

Computer Networks Course

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Assignment 2

1- The following picture depicts the HTTP packets:

Wireshark packet capture showing HTTP traffic. The packet list shows several HTTP requests and responses. The packet details pane for frame 714 is expanded, showing the Ethernet II, Internet Protocol Version 4, Transmission Control Protocol, and Hypertext Transfer Protocol layers.

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	Info
671	0.105998	10.0.0.148	192.81.131.161	HTTP	338	GET /is/script.min.js HTTP/1.1
681	0.084478	192.81.131.161	10.0.0.148	HTTP	169	HTTP/1.1 200 OK (text/css)
714	0.261478	10.0.0.148	172.217.8.2	HTTP	539	GET /pagead/show_ads.js HTTP/1.1
739	0.067094	192.81.131.161	10.0.0.148	HTTP	1420	HTTP/1.1 200 OK (application/x-jav...
762	0.094714	172.217.8.2	10.0.0.148	HTTP	616	HTTP/1.1 200 OK (text/javascript)
772	0.149649	10.0.0.148	23.43.165.40	HTTP	813	GET /casaleJtag.js HTTP/1.1

Frame 714 details:

- A Frame 714: 539 bytes on wire (4312 bits), 539 bytes captured (4312 bits) on interface 0
- B Ethernet II, Src: LiteonTe 8c:02:60 (28:e3:47:8c:02:60), Dst: ArrisGro d9:e8:57 (5c:e3:0e:d9:e8:57)
- C Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 10.0.0.148, Dst: 172.217.8.2
- D Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 49428, Dst Port: 80, Seq: 1, Ack: 1, Len: 485
- E Hypertext Transfer Protocol

- In frame 714, which section in packet details represents the frame header? Why? (Choose between A, B, C, D and E) (Multiple choice could be correct)

2- Open file 'ICMP_across_dot1q.cap'

A- In packet list, find packet from "Cisco_ea:b8:c1". What is the source and destination MAC address of this request and the corresponding reply?

B-In packet list, how many ICMP request packets do you see?

3- According to the previous question, find ICMP request/reply packets.

According to this packet list, obtain the following parameters:

According to this log, obtain the following parameters:

A-What is minimum round-trip time in milliseconds?

B- What is maximum round-trip time in milliseconds?

C- What is average round trip time in milliseconds?

4- According to the following captured packets, fill requested fields:

Note: for each packet, the first 14 Bytes are the Ethernet header.

01 00 5e 00 00 fc 60 eb 69 4d 97 3f 08 00 46 00 00 20 07 32 00 00 01 02 33 d7 ac 11 5c c1 e0 00 00 fc 94 04 00 00 16 00 09 03 e0 00 00 fc 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
IP source address: 172.17.92.193
IP Destination address: 224.0.0.252
Which application has generated this packet? Why?

01 00 5e 00 00 01 64 31 50 0e 0a 2f 08 00 45 00 00 3c 2c a3 00 00 80 01 25 77 ac 11 5c 94 e0 00 00 01 08 00 2d de 00 01 0a 90 42 69 74 44 65 66 65 6e 64 65 72 20 46 69 72 65 77 61 6c 6c 20 42 72 6f 61 64 63 61 73 74 00 00
IP source address:
IP Destination address:
Which application has generated this packet? Why?

5- Open your Wireshark program and select ICMP as filter. Start capturing packets on your interface (en0, wlan0, etc.). Now open up your terminal (Linux) or command prompt (windows) and use one of the following commands:

Windows: `ping -n 10 8.8.8.8`

Linux: `ping -c 10 8.8.8.8`

A- Why is it that an ICMP packet does not have source and destination port numbers?

B- Examine one of the ping request packets sent by your host. What are the ICMP type and code numbers? What other fields does this ICMP packet have? How many bytes are the checksum, sequence number and identifier fields?

C- Examine the corresponding ping reply packet. What are the ICMP type and code numbers? What other fields does this ICMP packet have? How many bytes are the checksum, sequence number and identifier fields?

Good luck
TA Team

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