

Numerical Problem: Market Value Added (MVA) and Economic Value Added (EVA)

Question

A company has the following financial data:

Year	Net Operating Income (Rs. million)	Taxes (Rs. million)	Working Capital Investment (Rs. million)	Fixed Capital Investment (Rs. million)	Capital Employed (Rs. million)	Cost of Capital
1	120	30	10	40	500	10%
2	150	40	15	30	520	10%
3	160	42	12	25	540	10%

The company has 10 million shares issued, and its current market price per share is Rs. 75. The book value of total capital invested is Rs. 600 million.

Tasks:

1. Calculate the After-Tax Free Cash Flow (FCF) for each year using the formula:
$$\text{FCF} = \text{Net Operating Income} - \text{Taxes} - \text{Working Capital Investment} - \text{Fixed Capital Investment}$$
2. Compute the Economic Value Added (EVA) for each year using the formula:
$$\text{EVA} = \text{Profit after tax} - (\text{Cost of capital} \times \text{Capital employed})$$
3. Assuming the Net Present Value (NPV) of all expected future EVAs is Rs. 200 million, calculate the Market Value Added (MVA) using:
$$\text{MVA} = \text{NPV of expected future EVA}$$
4. Verify the MVA using the market-based definition:
$$\text{MVA} = (\text{Stock price} \times \text{Issued shares}) - \text{Book value of total capital invested}$$

Solution

Step 1: Calculate After-Tax Free Cash Flow (FCF)

Using the formula: $\text{FCF} = \text{Net Operating Income} - \text{Taxes} - \text{Working Capital Investment} - \text{Fixed Capital Investment}$

Year 1: $\text{FCF} = \text{Rs. 40 million}$

Year 2: FCF = Rs. 65 million

Year 3: FCF = Rs. 81 million

Step 2: Calculate Economic Value Added (EVA)

Using the formula: $EVA = \text{Profit after tax} - (\text{Cost of capital} \times \text{Capital employed})$

Year 1: EVA = Rs. 40.00 million

Year 2: EVA = Rs. 58.00 million

Year 3: EVA = Rs. 64.00 million

Step 3: Calculate Market Value Added (MVA)

Assuming the Net Present Value (NPV) of expected future EVAs = Rs. 200 million

Therefore, MVA = Rs. 200 million

Step 4: Verify Market-based MVA

Market Value = Stock price \times Issued shares = $75 \times 10 =$ Rs. 750 million

Book Value of total capital invested = Rs. 600 million

$MVA = 750 - 600 =$ Rs. 150 million

Both methods show that the company has created Rs. 150–200 million of value over its book capital base.