Code

```
original=imread('ttest.jpg');
figure
imshow(original);
 original = double(original);
 Image = original-128;
[Image Height, Image Width, Number Of Colour Channels] = size(Image);
% check greyscale
if Number Of Colour Channels == 3 % it is colored
  Image=Image(:,:,1);
end
% initaialize the size &height & Width
Block Size = 8;
Number Of Blocks Vertically = Image Height/Block Size;
Number Of Blocks Horizontally = Image Width/Block Size;
Image Blocks = struct('Blocks',[]);
collect= struct('collect',[]);
% divide to Blocks
Index = 1;
for Row = 1: +Block_Size:Image_Height
    for Column = 1: +Block Size: Image Width
    Row End = Row + Block Size - 1;
    Column End = Column + Block Size - 1;
    Temporary_Tile = Image(Row:Row_End,Column:Column End,:);
    %Storing blocks/tiles in structure for later use%
    Image Blocks(Index).Blocks = Temporary Tile;
    Index = Index + 1;
   end
end
Q = [
16 11 10 16 24 40 51 61 ;
12 12 14 19 26 58 60 55;
14 13 16 24 40 57 69 56;
14 17 22 29 51 87 80 62 ;
18 22 37 56 68 109 103 77 ;
24 35 55 64 81 194 113 92 ;
49 64 78 87 103 121 120 101;
72 92 95 98 121 100 103 99
];
r=10;
C8 = dctmtx(8);
T = r * Q ;
Index=1;
for Row = 1: +Block Size: Image Height
    for Column = 1: +Block Size: Image Width
```

```
Row End = Row + Block Size - 1;
    Column_End = Column + Block_Size - 1;
 % encoding
    block = Image(Row:Row End, Column:Column End,:);
    encoded block = C8*double(block)*transpose(C8);
        Y = round(encoded block./T);
    % decoding
    decoded block = Y.*T;
    origenal matrix=transpose (C8) *decoded block*C8;
     origenal matrix=origenal matrix+128;
     origenal matrix=uint8(origenal matrix);
    %Storing blocks/tiles in structure for later use%
    Image Blocks(Index).Blocks = origenal_matrix;
    Index=Index+1;
    end
end
Index=1;
i=0;
% merge
for Row=2:Number_Of_Blocks_Vertically+1
     n= Image Blocks(1+i).Blocks;
     for Column = 2+i: Number Of Blocks Horizontally+i
     n=[n Image Blocks(Column).Blocks];
     end
     collect(Row).collect=n;
     i=i+Number Of Blocks Horizontally;
end
arr=collect(1).collect;
for Row=2:Number Of Blocks Vertically+1
    arr=[arr ;collect(Row).collect];
end
figure
imshow(arr);
```

Explanation for the code

- 1. We take the image and check is it grayscale or not if not, we convert it to grayscale
- 2. Dividing images into blocks each block's size is 8*8
- 3. We take each block and convert it to DCT by the steps in the PDF

4. IN Encoding Part

Get the Y as it is calculated by this Equation

$$y_{i,j} = \text{round}\left(\frac{x_{i,j}}{T_{i,j}}\right)$$

AS X is the DCT_ input and we can calculate T by this Equation

$$T = r \times DCTQ$$

5. IN Decoding Part

To recover the DCT_input we use this Equation

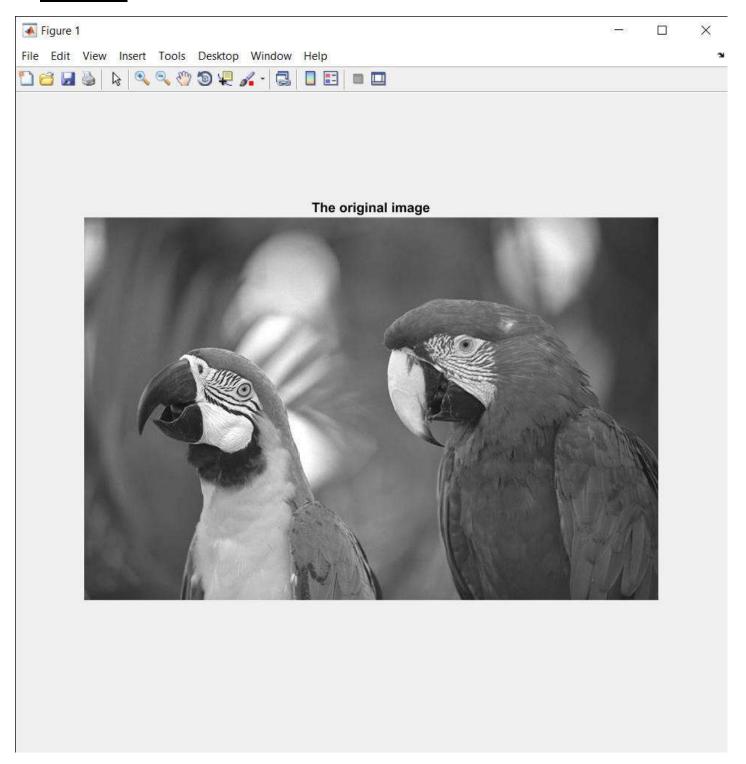
$$x_{i,j} = y_{i,j} \times T_{i,j}$$

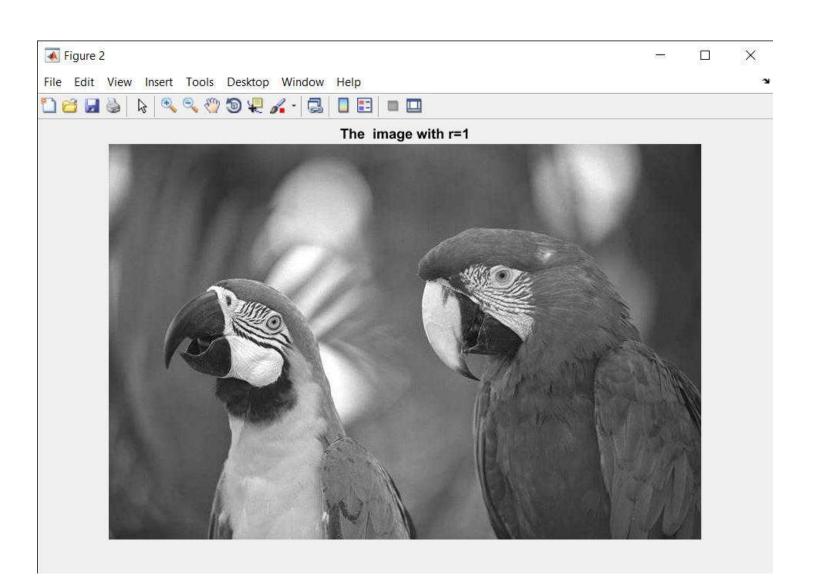
And to get the Inverse DCT we used this Equation

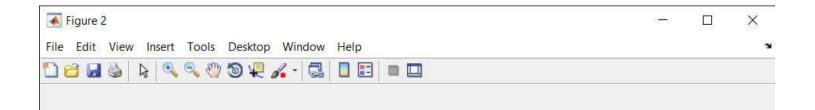
$$A = C_N^T \times \hat{A} \times C_N$$

6. Merge the blocks to return the image

7. **Results**







The image with r=3



