

Banking Core - API Documentation

Functional Implementation & API Routes Reference

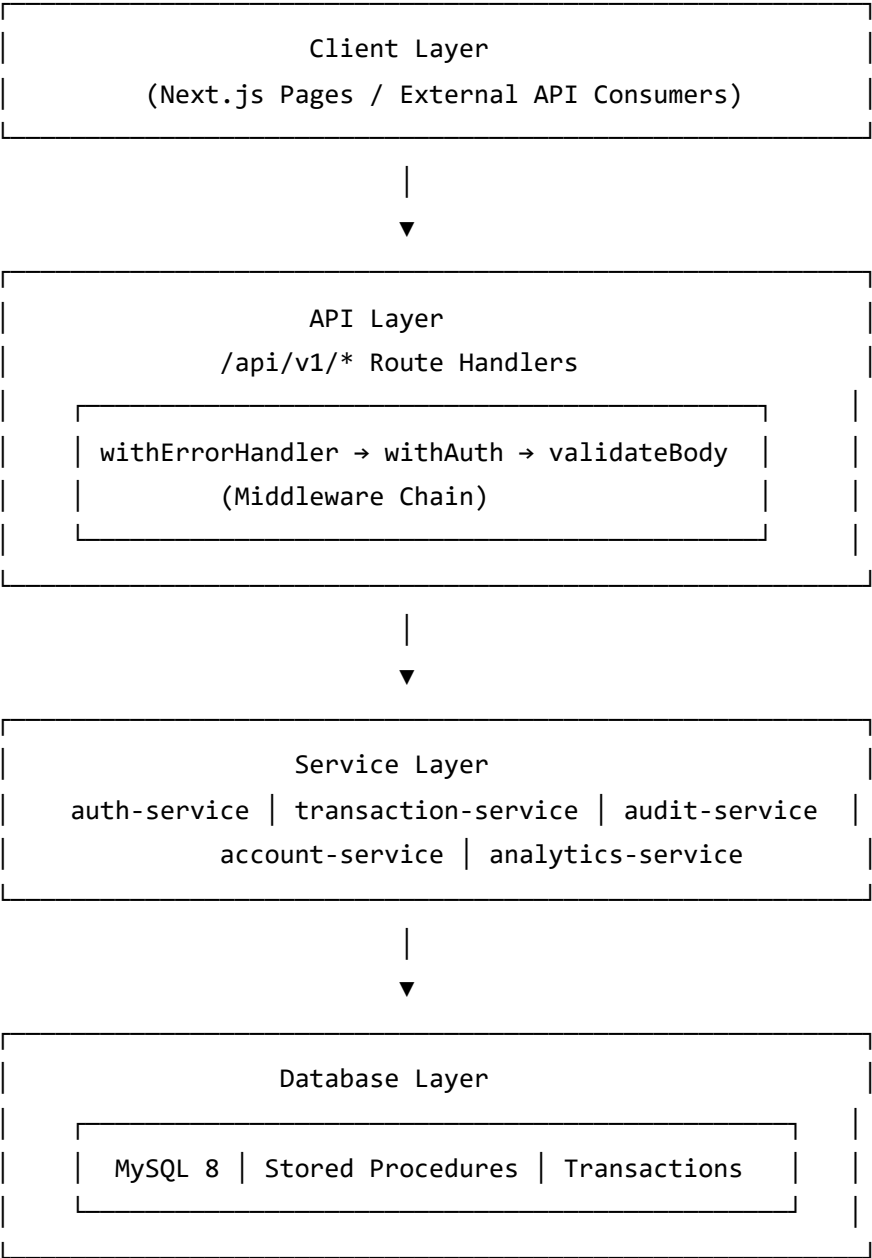
Version: 1.0.0

Last Updated: January 2026

Target Audience: DBMS Undergraduates, Faculty, Software Engineers

1. System Architecture Overview

Banking Core uses a **layered architecture** pattern:



Technology Stack

Component	Technology
Framework	Next.js 16 (App Router)
Database	MySQL 8 with InnoDB
Auth	JWT (access + refresh tokens)
Validation	Zod schemas
PDF Generation	pdf-lib

2. API Versioning & Design Strategy

Base URL

`/api/v1/*`

Design Principles

1. **RESTful** resource naming
2. **Role-based** URL prefixes (`/banker/*` , `/auditor/*` , `/admin/*`)
3. **Stored procedures** for all money movement
4. **Idempotency** headers for financial operations

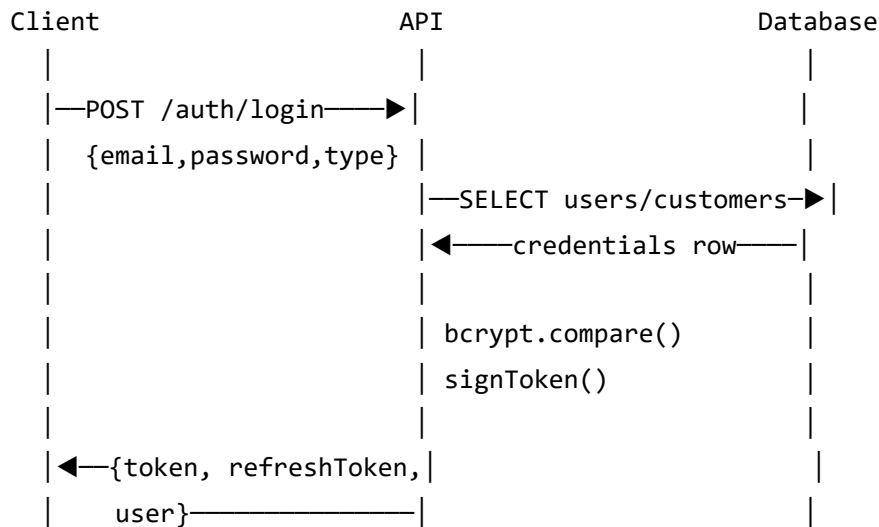
Response Format

All responses follow this structure:

```
{
  "success": true|false,
  "data": { ... },
  "error": "Error message if failed",
  "meta": {
    "page": 1,
    "limit": 25,
    "total": 100,
    "totalPages": 4
  }
}
```

3. Authentication & Authorization Flow

Login Flow



Token Structure

Access Token (JWT):

```
{
  "sub": 1,           // User/Customer ID
  "type": "user",     // "user" or "customer"
  "email": "...",
  "iat": 1706000000,
  "exp": 1706003600  // 1 hour expiry
}
```

Middleware Chain

Every protected route passes through:

```

withErrorHandler(
  withAuth(request, handler, {
    requiredType: 'user',
    requiredRoles: ['BANKER'],
    requiredPermissions: ['transactions:*']
  })
)

```

4. Role-Based API Access Control

Role	Code	Permission	Accessible Modules
Admin	ADMIN	["*"]	All endpoints
Banker	BANKER	["transactions:*"]	/banker/, /core/
Auditor	AUDITOR	["read:*"]	/auditor/* (read-only)
Customer	CUSTOMER	["own:*"]	/accounts/, /customer/, /transactions/transfer

Access Matrix

Endpoint Prefix	Admin	Banker	Auditor	Customer
/auth/*	✓	✓	✓	✓
/banker/*	✓	✓	✗	✗
/auditor/*	✓	✗	✓	✗
/admin/*	✓	✗	✗	✗
/accounts/*	✓	✓	✗	✓ (own)
/customer/*	✗	✗	✗	✓

5. API Endpoints by Module

5.1 Auth Module

POST /api/v1/auth/login

Purpose: Authenticate user or customer

Property	Value
Auth Required	No
Request Body	{ email, password, type: 'user' }
Response	{ user, token, refreshToken }
DB Tables	users or customers , roles
Service	authenticateUser() / authenticateCustomer()

SQL Operations:

```
SELECT u.*, r.code, r.permissions
FROM users u JOIN roles r ON u.role_id = r.id
WHERE email = ? AND status = 'ACTIVE'
```

POST /api/v1/auth/logout

Purpose: Invalidate session

Property	Value
Auth Required	Yes (any)
Response	{ message: 'Logged out' }
DB Tables	audit_logs

POST /api/v1/auth/refresh

Purpose: Refresh access token

Property	Value
Auth Required	No (uses refresh token)
Request Body	{ refreshToken }
Response	{ token, refreshToken }

5.2 Banker Module

GET /api/v1/banker/customers

Purpose: List all customers

Property	Value
Auth Required	Yes (BANKER)
Query Params	?limit=25&offset=0&status=ACTIVE&search=...
Response	{ customers: [...], total }
DB Tables	customers

POST /api/v1/banker/customers/create

Purpose: Onboard new customer with account

Property	Value
Auth Required	Yes (BANKER)
Request Body	{ email, firstName, lastName, phone, nationalId, accountType, initialDeposit }

Property	Value
Response	{ customer, account, credentials }
DB Tables	customers , accounts , account_balances , transactions , ledger_entries
Transaction	Yes (atomic)

SQL Operations:

```

INSERT INTO customers (...);
INSERT INTO accounts (...);
INSERT INTO account_balances (...);
CALL sp_deposit(account_id, initial_deposit, ...);

```

GET /api/v1/banker/accounts

Purpose: List accounts (with optional filters)

Property	Value
Auth Required	Yes (BANKER)
Query Params	?customerId=&status=&accountType=
Response	{ accounts: [...], total }
DB Tables	accounts , account_balances , customers , account_types

POST /api/v1/banker/deposits

Purpose: Process cash deposit

Property	Value
Auth Required	Yes (BANKER)
Request Body	{ accountId, amount, description }
Response	{ transactionId, receipt: {...} }

Property	Value
Stored Procedure	sp_deposit
DB Tables	transactions , ledger_entries , account_balances

Stored Procedure Call:

```
CALL sp_deposit(
  p_account_id,
  p_amount,
  p_description,
  p_banker_id,
  @p_transaction_id,
  @p_status,
  @p_message
);
```

POST /api/v1/banker/withdrawals

Purpose: Process cash withdrawal

Property	Value
Auth Required	Yes (BANKER)
Request Body	{ accountId, amount, description }
Response	{ transactionId, receipt: {...} }
Stored Procedure	sp_withdraw
Validation	Checks sufficient balance

POST /api/v1/banker/accounts/[id]/freeze

Purpose: Freeze account

Property	Value
Auth Required	Yes (BANKER)
Response	{ account }
DB Tables	accounts
Audit	Creates ACCOUNT_FROZEN log

SQL:

```
UPDATE accounts SET status = 'FROZEN' WHERE id = ?
```

POST /api/v1/banker/accounts/[id]/unfreeze

Purpose: Unfreeze account

Property	Value
Auth Required	Yes (BANKER)
DB Tables	accounts
Audit	Creates ACCOUNT_UNFROZEN log

POST /api/v1/banker/accounts/[id]/close

Purpose: Close account

Property	Value
Auth Required	Yes (BANKER)
Validation	Balance must be zero
DB Tables	accounts
Audit	Creates ACCOUNT_CLOSED log

5.3 Customer Module

GET /api/v1/customer/profile

Purpose: Get current customer profile

Property	Value
Auth Required	Yes (customer)
Response	{ customer }
DB Tables	customers

PUT /api/v1/customer/profile

Purpose: Update customer profile

Property	Value
Auth Required	Yes (customer)
Request Body	{ phone, addressLine1, ... }
DB Tables	customers

POST /api/v1/customer/profile/password

Purpose: Change password

Property	Value
Auth Required	Yes (customer)
Request Body	{ currentPassword, newPassword }
DB Tables	customers (password_hash)
Audit	Creates PASSWORD_CHANGED log

5.4 Accounts Module

GET /api/v1/accounts

Purpose: Get customer's own accounts

Property	Value
Auth Required	Yes (customer)
Response	{ accounts: [...] }
DB Tables	accounts , account_balances , account_types

SQL:

```
SELECT a.*, ab.available_balance, at.name as account_type_name
FROM accounts a
JOIN account_balances ab ON a.id = ab.account_id
JOIN account_types at ON a.account_type_id = at.id
WHERE a.customer_id = ? AND a.status = 'ACTIVE'
```

GET /api/v1/accounts/[id]

Purpose: Get single account details

Property	Value
Auth Required	Yes (customer, own account only)
Response	{ account }

GET /api/v1/accounts/[id]/statement

Purpose: Get account statement (transactions)

Property	Value
Auth Required	Yes (customer, own account)
Query Params	?from=YYYY-MM-DD&to=YYYY-MM-DD
Response	{ transactions: [...], summary }
DB Tables	transactions , ledger_entries

GET /api/v1/accounts/[id]/statement/pdf

Purpose: Download statement as PDF

Property	Value
Auth Required	Yes (customer, own account)
Response	Binary PDF file
Headers	Content-Type: application/pdf

5.5 Transactions Module

POST /api/v1/transactions/transfer

Purpose: Transfer funds between accounts

Property	Value
Auth Required	Yes (customer)
Request Body	{ fromAccountId, toAccountNumber, amount, description }
Headers	Idempotency-Key: <uuid> (optional)
Stored Procedure	sp_transfer
Response	{ transactionId, status, message }

Flow:

1. Validate request body (Zod schema)
2. Check idempotency key
3. Verify fromAccount belongs to customer
4. Lookup destination account by number
5. Call `sp_transfer(from, to, amount, desc, key, user_id)`
6. Return transaction result

GET /api/v1/transactions/[id]

Purpose: Get transaction details

Property	Value
Auth Required	Yes (customer, must be involved)
DB Tables	transactions , ledger_entries

5.6 Auditor Module (Read-Only)

GET /api/v1/auditor/summary

Purpose: Dashboard summary stats

Property	Value
Auth Required	Yes (AUDITOR)
Response	{ totalCustomers, totalAccounts, totalTransactions, ... }

GET /api/v1/auditor/transactions

Purpose: View all system transactions

Property	Value
Auth Required	Yes (AUDITOR)

Property	Value
Query Params	?limit=25&offset=0&from=&to=&type=&status=
Response	{ transactions: [...], total }
DB Tables	transactions , ledger_entries , accounts

GET /api/v1/auditor/ledger

Purpose: View all ledger entries

Property	Value
Auth Required	Yes (AUDITOR)
Query Params	?limit=25&offset=0&entryType=DEBIT
Response	{ entries: [...], total }
DB Tables	ledger_entries , accounts

GET /api/v1/auditor/audit-logs

Purpose: View system audit logs

Property	Value
Auth Required	Yes (AUDITOR)
Query Params	?actionType=&entityType=&from=&to=
Response	{ entries: [...], total }
DB Tables	audit_logs

GET /api/v1/auditor/export-pdf/transactions

Purpose: Export transactions as PDF

Property	Value
Auth Required	Yes (AUDITOR/ADMIN)
Query Params	?from=YYYY-MM-DD&to=YYYY-MM-DD
Response	Binary PDF with watermark
Audit	Creates PDF_EXPORTED log

GET /api/v1/auditor/export-pdf/ledger

GET /api/v1/auditor/export-pdf/audit-logs

GET /api/v1/auditor/export-pdf/daily-totals

GET /api/v1/auditor/export-pdf/monthly-summary

GET /api/v1/auditor/export-pdf/top-accounts

(Same pattern as transactions PDF export)

5.7 Admin Module

GET /api/v1/admin/users

Purpose: List system users

Property	Value
Auth Required	Yes (ADMIN)
Response	{ users: [...] }
DB Tables	users , roles

POST /api/v1/admin/users

Purpose: Create system user

Property	Value
Auth Required	Yes (ADMIN)
Request Body	{ email, password, firstName, lastName, roleId }
DB Tables	users

GET /api/v1/admin/roles

Purpose: List roles

Property	Value
Auth Required	Yes (ADMIN)
Response	{ roles: [...] }
DB Tables	roles

GET /api/v1/admin/config

Purpose: Get system configuration

Property	Value
Auth Required	Yes (ADMIN)
Response	{ configs: [...] }
DB Tables	system_config

PUT /api/v1/admin/config

Purpose: Update system configuration

Property	Value
Auth Required	Yes (ADMIN)
Request Body	{ key, value }
DB Tables	system_config

POST /api/v1/admin/eod/run

Purpose: Trigger end-of-day processing

Property	Value
Auth Required	Yes (ADMIN)
Response	{ jobId, status }
DB Tables	system_jobs , daily_account_totals

POST /api/v1/admin/interest/post

Purpose: Post interest for eligible accounts

Property	Value
Auth Required	Yes (ADMIN)
DB Tables	accounts , ledger_entries , transactions

POST /api/v1/admin/reports/rebuild

Purpose: Rebuild aggregated reports

Property	Value
Auth Required	Yes (ADMIN)

Property	Value
Stored Procedure	sp_rebuild_balance

5.8 Reports Module

GET /api/v1/reports/daily

Purpose: Get daily totals

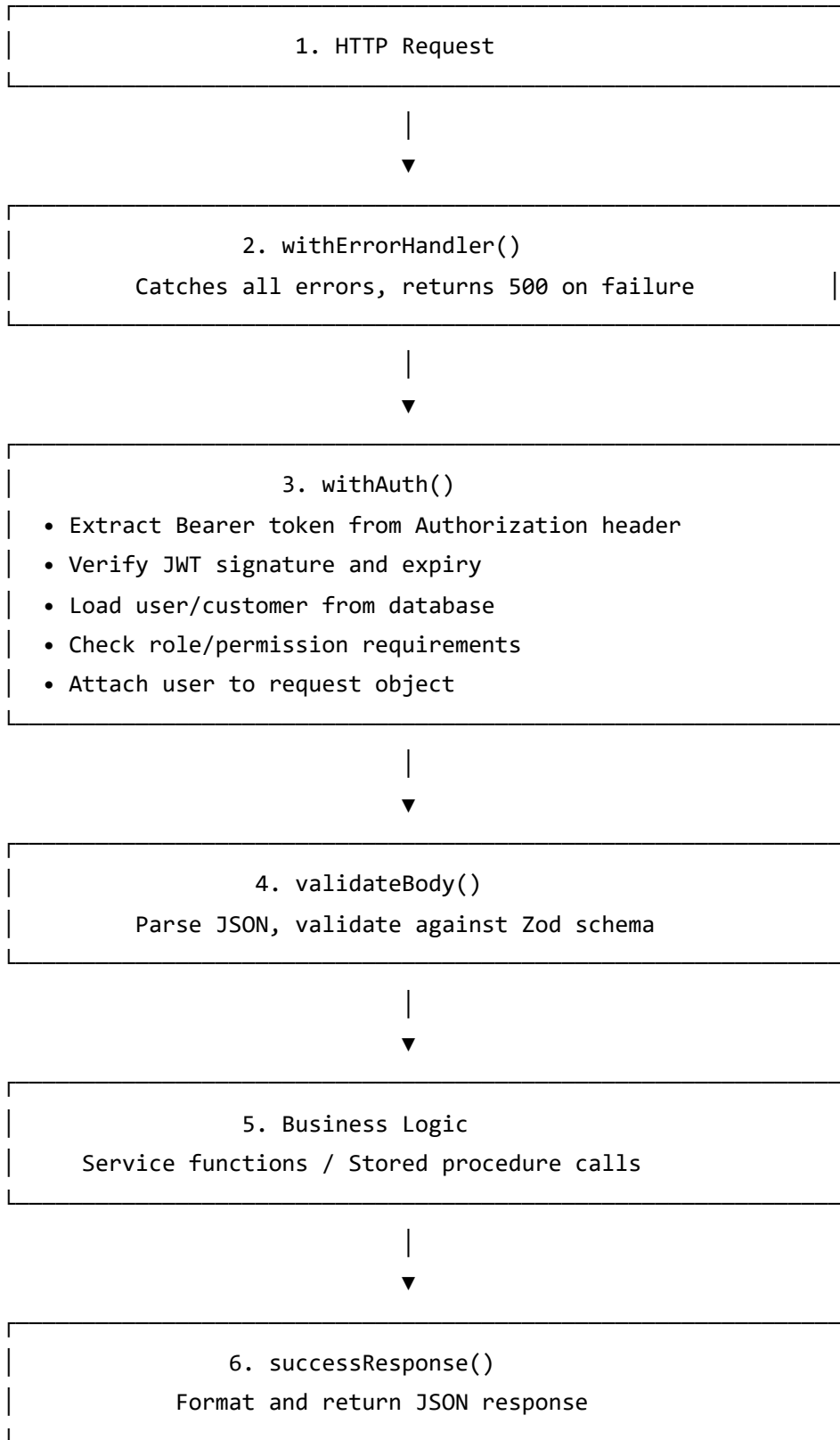
Property	Value
Auth Required	Yes (BANKER/ADMIN)
Query Params	?date=YYYY-MM-DD
Response	{ totals: [...] }

GET /api/v1/reports/monthly

Purpose: Get monthly summary

Property	Value
Auth Required	Yes (BANKER/ADMIN)
Query Params	?year=&month=
Response	{ summary: {...} }

6. Request Lifecycle



7. Error Handling Strategy

HTTP Status Codes

Code	Meaning	Usage
200	Success	Successful GET/PUT/POST
201	Created	Resource created (POST)
400	Bad Request	Validation error, business rule violation
401	Unauthorized	Missing or invalid token
403	Forbidden	Insufficient permissions
404	Not Found	Resource doesn't exist
500	Server Error	Unhandled exception

Error Response Format

```
{
  "success": false,
  "error": "Human-readable error message"
}
```

Validation Error Response

```
{
  "success": false,
  "error": "Validation failed",
  "errors": [
    { "field": "amount", "message": "Amount must be positive" }
  ]
}
```

8. Transaction Management

Stored Procedure Atomicity

All financial operations use stored procedures with explicit transaction control:

```
START TRANSACTION;
-- Lock rows with SELECT ... FOR UPDATE
-- Perform validations
-- Insert/update records
-- On error: ROLLBACK
-- On success: COMMIT
```

Database Tables Affected Per Operation

Operation	Tables Modified
Transfer	transactions, ledger_entries (×2), account_balances (×2), idempotency_keys, events, outbox
Deposit	transactions, ledger_entries (×2), account_balances (×2), events, outbox
Withdrawal	transactions, ledger_entries (×2), account_balances (×2), events, outbox

Idempotency Pattern

1. Check idempotency_keys table for existing key
2. If found and not expired → return cached response
3. If not found → proceed with operation
4. On success → store result in idempotency_keys

9. Security Considerations

Authentication Security

Measure	Implementation
Password Hashing	bcrypt with salt rounds = 10
Token Expiry	Access: 1 hour, Refresh: 7 days
SQL Injection	Parameterized queries via mysql2

Authorization Security

Measure	Implementation
Role Enforcement	<code>withAuth({ requiredRoles: [...] })</code>
Resource Ownership	Customer can only access own accounts
Hidden Endpoints	<code>hideFailure: true</code> returns 404 instead of 403

Financial Integrity

Measure	Implementation
Atomic Transactions	Stored procedures with TRANSACTION blocks
Row Locking	<code>SELECT ... FOR UPDATE</code> prevents race conditions
Append-Only Ledger	No UPDATE/DELETE on ledger_entries
Idempotency	Prevents duplicate financial operations

10. Summary Tables

Complete API Route List (63 Routes)

Module	Count	Prefix
Auth	3	/auth/*
Accounts	5	/accounts/*
Banker	12	/banker/*
Customer	3	/customer/*
Auditor	12	/auditor/*
Admin	8	/admin/*
Core	8	/core/*
Reports	4	/reports/*
Transactions	5	/transactions/*
Health	1	/health
Customers	2	/customers/*

Stored Procedures Used

Procedure	API Endpoints
sp_transfer	POST /transactions/transfer
sp_deposit	POST /banker/deposits, POST /core/deposit
sp_withdraw	POST /banker/withdrawals, POST /core/withdraw
sp_rebuild_balance	POST /admin/reports/rebuild

Appendix: API Testing Quick Reference

Headers Required

Authorization: Bearer <jwt_token>
Content-Type: application/json
Idempotency-Key: <uuid> (for financial operations)

Sample cURL - Login

```
curl -X POST http://localhost:3000/api/v1/auth/login \  
-H "Content-Type: application/json" \  
-d '{"email":"banker1@bnkcore.com","password":"password123","type":"user"}'
```

Sample cURL - Deposit

```
curl -X POST http://localhost:3000/api/v1/banker/deposits \  
-H "Authorization: Bearer <token>" \  
-H "Content-Type: application/json" \  
-d '{"accountId":1,"amount":1000,"description":"Cash deposit"}'
```

This documentation is suitable for academic review, software engineering courses, and viva preparation.