

Software Project Report

for

SmartSales Project

Version 1.0 approved

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1. Introduction

1.1 Purpose

This document is a report for SmartSales project. The project was built based on requirement of course CMPE272-Enterprise Software System for final project. SmartSales is stand-alone application that utilize Tableau to visualize data and provide useful sale reports.

1.2 Document Conventions

This document follows IEEE standard template, Copyright © 2005 by Karl E. Wieggers, IEEE.

1.3 Intended Audience and Reading Suggestions

- End user, business user with or without programming knowledge
- Instructor Andrew and Teaching Assistant

The first part of the document will focus on the high level design of SmartSales. The later section describe the algorithm & technologies use in this project and finally describe the implementation process. Viewer are advised to read this document from beginning till the end in that order, as it is not dictionary type.

1.4 Product Scope

Project 'SMART SALES' leverages the concepts of Data Warehousing and Business Intelligence to achieve insights from those raw data. It visualizes data in a pictorial or graphical format. It enables decision makers to see analytics presented visually, so they can grasp difficult concepts or identify new patterns

In the context of this project, we assume that the business have chain stores. Sales data is scattered across retail stores, wholesale stores and online store for Internet customers. Data of retail and wholesale stores is managed by a legacy system, while online store system is just built recently. Therefore we have at least two different data formats.

1.5 References

- <https://community.tableau.com/community/developers>
- <http://developer.okta.com>
- <https://www.talend.com/solutions/for-developers>
- http://onlinehelp.tableau.com/samples/en-us/js_api/tutorial.htm

2. Overall Description

2.1 Product Perspective

The survival of a business lies in its ability to understand the market and adjust its marketing and sales strategies appropriately. Knowledge about a particular market is learnt from reliable and updated data sources. Sales data is one of the great sources of data to diagnose the strength and weakness of marketing & sales strategy as they reflect the taste of the market. Unfortunately, the amount of sale data is huge, unclassified, and normally distributed in many system databases. It's a very challenging, costly for traditional tool like Excel to centralize all data; it can be thousands of spreadsheets. Next thing, after data is put in the same place, it's a difficult task to dive into those huge data and extract knowledge from it.

Project 'SMART SALES' leverages the concepts of Data Warehousing and Business Intelligence to achieve insights from those raw data. It visualizes data in a pictorial or graphical format. It enables decision makers to see analytics presented visually, so they can grasp difficult concepts or identify new patterns

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2.2 Product Functions

- Centralize different data sources by using ETL tool (Talend)
- Single Sign On
- Data warehouse and visualize data
- Responsive Web UI, that can be used with different size of screen (big screen or mobile phone)

2.3 User Classes and Characteristics

- End user: business users, like employee of sale department
- Administrator: who have some decent programming knowledge to customize the report when needed

2.6 User Documentation

(no documentation)

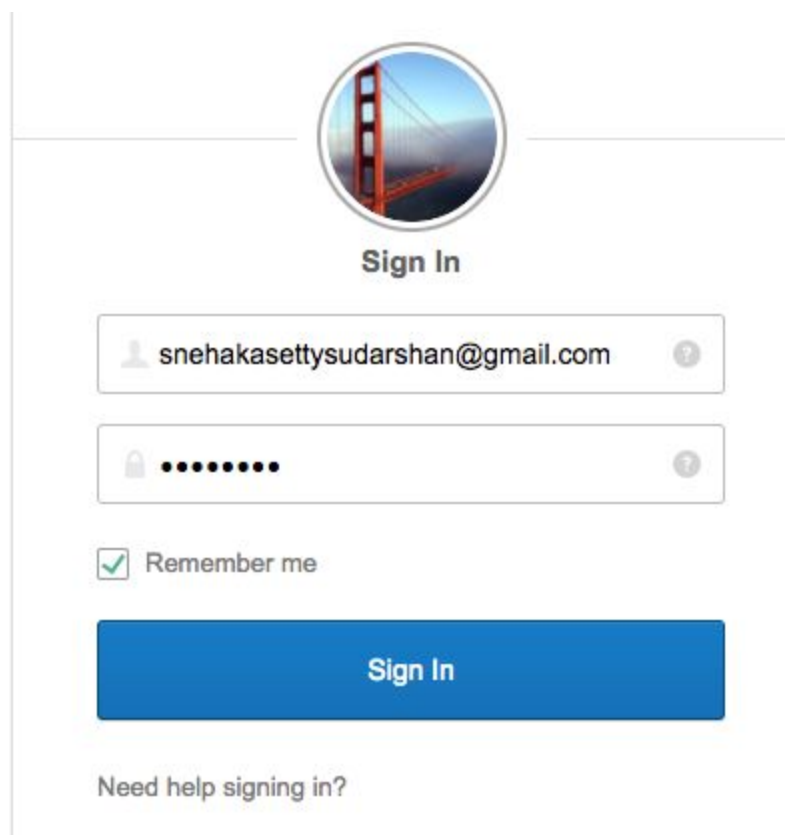
2.7 Assumptions and Dependencies

- Okta is set up and connected to Tableau and Github and SmartSales
- Tableau account is still active and connect to Redshift datasource
- Jenkin server is running and connect to github repo, where the code is stored

3. External Interface Requirements

3.1 User Interfaces

3.1.1 Login Screen



The login screen features a circular profile picture placeholder with a bridge image. Below it is a "Sign In" label. The form includes two input fields: the first for the email address "snehakasettysudarshan@gmail.com" and the second for the password, represented by dots. Both fields have a question mark icon on the right. Below the password field is a checkbox labeled "Remember me" which is checked. A large blue "Sign In" button is positioned below the checkbox. At the bottom, there is a link that says "Need help signing in?".

Figure 2 - Login Screen

3.1.3 Application Dashboard

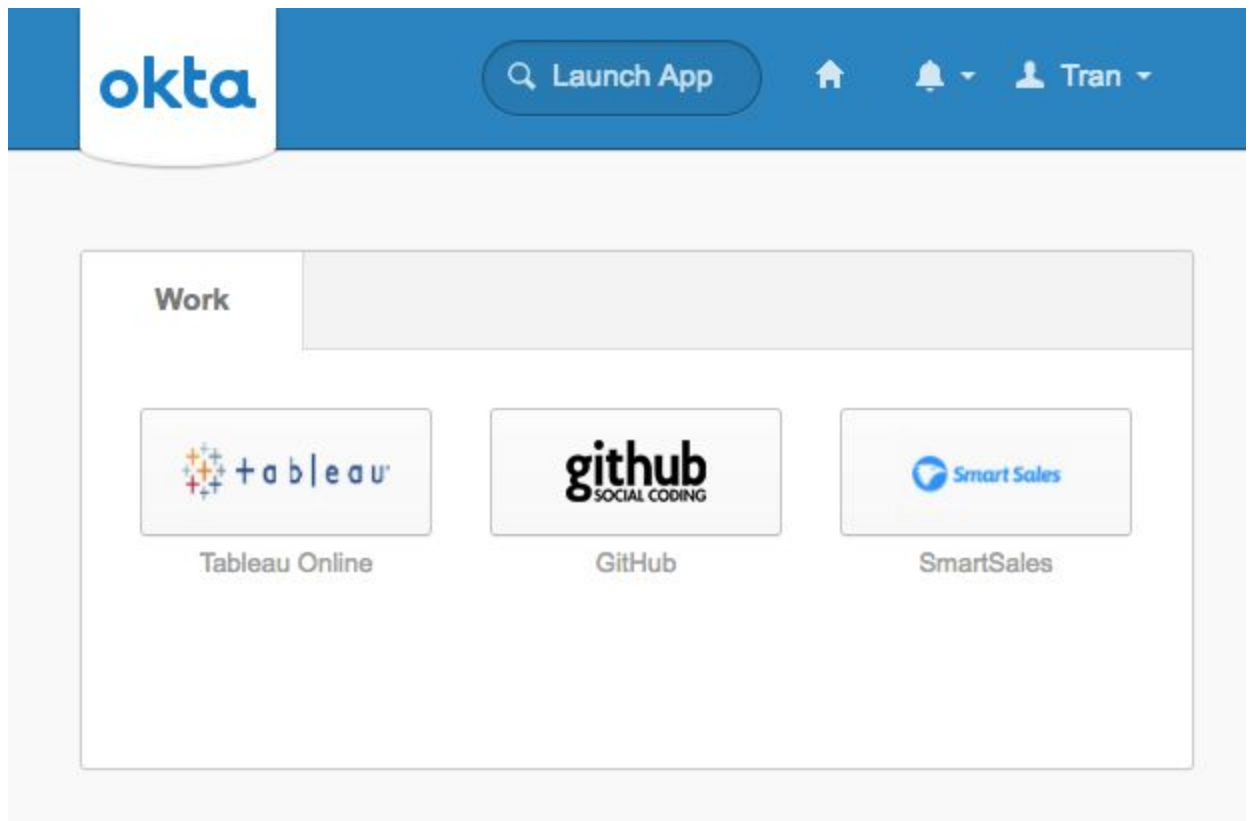


Figure 3 - Okta Application Dashboard

3.1.2 Smart Sales Application Dashboard

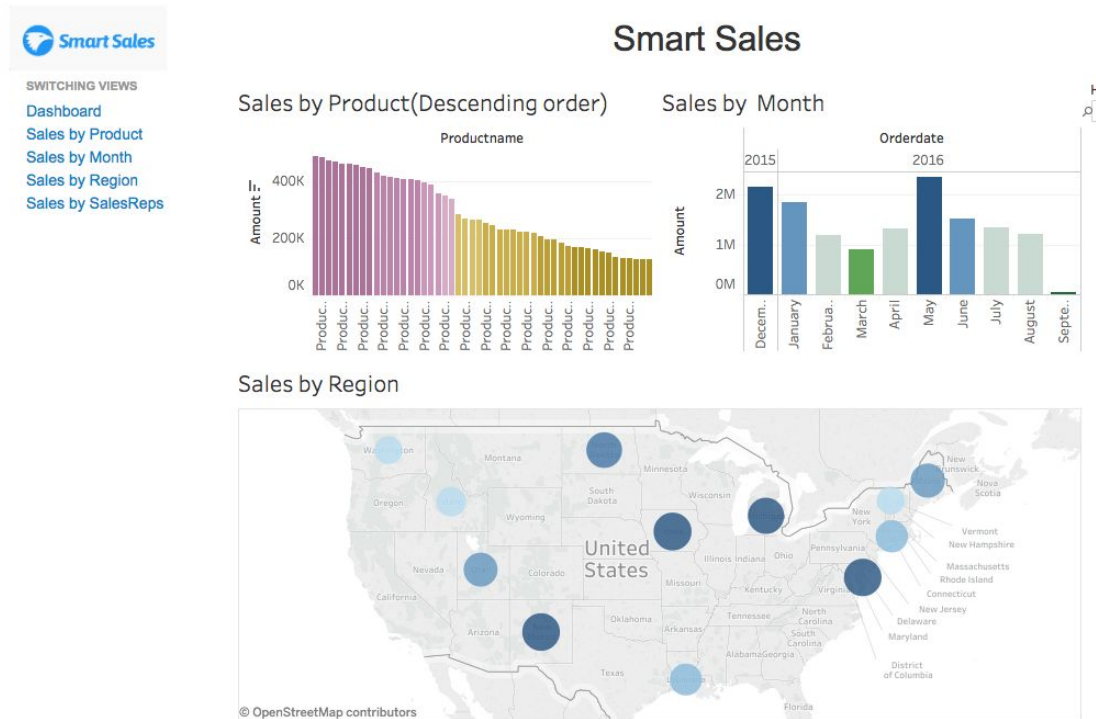


Figure 4 - SmartSales Dashboard

3.2 Hardware Interfaces

Not required. SmartSales is deployed to AWS

3.3 Software Interfaces

- Talend
- Okta API
- Tableau API

3.4 Communications Interfaces

- HTTP:
 - Access SmartSales from Web GUI or Mobile GUI
 - Access Okta API interface from SmartSales (web server)
 - Access Tableau Javascript API from SmartSales

4. System Features

4.1 Data Sources Centralization

4.1.1 Description and Priority

Talend Open Studios is an ETL/ELT tool. It is used to extract data from multiple sources like CSV, Json, XML etc.. Data is extracted using talend input components like, tfileInputDelimited, tRedshiftInput etc. The data then could be transformed based on business logic using the transformation components like tMap, tJoin etc. The data then is dumped into the target. The target could be a file or a database. Talend uses components like tfileOutputDelimited, tRedshiftOutput etc. to load the data.

In this project, we are generating data using talend. The tRowGenerator component of talend generated data and

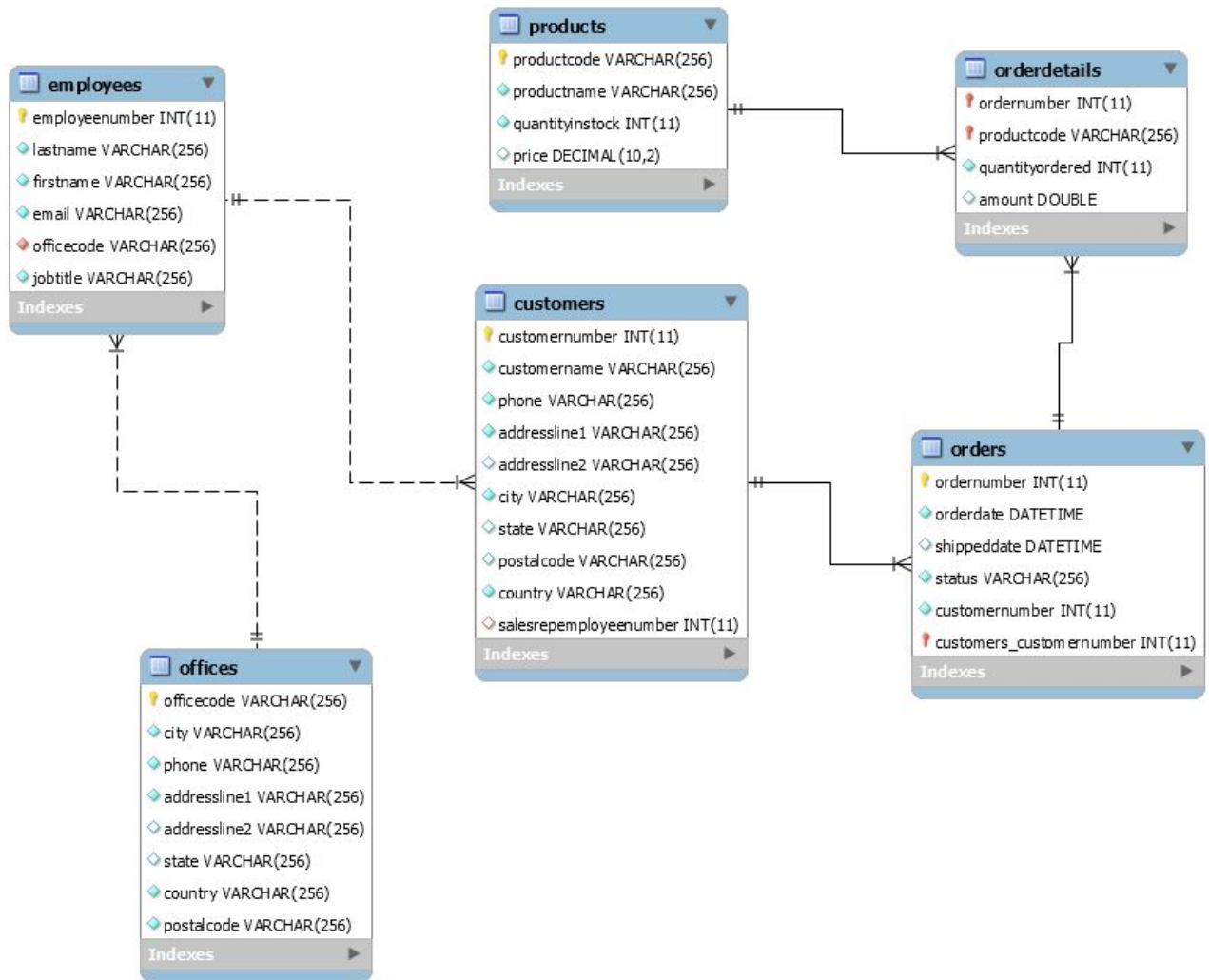
4.1.2 Stimulus/Response Sequences

In this project, we are generating data using talend. The tRowGenerator component of talend generated data and puts it in the CSV file. The CSV file is then extracted but the talend input component and is loaded into tMap component. The data is then dumped into AWS Redshift. Tableau then target to the AWS Redshift and creates visualization.

4.1.3 Functional Requirements

REQ-1: Data Integration

Retail stores are present all over USA. Customer from different parts of the country buy products from the store. Now initially the data is present in the local servers of the stores. It has to be integrated and centralized to the data warehouse. In order to do that we write ETL jobs. Below is the data model for the database.



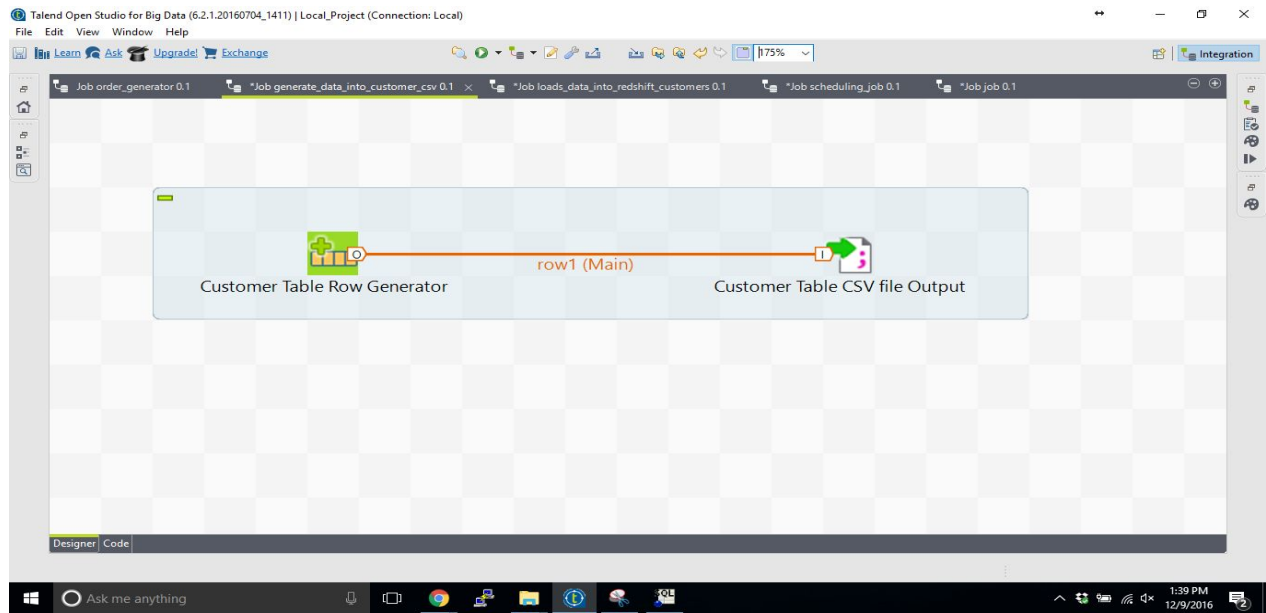
REQ-2: Data Warehouse

We need to have a centralized data warehouse to integrate the data from all sources. We use Amazon redshift as our data warehouse. In order to create a data warehouse create a free account in the AWS Redshift. Give the details of the database like domain, database, username and password. Once the configuration is done, download SQL Workbench/j to performs queries on the database. Using above data model, create ddl statements and execute in the the AWS Redshift.

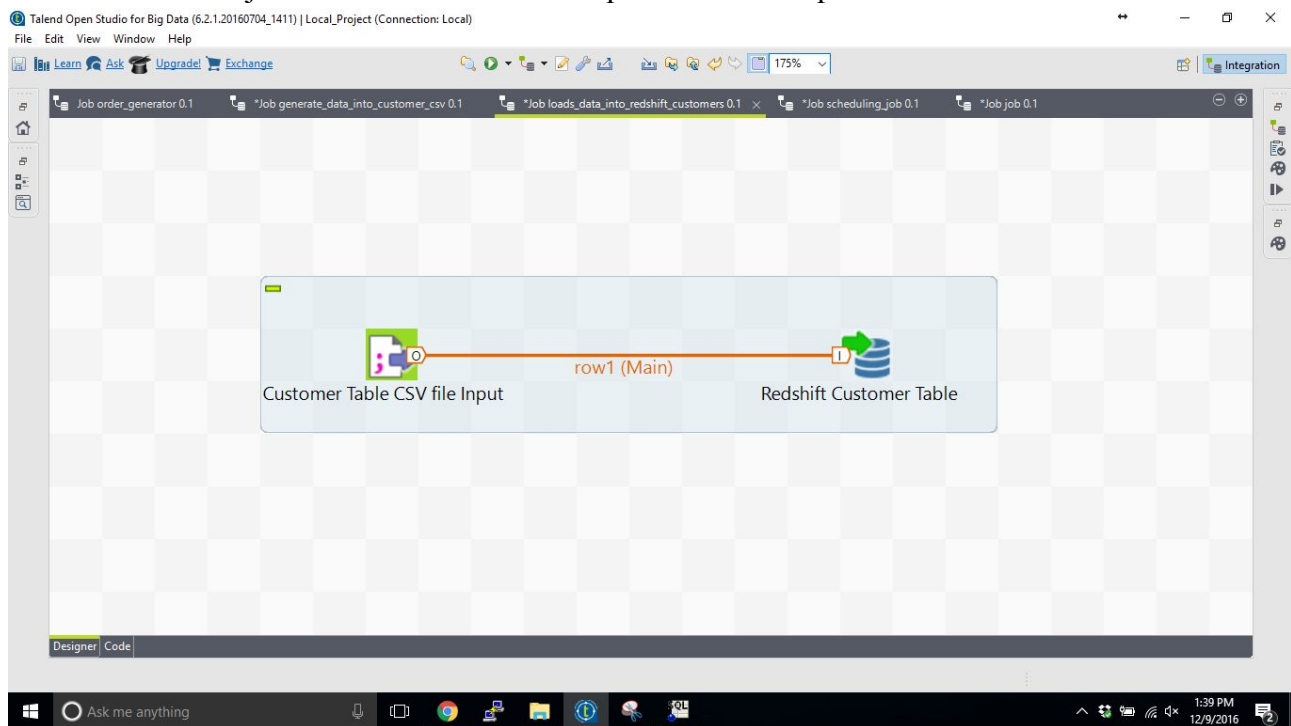
REQ-3: Talend Jobs

In order to populate each table in the database, we need to generate data in files first, Then we extract data from the files and dump in into the tables.

Each Job is divided into two subjobs, First Job(below diagram) generated data from tRowGenerator and dumps it in the CSV file.



Second subjob extracts data from the input file and dumps it into AWS Redshift table.



The data then gets populated into AWS Redshift database.

SQL Workbench/J Smartsales - Default.wksp

User=f22, Schema=public, URL=jdbc:redshift://smartsales-sjsu-cloud8.cupqfw2nsw.us-west-1.redshift.amazonaws.com:5439/smartsales

Statement 1 Database Explorer 2

Schema: public

Objects: Procedures Triggers Search table data

NAME	TYPE	CATALOG	SCHEMA	REMARKS
customers	TABLE	smartsales	public	
employees	TABLE	smartsales	public	
offices	TABLE	smartsales	public	
orderdetails	TABLE	smartsales	public	
orders	TABLE	smartsales	public	
products	TABLE	smartsales	public	

Table: public.orders Rows: 97722 Autoload

ordernumber	orderdate	shippeddate	status	customernumber
1	2015-12-01	2016-01-02	Shipped	10006095
2	2015-12-01	2016-01-02	Shipped	10006095
4	2015-12-16	2016-01-15	Shipped	10000565
6	2016-01-01	2016-01-25	Shipped	10073188
8	2015-12-11	2016-01-23	Shipped	10096645
10	2015-12-28	2016-01-06	Shipped	10002247
12	2015-12-22	2016-01-22	Shipped	10011283
14	2015-12-18	2016-01-17	Shipped	10034637
16	2015-12-04	2016-01-25	Shipped	10030283
18	2015-12-19	2016-01-13	Shipped	10005409
20	2015-12-29	2016-01-25	Shipped	10056747
22	2015-12-18	2016-01-14	Shipped	10015435
24	2015-12-23	2016-01-12	Shipped	10042607
26	2015-12-17	2016-01-18	Shipped	10023356
28	2015-12-08	2016-01-05	Shipped	10042807
30	2015-12-25	2016-01-06	Shipped	10035157
32	2015-12-26	2016-01-05	Shipped	10059575
34	2015-12-24	2016-01-04	Shipped	10034049
36	2015-12-05	2016-01-31	Shipped	10006472
38	2015-12-03	2016-01-14	Shipped	10041525
40	2015-12-13	2016-01-20	Shipped	10080928
42	2015-12-02	2016-01-11	Shipped	10095431
44	2015-12-02	2016-01-25	Shipped	10089990
46	2015-12-17	2016-01-11	Shipped	10072813
48	2015-12-06	2016-01-18	Shipped	10026799
50	2015-12-14	2016-01-08	Shipped	10074069
52	2015-12-08	2016-01-24	Shipped	10045038
54	2015-12-04	2016-01-27	Shipped	10020575
56	2015-12-21	2016-01-05	Shipped	10025171

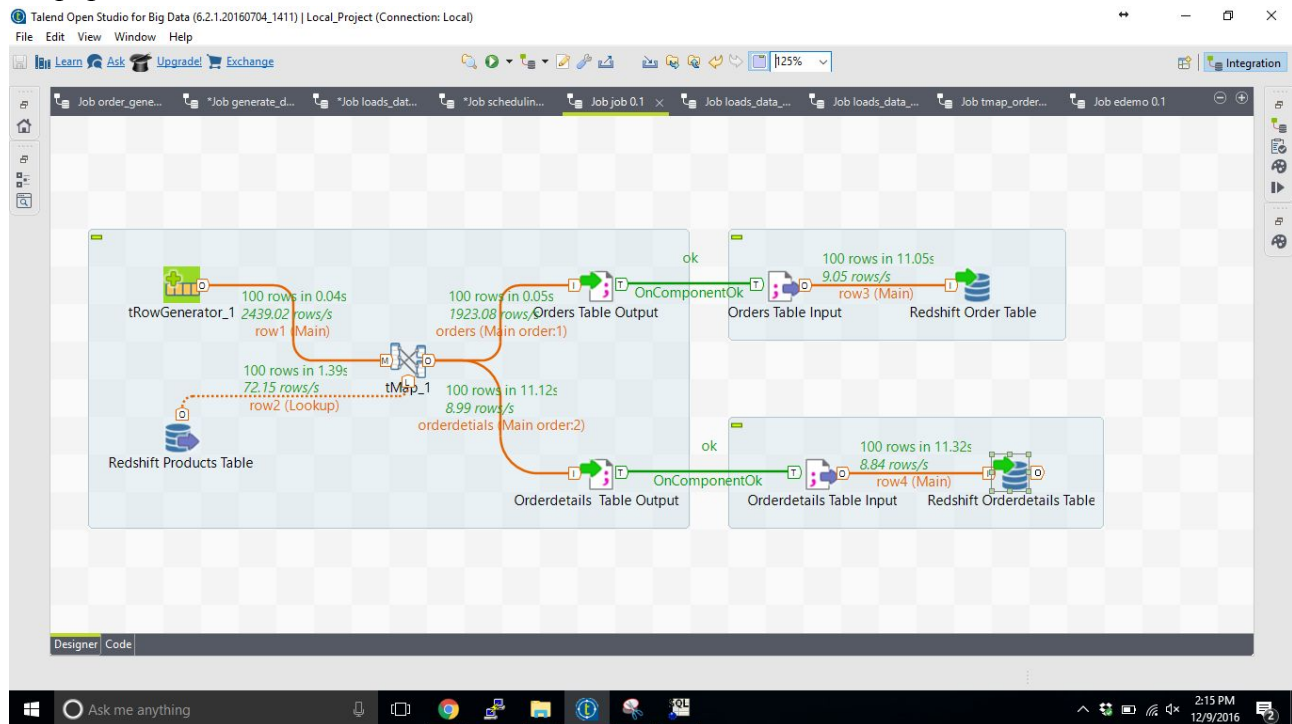
smartsales.public.orders

6 Objects

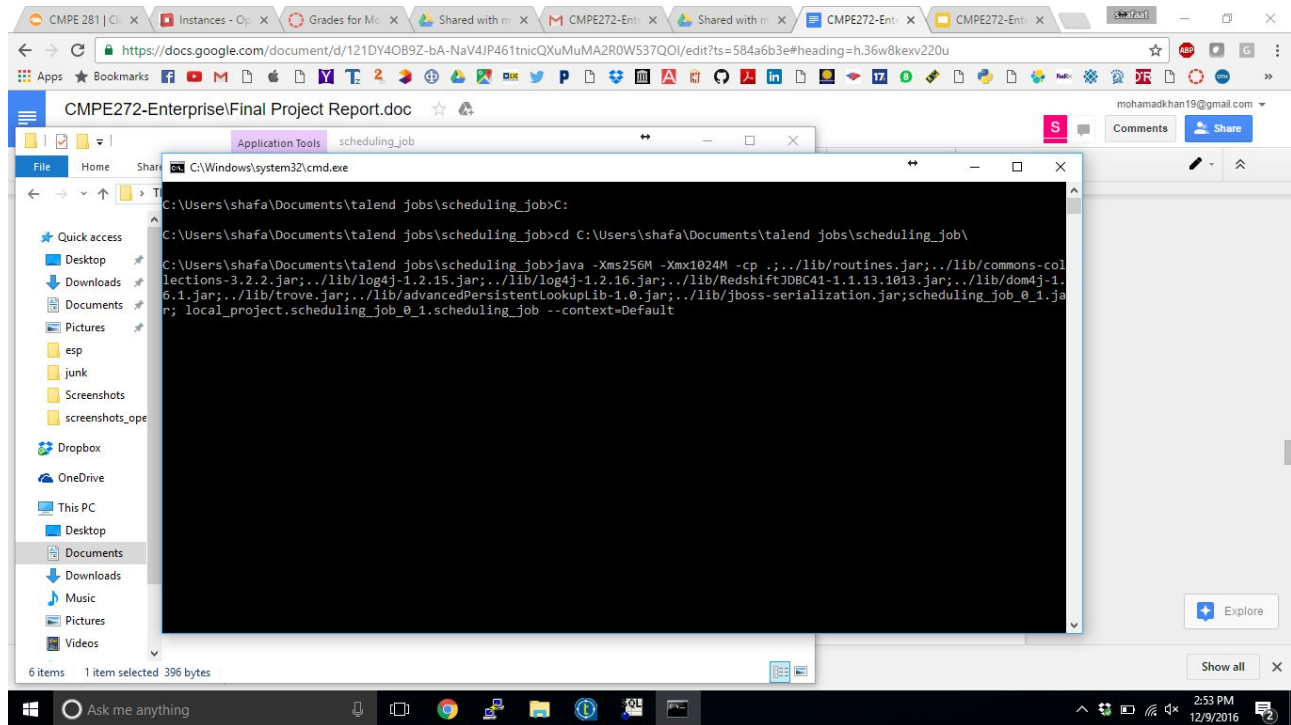
0.35s Timeout: 0 Max. Rows: 500 1-29/500

12:22 PM 12/9/2016

A scheduling job is created in talend which is a batch process, it generated 10 rows in every 5 mins and populated the table.



The job is scheduled using windows task manager.



4.2 Single Sign On

4.2.1 Description and Priority

Using several external component: Tableau, Github, corporate account (in Active Directory) lead to annoyance to user, as they have to remember several account, and do multiple log in for each component.

Single Sign On make it easy and user friendly. User just need to log in once.

4.2.2 Stimulus/Response Sequences

- A. User first login to okta domain
- B. Dashboard page will display list of applications supported with SSO
- C. User choose applications, and will not be asked for credential

4.2.3 Functional Requirements

Log in once. No more account authentication box pop up anymore.

4.3 Visualization Using Tableau

4.3.1 Description and Priority

Tableau is a Data Visualization and Data Analyzing tool that helps us create visually-appealing reports, charts, graphs and dashboards using the data available. Visual representation of data brings out the insights hidden. Tableau helps us in finding solutions to lot of problems. Reports generated using Tableau are interactive and can be easily shared with others in a secure way. Tableau connects easily to nearly any data source, be it MySQL, Oracle, MS Excel, Amazon Redshift and so on.

4.3.2 Stimulus/Response Sequences

All the development work like creating reports, charts, formatting them and putting together as a dashboard is done in Tableau Desktop. The charts are interrelated in the dashboard and applying filters on one of the values will apply the same filters for the other charts as well in the same dashboard. Later, the dashboards, reports can be published to Tableau Online, which is hosted in cloud to share with other users. The users can view reports and dashboards by logging into Tableau Online. Any changes made to the data source will reflect in the reports and dashboards.

4.3.3 Functional Requirements

REQ-1: Data Source

In order to generate reports, charts and dashboards, Tableau should be connected to at least one data source. In our project, Tableau is connected to Amazon Redshift.

REQ-2: Tableau Desktop

All the development work related to reports and dashboards is done in Tableau Desktop.

REQ-3: Tableau Online

Tableau Online is used to share the reports and dashboards with other users across geographic locations. When the reports and dashboards are ready, it will be published to Tableau Online, which is hosted in cloud.

In our Project, Total Sales is broken down by Region, Time, Sales Representatives and Product. A dashboard is prepared by bringing together the individual reports. The same is shown in below screenshots.

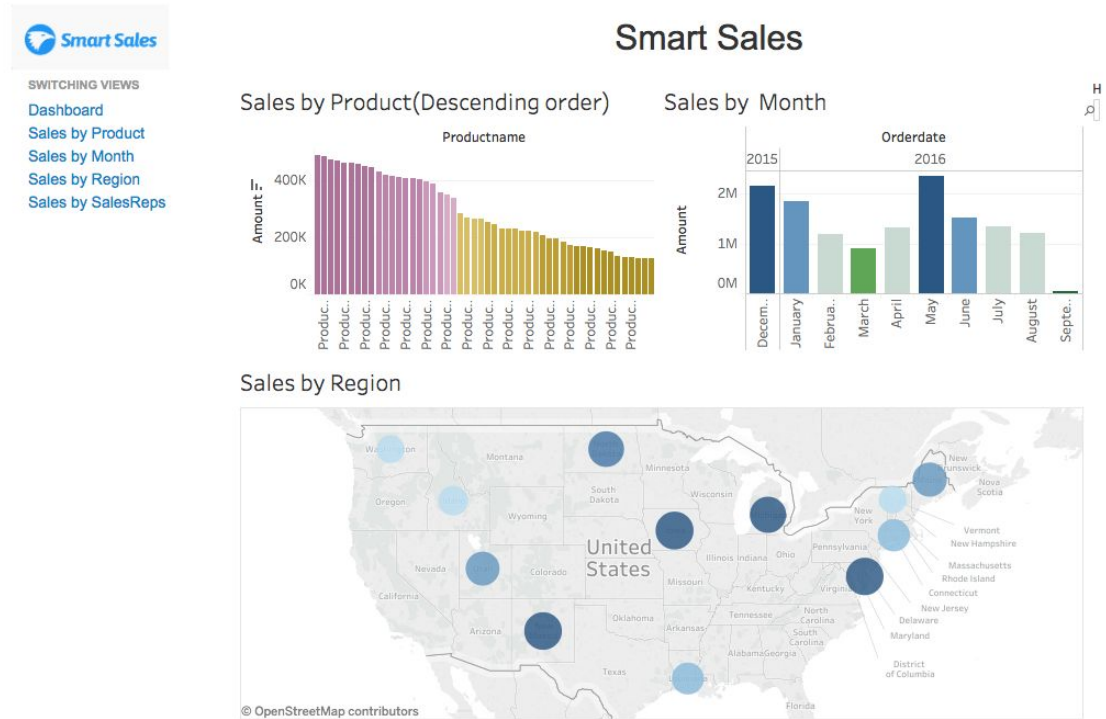


Figure 4 - SmartSales Dashboard

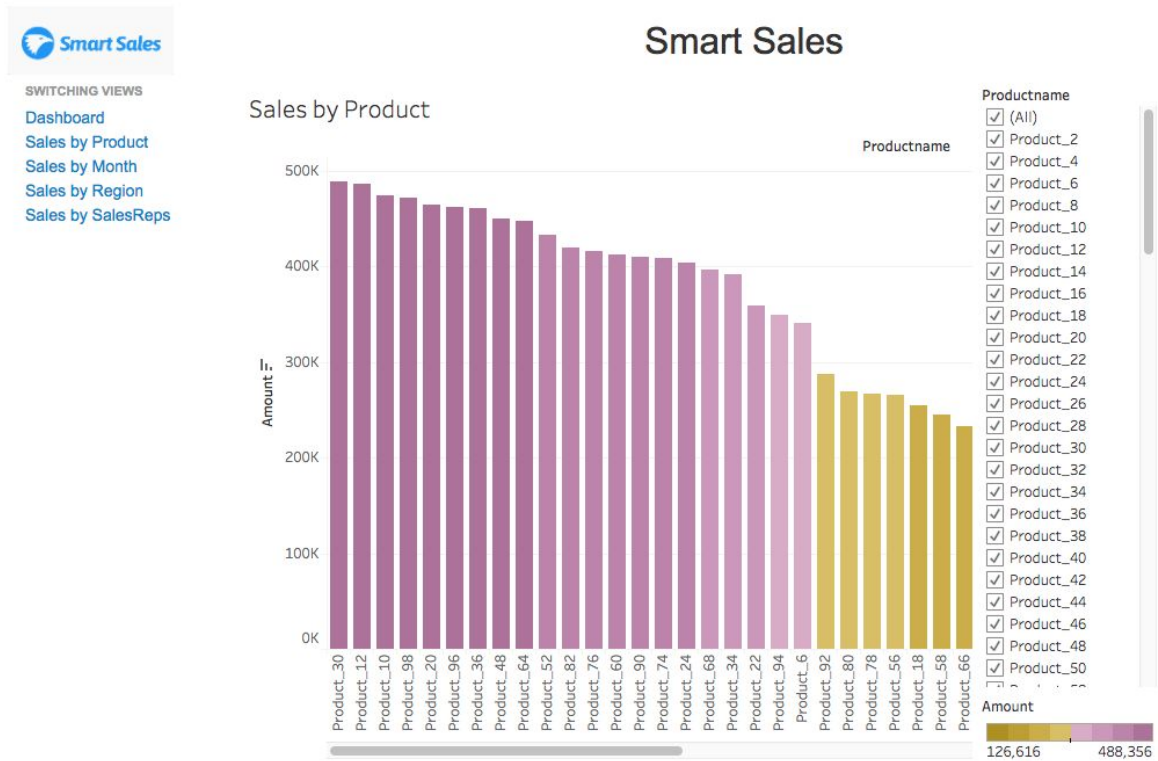


Figure 5 - Sales by Product



Figure 5 - Sales by Month

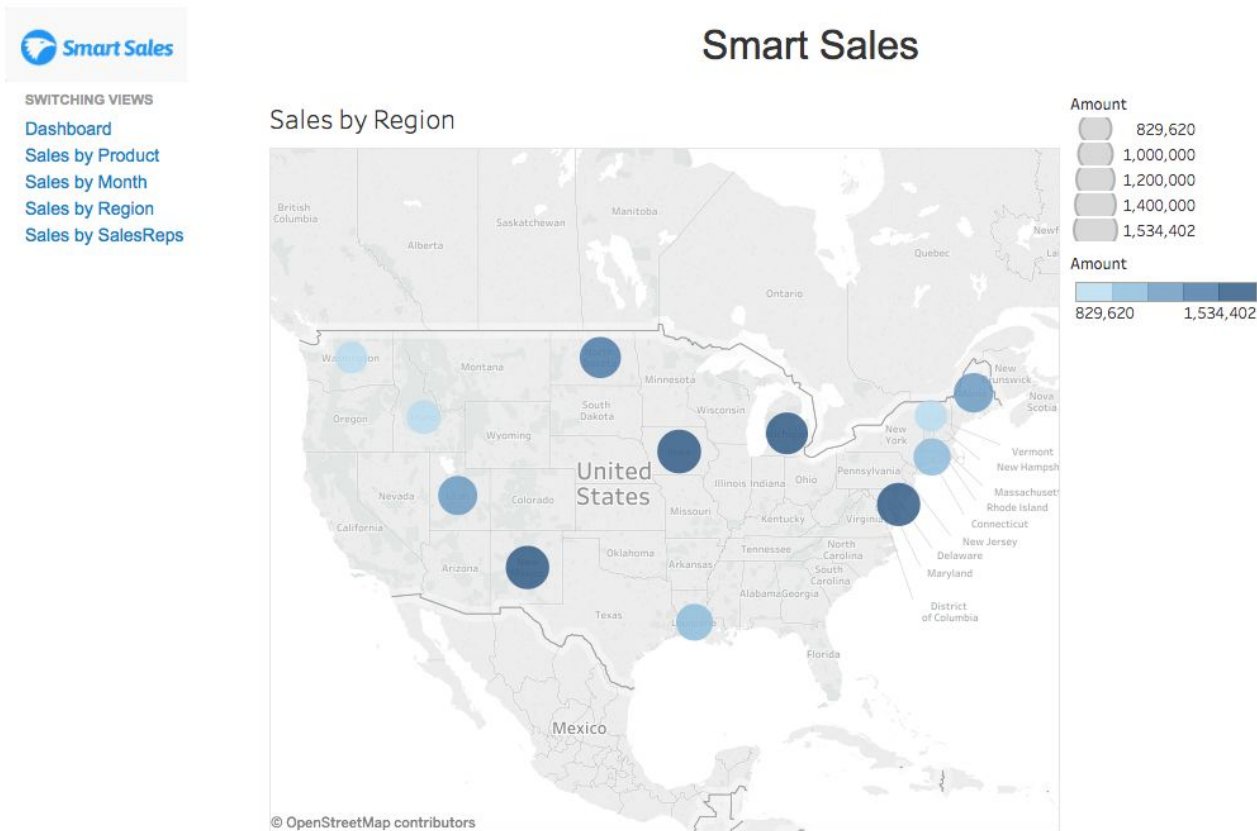


Figure 6 - Sales by Region

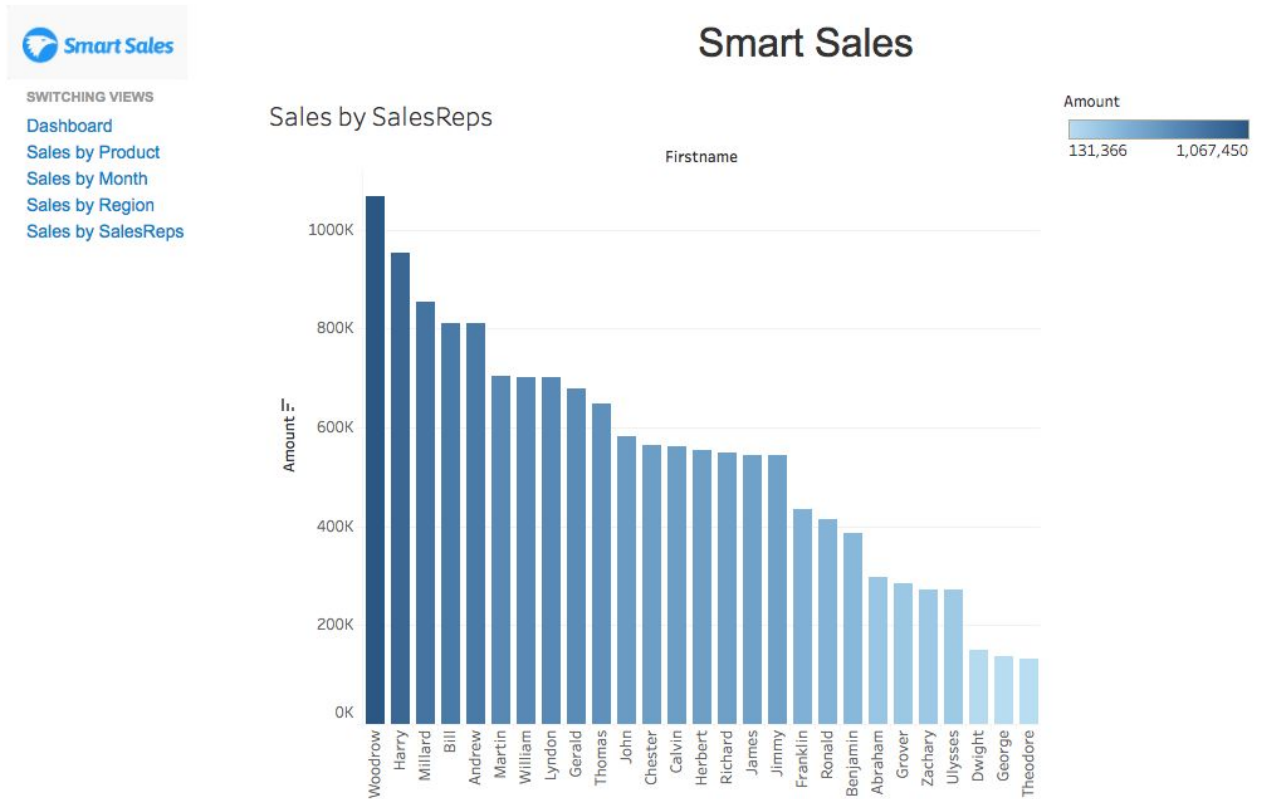


Figure 5 - Sales by Employee

5. Other Nonfunctional Requirements

5.1 Performance Requirements

No performance requirement but extensive error handling is required as OpenStack can produce wide range of issues.

5.2 Safety Requirements

Tableau account, Okta account and Talend account used in this project are trial account and they will expired soon. Unless those account are refreshed, user may not be able to use the app properly

5.3 Security Requirements

This application is run in lab environment and doesn't spend any serious effort on security issues for now

5.4 Software Quality Attributes

Good error handling and don't crash too often.

5.5 Business Rules

This application is run on lab environment for experiment purpose, therefore, not comply to any specific business rule

6. Other Requirements

6.1 Continuous Integration with Jenkins

Jenkins is a continuous integration and continuous delivery application tool. In our project we have used Jenkins for deploying our application to AWS S3 everytime we make changes to the code and commit it to github.

Installed Jenkins on an EC2 instance and installed git plugin and S3 plugin


Created a new job on Jenkins to build and deploy to S3 when a change is pushed into github
On github repository give the jenkins url in the webhooks payload URL

Screen shot of automatic Jenkins Smart integration build triggered when code change in github has been pushed


← → ↻ 🏠


35.164.241.230:8080/job/SmartSalesIntegration/


Apps AT&T Consumer Wi... ★ Bookmarks USC Stuff Splitwise USC Web Mail Useful Stuff Bank of America | H... Linux_Downloads -...


 **Jenkins**


Jenkins > SmartSalesIntegration >


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