teamld, role
- POST /users create user
- PUT /users/{id} update user
- GET /teams, POST /teams, GET /departments

Metrics & Data

- GET /metrics list metrics
- POST /metrics create metric (ADMIN)
- POST /performance/upload upload CSV or JSON list for weekly_performance
 - o Accepts multipart CSV or JSON body:
 - 0 [
 - {"userId": 101, "metricCode":"TASKS_COMPLETED", "weekStart": "2025-09-01", "metricValue": 15},
 - o ...
 - o]
- GET /performance?weekStart=2025-09-01&teamId=5 raw metrics

Scoring & Rankings

- POST /scores/compute?weekStart=2025-09-01 trigger compute (ADMIN or scheduled)
- GET /scores?weekStart=2025-09-01&teamId=5&sort=desc&limit=10 top performers
- GET /scores/weak?weekStart=2025-09-01&teamId=5&limit=10 weak performers (lowest scores)

Feedback & Actions

- POST /feedbacks manager adds feedback/action
- GET /feedbacks?userId=101&weekStart=...
- PUT /feedbacks/{id} update status

Reports & Exports

- GET /reports/weekly?weekStart=...&format=csv download CSV
- GET /reports/weekly?weekStart=...&format=pdf download PDF (generated from server or use client-side PDF)

Audit

• GET /auditlogs?userId=...&action=...

8. Frontend Details (Angular + Bootstrap)

Overall Structure

- Angular app (CLI) with modules: auth, dashboard, admin, manager, employee, shared.
- Responsive UI with Bootstrap 5.

Key Routes

- /login
- /dashboard (role-aware)
- /dashboard/company (ADMIN view)
- /dashboard/manager (Manager view)
- /employee/:id (employee detail)
- /admin/metrics
- /upload (manual CSV upload page)
- /reports

Components

- LoginComponent auth
- NavBarComponent role-driven menu
- TopWeakListComponent shows top/weak lists with filters
- EmployeeCardComponent small card with name, score, change
- EmployeeDetailComponent metrics chart (chart.js), feedback list
- UploadCsvComponent upload & validate CSV
- FeedbackModalComponent add feedback/action
- ReportsComponent export options
- AdminMetricsComponent configure metrics/weights

Services

- AuthService login, token
- ApiService common HTTP calls
- ScoresService fetch scores, compute calls
- UploadService CSV upload

• NotificationService — toast & email triggers

UI/UX

- Use Bootstrap cards, table for lists.
- Charting: Chart.js or ngx-charts for weekly trends.
- Highlight top performers (green) and weak performers (red).
- Accessibility: aria labels, keyboard navigation.

Sample UI Wireframe Concepts

- Dashboard top: Week selector + summary tiles (Avg Score, Top Dept, Weak Dept).
- Middle: Two columns Top Performers (left) and Weak Performers (right).
- Bottom: Filters & table with pagination + export button.

9. Backend (Spring Boot) Design

Project Structure (maven)

```
src/main/java/com/company/perf
/controller
/service
/repository
/model (entities)
/dto
/config (security, swagger)
/util
```

Entities

• Map to tables in section 5.

Repository

 Spring Data JPA JpaRepository interfaces for UserRepository, WeeklyPerformanceRepository, WeeklyScoresRepository, FeedbackRepository, etc.

Services

- PerformanceIngestionService validates and stores raw metrics.
- ScoringService normalization, weighting, score storage.
- ReportService export CSV/PDF.
- NotificationService email/sms triggers to managers.

UserService — user CRUD and RBAC.

Controllers

- AuthController login/register
- PerformanceController upload & retrieve
- ScoreController compute & query
- AdminController manage metrics, users
- ReportController export

Security

- Spring Security with JWT filters.
- Passwords stored hashed (BCrypt).
- Roles checked on endpoints via @PreAuthorize("hasRole('ADMIN')").

Exception Handling

• Centralized @ControllerAdvice for API errors.

Testing

- Unit tests with JUnit + Mockito.
- Integration tests with Spring Boot Test and an in-memory DB (H2).
- E2E tests for APIs (Postman/Newman or RestAssured).

10. CSV Upload Format (example)

CSV columns for ingestion:

user_email,metric_code,week_start,metric_value

alice@example.com,TASKS_COMPLETED,2025-09-01,23

bob@example.com,QUALITY_SCORE,2025-09-01,4.6

Validation rules:

- user_email or user_id must exist.
- metric_code is known.
- week_start is a Monday (system rule).
- metric_value is numeric and within bounds.

On errors: return structured error (line number, issue).

11. Deployment & DevOps (recommended)

Containerization

- Dockerize Spring Boot app and Angular app.
- Dockerfiles:
 - Backend: multi-stage build (maven build → jre image).
 - o Frontend: build assets → serve via nginx.

Registry

• Push images to Docker Hub / ECR.

Orchestration

- Kubernetes (EKS) or ECS.
- Deploy using Helm charts (recommended) or Kubernetes manifests.

Database

- Managed MySQL (Amazon RDS) or self-hosted in Kubernetes.
- Enable automated backups and multi-AZ for RDS.

CI/CD

- GitHub Actions or Jenkins Pipeline:
 - on: push to main → run tests → build docker images → push to registry → deploy (kubectl/helm).
 - o Use infra IaC: Terraform scripts for RDS, VPC, EKS cluster.

Secrets

• Use AWS Secrets Manager / Kubernetes Secrets for DB credentials and JWT secret.

Monitoring & Logging

- Application logs to CloudWatch / ELK.
- Metrics to Prometheus + Grafana (K8s).
- Alerts to Slack/Email for job failures or critical alerts.

12. Testing Plan

Test Types

- Unit Tests: Service & repo layers (JUnit + Mockito).
- Integration Tests: Controller endpoints with in-memory DB.
- API Contract Tests: OpenAPI validation.
- Functional Tests: Manual and automated (Selenium or Cypress for frontend).

- Load Testing: JMeter for ranking jobs and dashboard under concurrency.
- Security Tests: Vulnerability scan, dependency-check (SCA).
- UAT: With HR/Managers on sample data.

Test Cases (examples)

- Verify CSV ingestion with valid & invalid rows.
- Verify score computation correctness given sample dataset.
- Verify RBAC: Manager cannot access admin endpoints.
- Dashboard loads top/weak lists correctly and filters work.
- Export CSV yields correct values.

13. Notifications & Email

- Send automated emails weekly to managers with top/weak lists or alerts if team avg drops below threshold.
- Use templated emails via SMTP or AWS SES.
- Optionally integrate Slack/webhook for immediate alerts.

14. Audit, Compliance & Data Retention

- Log ingestion & manual edits in audit_logs.
- Retain raw weekly performance for X months (policy).
- Secure PII: encrypt sensitive fields; limit access.

15. Roles & Responsibilities (Team)

- **Product Owner / HR Lead:** Define metrics, thresholds, business logic.
- Project Manager: Coordinate, track deliverables.
- Frontend Developer(s): Angular UI, charts, responsive design.
- Backend Developer(s): Spring Boot APIs, scoring engine, integrations.
- **DBA:** Schema design, backup, indexing, optimization.
- **DevOps Engineer:** CI/CD, containerization, deployment, monitoring.
- QA Engineer: Test plans, automation tests, UAT coordination.
- **UX Designer (optional):** Wireframes, usability.

16. Deliverables

- Requirements Document & Data Dictionary.
- ER Diagram and SQL scripts.
- REST API Documentation (Swagger/OpenAPI).
- Angular frontend codebase.
- Spring Boot backend codebase.
- Docker images and Helm charts.
- CI/CD pipelines (GitHub Actions/Jenkins files).
- Test cases & test reports.
- Deployment & runbook docs.
- User manuals (Admin/Manager/Employee).
- Demo data & production seed script.

17. Sample SQL Seed (example metrics + sample data)

```
INSERT INTO performance_metrics (code,name,weight) VALUES
('TASKS_COMPLETED','Tasks Completed', 0.30),
('QUALITY_SCORE','Quality Score', 0.30),
('ATTENDANCE','Attendance %', 0.20),
('CLIENT_FEEDBACK','Client Feedback', 0.20);

-- Sample users
INSERT INTO departments (name) VALUES ('Engineering');
INSERT INTO teams (name, department_id) VALUES ('Backend',1);

INSERT INTO users (username,full_name,email,password_hash,role,team_id) VALUES
('alice','Alice Kumar','alice@example.com','$2a$10$...', 'EMPLOYEE', 1),
('bob','Bob Rao','bob@example.com','$2a$10$...', 'MANAGER',1);
```

18. Example: Compute Scores Pseudocode (Spring Service)

```
public void computeWeeklyScores(LocalDate weekStart) {
   List<Metric> metrics = metricRepo.findAllActive();
```

```
List<User> employees = userRepo.findAllActive();
  Map<Long, Map<Long, Double>> rawValues = perfRepo.getValuesForWeek(weekStart); // userId -
> (metricId -> value)
  for (Metric m: metrics) {
    // find min & max across users for normalization
    double min = findMinForMetric(rawValues, m.getId());
    double max = findMaxForMetric(rawValues, m.getId());
    for (User u : employees) {
      double val = rawValues.getOrDefault(u.getId(), Map.of()).getOrDefault(m.getId(), 0.0);
      double norm = (max == min) ? 1.0 : (val - min) / (max - min); // handle division
      double weighted = norm * m.getWeight();
      scoresAccum.get(u.getId()).add(weighted);
    }
  }
  // compute final score = sum of weighted metrics
  // persist to weekly_scores and compute rank
}
```

19. Security Considerations

- Use HTTPS everywhere.
- JWT expiry short; refresh tokens secured.
- Passwords hashed (BCrypt).
- Input validation and sanitization (prevent SQL injection/XSS).
- Limit upload sizes and validate CSV content.
- RBAC at API level with method security annotations.

20. Implementation Checklist (milestone-style but no time estimates)

- Finalize metric definitions & weights with HR.
- DB schema & initial seed data.
- Authentication module (JWT).

- CRUD for metrics and org entities.
- CSV upload and validation endpoint.
- Scoring engine & scheduled job.
- APIs for dashboards (top/weak lists).
- Angular frontend pages & charts.
- Feedback and action module.
- Export/Reporting feature.
- CI/CD pipelines and Docker images.
- Deploy to staging and setup monitoring.
- QA, load testing, and UAT.
- Production deployment and runbook.

21. Documentation & Handover

- Maintain an internal Confluence or README with:
 - o Architecture diagrams
 - API docs (Swagger)
 - Developer setup steps (local dev, running tests)
 - DB migration steps (Liquibase/Flyway recommended)
 - Production runbook (backup, restore, health-checks)
 - On-call escalation matrix

22. Extras & Enhancements (future)

- Add ML-based anomaly detection for sudden drops in performance.
- Slack integration for immediate manager alerts.
- Gamification badges for top performers.
- Mobile app or PWA for employee quick view.