



Embedded Systems Professional Track

EgFWD - Udacity

# On-demand Traffic Light control

Technical Report

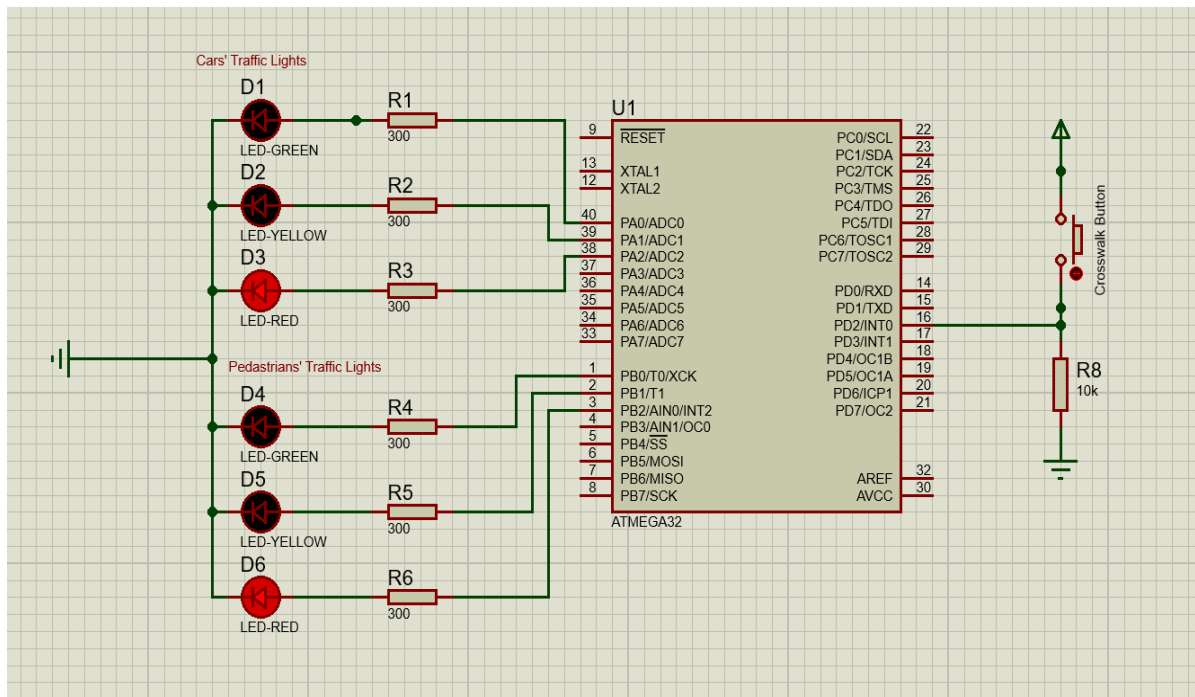
By:

Mohamed Karam Fouad

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# 1. System Description



## 1.1 System Overview

Traffic lights are signaling devices positioned at road intersections, pedestrian crossings, and other locations to control the flow of traffic.

Traffic lights normally consist of three signals, transmitting meaning to drivers and riders through colors and symbols including arrows and bicycles.

The regular traffic light colors are red, yellow, and green arranged vertically or horizontally in that order.

Although this is internationally standardized, variations exist on national and local scales as to traffic light sequences and laws.

In our system, we will implement a traffic lights system with an on-demand crosswalk button.

Crosswalk buttons let the signal operations know that someone is planning to cross the street, so the light adjusts, giving the pedestrian enough time to get across.

### System Modes:

In our system there are two modes; normal mode and pedestrian mode.

- **Normal Mode:**

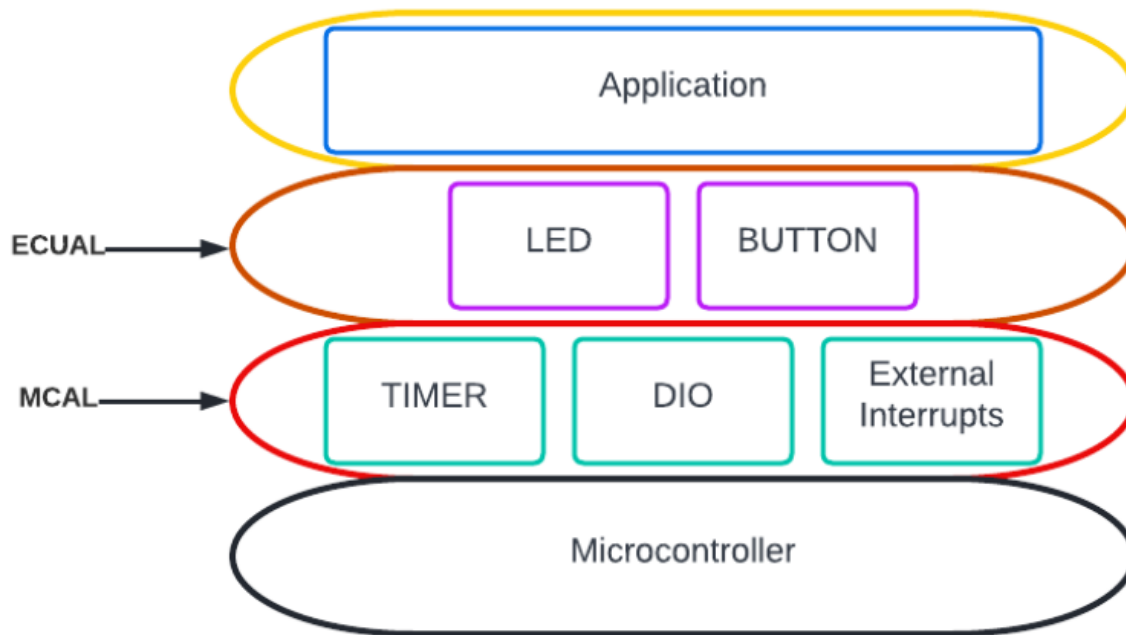
Cars' traffic lights will be changed every five seconds starting from Green then yellow then red then yellow then Green. The Yellow LED will blink for five seconds before moving to Green or Red LEDs.

- Pedestrian Mode:
  - If pressed when the cars' Red LED is on, the pedestrian's Green LED and the cars' Red LEDs will be on for five seconds, this means that pedestrians can cross the street while the pedestrian's Green LED is on.
  - If pressed when the cars' Green LED is on or the cars' Yellow LED is blinking, the pedestrian Red LED will be on then both Yellow LEDs start to blink for five seconds, then the cars' Red LED and pedestrian Green LEDs are on for five seconds, this means that pedestrian must wait until the Green LED is on.
  - At the end of the two states, the cars' Red LED will be off and both Yellow LEDs start blinking for 5 seconds and the pedestrian's Green LED is still on.
  - After the five seconds the pedestrian Green LED will be off and both the pedestrian Red LED and the cars' Green LED will be on. Traffic lights signals are going to the normal mode again.

## 1.2 System Functionality

The system can detect when the button is pressed. Afterwards, based on current state it would decide what to do. It allows pedestrians to walk by making sure cars are stopped first. Refer to [Flow Chart](#) for more information.

## 2. System Design



### 2.1 System Requirements

The system consists of:

- AVR Atmega32 (1MHz)
- 2 Green LEDs
- 2 Yellow LEDs
- 2 Red LEDs
- 6 300 Ohm resistors
- 1 10k Ohm resistor
- 1 Push Button

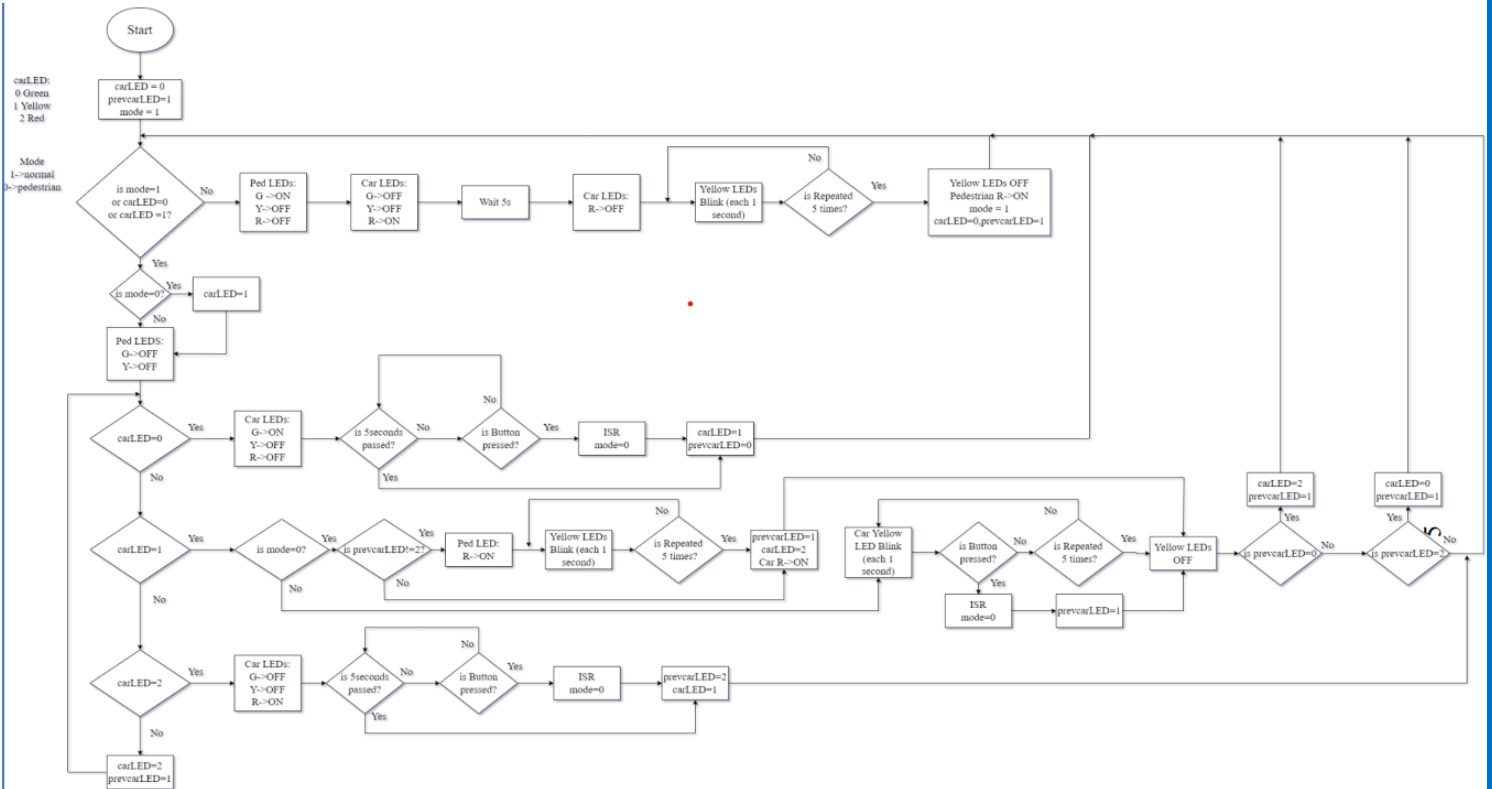
### 2.2 Operating Environment

The program has been tested on [Proteus](#). It should be used in traffic light control systems on streets with a crosswalk push button included to allow for full system functionality.

### 2.3 Input & Output Formats

The only system input is in the form of the pedestrian push button. When it comes to output it handles 6 LEDs at once given the current state, time and push button press state.

### 3. Flow Chart



#### 4. System constrains:

No system constrains.

The frequency in the system 1 MHZ.

