

old/older expensive / more expensive

A



Older / heavier / more expensive are comparative forms.
The comparative is **-er** (**older**) or **more ...** (**more expensive**).

B

older/heavier etc.

Short words (1 syllable) → **-er**:

old → older	slow → slower	cheap → cheaper
nice → nicer	late → later	big → bigger

Spelling (→ Appendix 5): big → bigger hot → hotter thin → thinner

Words ending in **-y** → **-ier**:

easy → easier	heavy → heavier	early → earlier
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- Rome is **old**, but Athens is **older**. (not more old)
- * Is it **cheaper** to go by car or by train? (not more cheap) *It is cheaper to go by bus.*
- Helen wants a **bigger** car.
- This coat is OK, but I think the other one is **nicer**.
- Don't take the bus. It's **easier** to take a taxi. (not more easy)

دور
far → **further**:

- A: How far is it to the station? A mile?
- B: No, it's **further**. About two miles.

cheap → *چیزی ≠ expensive*
cheap → *چیزی ≠ generous*

How Far! *کیا کیا ہے؟*

about/around + Number

کوچک

C

more ...

Long words (2/3/4 syllables) → **more** ... :

careful → more careful	polite → more polite
expensive → more expensive	interesting → more interesting

- You must be **more careful**.
- I don't like my job. I want to do something **more interesting**.
- Is it **more expensive** to go by car or by train?

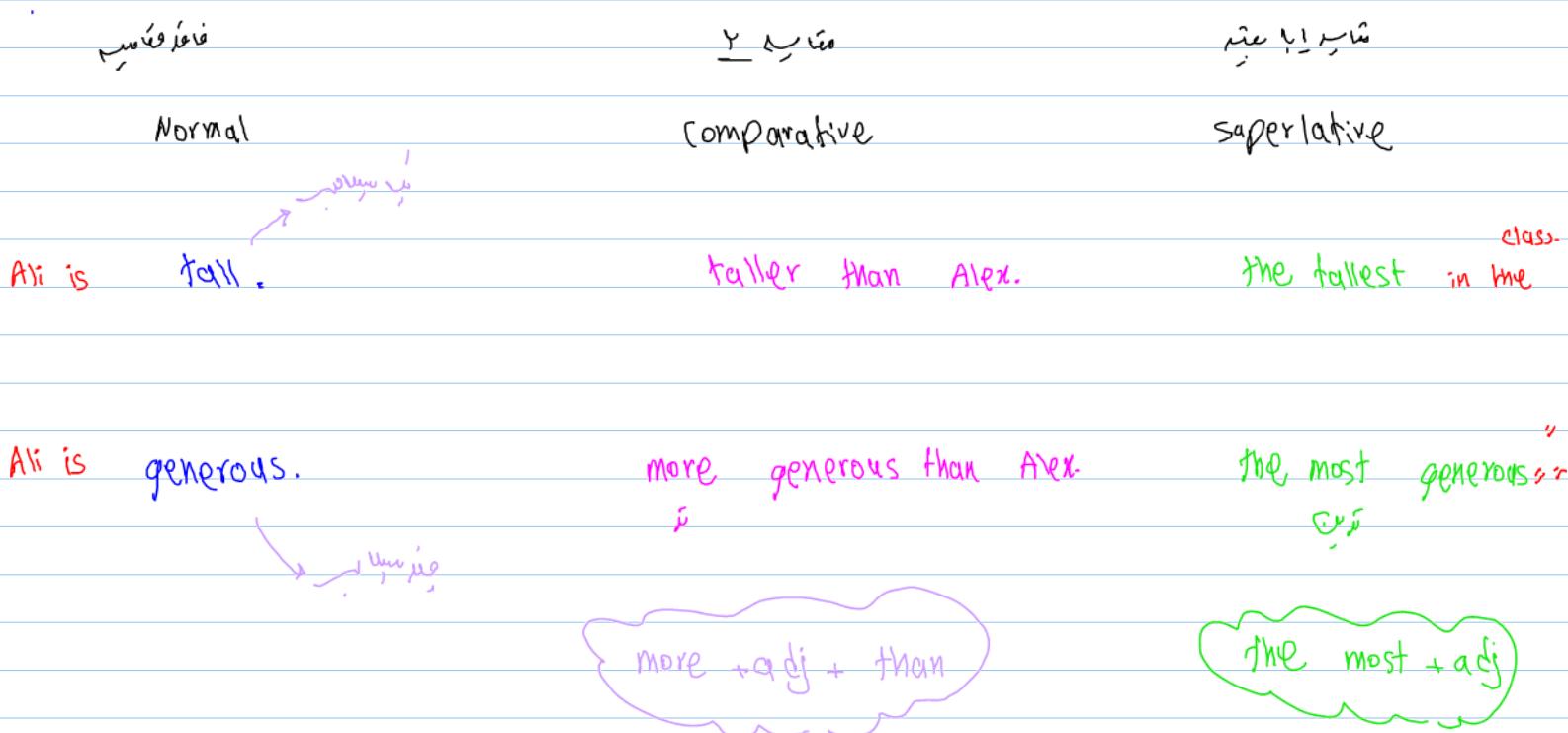
D

good/well → better bad → worse

- The weather wasn't very **good** yesterday, but it's **better** today.
- 'Do you feel **better** today?' 'No, I feel **worse**'
- Which is **worse** – a headache or a toothache?

-ache: >>

My body aches:
hurts.



Tehran. Vs. Doroud.

Big

beautiful

Doroud in Iran

rent: ฿1000

Camp: ฿1500

It is much more expensive to rent a hotel

than to camp

order: ฿1000

Fish: ฿100 Lamb: ฿150 It is cheaper to order fish than lamb.

live: ฿1000

It is cheaper to live in Doroud than in Tehran.

Programme: ฿1000

learn: ฿1500

It is more difficult to learn English

than Programming.

It is + adj = ...

Far → Further → Furthest

good → better → best

bad → worse → worst

little → less → least

much → more → most
many

Crowd: crowd

crowded: چون ≠ quiet چو → گوچو

busy slot \neq free slot \rightarrow collision

Noisy = talkative ≠ quiet \hookrightarrow \neg

جَمِيعُ - مَوْجَعَةٌ

usual = normal → usually = normally

as usual: طبقاً

مکالمہ

Sing: وارز خراں

Song! no?

Singer: سینگر

MUSIC! new

MUSICIAN: موزارخنہ

lately = recently "just"

During a few past years
The

The past two years.

④ S + Be + bad + good + at + ...
really
very + good

maybe + S + will + V + ...

look: *لُوكُونَ*
لُوكُونَ

See: *سِيِّ*

watch: *وَتَّاچِنْ*
وَتَّاچِنْ

Have to: *جِبْجِبْ*

I have to work a lot to pay the rent.

④ S + have to + V + ...
has to

Base Form

⑤ S + don't + have to + V + ... → My wife doesn't have to work hard.
doesn't

⑥ Do + S + have to + V + ...? → Do you have to leave early?
Does

⑦ What + do + S + have to + V + ...? what do we have to do?
does

Had to

I had to eat lunch late.

Did

I didn't have to eat lunch late.

Are you ready for the class?



Are you sure? Yes, I am.

Skype:

Yes, I am completely sure. I was waiting for you to call me on

But you didn't call. So I preferred to send you a message.

what's up? = what's the news? ? چیزی

How are you? = How are you doing? = How do you do? = How's it going? چه کاربردی

How are (the) things with you?

How are (the) thing at work?

~~~

your brother

~~~

at home

~~~

Sb

~~~

at school

what do you do on Fridays?

What + do + s + u + ...?

→ Simple

continuous → ing

What + am + s + u + ...? → Continuous
is
are

Postpone: قایل تأجيل

Postponed: قابل تأجيل

task: وظیفه

I usually do my postponed tasks because I am really busy during the week. So I use my weekend for them.

I often go to parties with my wife. and I help my wife to clean the house.
some close friend

both Family and Friend

Time ↗

shop + S → we shopped.

need: 쓰다 → needed

buy + Object → we bought some books.

Do: 먹다 → done 먹다
eat: 먹다 = eaten 먹다

I buy needed things for the house like milk, sugar, bread -

Paraphrase

the groceries

I do the vacuuming and do the dusting.

쓰다

쓸다

I relax, I normally lie down in the bed in my quiet dark bedroom.

I have to do the housework chores because my wife's left hand is broken.



Have to/has to = must → Present

had to → past

Need → to + v

Should ought = ought to

Present

must → Modal + Helping

Base form

① S + must + V + ... → I must go.

جيوج

② S + must + not + V + ...

→ I mustn't go.

③ Must + S + V + ... ?

→ Must I go? → Do I have to go?

✓✓✓

④ WH + must + S + V + ... ?

→ where must I go? → where do I have to go?

✓✓

g3

should → ~~quiero~~ must
quiero

= ought to

④ S + should + V + ...

I should watch an English with English subtitle.

⑤ S + ~~should~~, not + V + ...
~~shouldn't~~

You shouldn't pick the heavy things.

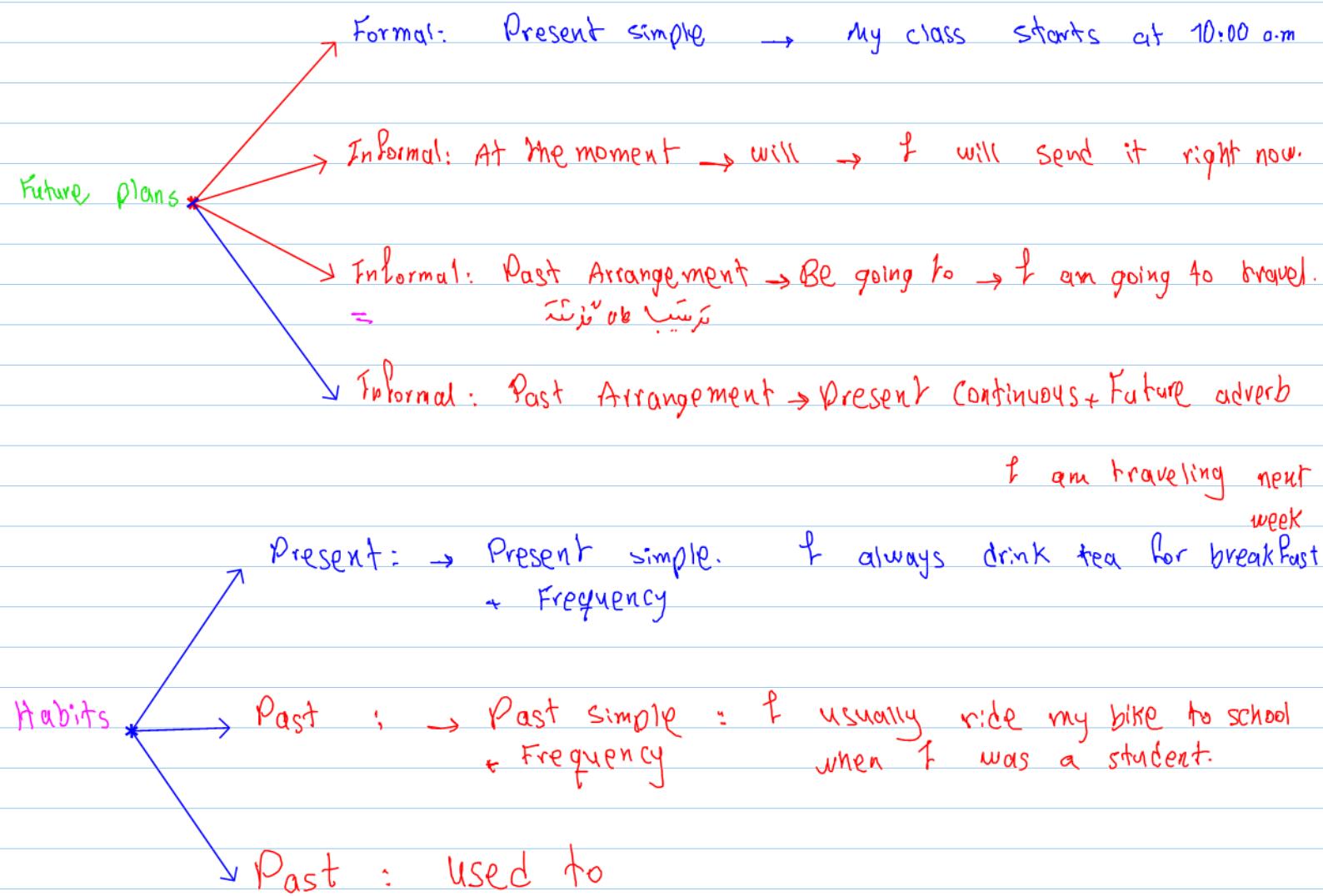
⑥ Should + S + Q + ... ?

Should I listen to English songs?

⑦ What + should + S + Q + ... ?

What should I watch?

✓ . ✓ ✓
 WH + Helping + S + V + ... ?
 ↙ ↘
 what do you do on the weekends?
 what are you doing right now?
 → what were you doing before the class?
 what did you do last night?
 what are you going to do near weekend?
 what will you do after the class?
 what do you have to do?
 what can you do?
 what should you do?
 what have you done?



I used to ride my bike to school when I was a student
عمرنا - عَمْرَنَا

→ Base

④ S + used to + V + ...

① S + did+not + USE + to + V +

② Did + S + use to + V + ... ?

(?) what did she use to + v + ..?

$\text{player} = \text{player} + \text{velocity}$

* * * + ↴ * * * *

↓
player
velocity
object

↓
player
velocity
object

↓
player
velocity
object

ناظار هر روز رسماً می‌گردید.

My wife makes lunch every day.

1

lunch is made every day.

١- حذف خاطل (حذف معلوم)

۲۰- قدرار دارن معامل در جاییها فاعل

مـ - مـ جـ جـ جـ جـ

Be + P.P
am-is-are

Present simple

Do you play football every day? Yes, I do.

What do you do every day? I play football every day at 7:00 p.m.

Present continuous

Are you watching TV? Yes , I am.

What are you watching? I am watching TV.

Present perfect

Have you eaten dinner? No, I haven't.

What have you eaten? I haven't eaten yet.

Past simple

Did you walk in the park? Yes, I did.

Where did you walk? I walked in the park.

Past continuos

Were they studying? Yes, they were.

What were they studying? They were studying English books.

Future

Will she eat fish? Yes, I'll.

What will she eat? She will eat fish.

am/is/are + P.P

Be + P.P

was/were + P.P

Batter is made from milk.

۱- از میله درست و شود
Produce

My laptop is made in China.
produced

۲- بـ کامپیومن در چین تولید و شود

This house was built 50 years ago.

build

۳- خانه ای که ۵۰ سال پیش ساخته شد

These houses were ~ ~ ~ ~ .

۴- خانه هایی که ~ ~ ~ ~ ساخته شدند

I was hired.

۵- من (کار) را نیافریدم.

I am called every night.

۶- هر شب نیافریدم من را - ۴

Three people were taken to the hospital.

۷- سه نفر را در بیمارستان برداشتند - ۸

I was robbed.

Rob

I was born in Doroud.

من

از

در دورود زاده شدم

۹- من دورود را از زاده شدم - ۹

Modal + V
Base

جذب
جذب
جذب
جذب

Lunch is cooked at 12 every day.

Perhaps = maybe پایه

Lunch can be cooked ~ ~ ~ ~ .

- ~ Should be cooked ~ ~ ~ ~ .
- ~ may be cooked ~ ~ ~ ~ .
- ~ have to be ~ ~ ~ ~ .
- ~ must ~ ~ ~ ~ .

امیر ملک ترم ۱۲ کتابخانه اسلامی -

Lunch will be cooked.

Lunch is going to be cooked

I used to run when I was 20. →

Amir is fixing my car.

امیر ^{لے رہا} ہے مجھے لیکر سسیوں کو ^{لے رہا} ہے

Be + being + P.P

My car is being fixed.

Lunch is being cooked.

The rooms are being painted

Conditional = Conditional بھی : If

zero con: If you touch fire, you burn.

(b)

First con: if-clause Result-clause

If you study hard, you will pass the exams.

If you practice much, you will be lucky.

If the phone rings, take it.

Second con:

low => نیچہ

specialist = expert → She is an expert on Data

Cousin: دخواجی a relative: بخواجی Science

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Past Perfect Tense Examples

1. I **had slept** before the film started.

2. I **had known** him for a long time.

3. I **had** already **sent** the mail.

4. I **had** already **taken** the medicine.

catch!

چیز

run → ran → run

5. I **had caught** him before he ran away.

6. I **had known** her before I knew you.

7. I **had known** her before you knew her.

8. She **had** already **cooked** the food.

9. I **had** already **finished** my job yesterday.

10. She **had finished** her work when I met her.

11. I **had completed** my graduation by 2015.

کمین

12. I **had** already **written** four books by March.

write: نوشت

13. I **had watched** the whole movie by then.

کلی

14. I **had slept** when you called last night.

15. She **had reached** the office by then.

16. I **had known** how to swim since childhood.

از

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come: گشت

17. She **had left** for the office before I came.

راحتی کرنا و مکان را ترک کرنا

Out

18. By the time we got there, he **had cut** the cake.

Cut,

19. Yesterday I **had slept** before my father arrived.

اسنایه نزدیک نشیدن

make a mistake

خطا کرنا

20. He **had made** this type of **mistake** earlier also.

21. She **had finished** her work before the guests arrived.

تی + vowel = چون

22. The patient **had died** before the doctor came.

میر

23. I **had reached** the school before the bell rang.

چون

ring - rang

26. The police **had reached** there before he killed him.

27. By the time **it** started raining, we **had reached** home.

28. She **had known** how to cook since when she was 8.

29. I **had reached** the office by the time the boss arrived.

30. By the time the police arrived, they **had killed** two people.

31. We **had played** video games.

beat: بودن

chess

شطرنج

32. He **had beaten** chess easily.

33. Harry **had become** a successful ~~marker~~ marketer

34. They **had cut** the tree last week.

35. She **had drawn** a good painting.

36. He **had eaten** all the snacks.

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37.John **had found** a new job.

38.My dad **had gone** to California.

39.I **had known**, how to solve all the problems.

40.She **had hurt** me when I was a child.

41.They **had felt** on a playground.

42.I **had driven** a car yesterday.

43.**had told** all the information.

44.We **had bought** new clothes.

45.They **had won** a cricket match.

46.She **had watched** a horror movie.

47.Aleena **had made** an ice cream cake.

48.I **had worn** the new T-shirt at the exhibition.

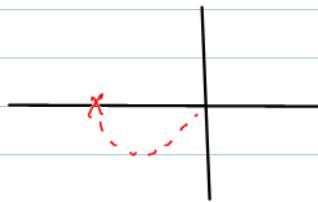
49.We **had spent** all the money.

50.I **had run** a mile when I was younger.

Have an appointment مرتبت داشتن
make مرفق

what else
دیگر

I have cut my finger



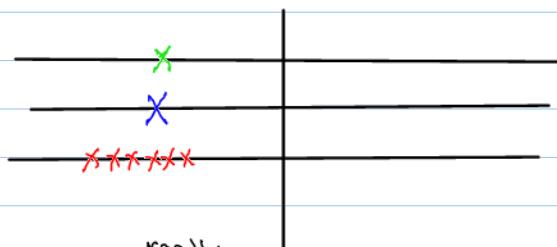
apply: عکس کشیدن

rub: چمکه

stick: ایج → get the sticks

happen = take place = occur

اویت + بود + اتفاق نهادن = می‌افتد
P + بود + اتفاق نهادن



I was doing the dishes when one of the
washing

plates broke and so cut my finger.

I am sorry to hear that ← bad news عکس کشیدن go on a trip = travel
if take

I am glad to hear that

Partner = coworker = colleague همکار
have a meeting عکس کشیدن

two of them

→ object pronoun an international payment gateway

discuss sth with sb → we discussed payments with my boss.

what did you have to do yesterday?

دیگر
de + bug: عکس کشیدن

my latest project

to debug

take a shower
have a bath

water: عکس کشیدن

the plants
flowers

عکس کشیدن

Pack: عکس کشیدن جمع عکس کشیدن
(عکس کشیدن عکس کشیدن)

pick up! عکس کشیدن جمع عکس کشیدن
(عکس کشیدن عکس کشیدن)

put away: عکس کشیدن جمع عکس کشیدن
(عکس کشیدن عکس کشیدن)

earlier

present

11 12

X X

My wife made lunch at 11. امساً، ناهي من ظنونا - ۱ →

I bought pizza at 12:00. امساً، ناهي من شراء - ۲ →

قبل ذلك من شراء بيتزا من ستاربكس.

My wife had made lunch at 11 before I bought pizza.

لما زلت في المطبخ من شراء بيتزا من ستاربكس

I had watched TV before I washed the dishes.

S + had + P.P +

(B2)

S + had + not → P.P +

Had + S + P.P + ... ?

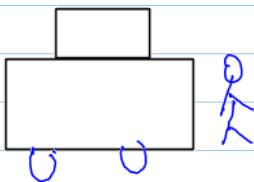
What + Had + S + P.P + ... ?

We had packed before the class.

The lunch is made every day.

P.P ↙ ed/d
↓
jio

The lunch was made yesterday.



Alex is fixing the car.

动词原形 + ing 形式 → Active

The car is being fixed.

动词 be + ing 形式 → Passive

Be + being + P.P

The lunch is being looked.

The codes are being changed.

The dinner was being cooked.

These codes may be being changed.

↙ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↗ C₁

I may be late.

5 - 5 - 5 - 5

Seat → صندلی (رکاب) sit →

chair → صندلی (رمح) (رمح)

take a seat.
have

Seatbelt: حُزْبَةٌ
Pasten: سُقَن

garden: باغ - باغیه
gardner: باغبان
gardening: باغداری

lawnmover: جیس

Smart = clever ≠ stupid = silly

Story F

Was Mrs Jones' husband dead?

Mrs Jones did not have a husband, but she had two sons. They were big, strong boys, but they were lazy.

On Saturdays, they did not go to school, and then their mother always said, 'Please cut the grass in the garden this afternoon, boys.'

صیغه
weak
≠

hard working

جین lawn
Plant: شُوہر

خانم جونز شوهر نداشت اما دو بسر داشت. آنها سرمهای بزرگ و قوی بودند ولی تبل نمی‌رفتند. و سپس مادرشان همیشه می‌گفت: بسرا لطفاً چمن داخل باغ را امروز بعد از ظهر کوتاه کنید.

رجیو دارن someone

The boys did not like it, but they always did it. Then somebody gave one of the boys a magazine, and he saw a picture of a beautiful lawn-mower in it. There was a seat on it, and there was a woman on the seat.

نیز خانم از صندلی

بسرا اینکار را دوست نداشتند اما همیشه آن را انجام می‌دادند. بعدها شخصی یک مجله به یکی از بسراها داد و او یک تصویر از یک چمن زن زیبا در آن دید. روی آن یک صندلی وجود داشت، یک زن روی صندلی بود.

بردون

The boy took the picture to his mother and brother and said to them, 'Look, that woman's sitting on the lawn-mower and driving it and cutting the grass. We want one of those.' 'One of those lawn-mowers?' his mother asked. 'No,' the boy said. 'We want one of those women.' Then she can cut the grass every week.'

بسرا تصویر را برده مادر و برادرش نشان داد و به آنها گفت: نگاه کنید زن روی دستگاه چمن زن می‌شیند و آن را می‌راند و چمن ها را کوتاه می‌کند. ما یکی از آنها می‌خواهیم. مادرش پرسید: یکی از آن دستگاه های چمن زن را؟ بسر گفت: نه، ما یکی از آن زن ها می‌خواهیم. پس آن زن می‌تواند هر هفته چمن ها را کوتاه کند.

برگزینی => There is/are
Present Con.

a tooth → two teeth	a lot of them many of them some of ~ <u>any of them</u>	the country = <u>البلد</u> - <u>بلد</u> , village
a foot → two feet	= suitable <u>is</u> of <u>to</u>	a piece of paper
hatmaker <u>hætməkər'</u>	right = appropriate <u> подходящим</u>	two pieces of paper
why don't you ?		
(<u>لماذا</u> <u>لا</u>)		
cost: <u>النفقة</u>		

Story 4

lose /
≠ new
new
new

One of Harry's feet was **bigger than the other**. 'I can never find **boots and shoes** for my feet,' he said to his friend Dick. 'Why don't you go to **a shoemaker**?' Dick said. '**A good one** can make you **the right shoes**.' **I've never been to a shoemaker**,' Harry said. 'Aren't they **very expensive**? **expensive ≠ cheap**
= costly

یکی از باهای هری بزرگتر از بای دیگر بود. او به دوستش دیک گفت: هیچوقت نمی توانم چکمه یا کفش برای باهایم بیدا کنم. دوستش گفت: چرا بیش یک کفش ساز نمی روی؟ یک عدد (کفش ساز) خوب می تواند کفش های مناسب (درست) بای تو بسازد. هری گفت: هرگز بیش کفش ساز نرفته ام. آبا آنها خلیه. گران هستند؟

write - wrote - written shoemaker 'writ' / 'wɪtər'

'No,' Dick said, 'some of them aren't. There's a good one in our village, and he's quite cheap. Here's his address.' He wrote something on a piece of paper and gave it to Harry. Harry went to the shoemaker in Dick's village a few days later, and the shoemaker made him some shoes.

دیک گفت: نه بعضی از آنها گران نیستند. یک کفیش ساز خوب در روستای ما هست که کاملاً ارزان است. این آدرسیش است. او چیزی روی تکه ای کاغذ نوشته و آن را به هری داد. چند روز بعد هری بیش کفیش ساز به روستای دیک رفت و کفیش ساز برای او گفتشی ساخت.

Harry went to the shop again a week later and looked at the shoes. Then he said to the shoemaker angrily, 'You're a silly man! I said, "Make one shoe bigger than the other," but you've made one smaller than the other!' دیگر

یک هفته بعد هری دوباره به فروشگاه رفت و به کفشهای نگاه کرد. سپس با عصبانیت به کفشنامه کوشش کرد: تو مرد احمقی هستی! من گفتم یک کفشنامه بزرگتر از دیگری بساز، اما تو یکی را کوچکتر از دیگری ساخته‌ای!

cinch → a shoes x

a pair of shoes = some shoes

Urgent Comparative

N	adj
anger	→ angry → angrily
عُلَمَاءٌ / علماء	علماء
بِالْعُلُومِ / علوم	علوم
<u>super</u> Superlative	

she's we big

bigger than

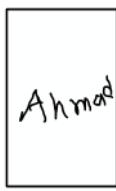
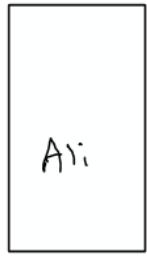
The biggest

مَقْدِسَةٌ مُحَرَّجَبَلٌ



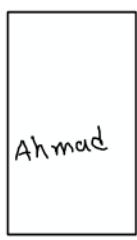
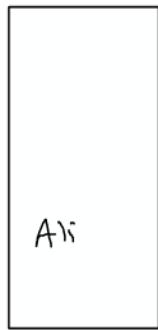
Ali's house is big.
tall

Big
tall



Ali's house is bigger than Ahmad's house.
taller

adj+er



Ali's house is the biggest of all.
the tallest

The + adj+est

87



Ali is old.

old
young

Ali isn't young.

87



80



Ali is older than Ahmad.

Ahmad is younger than Ali.

87



80



60



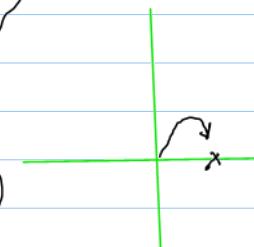
Ali is the oldest.

Hasan is the youngest

درست در من در فراهم بیک عالیت مجزم
من که واتم

BMW ← ایدن → f would buy a car. ← اهل فندم
که واتم could

ایمان ← پراید → f will buy a car. ← اهل باور
که واتم can



late ≠ early ← (زیست) near ≠ far (زمین) close ≠ distant (لریت)
 police station: پلیس / f was getting out of the taxi.
 post office: پست / f was getting into the taxi. { lock: قفل →
 lucky ≠ unlucky حظیت حظیت
 افتخار ناخوش

lady → polite into: بداخل out of: بیرون
 onto: بر علی

Story ۱ come home
 go out shopping come to a bank → Par ≠
 به داخل بانک رفت. خانم به داخل ماشین نگاه کرد. کلیدها داخل قفل بودند.

An old lady went out shopping last Tuesday. She **came to a bank** and **saw a car near the door**. A man **got out of it** and **went into the bank**. She **looked into the car**. The keys **were in the lock**.

get out (of) ≠ get in (to)

سه شنبه گذشته یک خانم مسن برای خرید بیرون رفت. او به بانک آمد و اتومبیلی نزدیک در دید. مردی از آن بیاده شد و

take: بگیر - ببردن follow: متنبہ - دنبال کردن جیب = اسلو =

The old lady **took the keys** and **followed the man into the bank**. The man **took a gun out of his pocket** and **said to the clerk**, 'Give me all the money!' But the old lady did not see this. **She went to the man**, put the keys **in his hand** and said, 'Young man, you're **stupid!**' = Silly ناچاری - سیلی = ناچاری + حیران

خانم مسن کلیدها را برداشت و بدنیال مرد داخل بانک رفت. مرد اسلحه ای از جیبش بیرون آورد و به کارمند گفت: همه بول

ها را به من بده! اما خانم مسن این صحنه را ندید. او به سمت مرد رفت، کلیدها را در دستش گذاشت و گفت: مرد جوان،

تو احمقی! وسیله → سرقت بزرگ: Rob: سرقت بزرگ → دستکاری زدن: Rob: عطایا

Never leave your keys in your car: someone's going to **steal** it! The man looked at the old woman **for a few seconds**. Then he looked at the clerk—and then he took his keys, **ran out of the bank**, **got into his car** and **drove away quickly**, without any money. run - ran - run

هرگز کلیدها را در اتومبیلت **جای نگذار کسی** قصد ممکنه آن را بذدد! مرد برای چند ثانیه به زن مسن نگاه کرد. پس به کارمند نگاهی انداخت—بعد کلیدهایش را برداشت و به بیرون از بانک دوید، سوار اتومبیلش شد و بدون هیچ بولی سریعاً رانندگی کرد و دور شد.

Steal → stole → Stolen

drive away
 walk away
 run away

→ طبله

go for a walk

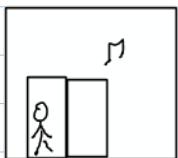
take a walk

go for a run

take a run

go for swimming

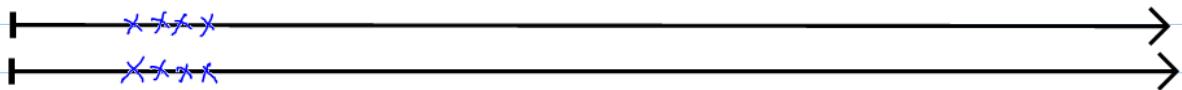
۱ - هن دیروز داشتم بیاد رون کارم و داشتم نیز مانعه و فرود.



Background \rightarrow was + ing

The music was playing when I went in.

Interrupting \rightarrow Past simple



I played

هن دیروز فوتبال بازی کردم.

مُسَنَّهِ (مسَنَّهِ) : هن دیروز داشتم فوتبال بازی کردم = هن دیروز در حال فوتبال بازی کردم بود.

I play

هن هر روز فوتبال بازی کنم.

I am playing, \rightarrow هن دارم فوتبال بازی کنم = هن در حال فوتبال بازی کردن هم.

Be going to \rightarrow I am going to travel to Rasht.

آینده نیست \leftarrow آینده

will \rightarrow I will make tea for you.

۱-۰ نیز اول \leftarrow نیز

بروزه فوتبال

Perspolis will win.

The car will crash.

۴-۰ نیز دوچور دیگه

بروزه فوتبال

آنچه دیگه \leftarrow دیگه

Perspolis is going to win. The car is going to crash.

آنچه دیگه

1 CONTINENTS



continent: اقیانوس

ocean: اقیانوس

نحوه

North: شمال

East: شرق

طرف

East sea can = شرقی

West: غرب

South: جنوب

Rasht is in the north of Iran

center: مرکز

نیوز = north-west

-ern → northern

جنوب

Eastern: شرقی

western

غرب

southern: جنوبی

شمالی

The Middle East: خاورمیانه

باقیر ≠ خاور
شرق غرب

coast: ساحل

begin - began - begun

Story ۲

سال شروع می‌شود
begin + Ving → The baby began crying.
start + Ving
To + V

Mary was **an English girl**, but she lived **in Rome**. She was six years old. **Last year**, her mother said to her, 'You're six years old now, Mary, and you're going to **begin going to a school** here.'

ماری یک دختر انگلیسی بود اما در رم زندگی می کرد. او شش ساله بود. **سال گذشته** مادرش به او گفت: تو الان شش ساله ای و قراره تو **به مدرسه رفتن** را در اینجا شروع کنی.

You're going to like it **very much**, because it's **a nice school**.' 'Is it **an English school**?' Mary asked. 'Yes, it is,' her mother said. Mary went to the school, and **enjoyed her lessons**. Her mother always **took her to school** in the morning and **brought her home** in the afternoon. **enjoy + sth**
take sb to place **bring - brough - brough**

و قراره **خیلی زیاد** دوستش داشته باشی زیرا اینجا **مدرسه خوبی** است. ماری پرسید: آیا این **یک مدرسه انگلیسی** است؟ مادرش گفت: بله. هست. ماری به مدرسه می رفت و از درس هایش لذت می برد. مادرش همیشه درصبح او را به مدرسه می برد و در بعد از ظهر او را به خانه می آورد.

Mom = Mum
maman
mummy : → مامان

S + have
had

Last Monday, her mother went to the school **at 4 o'clock**, and Mary **ran out of her class**. **We've got a new girl** in our class today, **Mummy**,' she said. 'She's six years old, too, and she's very nice, but she isn't English, she's German. Does she **speak English**? Mary's mother asked. 'No, but she **laughs in English**,' Mary said happily.

ب (نیز) خنده

دوشنبه پیش مادرش ساعت ۴ به مدرسه رفت و ماری **از کلاسش به بیرون دوید**. او گفت: **مامان**, ما امروز در کلاسمان **یک دختر جدید** داشتیم. او هم شش ساله است و **خیلی خوب** است اما انگلیسی نیست. او آلمانی است. مادر ماری پرسید: آیا او **انگلیسی صحبت می کند**? ماری با خوشحالی جواب داد: نه، اما او **به انگلیسی می خنده**.

mall: بازار

laughter: خنده

smile: بیان زدن

shopping mall: بازار خرید

take a look at sth
None

butter and honey

anywhere 

Father-in-law: پرنسپ سترھر
↓
خانہ

scatter: خالی، فریض

collect: جمع کرنا

Pour! ریختن ←

Clean: نیز پورٹا

weren't there any cameras near the place where you parked the car?

column: ڪلُون

weak: ڪِويٰ

bend: ڪوچھ

easily: ڪم تر

a robber: ڪارڈي

steal → stole
ڪوچھ ڻا جو

at the beginning of ...

stronge: ڪوچھ

guess: ڪوچھ

guest: ڪوچھ

Peykan:

safe → safety

rob: ڪوچھ

Somebody robbed my car's battery.

trunk: ڪوچھ

weakness: ڪِويٰ install: ڪوچھ a lock: ڪوچھ

less than: ڪوچھ

I didn't know how they opened the lock.

pretty = fairly ڪوچھ

{ give sb sth
{ give sth to sb

A man gave him some questions.

| Some questions were given to him.

| He was given some questions

I went to the police station at 7:00 a.m. میز
 when Somebody robbed my car. هر کسی
 After Somebody has robbed my car. هر کسی
has robbed
Story 6 زمان
time-clause زمان
have has P.P

Joe Richards finished school when he was 18, and then his father said to him, 'You've passed your examinations now, Joe, and you got good marks in them. Now go and get some good work. They're looking for clever people at the bank in the town. The clerks there get quite a lot of money now.'

جو ریچاردز وقتی 18 ساله بود مدرسه را تمام کرد و سپس بدرش به او گفت: تو حالا امتحانات را گذرانده ای و نمرات خوبی در آنها گرفته ای. حالا برو و کار خوبی بگیر. در شهر به دنبال افراد باهوش برای کار در بانک می گردند. کارمندان در آنجا بول خیلی زیادی می گیرند.
 ask for sth ~ ask sb for sth He was taken

A few days later, Joe went to the bank and asked for work there. A man took him into a small room and gave him some questions on a piece of paper. Joe wrote his answers on the paper, and then he gave them to the man.

↓ some questions on a piece of paper were given to him.

چند روز بعد جو به بانک رفت و درخواست کار در آنجا را داد. مردی او را به اتاق کوچکی برد و تعدادی سوال روی یک کاغذ به او داد. جو جوابهایش را روی کاغذ نوشت و سپس آن را به مرد داد.

The man looked at them for a few minutes, and then he took a pen and said to Joe, 'Your birthday was on the 12th of June, Mr. Richards?' 'Yes, sir,' Joe said. 'What year?' the man asked. 'Oh, every year, sir,' Joe said.

مرد برای چند دقیقه به آنها نگاه کرد و سپس خودکاری برداشت و به جو گفت: تولد تو در روزدوازدهم ژوئن بود آقای ریچاردز؟ جو گفت: بله قریان. مرد پرسید: چه سالی? جو گفت: او، هر سال، قربان.

Story ۸

Mr and Mrs Yates **had one daughter**. Her name was Carol, and she was **nineteen** years old. Carol **lived with her parents** and **worked in an office**. She had **some friends**, but she did not like **any of the boys** very much.

آقا و خانم یاپس **یک دختر داشتند**. اسم او کارول بود و **نوزده** ساله بود. کارول **با والدینش زندگی می کرد و در یک اداره کار می کرد**. او **چندنا دوست** داشت، اما از **هیچکدام از پسرها** خیلی زیاد خوشیش نمی آمد.

marry sb

Then she **met a very nice young man**. His name was George Watts, and he **worked in a bank near her office**. They **went out together quite a lot**, and he came to **Carol's parents' house twice**, and then last week Carol **went to her father** and said, 'I'm going to **marry** George Watts, Daddy. He was here **yesterday**'. 'Oh, yes,' her father said. 'He's a nice boy—but has he got **any money**?' 'Oh, men! All of you are **the same**', the daughter answered angrily.



سپس او **مرد جوان خیلی خوبی** را ملاقات کرد. اسم او جرج واتس بود و **در یک بانک نزدیک اداره اش** کار میکرد. آنها **خیلی زیاد با هم بیرون می رفتند** و جرج **دو بار به خانه والدین کارول** رفت و هفته گذشته کارول **بیش بدرش رفت** و گفت: بابا من قصد دارم با جرج واتس **ازدواج کنم**. او دیروز اینجا بود. بدراش گفت: اوه حتماً. او پسر خوبی است – اما آیا او **هیچ پولی** دارد؟ دختر با عصبانیت جواب داد: اوه، مردها! همه شما **مثل هم** هستید.

'I met George **on the first of June** and **on the second** he said to me, "Has your father got any money?"'

من جرج را **در یکم ژوئن** دیدم و **در روز دوم** به من گفت: آیا پدر تو پولی دارد؟

If it is possible, Do it ^{وَالْيَوْمَ} the day after tomorrow please.

Could you do it ~ ~ ~ ~ ..

could you postpone it to --

postpone.

مُؤَجِّل (مُؤَجَّل)

Sewage: مُنْسَاب

wh + to + v
I want to get { a gift for my wife.
my wife a gift

very - too - so + adj
o (-) (+)

gift = present

LESSONS 5-8

get sb sth



what about ...

How about ...

why don't + s + ... → why don't we buy.

let's + v + ...

at all ینه - یعنی

actually = in fact یعنی

strong black
= black

loud = aloud = loudly یعنی
think about یعنی

Particularly especially یعنی

Think of + v-ing/sth یعنی

Maria: I don't know what to get Jill for her birthday.

Tom: Hm... how about a ticket to a baseball game?

Maria: Jill doesn't like baseball at all. Actually, she doesn't like any sports.

Tom: Really? I love sports! Well, what does she like?

Maria: She likes music. Heavy & light metal = جو

Tom: What kind?

Maria: She loves hip-hop and heavy metal. یدلی

Tom: Heavy metal?! Oh, I don't like heavy metal.

Maria: Me neither. I think it's too loud.

Tom: Who's her favorite singer?

Maria: Well, her favorite hip-hop artist is Kanye West.

Tom: Me too! What about you?

Maria: I don't really like hip-hop.

Tom: Well, do you like any bands in particular?

Maria: I like Coldplay.

Tom: So do I! I have all their CDs. Hey, what do you think of getting her a CD?

Maria: Jill never buys CDs. She downloads all her music.

Tom: Why don't you get her tickets to a concert?

Maria: That's a good idea.

Tom: Let's look online.

Tom: Here's something. Susannah Mason. What do you think of her?

Maria: The folk singer? I think she's great, but Jill doesn't like folk music.

Tom: How about this? Hip Hop Madness. It's tomorrow night. Tickets are \$35.

Maria: It doesn't sound interesting to me. یعنی → seem/sound + adj

Tom: It sounds fun to me! It's at 8:00. Doors open at half past seven.

Maria: Let's look for something else.

Maria: Hey, what about this? Tickets to the new musical Dance City!

Tom: I heard it was really good!

Maria: Jill loves musicals!

Tom: Perfect! Buy four tickets. It starts at 7:30, so we can meet at 7:00.

Maria: I'm buying them now.

Eric: Hi guys.

Tom: Hi, Eric. How was math class?

Eric: It was great. Math is my favorite subject.

Tom: Is there any subject you don't like?

Eric: No, of course not. I love every subject.

Maria: Done! → It was done.

Eric: What are you guys doing?

Maria: We just bought a birthday present for Jill.

Eric: Me too! Look guys! I got four tickets for the new musical Dance City! tomorrow night.

So did we.

Present = gift → give gifts

just = a short time ago یعنی

Invite sb over: دعوه لـ من
almost = nearly

by seven

help + to
to + u

LESSONS 25-28

come over = come to the place

~~~~~ ~~~~~ ~~~~~

→ Eric: What time are Maria and Jill coming over? → Eric asked what time Maria & Jill are coming over.  
Tom: I told them to come by around 7:00.

Eric: It's almost 7:00. Do you want me to help cook?

if

Eric: No, it's OK. You know I love to cook.

Eric: OK. What are you planning to make? Plan + To + V

ئەملىك

Tom: I'm not sure.

Eric: Not pasta, right? We had pasta every day for the past few weeks.

كۈچىنە

Tom: OK, no pasta.

Eric: What about curry and rice?

ئەملىك

Tom: What are the ingredients?

ئەملىك

Eric: Hm. Potatoes, onions, carrots, coconut milk, and rice. Oh, and lots of spices. It's spicy, but it's delicious.

ئەملىك

Tom: OK, let's see what we have.

ئەملىك

→ Eric: What do we need to buy? Eric asked what we need to buy.

Tom: We need some onions...

Eric: Do we need to get any potatoes? Eric asks if we need to get any potatoes.

Tom: No, we have some potatoes. But we need carrots, coconut milk, rice, and lots of spices.

Eric: We don't have time to go to the supermarket.

Tom: We can make something with what we have.

Eric: That must be them. Come in!

Jill: Hi Eric! Hi Tom!

Eric/Tom: Hello. Hi! Thanks for coming

Maria: Thank you so much for inviting us to dinner!

Tom: No problem.

Maria: What are you guys cooking for dinner? Maria asked what you guys are cooking.

Tom: We're not sure. Do you guys eat many vegetables?

Jill: Yes, I eat vegetables every day.

Maria: Actually, I never eat vegetables. I don't like them.

Tom: Hm. OK. What about chicken?

Maria: I usually eat chicken.

Jill: I try not to eat a lot of meat.

Tom: What about potatoes?

Jill/Maria: We both don't eat potatoes.

Tom: Hm... OK, I think I know what to make. We have everything we need and I know everyone's going to like it.

Jill: What is it?

Tom: I can't tell you. It's a surprise.

Maria: What's it taste like?

Tom: Not too salty and not too sweet. It's delicious.

Eric: What's in it?

Tom: Tomatoes, cheese, noodles...

مەزىلەن

Eric/Jill/Maria: Pasta! They said at the same time pasta.

Tom: That's right! How did you guys know?

Eric: Pasta.

سەپە

at the same time  
moment

ئەملىك

salty: سالى

sweet: سۈت

sour: سۈرۈ

bitter: بىتىر

spicy: سىپى

bland: گۈزى

designer: جلد Blood is thicker than water. → saying = proverb منبسط

application: تطبيق apply: تطبيق thin ≠ fat → people

## LESSONS 21-24

fun

in

verb

عده میشند

tons of = lots of

Tom: Your phone has a really cool design.

Jill: I really like it. It's light and thin. I can even video chat with my friends! I also buy tons of apps.

Tom: How often do you buy apps?

Jill: I buy them every day.

Tom: Wow! That's a lot of money.

Jill: No, sometimes they're free.

Tom: I need a new phone.

Jill: What's yours like? → mine = your phone

Jill: Wow. That is really big.

Tom: Yes, but I can hear the other person really well.

Eric: Hi guys!

Jill: What are you doing, Eric? adj-adv

Eric: Oh. I'm going to sell this chair online.

Jill: I'll take it! Give it to me! I need a desk chair.

Eric: Hm....I can give it to you for \$40.

Jill: \$40! That's expensive. A new chair costs \$40 at the Superstore. How about \$20?

Eric: \$20? I paid \$50 for it.

Jill: How long have you had it for? → How long have you lived here?

Eric: I've had it for two years, but it is in excellent condition. And it's a very lucky chair.

Tom: How is it lucky? while I was

Eric: I've studied for all my tests sitting in this chair. I always get As on all my tests.

Tom: That is lucky. Would you accept \$30? → P1

Jill: Tom! I want the chair. I'll give you \$35.

Eric: Wait. So Tom, you'll buy it for \$30? And Jill, you want it for \$35?

Tom: I'll give you \$40!

Jill: I'll take it for \$40.50.

Second hand = used

Tom: \$41!

Jill: \$42.50.

Tom: \$55! And that's my final offer!

Jill: Wow, that's expensive for a used chair! Eric paid \$50 for it.

Tom: Hm... You're right.

Eric: Sold to Tom for \$55! Take care of my lucky chair, Tom.

Jill: Wait. Why are you selling it in the first place, if it's lucky?

Eric: My friend has a chair and he's always gotten A pluses. I'm buying his lucky chair.

in the first place :

از اول

A<sup>+</sup>

→ He has always gotten

I have changed my glasses and so I have difficulties reading texts.

difficulty → N

think → فکر کردن ing ✓

think → نظر داشتن ing ✗

## LESSONS 9-12

Formal plan

Tom: What time does your birthday party start tonight?

Jill: At 7:00. Maria is cleaning our apartment now.

Tom: No work for you on your birthday, huh? → There is no work ...

Jill: That's right! That's a nice shirt!

Tom: Thanks! You look nice. Is that jacket new?

Jill: Yes, I got it for tonight. Is it OK?

Tom: It's cool. I like it a lot.

Jill: Eric is here.

Eric: Hi guys. Sorry I'm late. I wanted to get something new for your party tonight. What do you think?

Jill: It's an interesting shirt.

Eric: So, we're going to get to meet your family.

Jill: Yes. They're arriving later this afternoon.

Eric: That's nice. But I'm always a little shy around new people.

Tom: Not me! Tell us about them!

Jill: Well, my father is quiet. And shy. Dad doesn't say much at first.

Tom: And your mother?

Jill: Mom is easy going and creative, like me.

Tom: Do you have any siblings?

Jill: Yes, I have two brothers. As you can see, they love to play video games. Their names are Brent and David.

Tom: What is Brent wearing?

Jill: Brent is wearing the blue T-shirt. And David is wearing the gray sweater.

Jill: Brent will be there, but David doesn't live around here. He lives in Chicago. You can meet him another time.

Eric: How old are they?

Jill: Brent is 23 years old and David is 22. You'll also meet my grandmother.

Eric: What's she like?

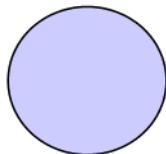
Jill: Grandma is great. She's 75 but she doesn't act or dress her age. Her style is very... different. But we love her!

\* act your age: پنجه نمایش

\* dress your age: لبخندی

granny

dress پوشیدن undress پوشیدن



siblings

I have a friend who doesn't act his age.

such + a/an X + adj + Noun

It is such a beautiful city  
she is such an amazing singer  
They are such noisy students. →  
It is such delicious lunch. →

greet: مرحباً مرحباً  
مرحباً

LESSONS 29-32

take a tour of ... = go on a tour

well-cooked  
جيداً جيداً

you? Eric: Hi Jill.

Jill: Hi, Eric.

Eric: How's it going? How was your weekend in Washington, D.C.?

Jill: Fantastic! It was really a great time.

Eric: Oh yeah? What did you do there?

Jill: Well, first, I took a bus tour of the city. It really is such a beautiful place - so many interesting buildings and monuments. I love the Washington Monument.

Eric: Yeah. The monument is incredible.

Jill: Then I went to the Smithsonian Museum. There's always so much stuff to see there.

Eric: Yeah, I saw a great dinosaur exhibition the last time I was there. It was fantastic.

Jill: Wow! After that I decided to walk to the Lincoln Memorial, but then it started to rain and I got completely wet. = Soaked

مبللة

memory + al

Eric: How awful!

Jill: No, it was OK. I went back to my hotel, changed my clothes, and went out again later, this time with an umbrella!

Eric: Good thinking. → It was a good idea

Jill: That night, I went to a classical concert. How about you? What did you do last weekend?

Eric: Not much really. I worked all day on Saturday. On Sunday, Tom and I played tennis.

Jill: Oh, you exercised!

Eric: Yep. After that we went to a movie. We saw the new James Bond film.

Jill: You did? How was it?

Eric: It was great! Then we went shopping.

شراء

Jill: Did you buy anything?

Eric: Yeah, I got this video camera. It was \$500, but I got it on sale for only \$175. You won't believe what I got on this video camera.

Jill: What?

= recorded

Eric: I was at the park, and I saw an elephant!

لما

Jill: No way! Why was the elephant in the park?

Eric: It had escaped from the zoo! It wasn't dangerous. I even gave it my sandwich. It was incredible, and I have it all on video. I'm going to put it on YouTube.

Jill: Oh! I want to see!

Eric: Hold on... => wait

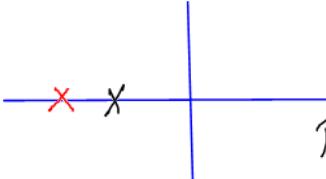
صور صور  
Audio

Tom: Hello? Hellooooo?

Tom: Hello! Hi Eric! This is a really nice camera. I just wanted to tell you that. I hope I didn't erase anything important.

لما

eraser → مسح



→ possible error

Tom had erased the video  
To record a new video  
of him to talk about  
the camera.

such + a/an X + adj + Noun

It is such a beautiful city  
she is such an amazing singer  
They are such noisy students. →  
It is such delicious lunch. →

greet: مرحباً مرحباً  
مرحباً

LESSONS 29-32

take a tour of ... = go on a tour

well-cooked  
طعاماً جيداً

you?

Eric: Hi Jill.

Jill: Hi, Eric.

Eric: How's it going? How was your weekend in Washington, D.C.?

Jill: Fantastic! It was really a great time.

Eric: Oh yeah? What did you do there?

Jill: Well, first, I took a bus tour of the city. It really is such a beautiful place - so many interesting buildings and monuments. I love the Washington Monument.

Eric: Yeah. The monument is incredible. بُلْدِين شيء غير معتاد شيء غير معتاد things

Jill: Then I went to the Smithsonian Museum. There's always so much stuff to see there.

Eric: Yeah, I saw a great dinosaur exhibition the last time I was there. It was fantastic.

Jill: Wow! After that I decided to walk to the Lincoln Memorial, but then it started to rain and I got completely wet. = soaked مبللة باردة memory + al

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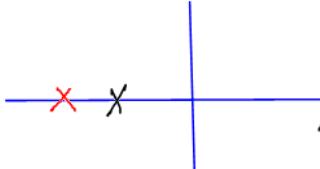
Jill: Oh! I want to see!

Eric: Hold on... ⇒ wait صورة صوت صورة صوت صوت صورة صوت صورة صوت

Tom: Hello? Hellooooo?

Tom: Hello! Hi Eric! This is a really nice camera. I just wanted to tell you that. I hope I didn't erase anything important.

eraser → مسح



مسح الشاشة لقطة

Tom had erased the video  
To record a new video  
of him to talk about  
the camera.

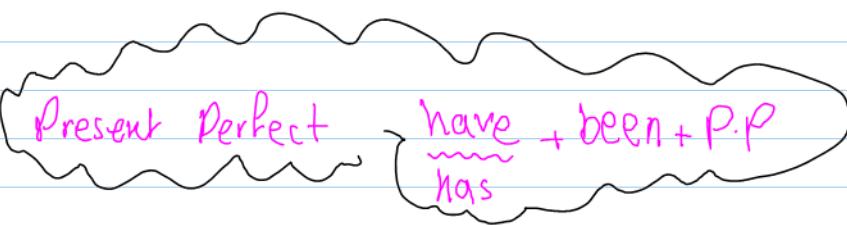
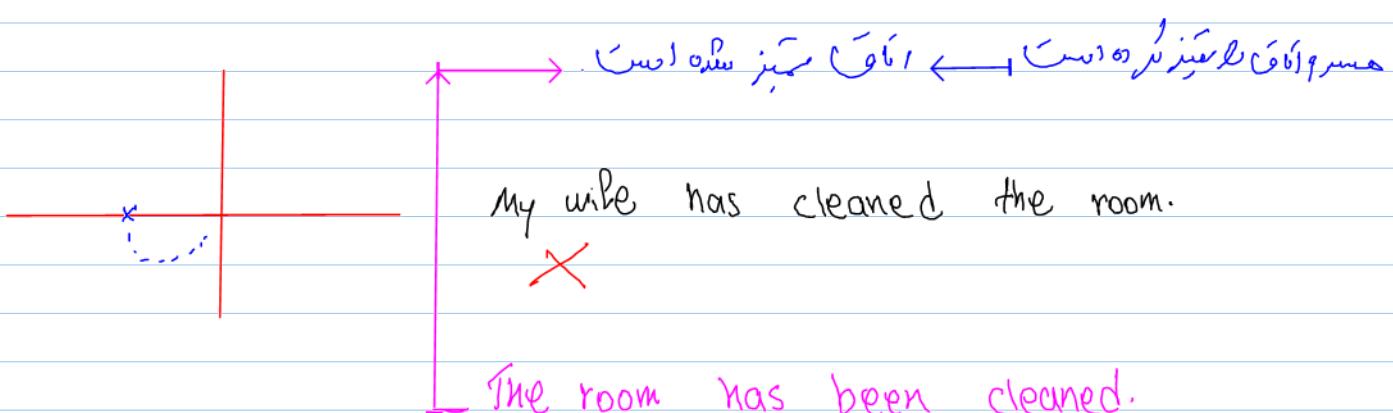
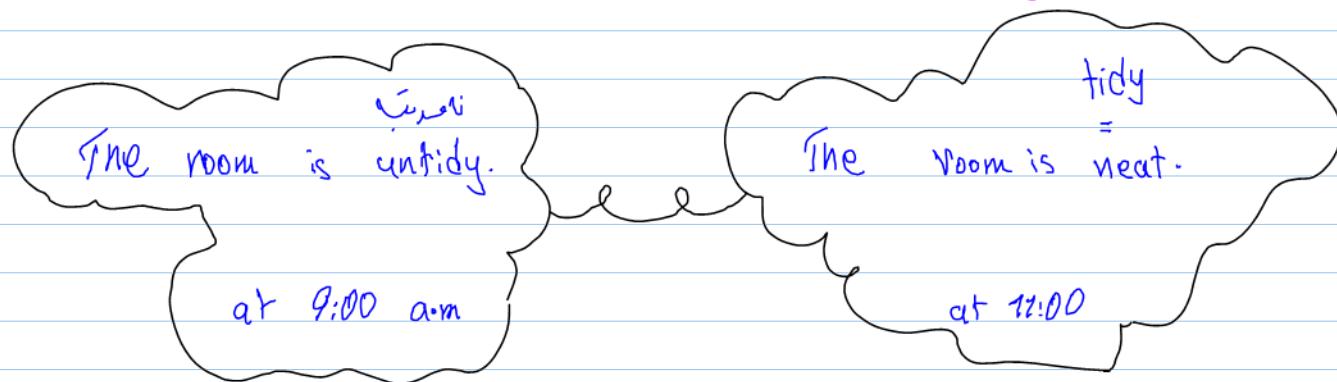
ruin: ضرر

My room is cleaned every day.

My room was cleaned yesterday.

My room is being cleaned now.

My room was being cleaned at 6 yesterday.



Lunch has been prepared.

almost

The project was nearly been finished

- امساك بالشيء

- امساك بالشيء

The codes all have been checked.

- امساك بالشيء

The car has completely been washed.

- امساك بالشيء

Last week you went to a party. A lot of your friends were there. Here are some things they said to you:

CLARE



I'm enjoying my new job.

My father isn't well.



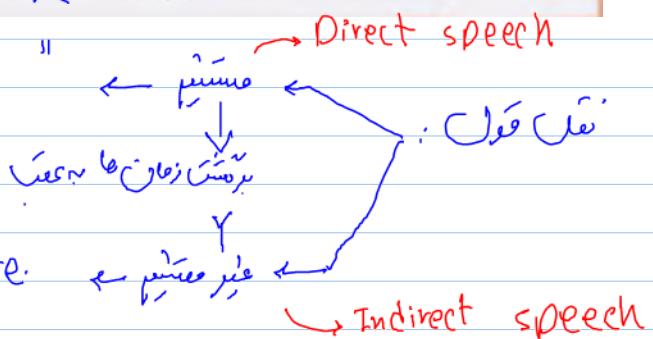
am  
is } → was



Today you meet Paul. You tell him about the party. You tell Paul what your friends said:

- Clare said that **she was** enjoying her new job.
- She said that **her father wasn't** well.

Tom said "I'm not sure."



Tom said he was not sure.

Tom → He ←  
my → his ←  
me → him ←

⊕ / ⊖

Tom: We need some onions...

Tom said that they needed some onions.

Maria: I usually eat chicken.

Maria said that she usually ate chicken.

The room had been cleaned.

room is cleaned

Had + been + P.P

Lunch had been cooked before I bought food.

Joe Rechards finished school when he was 18.

*Now it's + 18 years* *used to* *be* *young* *→* He used to go to the  
He was a clever student. He was going to the

gym and he was a strong boy. One morning

Joe and his father were drinking tea and ✓

his father said "you have passed examinations

now, Joe, and you got good marks in them.

now go and get some good work. They're

They need some smart people

looking for clever people at the bank in the

The people who work in the bank, they earn tons of  
money.

town. The clerks there get quite a lot of

money

now. You can buy a best car and

You can travel <sup>to</sup> the best countries.

and text at = antextat  
 ١د / -ج / →  
 ستر / ستر  
 ✕ ✕

Same: Only  
 Some other/ others  
 to go out sometimes: to go out  
 to have some time  
 to will see you sometime  
 (سوي) sometime

**LESSONS 1-4**

Maria: Eric, how can you study and text at the same time?  
 Eric: Most of my classmates text, study, and tweet at the same time.  
 Maria: Hi Tom! How's it going? *in fact*  
 Tom: Good. How are you?  
 Maria: OK. Eric and I are studying. Well, actually I'm studying.  
 Eric: Hey! So am I.  
 Tom: Hi Jill.  
 Jill: Oh. Hey Tom!  
 Tom: What are you doing?  
 Jill: Oh, I'm waiting for my cousin. She's on her way from the airport.  
 Tom: Your cousin?  
 Jill: She's going to stay with Maria and me for a couple of months. Her name's Casey.  
 Tom: Really? Where's she from? → Tom asked where she is from.  
 Eric: Los Angeles.  
 Tom: What's she like?  
 Jill: Oh, well, she's really fun. And... different. She's really different from me!  
 Tom: Different... in what way?  
 Eric: Everyone. Casey's in a taxi.  
 Tom: How do YOU know Casey?  
 Eric: We're Facebook friends. She just updated her status. I'm in a taxi, and heading to Jill's place!  
 Maria: How are you studying?  
 Eric: Trust me, I am.  
 Tom: OK. So, what's she like?  
 Jill: Oh yeah, uh, well. She's really into clothes. She likes to wear lots of accessories – things she makes herself. hats, scarves, and stuff.  
 Tom: So how old is she?  
 Jill: She's... Let me remember... She's --  
 Eric: 21.  
 Jill: Right. 21. Oh! I just got a text. Casey is --  
 Eric: Here!  
 Maria: Wow.  
 Eric: I know! *bring*  
 Jill: I'm going to get her.  
 Maria: OK, done! I'm finished with my homework.  
 Eric: See. I told you. Not many of us can do two things at the same time.  
 Jill: Everyone. This is Casey!  
 Casey: Hi!  
 Tom/Eric/Maria: Hi Casey!!  
 Casey: Nice to meet you. It's cold here!  
 Tom: Let's go get something warm to drink.  
 Maria: Coffee sounds good!  
 Jill: Eric?  
 Eric: I can't. I have to do homework. But will you guys text me what you're talking about?  
 Jill/Maria/Tom: No.

one time = once  
 two times = twice

plenty of money  
 plenty of students

It is exactly my point.

can have it. → مال  
 could have it. → میتواند  
 bought milk yesterday. → خرید  
 I did buy milk yesterday.

## LESSONS 5-8

- Point** مکالمہ
- Tom:** What time are Casey, Jill and Maria coming over for dinner?
- Eric:** 7:00. We have plenty of time. What should we make? → ترسیم
- Tom:** Pasta!
- Eric:** Tom, I love your pasta, but --
- Tom:** I love it too. I could have it every single day.
- Eric:** Exactly my point. We do have it every day. We should try something different. Let me see... Have you tried Indian food?
- Tom:** No, I haven't. → S+V+...
- Eric:** What about Japanese food?
- Tom:** Nope. → نہیں
- Eric:** What have you tried?
- Tom:** Pasta. → بیٹھاں
- Eric:** OK. Nevermind... → خدا
- Eric:** Casey likes fish. So do Jill and Maria. Let's make a simple fish dish.
- Tom:** OK. → طرفہ
- Eric:** Fry the vegetables in a pan. → فری  
Fry: فری
- Eric:** Don't forget to add salt... and pepper... and olive oil. → خواہ  
osm: اسماں
- Eric:** Don't pour too much olive oil, just a little.
- Eric:** I have to get the phone. → get = answer = take  
Pour: پخت (مال)
- Tom:** Go ahead. Don't worry. → جواب دوں
- Eric:** Thanks, Tom.
- Tom:** Oh no! The fish!
- Eric:** What's wrong? = problem → lie
- Tom:** I'm sorry.
- Eric:** We still have time. It's not a big deal. We can just order in. → poor: فقیر ≠ rich  
= pretty
- Tom:** I know a great place we can order from! The food is pretty good, it's fairly cheap and attracts a lot of customers.
- Eric:** OK. Sounds good.
- Server:** Hello? → حکیم
- Tom:** Hello, can I place a delivery order? → نزدیک کرنے
- Server:** Sure! What would you like?
- Tom:** I would like your... hm...
- Server:** Tom?
- Tom:** Yes. Roberto?
- Server:** Yes! How are you? → چھپ
- Tom:** Great! → bring
- Server:** What can I get you? Is it the usual?
- Tom:** Yes, but for five people. → سرخ
- Server:** Sure thing. Five of our special house pastas.
- Tom:** Sounds delicious! And can you put extra tomato sauce and cheese in one of them? → more
- Server:** Anything for you, Tom!
- Tom:** Thank you.
- Server:** Have a good night!
- Tom:** What?
- Eric:** Pasta?
- Tom:** You said something different. And it's not my pasta, so it's different... Right?

plenty of money  
 plenty of students

It is exactly my point.

can have it. → مال  
 could have it. → میتواند  
 bought milk yesterday. → خرید  
 I did buy milk yesterday.

## LESSONS 5-8

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- Tom:** Oh no! The fish!
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- Eric:** OK. Sounds good.
- Server:** Hello? → مخوب
- Tom:** Hello, can I place a delivery order? → نزدیک
- Server:** Sure! What would you like?
- Tom:** I would like your... hm...
- Server:** Tom?
- Tom:** Yes. Roberto?
- Server:** Yes! How are you? → چھوٹا
- Tom:** Great! → bring
- Server:** What can I get you? Is it the usual?
- Tom:** Yes, but for five people. → سیوریاں
- Server:** Sure thing. Five of our special house pastas.
- Tom:** Sounds delicious! And can you put extra tomato sauce and cheese in one of them?
- Server:** Anything for you, Tom!
- Tom:** Thank you.
- Server:** Have a good night!
- Tom:** What?
- Eric:** Pasta?
- Tom:** You said something different. And it's not my pasta, so it's different... Right?
- Present Continuous → Future**
- add:** اضافہ added: اضافہ کیا
- High**   
**low**
- Fried:** اگلے  
**Prying Pan:** پریسٹ پن
- attract:** جذب کرنے

Subject:

Date:

A few days later, Joe went to the bank <sup>in</sup> by <sup>✓</sup>

old his car and asked for work there.  
his old red car.

A big man took him into small room which  
and lots of tables  
there ~~were~~ were a many chairs and gave  
him some questions on a piece of paper.

Joe wrote his answers on the paper with  
a blue pen, and then he gave <sup>it</sup> to the man.

The man looked ~~carefully~~ at them carefully

for a ~~few~~ few minutes, and then he took

a pen and said to, "Joe" Your <sup>b</sup>irthday was

on the 12th of June, Mr Richards? Yes, Sir ...

Have an accident حادثة

insurance:保険

crashed: 碰き合った - 碰撞した

sure!: 確かに

completely: 完全に

Damage: 損傷

injure: けがをする  
injury: けが

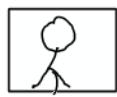
when was he born? 何年生まれた?

He was born in 1935.

farmer: 農夫 Farmer: 農業 Field: 田畠 wheat: 小麦 rice: 玄米

retired: 退職する → retire 退職する

rare: 少ない  
rarer: 少ない



I Can see me ← object pronoun X  
 I = I  
 S = O Reflexive pronoun  
 (ourselves)

I myself we ourselves P → yes

You yourself You yourselves

He himself

she herself They themselves

It itself  
 ↗      ↘  
 Reflexive pronoun

I can see myself. ← at the end of a sentence  
 (ourselves)  
 (ourselves)

I myself washed the dishes.

→ after subject → myself

go well <sup>فُرِشَت</sup> نوبت  
 go badly: <sup>بُرْكَنْت</sup> بُرْكَنْت  
 LESSONS 9-12 <sup>لَسَنْز 9-12</sup>  
 Eric: Help yourselves. Enjoy.  
 Casey/Jill: Thank you. Thanks, Eric!  
 Jill: So how did your doctor's appointment go last week?  
 Eric: Oh, not so well, actually.  
 Casey: That's too bad. Nothing serious I hope.  
 Eric: Oh, no, nothing like that. I can't sleep at night and sometimes my stomach hurts.  
 Casey: Oh, no! <sup>= It is a good idea to change....</sup>  
 Eric: It's OK. My doctor said I should change my diet.  
 Jill: Change your diet? <sup>Food</sup>  
 Eric: Yeah, she said I should eat healthy. I think I eat pretty healthy. <sup>Stop + v-ing</sup>  
 Jill: Um... Well, it's a not good idea to eat too much sugar.  
 Eric: No, of course not. The doctor said I should stop drinking coffee. But I love coffee. It's been real hard. He said I should also eat more vegetables.  
 Casey: I can't see you as a vegetarian somehow. <sup>سُورَى = somewhat</sup>  
 Eric: No, I don't have to give up meat, but I should eat more vegetables.  
 Jill: I think you should exercise more. I exercise three times a week and I feel healthy.  
 Eric: Exercise? I bowl four times a week.  
 Casey: Really? That's exercise.  
 Eric: Yeah! I guess it is.  
 Casey: Wow, you must be really good. <sup>برَيْس</sup>  
 Eric: I beat all the other players! And I also box.  
 Jill: I didn't know that!  
 Eric: I box almost every day! I'm really good at it too. Boxing is definitely more fun than bowling.  
 Casey: Wow, you're really athletic! <sup>ثُرْبَرْد</sup>  
 Eric: Yep. And I also play tennis.  
 Casey/Jill: Tennis?  
 Eric: Yep. Tennis was more difficult to learn than boxing. But I win almost every game now.  
 You guys want to see me play?  
 Jill: Like, right now?  
 Eric: Sure!

a construction worker → we built the concrete structure of building.

Turn in: مُهَاجِرَةٌ  
into

I am going to sell it.

/gana/

Transcript  
جَاهِرَةٌ

I have to go. He has to go  
/hafta/ /hastə/

describe → description  
مُهَاجِرَةٌ يَوْمَ

I have got to go  
/haPgofa/

He has got to go  
/hasgofa/

I want to go  
/wana/