Simple Shell

Name: mohamed aly ahmed mohamed

ld:19016450

1.overall organization

Shell Implementation Overview

In this lab, we focus on creating a simple Linux shell capable of executing user commands. We streamline the code by following these steps:

1. Setting Up the Environment

Begin by establishing the shell's starting directory. This step ensures clarity regarding the shell's initial location.

2. Super Loop Operation

The core of our shell resides within a super loop. Here, we continuously accept user input and scrutinize it for validity. If the input indicates an exit command, the program terminates. Otherwise, it evaluates whether the user has issued a recognizable command.

3. Command Classification

Commands within our shell fall into two categories:

- Built-in Commands: These encompass specialized functionalities utilizing system calls such as getenv, setenv, export, echo, pwd, and cd. Each command performs specific actions like variable manipulation, directory navigation, or output display.
- Normal Commands: For executing standard commands, we fork a child process.
 If the fork returns a process ID of 0, we operate within the child process, utilizing execvp to execute the command. Conversely, a non-zero process ID indicates the parent process, where we manage foreground and background processes accordingly.

4. Child Process Management

To prevent zombie processes and maintain system cleanliness, we register a signal handler to monitor child processes. Upon termination, we write pertinent information, such as successful completion, to a designated log file (log.txt).

2. Major Functions

1. Get input: to get the command from the user

```
void GetUserInput(void) {
   char cwd[100];
   printf("%s shell >> ",getcwd(cwd, 100));
   scanf("%[^\n]%*c", input);
}
```

2. Pares Input: to pares the input and put it in a global array of strings

```
void ParseInput(void) {
    char* token = strtok(input, " ");
    if(strcmp(token, "export") == 0) {
        CleanAndExport(token);
        exportFlag = 1;
   else {
        if(strcmp(token, "cd") == 0) cdFlag = 1;
        if(strcmp(token, "echo") == 0) echoFlag = 1;
       if(strcmp(token, "pwd") == 0) pwdFlag = 1;
        if(strcmp(token, "exit") == 0) exitFlag = 1;
        while (token != NULL) {
            parsedInput[counter] = token;
            token = strtok(NULL, " ");
            counter++;
        parsedInput[counter] = '\0';
        backgroundIndex = counter - 1;
        counter = 0;
```

3-Clean Export: to parse the input in case command

```
void CleanAndExport(char * token) {
    while(token != NULL) {
        parsedInput[counter] = token;
        token = strtok(NULL, "=");
        counter++;
    }
    parsedInput[counter] = '\0';
    counter = 0;
}
```

4-Execute CD function & Execute Export function

```
void ExecuteCD(void) {
    if((parsedInput[1] == NULL) || ((strcmp(parsedInput[1], "~") == 0))) {
        chdir(getenv("HOME"));
    }
    else {
        int flag = 0;
        flag = chdir(parsedInput[1]);
        if(flag != 0) {
            printf("Error, the directory is not found\n");
        }
    }
}

void ExecuteExport(void) {
    char* data = parsedInput[2];
    if(data[0] == '"') {
        data++;
        data[strlen(data)-1] = '\0';
        setenv(parsedInput[1], data, 1);
    }
    else {
        setenv(parsedInput[1], parsedInput[2], 1);
    }
}
```

5-Execute Shell built in : (export,echo,pwd and cd)

```
void ExecuteShellBuiltIn(void) {
    if(cdFlag) {
        ExecuteCD();
    }
    else if(exportFlag) {
        ExecuteExport();
    }
    else if(echoFlag) {
        ExecuteEcho();
    }
    else if(pwdFlag) {
        printf("%s\n", getcwd(NULL, 0));
    }
}
```

6-Execute Echo function:

```
void ExecuteEcho(void) {
   char* echoEnv = parsedInput[1];
    if(parsedInput[2] == NULL) {
       echoEnv++;
       echoEnv[strlen(echoEnv) - 1] = '\0';
       if(echoEnv[0] == '$') {
           echoEnv++;
           printf("%s\n", getenv(echoEnv));
           printf("%s\n", echoEnv);
       char* temp = parsedInput[2];
       echoEnv++;
       if(echoEnv[0] == '$') {
           echoEnv++;
           printf("%s ", getenv(echoEnv));
           temp[strlen(temp)-1] = '\0';
           printf("%s\n", temp);
           printf("%s ", echoEnv);
           temp++;
           temp[strlen(temp)-1] = '\0';
           printf("%s\n", getenv(temp));
```

7-Execute command:

```
void ExecuteCommand(void) {
    int status, foregroundId;
   int errorCommand = 1;
   int child id = fork();
   if(child id == -1) {
        printf("System Error!\n");
       exit(EXIT FAILURE);
   else if (child id == 0) {
       if(parsedInput[1] == NULL) {
            errorCommand = execvp(parsedInput[0], parsedInput
        else if(parsedInput[1] != NULL) {
            char* env = parsedInput[1];
            if(env[0] == '$') {
                char* envTemp;
                env++;
                envTemp = getenv(env);
                char * exportTemp = strtok(envTemp, " ");
               while(exportTemp != NULL) {
                    parsedInput[i++] = exportTemp;
                    exportTemp = strtok(NULL, " ");
            errorCommand = execvp(parsedInput[0], parsedInput
        if(errorCommand) {
            printf("Error! Unknown command\n");
            exit(EXIT FAILURE);
```

```
else {
    if(strcmp(parsedInput[backgroundIndex], "&") == 0) {
        return;
    }
    else {
        foregroundId = waitpid(child_id, &status, 0);
        if(foregroundId == -1) {
            perror("Error in waitpad function\n");
            return;
        }
        if(errorCommand) {
            FILE * file = fopen("log.text", APPEND_TO_FILE);
            fprintf(file, "%s", "Child process terminated\n");
            fclose(file);
        }
    }
}
```

8-Reap Child Zombie

```
void ReapChildZombie(void) {
   int status;
   pid_t id = wait(&status);
   if(id == 0 || id == -1) {
      return;
   }
   else {
      WriteToLogFile();
   }
}
```

9-write in log file function:

```
void WriteToLogFile(void) {
    FILE * file = fopen("log.text", APPEND_TO_FILE);
    if(file == NULL) {
        printf("Error in file\n");
        exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
    }
    else {
        fprintf(file, "%s", "Child process terminated\n");
        fclose(file);
    }
}
```

3. Sample runs

1-basic commands in shell

```
PROBLEMS
          OUTPUT
                  DEBUG CONSOLE
                                TERMINAL
                                          PORTS
/home/mohamed/Documents/os/c_practise shell >> ls
log.text myshell myshell.c simple shell.c test
/home/mohamed/Documents/os/c practise shell >> mkdir test
mkdir: cannot create directory 'test': File exists
/home/mohamed/Documents/os/c practise shell >> ls
log.text myshell myshell.c simple_shell.c test
/home/mohamed/Documents/os/c practise shell >> ls -a -l -h
total 60K
drwxrwxr-x 4 mohamed mohamed 4.0K رام
رام drwxrwxr-x 3 mohamed mohamed 4.0K
                                       1 14:06 ...
-rw-rw-r-- 1 mohamed mohamed
                                      7 07:17 log.text
                             رام 125
رام rwxrwxr-x 1 mohamed mohamed 23K-
                                      7 07:16 myshell
رام rw-rw-r-- 1 mohamed mohamed 5.6K-
                                      7 07:16 myshell.c
رام rw-rw-r-- 1 mohamed mohamed 6.5K-
                                       7 05:44 simple shell.c
                                      7 07:15 test
رام drwxrwxr-x 2 mohamed mohamed 4.0K
رام drwxrwxr-x 2 mohamed mohamed 4.0K
                                      1 14:11 .vscode
```

2-built in commands (ex :cd)

```
/home/mohamed/Documents/os shell >> cd /home/mohamed shell >> cd ./
/home/mohamed shell >> ls
Desktop Documents Downloads Music Pictures Public snap Templates Videos
/home/mohamed shell >> cd ./Documents
/home/mohamed/Documents shell >> ls
'Hacking- The Art of Exploitation (2nd ed. 2008) - Erickson.pdf' os picoctf
```

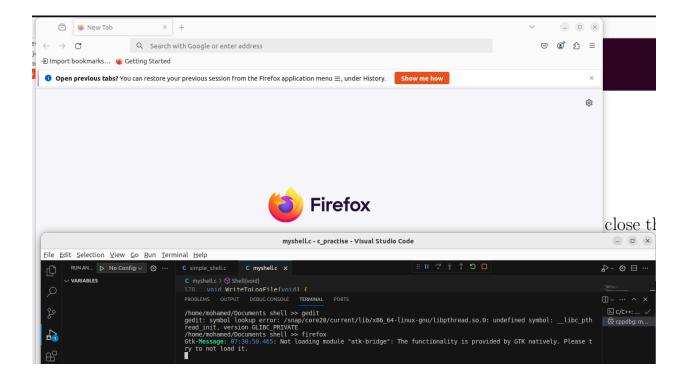
3-error

```
/home/mohamed/Documents shell >> hey
Error! Unknown command
/home/mohamed/Documents shell >> 

| |
```

4-The process hierarchy

foreground process: the process doesn't terminate until we close the firefox because it's a foreground process



background process: the process work in the background and the user can enter another command

