

Given an array `arr` of positive integers sorted in a **strictly increasing order**, and an integer `k`.

Return the k^{th} **positive** integer that is **missing** from this array.

Example 1:

Input: `arr = [2,3,4,7,11]`, `k = 5`

Output: 9

Explanation: The missing positive integers are [1,5,6,8,9,10,12,13,...]. The 5th missing positive integer is 9.

Example 2:

Input: `arr = [1,2,3,4]`, `k = 2`

Output: 6

Explanation: The missing positive integers are [5,6,7,...]. The 2nd missing positive integer is 6.

Constraints:

- `1 <= arr.length <= 1000`
- `1 <= arr[i] <= 1000`
- `1 <= k <= 1000`
- `arr[i] < arr[j]` for `1 <= i < j <= arr.length`

Accepted

268.4K

Submissions

463K

Acceptance Rate

58.0%