

## Module 26.5 Practice Problem Set

1. Write a program to check for balanced brackets in an expression.. Balanced brackets are the pairs and the orders of "{", "}", "(", ")", "[", "]" are correct in the given expression.

**For example:** [()]{}{[()()]()} is a balanced bracket.

[({})] is not a balanced bracket

You will be given a string, you need to check if the brackets are balanced or not. If they are balanced, print "YES", otherwise print "NO".

**Expected time complexity:**  $O(N)$

Sample Input	Sample output
{{(())[{}}]}	NO
{{(())[{}}]}	YES

**Reference:**

<https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/check-for-balanced-parentheses-in-an-expression/>

2. Given N integers, the task is to insert those elements in the queue. Also, given M integers, your task is to find the frequency of each number of M in the Queue.

**Expected time complexity:**  $O(N)$

Sample Input	Sample output
8 1 2 3 4 5 2 3 1 5 1 3 2 9 10	2 2 2 -1 -1

**Explanation:** Frequency of 1 is 2. Frequency of 3 is 2. Frequency of 2 is 2. Frequency of 9 is -1 and Frequency of 10 is -1 (since 9 and 10 are not there in the queue).

**Reference:** [GFG-Queue Operations](#)

3. Write a program to sort a stack of integers.

You will be given a size N, and N integer values. You need to insert those values in a stack, and sort that stack and print it.

**Expected time complexity:**  $O(N*N)$

Sample Input	Sample output
5 1 8 5 4 2	1 2 4 5 8
8 5 1 4 7 9 2 5 4	1 2 4 4 5 5 7 9

**Reference:** <https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/sort-stack-using-temporary-stack/>

4. Write a program to reverse a queue of integers.

You will be given a size N, and N integer values. You need to insert those values in a queue, and reverse that queue and print it.

**Expected time complexity:**  $O(N)$

Sample Input	Sample output
5 5 4 1 3 7	7 3 1 4 5
7 1 4 5 1 2 7 4	4 7 2 1 5 4 1

**Reference:** <https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/reversing-a-queue/>

5. Given a number N. The task is to generate and print all binary representations of decimal values from 1 to N.

**Expected time complexity:**  $O(N \cdot \log_2(N))$

Sample Input	Sample output
2	1 10
5	1 10 11 100 101

**Reference:**

<https://practice.geeksforgeeks.org/problems/generate-binary-numbers-1587115620/>

6. Write a program to reverse the first K elements of a queue.

You will be given a size N and K. In the next line you will be given N integer values. You need to insert those values in a queue, and reverse the first K elements of that queue and print it.

**Expected time complexity:**  $O(N+K)$

Sample Input	Sample output
10 5 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100	50 40 30 20 10 60 70 80 90 100
7 4 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	4 3 2 1 5 6 7

**Reference:** <https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/reversing-first-k-elements-queue/>

7. Given a String. Reverse each word in it where the words are separated by dots.

**Expected Time Complexity:**  $O(N)$ .

Sample Input	Sample output
i.like.this.program.very.much	i.ekil.siht.margorp.yrev.hcum
pqr.mno	rqp.onm

**Reference:**

<https://practice.geeksforgeeks.org/problems/reverse-each-word-in-a-given-string-1001>

8. You are given an array A of size N. You need to first push the elements of the array into a stack and then print the current minimum present in the stack at each pop until the stack becomes empty.

**Expected Time Complexity:**  $O(N)$ .

Sample Input	Sample output
5 1 2 3 4 5	1 1 1 1 1
7 1 6 4 3 1 2 0 5	0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1

**Explanation 1:**

After pushing elements to the stack,  
the stack will be "top -> 5, 4, 3, 2, 1"

Now, start popping elements from the stack:

popping 5: current min in the stack is 1.

popping 4: current min in the stack is 1.

popping 3: current min in the stack is 1.

popping 2: current min in the stack is 1.

popping 1: current min in the stack is 1.

**Explanation 2:**

After pushing the elements to the stack,  
the stack will be “top -> 5->0->2->1->43->6->1”

Now, popping the elements from the stack:

popping 5: current min in the stack is 0.

popping 0: current min in the stack is 0.

popping 2: current min in the stack is 1.

popping 1: current min in the stack is 1.

popping 43: current min in the stack is 1.

popping 6: current min in the stack is 1.

popping 1: current min in the stack is 1.

**Reference:** <https://practice.geeksforgeeks.org/problems/get-min-at-pop>

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<https://www.hackerearth.com/practice/data-structures/stacks/basics-of-stacks/practice-problems/>

<https://www.cs.princeton.edu/courses/archive/spr01/cs126/exercises/adt.html>