

```
In [ ]: # importing libraries
from sympy import *
import numpy as np
import math
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

The probability density function(PDF):

```
In [ ]: t=symbols('t')
λ = symbols('λ')

pdf = (2*t)*exp(-(t**2))/(λ**2)/λ**2
pdf
```

Out[]:

$$\frac{2te^{-\frac{t^2}{\lambda^2}}}{\lambda^2}$$

```
In [ ]: λ = 500 # λ is a parameter, with specifically λ = 500days.
pdf = (2*t)*exp(-(t**2))/(λ**2)/λ**2 # with only t as a variable.
```

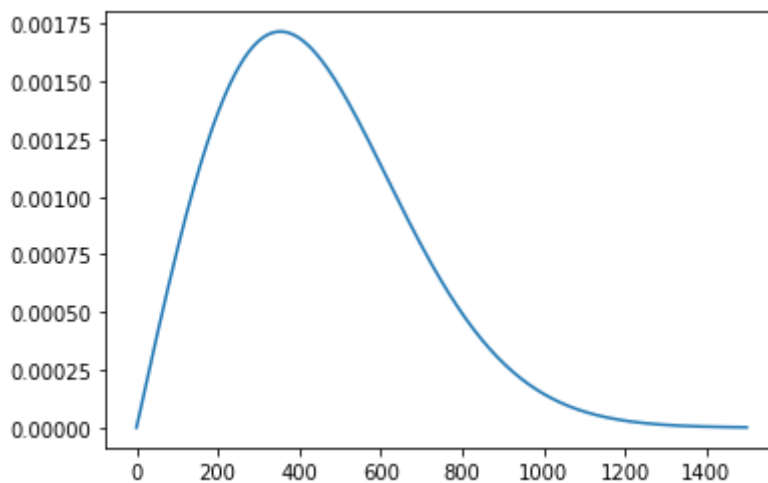
The PDF is plotted below:

```
In [ ]: def PDF(t, λ = λ):

    if t >= 0:
        return (2*t)*np.exp(-(t**2))/(λ**2)/λ**2
    else:
        return 0

arr = np.array([])
for t0 in range(1500):
    arr = np.append(arr, PDF(t0))

plt.plot(arr);
```



a. Confirming that this is a valid PDF:

```
In [ ]: # checking if it is non-negative everywhere:
print(f'Number of Negative Values = {(arr<0).sum()}')
```

Number of Negative Values = 0

```
In [ ]: # checking if the area under the curve equals 1:
print("area under the curve =", integrate(pdf, [t,0,oo]))

area under the curve = 1
```

b. How long after installation should we do preventative maintenance if we wish to have the probability of unexpected failure be less than 1%, 10%, 50%, and 99%?

```
In [ ]: def time_after_installation(target):

    for idx, _ in enumerate(arr):

        narr = arr[:idx]

        if np.trapz(narr) >= target:

            return idx-1

    days = []

    for p in [0.01,0.1,0.5,0.99]:

        ndays = time_after_installation(p)
        days.append(ndays)
        print(f'To have a probability of unexpected failure be less than {int(p*100)}%,
```

To have a probability of unexpected failure be less than 1%, you should do preventative maintenance at day: 51
 To have a probability of unexpected failure be less than 10%, you should do preventative maintenance at day: 163
 To have a probability of unexpected failure be less than 50%, you should do preventative maintenance at day: 417
 To have a probability of unexpected failure be less than 99%, you should do preventative maintenance at day: 1073

c. What is the expected lifetime for this pump? What is the probability of failure before the expected lifetime?

```
In [ ]: elt = integrate(t*pdf, [t,0,oo])
print(f'The expected lifetime is: {round(elt)} days')
```

The expected lifetime is: 443 days

```
In [ ]: pf = round(integrate(pdf,[t,0,elt]),4)
print(f'The probability of failure before the expected lifetime is: {pf*100}%')
```

The probability of failure before the expected lifetime is: 54.41%

d. What is the variance of the pump's lifetime? What is the range of the lifetime that falls within one standard deviation of the expected value?

```
In [ ]: vlt = integrate(pdf*( t -elt )**2 , [t,0, oo])
print(f'The variance of the pump's lifetime is: {round(vlt,2)}')
print(f'The standard deviation of the pump's lifetime is: {round(sqrt(vlt),2)}')
```

The variance of the pump's lifetime is: 53650.46

The standard deviation of the pump's lifetime is: 231.63

Getting the CDF before writing a program that generates samples of t from its distribution:

```
In [ ]: cdf = integrate(pdf,[t, 0,t])
cdf
```

```
Out[ ]: 1 - e- $\frac{t^2}{250000}$ 
```

e. Write a program that generates samples of t from its distribution.

```
In [ ]: def avg_rnng_cst(Tm ,n_samples = 10**6, Cr = 250, Cm= 50):

    smpl_arr = rnng_cst_arr = np.zeros((n_samples,))

    for s in range(n_samples):

        unfrm = np.random.uniform()
        smpl_arr[s] = math.log(-1/(unfrm-1))*1000

        if smpl_arr[s] <= Tm:
            rnng_cst_arr[s] = Cr/smpl_arr[s]
        else:
            rnng_cst_arr[s] = Cm/Tm

    avg_R = round(np.mean(rnng_cst_arr),4)
    avg_smpl = round(np.mean(smpl_arr),4)
    var_smpl = round(np.var(smpl_arr),4)

    print(f'Average cost for Tm = {Tm} was: {avg_R}$')
    print(f'Sample average was: {avg_smpl}')
    print(f'Sample variance was: {var_smpl}')
```

```
In [ ]: for Tm in [1,10,100,1000,10000]:
    avg_rnng_cst(Tm)
    print("-"*44)
```

Average cost for $T_m = 1$ was: 52.2617\$

Sample average was: 52.2617

Sample variance was: 376976.7833

Average cost for $T_m = 10$ was: 7.1793\$

Sample average was: 7.1793

Sample variance was: 35753.194

Average cost for $T_m = 100$ was: 3.7559\$

Sample average was: 3.7559

Sample variance was: 124511.8361

Average cost for $T_m = 1000$ was: 5.3792\$

Sample average was: 5.3792

Sample variance was: 2882009.4656

Average cost for $T_m = 10000$ was: 3.4937\$

Sample average was: 3.4937

Sample variance was: 175245.8277
