

# PROJECT DOCUMENTATION

## UK TRAIN RIDES DATA ANALYTICS SYSTEM

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### 1. Project Overview

#### 1.1 Project Title

UK Train Rides – Data Analytics & Forecasting System

#### 1.2 Project Description

This project aims to build a complete analytics system for UK rail operations. The goal is to transform raw railway journey records into a structured analytical model using Power BI, enabling insights into ridership trends, delays, ticket demand, financial performance, and station-based geospatial analysis. The project was developed as part of the final graduation requirements for the Digital Egypt Pioneers Initiative (DEPI) – Cohort 3, Data Analytics Track using Microsoft Power BI.

#### 1.3 Project Objectives

- Clean and preprocess raw railway journey data.
  - Build a validated **star-schema data model** for analytics.
  - Create forecasting models for:
    - Ride demand
    - Ticket class demand
    - Revenue
  - Provide KPIs for delays, cancellations, punctuality, and financial metrics.
  - Develop interactive dashboards, including **map-based visualizations** using station coordinates.
  - Deliver full project documentation, source code, and presentation.
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## 2. Project Team & Roles

Team Member	Role	Responsibilities
<b>Mohamed Ibrahim (Team Leader)</b>	Lead Data Engineer	Data cleaning, preprocessing, Power Query transformations, data modelling, star schema design, documentation consolidation
<b>Mona Mamdouh</b>	Data Analyst	DAX measures creation, KPI development, preparing data questions, validation
<b>Dina Hassan</b>	BI Developer	DAX measures, dashboard visuals, analysis writing, presentation preparation
<b>Mohannad Abdullah</b>	BI Developer	Contributed to measures and visuals, advanced charts, insight generation
<b>Abdullah Hassan</b>	Dashboard Designer	Power BI dashboard layout, UI/UX design, formatting
<b>Saif Fekry</b>	Data Acquisition Specialist	Collecting station longitude/latitude data, map integration setup, dashboard collaboration with Abdullah

## 3. Project Planning

### 3.1 Project Proposal Summary

The project focuses on transforming unstructured rail data into a business-intelligent analytical environment using Power BI. The project supports operational and financial decision-making through forecasting, performance measurement, and geospatial insights.

### 3.2 Timeline (Gantt-Style Overview)

- Week 1: Requirements, Dataset Understanding, Planning
- Week 2: Data Cleaning & Preprocessing, DAX Measures (Mohamed, Mona, Dina, Mohannad)
- Week 3: Data Modelling & Star Schema Design, Dashboard Development (Mohamed, Dina, Mona, Abdullah, Saif)
- Week 4: Documentation, Presentation (Mohamed, Dina, Mona, Mohannad)

### 3.3 Deliverables

- Clean dataset & model
- Fully documented star schema
- Power BI dashboards
- Presentation file
- GitHub repository
- Documentation file

### 3.4 Risks & Mitigation

Risk	Impact	Mitigation
Missing or inconsistent data	Delays analysis	Strong preprocessing steps; conditional logic
Incorrect relationships	Wrong KPIs	Proper star schema design
Time constraints	Delivery risk	Parallel task assignment
Common work mistaken as copied	Academic penalty	Clear per-person role separation

## 4. Stakeholder Analysis

Stakeholder	Needs
Passengers (Case-Based)	Better travel experience, fewer delays
Railway Operators	Delay insights, demand forecasting
Management	Financial KPIs, route performance
BI Developers (Team Members)	Clean, well-structured model

## 5. Requirements Gathering

### 5.1 Functional Requirements

- Import and preprocess raw train ride data.
- Calculate delays, punctuality, revenue, demand, and cancellations.
- Build DAX measures.
- Provide forecasting visualizations.
- Include map-based analysis using station coordinates.

## 5.2 Non-Functional Requirements

- System must be fast (optimized model).
- Dashboard must be easy to navigate.
- Data transformations must be documented.
- Forecasting must be transparent and explainable.

## 5.3 User Stories

- *As an operator, I want to view delay patterns so I can improve scheduling.*
  - *As a financial analyst, I want revenue metrics and forecasts.*
  - *As a planner, I want demand predictions for May.*
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# 6. System Analysis & Design

## 6.1 Problem Statement

The railway operator lacks a unified analytics model for understanding delays, ticket demand, revenue trends, and station-level performance.

## 6.2 System Goals

- Build a scalable, analytical data model.
  - Enable high-quality decision making via Power BI dashboards.
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# 7. Data Preprocessing & Cleaning Documentation

A structured preprocessing pipeline was applied in Power Query to prepare the raw ticket-level dataset for modeling. Key steps included:

## 7.1 Data Quality Fixes

- Removed duplicate rows and records with corrupted values.
  - Trimmed, cleaned, and standardized all station names, ticket classes, and categorical text fields.
  - Converted Yes/No fields (e.g., Refund Request) into proper Boolean values.
  - Standardized data types (Date, DateTime, Numeric).
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## 7.2 Date/Time Corrections

- Combined date and time columns to create:
  - **PurchaseDateTime**
  - **JourneyDateTime\_ScheduledDeparture**
  - **JourneyDateTime\_Arrival**
  - **ActualArrivalDateTime**
- Applied midnight-crossing logic when arrival time < departure time.
- Calculated:
  - Scheduled duration
  - Actual duration
  - Actual delay in minutes

## 7.3 Derived Fields

- WasDelayed, IsCancelled, ActualArrivalExists
- FareBucket (price segmentation)
- LeadTimeDays (difference between purchase and journey)
- Ticket\_Key and RouteKey composite fields
- Calendar attributes: Year, Month, Week, DayName, IsWeekend

## 7.4 Integration with Dimensions

- Linked stations with **UK\_Train\_Stations\_Coord\_Saif** using Station Name to attach Latitude/Longitude.
- Ensured clean joins with:
  - Dim\_Station
  - Dim\_Ticket\_Class
  - Daily\_Summary (via Date Key)

## 7.5 Fact Table Output (Fact\_Railway)

Includes:

TransactionID, datetimes, station fields, ticket attributes, durations, delay metrics, revenue, flags, fare bucket, lead time, and DateKey.

## 7.6 Validation

- Verified row counts before/after cleaning.
- Checked correctness of midnight adjustments.
- Ensured all DateKey, StationName, TicketClass fields were non-null.
- Compared total price before/after cleaning to ensure no data loss.

## 8. Database Design & Star Schema

### 8.1 Data Model Architecture

The final model contains:

#### Fact Table

- Fact\_Railway

#### Dimension Tables

- Dim\_Date
- Dim\_Tickets
- Dim\_Stations
- Dim\_Purchase
- Dim\_Status
- UK\_Train\_Stations\_Coord\_Saif

#### Supporting Table

- Daily\_Summary

Full details included in final document.

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## 9. UI/UX Design

### 9.1 Dashboard Principles

- Clean layout
- Consistent color scheme
- Icons for clarity
- Interactive slicers
- Optimized for quick insights

### 9.2 Visuals Used

- Line charts
  - Bar charts
  - KPI cards
  - Maps (using station coordinates from Saif)
  - Forecasting visuals
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# 10. Implementation Summary

## 10.1 Tools

- Power BI
- Power Query
- DAX
- GitHub for version control

## 10.2 Team Implementation Responsibilities

- ✓ Mohamed: Preprocessing, modelling, documentation
  - ✓ Mona: Measures + Charts + Handling team meetings
  - ✓ Dina: Measures + visuals + Questions
  - ✓ Mohannad: Visuals, charts , Analysis
  - ✓ Abdullah: Dashboard UI/UX
  - ✓ Saif: Coordinates dataset + maps + Dashboard UI/UX
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# 11. Testing & Validation

- Data accuracy checks
  - Measure validation
  - Relationship verification
  - Visual accuracy testing
  - Performance testing on large visuals
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# 12. Final Presentation

Prepared by:

- Dina
- Mona