Query all columns (attributes) for every row in the **CITY** table.

The **CITY** table is described as follows:

CITY

Field	Type
ID	NUMBER
NAME	VARCHAR2(17)
COUNTRYCODE	VARCHAR2(3)
DISTRICT	VARCHAR2(20)
POPULATION	NUMBER

```
/*
    Enter your query here and follow these instructions:
    1. Please append a semicolon ";" at the end of the query and enter your query in a single line to avoid error.
    2. The AS keyword causes errors, so follow this convention: "Select t.Field From table1 t" instead of "select t.Field From table1 AS t"
    3. Type your code immediately after comment. Don't leave any blank line.
*/
SELECT * FROM CITY;
```

Line: 8 Col: 20

Upload Code as File

Run Code

Submit Code

Sql

You have earned 10.00 points!

You are now 70 points away from the 1st star for your sql badge.

13%

10/80

Congratulations

You solved this challenge. Would you like to challenge your friends?

Next Challenge

Query all columns for a city in **CITY** with the ID `1661`.

The **CITY** table is described as follows:

CITY

Field	Type
ID	NUMBER
NAME	VARCHAR2(17)
COUNTRYCODE	VARCHAR2(3)
DISTRICT	VARCHAR2(20)
POPULATION	NUMBER

DB2

```
1
2  /*
3      Enter your query here and follow these instructions:
4      1. Please append a semicolon ";" at the end of the query and enter your query in a
   single line to avoid error.
5      2. The AS keyword causes errors, so follow this convention: "Select t.Field From
   table1 t" instead of "select t.Field From table1 AS t"
6      3. Type your code immediately after comment. Don't leave any blank line.
7  */
8  SELECT * FROM CITY WHERE ID=1661;
```

Line: 8 Col: 34

Upload Code as File

Run Code

Submit Code

Sql

You have earned 10.00 points!

You are now 60 points away from the 1st star for your sql badge.

25%

20/8

Query all columns for all American cities in the **CITY** table with populations larger than `100000`. The **CountryCode** for America is `USA`.

The **CITY** table is described as follows:

CITY

Field	Type
ID	NUMBER
NAME	VARCHAR2(17)
COUNTRYCODE	VARCHAR2(3)
DISTRICT	VARCHAR2(20)
POPULATION	NUMBER

```
1  SELECT * FROM CITY WHERE COUNTRYCODE="USA" AND POPULATION>100000;
```

Line: 1 Col: 48

Upload Code as File

Run Code | Submit Code

You have earned 10.00 points!

You are now 50 points away from the 1st star for your sql badge.

38%

30/8

Congratulations

Next Challenge

Query the names of all the Japanese cities in the **CITY** table. The **COUNTRYCODE** for Japan is `JPN`.

The **CITY** table is described as follows:

CITY

Field	Type
ID	NUMBER
NAME	VARCHAR2(17)
COUNTRYCODE	VARCHAR2(3)
DISTRICT	VARCHAR2(20)
POPULATION	NUMBER

```
1  SELECT NAME FROM CITY WHERE COUNTRYCODE="JPN";
```

Line: 1 Col: 45

Upload Code as File

Run Code

Submit Code

You have earned 10.00 points!

You are now 40 points away from the 1st star for your sql badge.

50%

40/

Congratulations

You solved this challenge. Would you like to challenge your friends?

Next Challenge

Query the Name of any student in **STUDENTS** who scored higher than 75 Marks. Order your output by the last three characters of each name. If two or more students both have names ending in the same last three characters (i.e.: Bobby, Robby, etc.), secondary sort them by ascending ID.

Input Format

The **STUDENTS** table is described as follows:

Column	Type
ID	Integer
Name	String
Marks	Integer

The Name column only contains uppercase (A-Z) and lowercase (a-z) letters.

Sample Input

ID	Name	Marks
1	Ashley	81
2	Samantha	75

```
*/
SELECT Name FROM STUDENTS WHERE Marks>75 ORDER BY RIGHT(Name, 3), ID;
```

Line: 4 Col: 70

Upload Code as File

Run Code

Submit Code

You have earned 15.00 points!

You are now 25 points away from the 1st star for your sql badge.

69%

55/8

Congratulations

You solved this challenge. Would you like to challenge your friends?

Next Challenge