

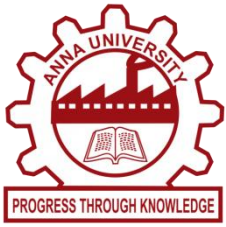
**K.RAMAKRISHNAN COLLEGE OF TECHNOLOGY
(AUTONOMOUS), TRICHY**



**CREATING BASIC MAPS TO DISPLAY POPULATION
DENSITY OF INDIAN STATES**

PRESENTED BY

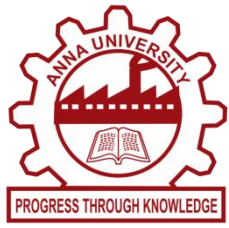
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PRESENTATION OVERVIEW



- Problem Identification and Analysis
- Objective
- Proposed Work Architecture & Module Design
- Block diagram of proposed system
- Module Description
- Module Implementation
- R Programming Implementation
- Source Code
- Output Snapshots
- Conclusion



PROBLEM IDENTIFICATION

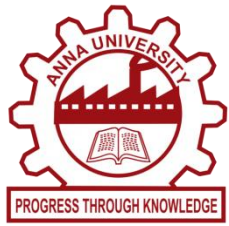


Problem Identification

- Population data from sources like the Census is vast and difficult to interpret manually.
- Users lack intuitive tools to explore population density by state interactively.
- Traditional tabular formats make it hard to identify high or low-density regions at a glance.

Problem Analysis

- There is a need for a dynamic, map-based visualization platform for population data.
- Interactive features like filtering and color-coded density maps can enhance data exploration.
- A web-based interface using R Shiny can make data accessible and understandable for all users.

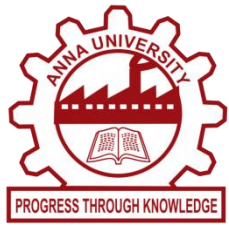


OBJECTIVE



To develop a user-friendly dashboard that:

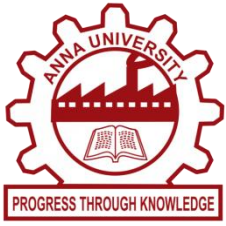
- ☐ Displays population density data for Indian states.
- ☐ Provides both tabular and visual (map-based) views.
- ☐ Supports CSV file uploads and filtering by density level



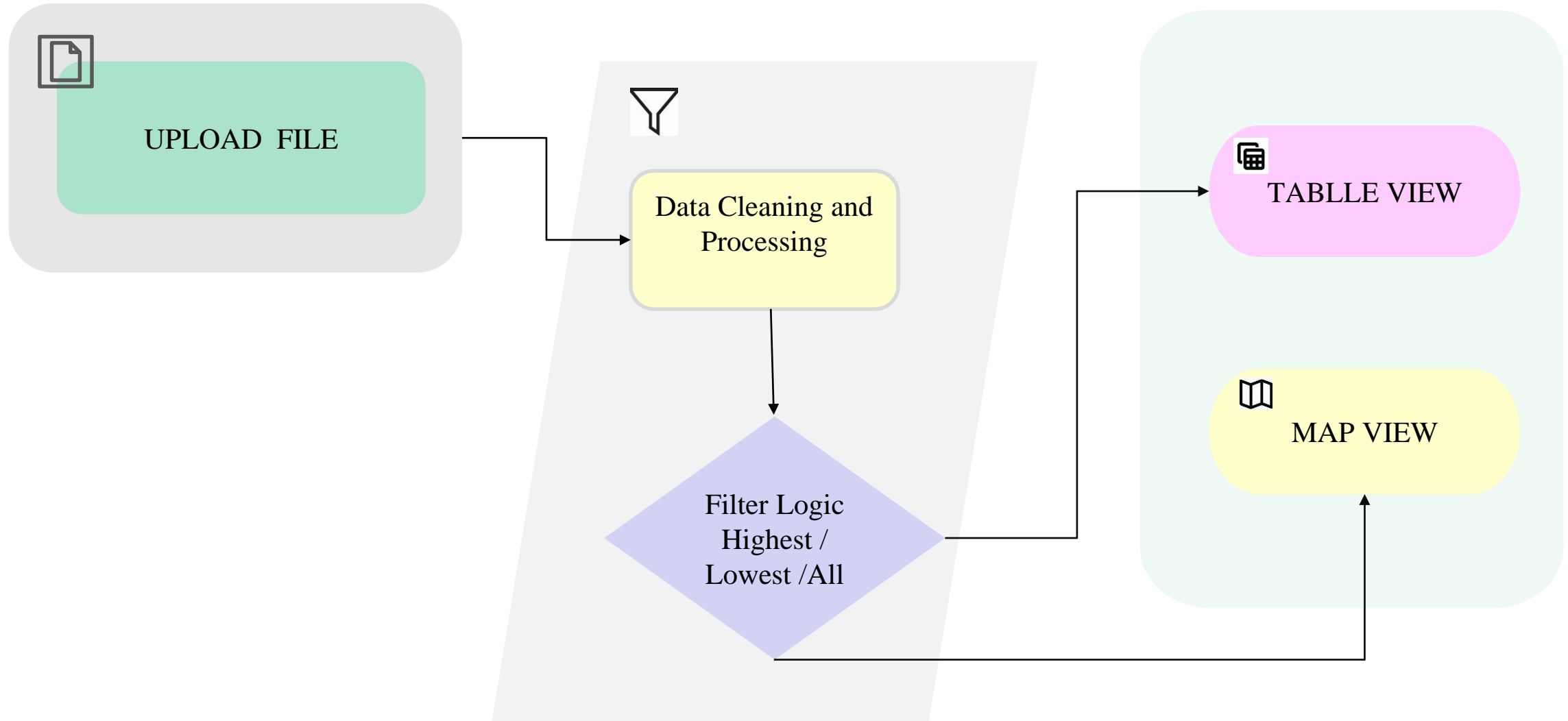
Proposed Work Architecture & Module Design

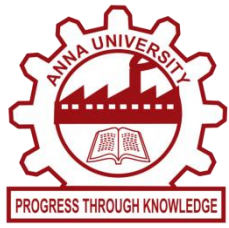


- ❑ **Frontend:** Built using **R Shiny** and **shinydashboard** to provide an intuitive and interactive user interface.
- ❑ **Backend:** Processes uploaded data and user interactions using **R functions** and **dplyr** for data transformation.
- ❑ **Visualization:** Implements **Leaflet** for map visualization and **DT** for dynamic table display of population data.
- ❑ **Modules:** Includes **Data Upload & Cleaning**, **Table View**, **Map Visualization**, **User Interface**, and **Integration & Testing**.
- ❑ **Security & Deployment:** Supports basic session handling and is deployable via **shinyapps.io** or local server environments.



BLOCK DIAGRAM

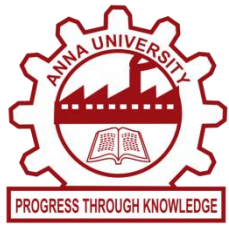




MODULES DESCRIPTION



- ☐ **Data Upload & Cleaning Module**
- ☐ **Table View Module**
- ☐ **Map Visualization Module**
- ☐ **User Interface Design using Shiny**
- ☐ **Integration and Testing Module**

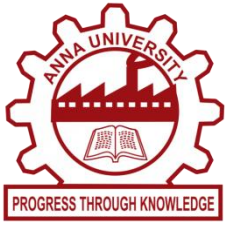


MODULES IMPLEMENTATION



Data Upload & Cleaning Module

- Uploads .csv files containing population and state data
- Parses string numbers with commas into numeric format
- Merges data if multiple datasets are used
- Prepares clean dataset for visualization
- Cleans data by removing missing or invalid entries

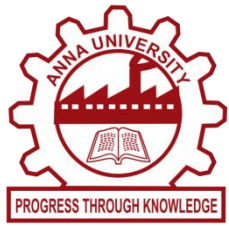


MODULES IMPLEMENTATION



Table View Module

- Presents cleaned dataset in an interactive table
- Allows sorting and searching by state or density
- Supports pagination for large datasets
- Reflects filtering choices from the user
- Makes comparison and data interpretation easier

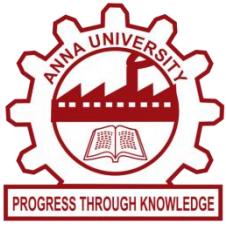


MODULES IMPLEMENTATION



Map Visualization Module

- Displays population density data using interactive maps
- Uses color-coded markers to represent density levels
- Tooltips show state name and population details
- Zoom and pan for exploring different regions
- Highlights patterns and outliers geographically

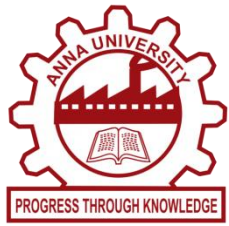


MODULES IMPLEMENTATION



User Interface Design using Shiny

- Built using R Shiny's reactive UI components
- Sidebar includes controls for upload, filter, and view selection
- Tabs for toggling between Table and Map views
- Responsive layout for desktop and mobile
- Clean, user-friendly interface for smooth navigation

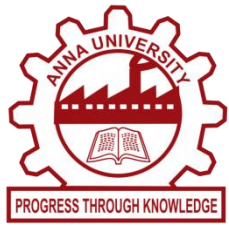


MODULES IMPLEMENTATION



Integration and Testing Module

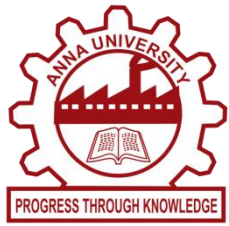
- Combines all modules into a fully functional Shiny app
- Validates input handling and reactive updates
- Tests usability across devices and browsers
- Debugs and optimizes UI and server logic
- Ensures smooth operation before final deployment



DATA SCIENCE CONCEPTS



- **Shiny** – For interactive UI and server logic.
- **leaflet** – For dynamic geographic visualization.
- **DT** – For interactive and filterable tables.
- **dplyr** – For data filtering and manipulation.



SOURCE CODE



```
library(shiny)
library(DT)
library(leaflet)
library(dplyr)

state_coords <- data.frame(
  State = c("Uttar Pradesh", "Bihar", "Maharashtra", "West Bengal", "Tamil
Nadu",
  "Rajasthan", "Karnataka", "Gujarat", "Andhra Pradesh", "Madhya
Pradesh"),
  Lat = c(26.85, 25.59, 19.75, 22.57, 11.12, 27.02, 15.31, 22.26, 15.91,
23.52),
  Lon = c(80.91, 85.13, 75.71, 88.36, 78.15, 74.22, 75.71, 72.57, 79.74,
77.81)
)

ui <- fluidPage(
  titlePanel("Density Viewer"),

  sidebarLayout(
    sidebarPanel(
      fileInput("file", "Upload CSV File (State, Density)", accept = ".csv"),
      selectInput("filter_type", "Filter Population Density:",
        choices = c("All", "Highest Density", "Lowest Density"))
    ),
```

```
mainPanel(
  tabsetPanel(
    tabPanel("Table View", DTOutput("density_table")),
    tabPanel("Map View", leafletOutput("density_map", height = 600))
  )
)

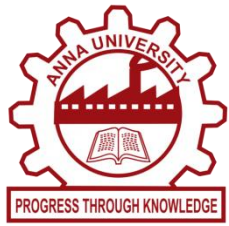
server <- function(input, output) {

  user_data <- reactive({
    req(input$file)
    df <- read.csv(input$file$datapath, stringsAsFactors = FALSE)

    df$Density <- as.numeric(gsub(",", "", df$Density))

    merged <- df %>%
      inner_join(state_coords, by = "State")

    merged
  })
}
```



SOURCE CODE



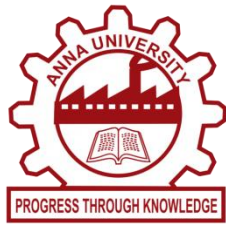
```
filtered_data <- reactive({
  data <- user_data()
  if (input$filter_type == "Highest Density") {
    data %>% filter(Density == max(Density, na.rm = TRUE))
  } else if (input$filter_type == "Lowest Density") {
    data %>% filter(Density == min(Density, na.rm = TRUE))
  } else {
    data
  }
})

output$density_table <- renderDT({
  datatable(filtered_data()[, c("State", "Density")], options = list(pageLength
= 10))
})

output$density_map <- renderLeaflet({
  req(filtered_data())
  pal <- colorNumeric(palette = c("green", "yellow", "red"), domain =
user_data()$Density)
```

```
leaflet() %>%
  addTiles() %>%
  addCircleMarkers(data = filtered_data(),
    lat = ~Lat,
    lng = ~Lon,
    radius = 10,
    color = ~pal(Density),
    stroke = TRUE,
    fillOpacity = 0.8,
    label = ~paste(State, ": ", Density)) %>%
  addLegend("bottomright", pal = pal, values = user_data()$Density,
    title = "Population Density")
})
}

shinyApp(ui = ui, server = server)
```



Output Snapshots

Density Viewer

Upload CSV File (State, Density)

Browse... No file selected

Filter Population Density:

All

Table View Map View

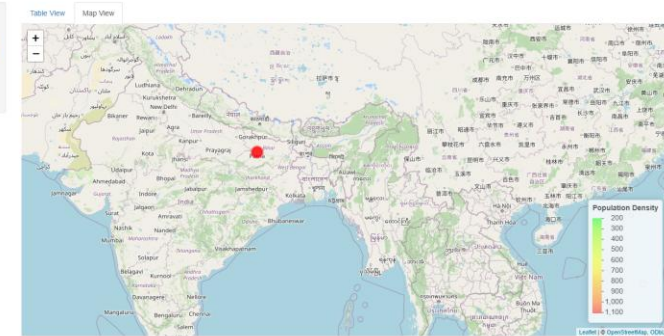
Density Viewer

Upload CSV File (State, Density)

Browse... population_density_of_india.csv

Filter Population Density:

Highest Density



Density Viewer

Upload CSV File (State, Density)

Browse... population_density_of_india.csv

Filter Population Density:

All

Table View Map View

Show 10 entries Search:

	State	Density
1	Bihar	1106
2	West Bengal	1028
3	Uttar Pradesh	829
4	Tamil Nadu	555
5	Maharashtra	365
6	Karnataka	319
7	Andhra Pradesh	308
8	Gujarat	308
9	Madhya Pradesh	236
10	Rajasthan	200

Showing 1 to 10 of 10 entries Previous 1 Next

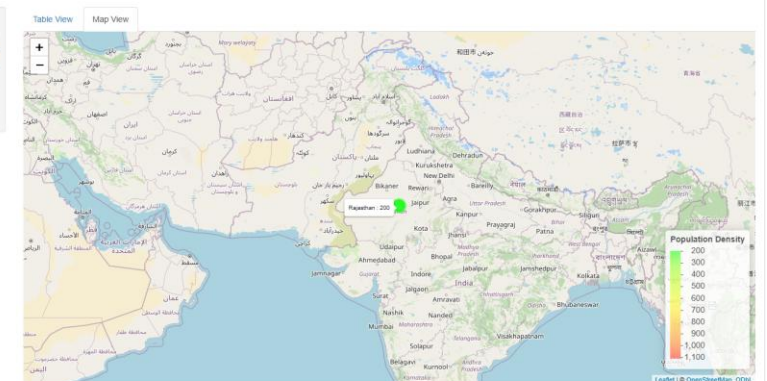
Density Viewer

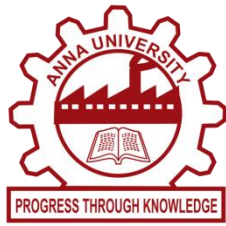
Upload CSV File (State, Density)

Browse... population_density_of_india.csv

Filter Population Density:

Lowest Density





Output Snapshots



Density Viewer

Upload CSV File (State, Density)

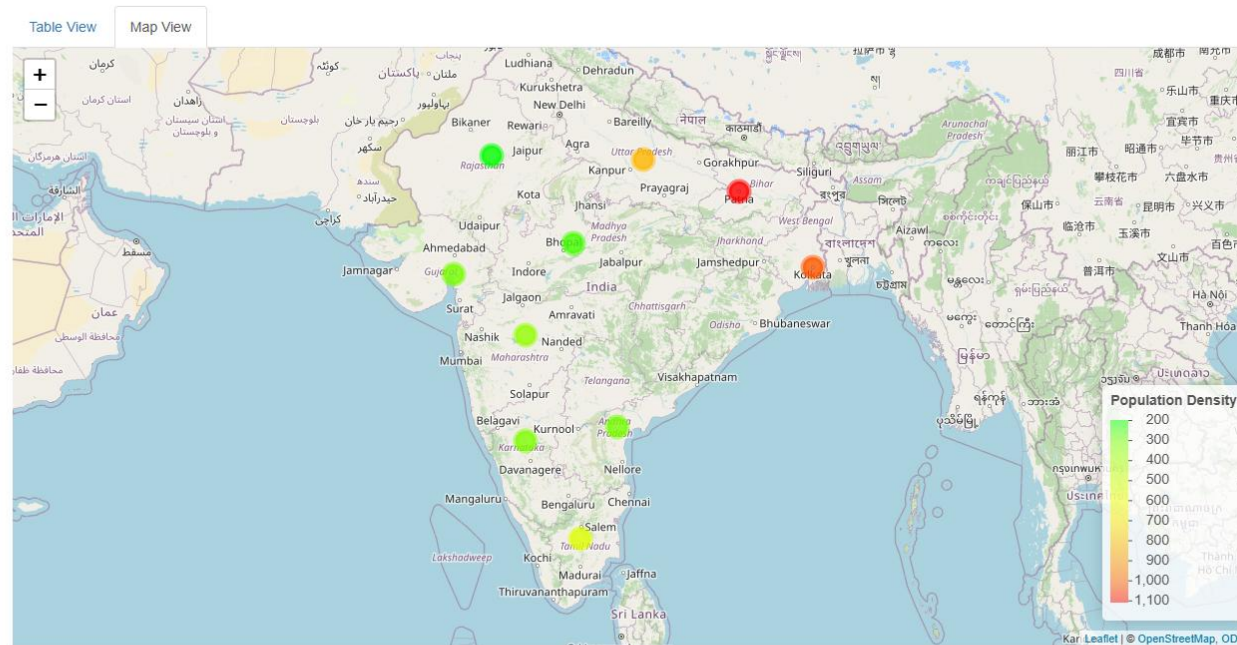
Browse...

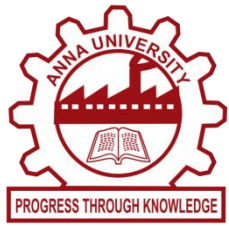
population_density_of_india.csv

Upload complete

Filter Population Density:

All





CONCLUSION



- Successfully built a dynamic “Density Viewer” dashboard using R.
- Helps visualize and analyze population density across Indian states.
- Easy to use and extendable for other geospatial datasets.

Future scope includes:

- **Role-based Access System:** Enable different user roles such as administrators, researchers, and public users with tailored access and functionality.
- **Downloadable Reports:** Allow users to export filtered data and visualizations in formats like PDF, CSV, or PNG for offline analysis.

THANK YOU